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Total Synthesis of the Biphenyl Alkaloid (-)-Lythranidine**

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

General. All reactions were carried out under Ar in flame-dried glassware. The solvents were purified by distillation over the drying agents indicated and were transferred under Ar: THF, Et₂O (Mg/anthracene), CH₂Cl₂, MeCN (CaH₂), hexane, toluene (Na/K), MeOH (Mg), DMF, EtOAc (MS 4Å). Flash chromatography: Merck silica gel 60 (40–63 μm), Merck silica gel 60 (15-40 μm) or Aldrich Alox (activated, neutral, 150 mesh). Preparative HPLC: Armen Instrument – Spot Prep Liquid Chromatography, Column: Merck NW50, Nucleodur-100-10-C18/A, 203x48 mm. NMR: Spectra were recorded on Bruker DPX 300, AV 400, AV 500 or AVIII 600 spectrometer in the solvents indicated; chemical shifts (δ) are given in ppm relative to TMS, coupling constants (*J*) in Hz. The solvent signals were used as references and the chemical shifts converted to the TMS scale (CDCl₃: $δ_C = 77.16$ ppm; residual CHCl₃ in CDCl₃: $δ_H = 7.26$ ppm; C_6D_6 : $δ_C = 128.06$ ppm; residual C_6D_5H : $δ_H = 7.16$ ppm, $C_6D_5CD_3$: $δ_C = 20.43$ ppm; residual $C_6D_5CD_2H$: $δ_H = 2.08$ ppm). IR: Spectrum One (Perkin-Elmer) spectrometer, wavenumbers (\tilde{v}) in cm⁻¹. MS (EI): Finnigan MAT 8200 (70 eV), ESI-MS: ESQ 3000 (Bruker), accurate mass determinations: Bruker APEX III FT-MS (7 T magnet) or MAT 95 (Finnigan). Unless stated otherwise, all commercially available compounds (ABCR, Acros, Aldrich, Strem) were used as received.

1-Iodo-4-(methoxymethoxy)benzene (6). NaH (1.2 g, 50 mmol) was added in portions over 30 min to a solution of 4-iodophenol (10.0 g, 45.5 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at 0°C. MOMCl (3.8 mL, 50 mmol) was then added dropwise at room temperature to the yellow solution. The resulting mixture was stirred for 16 h before the reaction was quenched with aqueous NaOH (1 M, 100 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to afford the product as a colorless liquid (12.0 g, > 99%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.58-7.54 (m, 2H), 6.84-6.80 (m, 2H), 5.24 (s, 2H), 3.46 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 157.3, 138.4 (2C), 118.7 (2C), 94.5, 84.4, 56.2 ppm; IR (film): \tilde{v} = 2953, 2930, 2900, 2825, 1585, 1574, 1482, 1441, 1403, 1308, 1299, 1275, 1231, 1197, 1174, 1149, 1076, 985, 919, 818, 648, 609, 575, 504 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 264 (37), 234 (13), 45 (100); HRMS (EI): m/z: calcd. for C₈H₉O₂I [M] ⁺⁺: 263.96473, found 263.96451.

3-(4-(Methoxymethoxy)phenyl)propanal (7). A Schlenk tube was charged with NaHCO₃ (7.65 mode) g, 91.0 mmol), Bu₄NCl (12.6 g, 45.5 mmol) and Pd(OAc)₂ (102 mg, 0.455 mmol) and the vessel was then evacuated and backfilled with Argon three times. A solution of iodide 6 (12.0 g, 45.5 mmol) in DMF (47 mL) and allyl alcohol (4.65 mL, 68.3 mmol) were successively added and the mixture was stirred for 16 h at 50°C. The

suspension was filtered through a plug of Celite which was rinsed with EtOAc (250 mL). The combined filtrates were washed with H₂O (2 x 200 mL) and brine (100 mL), and then dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 5:1) to afford the product as a yellow liquid (7.0 g, 80%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 9.81$ (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 7.12-7.09 (m, 2H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 5.15 (s, 2H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 2.91 (t, 2H, J = 7.5 Hz), 2.77-2.73 ppm (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 201.8$, 155.9, 133.8, 129.4 (2C), 116.6 (2C), 94.7, 56.1, 45.6, 27.5 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 2898$, 2826, 2725, 1720, 1611, 1510, 1443, 1407, 1388, 1312, 1230, 1198, 1176, 1149, 1110, 1076, 994, 920, 860, 813, 767, 732 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%):194 (73), 164 (12), 121 (29), 108 (10), 77 (12), 45 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₁₁H₁₄O₃Na [M+Na]⁺: 217.08352, found 217.08366.

1-(4-(Methoxymethoxy)phenyl)hex-4-yn-3-ol (8). Propynylmagnesium bromide (0.5 M in THF,

88 mL, 44 mmol) was added dropwise within 2 h to a solution of aldehyde 7 (4.27 g, 22.0 mmol) in THF (100 mL) at 0°C. The ice bath was removed and the mixture stirred for 15 h at room temperature.

After quenching at 0°C with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (100 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1 \rightarrow 2:1) to yield the title compound as a colorless liquid (3.65 g, 71%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.15-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.98- 6.94 (m, 2H), 5.15 (s, 2H), 4.35-4.30 (m, 1H), 3.48 (s, 3H), 2.73 (t, 2H, J = 7.8 Hz), 2.00-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.86 ppm (d, 3H, J = 2.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 155.7, 135.0, 129.6 (2C), 116.5 (2C), 94.8, 81.6, 80.3, 62.2, 56.1, 39.9, 30.7, 3.7 ppm; IR (film): \tilde{v} = 3412, 2920, 1611, 1509, 1442, 1406, 1311, 1230, 1197, 1175, 1150, 1076, 1000, 919, 826, 730 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 234 (38), 216 (11), 107 (19), 43 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₁₄H₁₈O₃Na [M+Na]⁺: 257.11482, found 257.11462.

 $\textit{tert-} Butyl ((1-(4-(methoxymethoxy)phenyl) hex-4-yn-3-yl) oxy) dimethyl silane \qquad \textbf{(9)}. \quad Imidazole$

(3.69 g, 54.3 mmol), DMAP (4.34 mmol, 0.530 g) and TBSCl (4.91 g, 32.6 mmol) were added to a solution of alcohol **8** (5.08 g, 21.7 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 16 h at room

temperature before the reaction was quenched with H_2O (100 mL). The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was evaporated. The crude product was purified by

flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 5:1) to obtain the product as a pale yellow liquid (7.38 g, 98%). 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.13$ -7.09 (m, 2H), 6.97-6.93 (m, 2H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.34-4.31 (m, 1H), 3.48 (s, 3H), 2.69 (dt, 2H, J = 8.0, 4.0 Hz), 1.94-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.84 (d, 3 H, J = 2.0 Hz), 0.91 (s, 9 H), 0.12 (s, 3H), 0.09 ppm (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 155.5$, 135.6, 129.5 (2C), 116.4 (2C), 94.8, 80.9, 80.5, 62.7, 56.0, 40.9, 30.8, 26.0, 18.4, 3.7, -4.3, -4.8 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 2953$, 2928, 2894, 2856, 1612, 1510, 1472, 1463, 1360, 1311, 1249, 1231, 1198, 1175, 1151, 1078, 1004, 923, 833, 774, 666 cm $^{-1}$; MS (EI): m/z (%): 291 (16), 260 (21), 259 (100), 229 (17), 151 (23), 121 (24), 97 (11), 75 (15), 73 (10), 45 (50); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{20}H_{32}O_3SiNa$ [M+Na] $^{+}$: 371.20191, found 371.20110.

Hept-5-ynal. To a solution of oxalyl chloride (4.83 mL, 56.3 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (235 mL) was added to DMSO (8.00 mL, 113 mmol) within 10 min at -78° C. The mixture was stirred for 50 min at this temperature before hept-5-yn-1-ol (**12**) (5.27 g, 46.9 mmoL) was added within 15 min. Stirring was continued for 45 min at -78° C. NEt₃ (32.7 mL, 235 mmol) was then added within 1 h and the resulting slurry was allowed to reach room temperature within 13 h. Brine (100 mL) was introduced, the layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 75 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was evaporated. Flash chromatography (pentanes/*tert*-butyl methyl ether, 7:1 \rightarrow 5:1) afforded the title compound as a colorless liquid (4.67 g, 90%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 9.80 (t, 1H, J = 1.5 Hz), 2.56 (dt, 2H, J = 7.2, 1.6 Hz), 2.23-2.18 (tq, 2H, J = 7.1, 2.5 Hz), 1.80 (quint, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.77 ppm (t, 3H, J = 2.6 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 202.2, 78.0, 76.9, 43.0, 21.6, 18.3, 3.5 ppm; IR (film): \tilde{v} = 2921, 2844, 2724, 1721, 1437, 1411, 1390, 1364, 1335, 1243, 1177, 1071, 1032, 925, 866, 795, 689 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 82 (25), 68 (100), 67 (12), 66 (65), 65 (20), 55 (17), 53 (42), 51 (14), 41 (30), 39 (32), 29 (11), 27 (28); HRMS (EI): m/z; calcd. for C₇H₁₀O [M]⁺⁺: 110.07317, found 110.07307.

(*R*)-*N*-(Hept-5-yn-1-ylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfinamide (13). A solution of hept-5-ynal (4.32 g, 39.2 mmol), (*R*)-(-)-*p*-toluenesulfinamide (6.09 g, 39.2 mmol) and Ti(OEt)₄ (41.1 mL, 196 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (500 mL) was stirred at 55°C for 15 h. The reaction was quenched with H₂O (100 mL), the suspension was filtered through a plug of Celite, eluting with H₂O (100 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the residue was purified by flash

chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 5:1) to give the desired product as a pale yellow liquid (8.94 g, 92%). [α] $_{20}^D = -307.7$ (c = 1.03, CHCl $_3$); 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_3$): δ = 8.26 (t, 1H, J = 4.5 Hz), 7.57-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.30 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 2.62-2.57 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.19 (tq, 2H, J = 7.2, 2.6 Hz), 1.80 (quint, 2H, 7.2 Hz), 1.76 ppm (t, 3H, J = 2.5 Hz); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl $_3$): δ = 166.8, 142.0, 141.8, 129.9 (2C), 124.7 (2C), 78.1, 77.4, 35.1, 24.8, 21.6, 18.4, 3.6 ppm; IR (film): \tilde{v} = 2918, 1619, 1492, 1436, 1350, 1178, 1097, 1071, 1016, 808, 753, 704, 666 cm $^{-1}$; MS (EI): m/z (%): 184 (18), 140 (19), 139 (100), 92 (15), 91 (21), 67 (10), 65 (13); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C $_{14}$ H $_{17}$ NOSNa [M+Na] $^{+}$: 270.09230, found 270.09220.

4-(3-Iodo-4-methoxyphenyl)butan-2-one (11). Ag₂SO₄ (11.1 g, 35.8 mmol) and I₂ (9.07 g, 35.8

mmol) were added to a solution of 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)butan-2-one (**10**) (5.79 g, 32.5 mmol) in MeOH (290 mL). The initially dark brown suspension was vigorously stirred for 1.5 h, while turning bright yellow. The reaction was quenched with aq. sat. Na₂S₂O₃ (200 mL) and filtered through a pad of Celite, eluting with EtOAc (100 mL). The organic phase was evaporated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 125 mL). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 4:1) yielded the title compound as a yellow liquid (8.78 g, 89%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.60 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 7.12 (dd, 1H, J = 8.3, 2.0 Hz), 6.73 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.81-2.78 (m, 2H), 2.73-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.13 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 207.7, 156.7, 139.3, 135.5, 129.6, 111.0, 86.2, 56.6, 45.3, 30.2, 28.4 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3003, 2939, 2836, 1710, 1598, 1563, 1489, 1460, 1439, 1400, 1361, 1279, 1250, 1204, 1180, 1159, 1048, 1016, 891, 805, 747, 711, 662 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 305 (12), 304 (100), 247 (86), 234 (10), 134 (15), 91 (10), 90 (10), 43 (26); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₁₁H₁₃O₂INa [M+Na]⁺: 326.98524, found 326.98506.

(R)-N-((R)-1-(3-Iodo-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxoundec-9-yn-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfinamide

-78°C. The resulting suspension was stirred for 2 h before the reaction was quenched with sat.

aq. NH₄Cl (75 mL) at the same temperature. The layers were separated, the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL) and the combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated. ¹H NMR analysis of the crude product indicated a diastereomeric ratio of 10:1 in favor of (R,R_S)-14. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc, 10:1, Merck silica gel 60 (15-40 μ m)) to give product (R,R_S)-14 as a colorless oil (2.00 g, 64%). $[\alpha]_{20}^{D} = -38.1 \text{ (c} = 1.00, \text{CHCl}_3); ^{1}\text{H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl}_3): \delta = 7.50 \text{ (d, 1H, } J = 1.6 \text{ Hz)},$ 7.47 (d, 2H, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.20 (d, 2H, 7.9 Hz), 7.02 (dd, 1H, J = 8.3, 1.8 Hz), 6.64 (d, 1H, J = 8.4Hz), 4.51 (d, 1H, J = 9.2 Hz), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.62-3.57 (m, 1H), 2.68 (t, 2H, J = 7.4 Hz), 2.63 (m, 2H), 2.56 (t, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.10-2.06 (m, 2H), 1.69 (t, 3H, J = 2.2 Hz), 1.63-1.55 (m, 3H), 1.51-1.45 ppm (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 208.5$, 156.7, 142.6, 141.4, 139.2, 135.1, 129.6 (2C), 129.5, 125.5 (2C), 111.0, 86.1, 78.7, 76.1, 56.5, 52.4, 48.8, 45.1, 35.2, 28.1, 25.8, 21.4, 18.6, 3.6 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3220$, 2919, 1708, 1598, 1863, 1490, 1439, 1400, 1367, 1279, 1252, 1179, 1087, 1048, 1016, 907, 809, 726, 662 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 503 (10), 428 (17), 413 (13), 412 (59), 304 (19), 260 (11), 247 (100), 140 (12), 139 (92), 134 (11), 124 (27), 110 (62), 108 (26), 93 (22), 91 (27), 90 (15), 77 (16), 43 (10); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₂₅H₃₀NO₃ISNa [M+Na]⁺: 574.08833, found 326.08824.

(R)-N-((3S,5R)-3-Hydroxy-1-(3-iodo-4-methoxyphenyl)undec-9-yn-5-yl)-4-methylbenzene-

sulfinamide (15). A Schlenk tube was charged with pre-dried LiCl (1.92 g, 45.3 mmol) and then heated under vacuum (heatgun). After the vessel had reached room temperature, a solution of β-ketoamide 14 (2.50 g, 4.53 mmol) in Et₂O (226 mL) was introduced and the mixture sonicated in an ultrasonic bath for 15 min. The resulting

suspension was cooled to -78° C before LiAlH(OtBu)₃ (1 M in THF, 13.6 mL, 13.6 mmol) was added dropwise at this temperature. Stirring was continued at -78° C for 13.5 h before the reaction was quenched with aq. sat. NH₄Cl (100 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL), the combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was evaporated. ¹H NMR analysis of the crude product showed a diastereomeric ratio of 4.5:1 in favor of (3*S*,5*R*,*S_R*)-15. Purification of the crude material by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc, 4:1 \rightarrow 3:1) furnished *syn*-15 as a colorless foam (1.99 g, 79%) as well as a second fraction containing the corresponding *anti*-configured product as a colorless foam (0.41 g, 16%). *Data of compound syn*-15: $[\alpha]_{20}^{D} = -40.5$ (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.61$ (d, 2H, J = 8.0

Hz), 7.61 (d, 1H, 2.2 Hz), 7.30 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.13 (dd, 1H, J = 8.3, 2.1 Hz), 6.74 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 4.21 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 3.96 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 3.90-3.83 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.59-3.52 (m, 1H); 2.74-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.21-2.17 (m, 2H), 1.78 (t, 3H, J = 2.5 Hz), 1.71-1.52 ppm (m, 8H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 156.4, 142.2, 141.7, 139.3, 136.7, 129.7 (2C), 129.6, 125.4 (2C), 111.0, 86.0, 78.8, 76.1, 70.3, 56.5, 56.3, 44.1, 40.1, 37.3, 30.5, 25.2, 21.5, 18.7, 3.6 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3211$, 2916, 2858, 1597, 1562, 1489, 1439, 1398, 1278, 1250, 1179, 1086, 1045, 1015, 907, 807, 751, 730, 663 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 505 (14), 430 (43), 415 (21), 414 (100), 247 (54), 154 (17), 140 (13), 139 (95), 110 (46), 93 (25), 91 (19), 90 (10); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₂₅H₃₂NO₃ISNa [M+Na]⁺: 576.10398, found 576.10453.

Data of compound anti-**15**: $[\alpha]_{20}^D = -33.1$ (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.57-7.54$ (m, 3H), 7.25 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.09 (dd, 1H, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz), 6.69 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 4.14 (d, 1H, 8.5 Hz), 3.81-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.70 (d, 1H, J = 5.0 Hz), 3.62-3.56 (m, 1H), 2.71-2.64 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.18-2.14 (m, 1H), 1.75 (t, 3H, J = 2.3 Hz), 1.73-1.53 (m, 7H), 1.42 ppm (ddd, 1H, J = 14.5, 9.7, 2.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 156.4$, 142.3, 141.8, 139.5, 136.8, 129.8 (2C), 129.7, 125.5 (2C), 111.0, 86.0, 78.9, 76.2, 66.3, 56.5, 53.5, 43.5, 39.4, 36.9, 30.8, 25.8, 21.5, 18.8, 3.6 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3299$, 2938, 2918, 2859, 1597, 1489, 1439, 1399, 1279, 1251, 1179, 1086, 1045, 1015, 909, 807, 729, 626, 528, 452 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 554 (100), 576 (28); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₂₅H₃₃NO₃IS [M+H]⁺: 554.12204, found 554.12183.

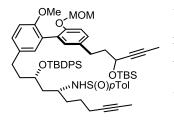
(R)-N-((3S,5R)-3-((tert-Butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy)-1-(3-iodo-4-methoxyphenyl)undec-9-yn-5-

yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfinamide (16). Imidazole (6.78 mmol, 461 mg), DMAP (0.54 mmol, 66 mg) and TBDPSCl (1.76 mL, 6.78 mmol) were successively added to a solution of compound 15 (1.5 g, 2.71 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15.4 mL) at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 15 h at room temperature before it was filtered, and the filtrate

was evaporated. Flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc 2:1) gave the title compound as a pale yellow foam (1.93 g, 90%). $[\alpha]_{20}^D = -16.2$ (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.70$ (m, 4H), 7.44 (d, 2H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.38-7.35 (m, 7 H), 7.23 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 6.92 (dd, 1H, J = 8.4, 1.7 Hz), 6.68 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.81-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.38 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 3.24-3.18 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.39 (m, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.09-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.76 (t, 3H, J = 2.2

Hz), 1.66-1.56 (m, 2H), 1.55-1-37 (m, 6H), 1.06 ppm (s, 9H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 156.4$, 142.3, 141.2, 139.1, 136.7, 136.1 (4C), 134.3, 134.2, 129.9 (2C), 129.5 (2C), 129.3, 127.8 (4C), 125.9 (2C), 111.0, 86.0, 79.0, 76.0, 70.2, 56.5, 52.0, 43.2, 38.1, 36.6, 29.8, 27.2 (3H), 25.1, 21.5, 19.5, 18.9, 3.6 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3196$, 2931, 2857, 1737, 1597, 1490, 1460, 1440, 1427, 1372, 1278, 1250, 1178, 1157, 1104, 1087, 1047, 1017, 909, 810, 731, 701, 686, 663 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 736 (18), 735 (46), 734 (100), 653 (26), 652 (62), 595 (11), 594 (29), 396 (12), 247 (25), 224 (20), 199 (22), 139 (29); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₄₁H₅₀NO₃ISSiNa [M+Na]⁺: 814.22176, found 814.22162.

Diyne S1. A solution of compound 9 (2.81 g, 806 mmol) in Et₂O (40 mL) was carefully treated



with *tert*-BuLi (1.7 M in pentanes, 4.74 mL, 8.06 mmol) at 0°C. The resulting dark yellow solution was stirred at this temperature for 40 min before ZnCl₂ (1 M in THF, 10.1 mL, 10.1 mmol) was introduced. A white precipitate was formed which quickly dissolved again. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h before it was

transferred into a second Schlenk tube containing iodide 16 (2.39 g, 3.02 mmol) and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (87.0 mg, 0.076 mmol) in THF (41 mL). The flask was placed into a preheated oil bath at 60°C and the mixture was stirred at this temperature for 2 h under an argon stream to remove the Et₂O. After quenching with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (75 mL) and extraction of the aqueous phase with EtOAc (3 x 75 mL), the combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was evaporated. Flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc 3:1) afforded a crude product which was further purified by preparative HPLC (MeCN/H₂O, 98:2) to yield the desired product as a colorless foam (2.29 g, 75%). $[\alpha]_{20}^{D} = -12.2$ (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.70$ -7.67 (m, 4H), 7.44 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.38-7.30 (m, 6H), 7.22 (d, 2H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.14 (s, 2H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 6.95 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz), 6.87 (d, 1H, J = 1.8 Hz), 6.83 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 5.03 (s, 2H), 4.40 (dt, 1H, J = 6.0, 2.0 Hz), 3.86-3.80 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 3.26-3.17 (m, 1H), 2.81-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.57 (dt, 1H, J = 11.0, 5.7 Hz), 2.48 (dt, 1H, J = 12.0, 5.0 Hz), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.08-2.03 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.84 (d, 3H, J=2.0 Hz), 1.75 (t, 3H, J=2.2 Hz), 1.64-1.051.61 (m, 3H), 1.58-1.39 (m, 5H), 1.06 (s, 9H), 0.92 (s, 9H), 0.14 (s, 3H), 0.11 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 155.2$, 153.3, 142.3, 141.1, 136.1 (5C), 135.3, 134.3, 134.0, 131.4, 131.3, 129.8 (2C), 129.5 (2C), 129.2, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 127.7 (4C), 125.8 (2C), 115.8, 110.8, 95.5, 81.0, 80.4, 75.9, 70.5, 62.8, 55.8, 55.8 (2C), 52.1, 43.2, 40.8, 38.4, 36.5, 30.9, 30.3, 27.2

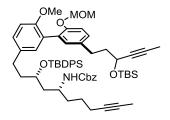
(3C), 26.0 (3C), 25.1, 21.4, 19.5, 18.8, 18.4, 3.7, 3.6, -4.3, -4.8 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 2929$, 2857, 1494, 1462, 1427, 1360, 1238, 1154, 1079, 1051, 1004, 922, 835, 812, 776, 740, 702 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 1034.6 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₆₁H₈₁NO₆SSi₂Na [M+Na]⁺: 1034.52154, found 1034.52082.

Amine S2. A solution of diyne S1 (2.12 g, 2.09 mmol) and Dess-Martin periodinane (975 mg,

2.30 mmol) in a mixture of MeCN/CH₂Cl₂/H₂O (20.8 mL, 2.6 mL, 2.6 mL) was stirred for 20 h. The reaction was quenched with aq. sat. NaHCO₃ (50 mL) and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 3:1

+ 1 vol.-% NEt₃) to give the title compound as a pale yellow foam (1.38 g, 76%). $[\alpha]_{20}^D = +16.6$ (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.69$ (d, 4H, J = 7.0 Hz), 7.41-7.32 (m, 6H), 7.13 (s, 2H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 6.97 (dd, 1H, J = 8.4, 1.9 Hz), 6.89 (d, 1H, J = 1.5 Hz), 6.81 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 5.02 (s, 2H), 4.37 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.92 (m, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 2.77-2.67 (m, 3H), 2.63-2.52 (m, 2H), 2.05-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.83 (d, 3H, J = 1.5 Hz), 1.83-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.75 (t, 3H, J = 2.2 Hz), 1.64-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.41 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.27 (m, 2H), 1.18-1.14 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 9H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.13 (s, 3H), 0.10 ppm (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 155.2$, 153.3, 136.1 (5C), 135.4, 134.5, 134.2, 131.5, 131.4, 129.7 (2C), 129.2, 128.5, 128.2, 128.0, 127.7 (4C), 115.8, 110.7, 95.5, 80.9, 80.4, 79.1, 75.8, 71.5, 62.8, 55.8 (2C), 48.5, 45.3, 40.7, 39.0, 38.0, 30.9, 30.4, 27.2 (3C), 26.0 (3C), 25.7, 19.6, 18.9, 18.4, 3.7, 3.6, -4.3, -4.8 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 2929$, 2856, 1500, 1471, 1462, 1427, 1389, 1361, 1238, 1198, 1154, 1104, 1078, 1005, 922, 836, 821, 776, 755, 741, 702, 686, 666 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 874.7 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{54}H_{76}NO_{5}Si_{2}$ [M+H]⁺: 874.52566, found 874.52597.

Compound 17. CbzCl (0.451 mL, 3.16 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of amine S2

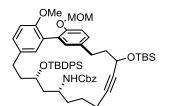


(1.38 g, 1.58 mmol) in NEt₃ (0.661 mL, 4.74 mmol) and EtOAc (10 mL) at 0°C. The suspension was stirred for 30 min before the reaction was quenched with aq. sat. NaHCO₃ (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 25 mL) and the combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated. Flash chromatography

(hexanes/EtOAc, 3:1) afforded the product as a colorless liquid (1.16 g, 79%). $[\alpha]_{20}^D = +3.4$ (c =

1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.69-7.65$ (m, 4H), 7.04-7.32 (m, 11H), 7.14 (s, 2H), 7.06-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.84 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 5.03 (s, 2H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m, 1H), 3.87-3.84 (m, 1H), 3.82 (d, 1H, J = 9.6 Hz), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.63-3.55 (m, 1H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 2.81-2.66 (m, 3H), 2.63-2.56 (m, 1H), 2.03 (br s, 2H), 2.01-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.93-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.83 (d, 3H, J = 2.0 Hz), 1.81-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.74 (t, 3H, J = 2.4 Hz), 1.68-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.43-1.30 (m, 4H), 1.27-1.20 (1H, m), 1.07 (s, 9H), 0.92 (s, 9H), 0.13 (s, 3H), 0.11 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 155.9$, 155.2, 153.3, 136.9, 136.0 (4C), 135.3, 134.6, 134.3, 134.2, 131.5 (2C), 129.8 (2C), 129.3, 128.6 (2C), 128.5, 128.2, 128.1 (3C), 128.0, 127.7 (4C), 115.8, 110.9, 95.5, 81.0, 80.4, 78.9, 75.9, 70.7, 66.5, 62.9, 55.8 (2C), 48.3, 42.6, 40.7, 38.2, 35.5, 30.9, 30.5, 27.2 (3C), 26.0 (3C), 25.2, 19.5, 18.7, 18.4, 3.7, 3.6, -4.3, -4.8 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 2929$, 2856, 1718, 1504, 1462, 1427, 1360, 1340, 1237, 1155, 1104, 1078, 1004, 921, 835, 821, 775, 754, 701, 666 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 1030.6 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{62}H_{81}NO_7Si_2Na$ [M+Na]*: 1030.54438, found 1030.54369.

Cycloalkyne 18. A suspension of diyne 17 (1.37 g, 1.36 mmol) and activated molecular sieves

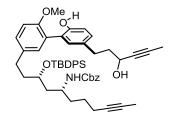


(5Å, powder, 1.36 g) in toluene (680 mL) was stirred for 30 min at room temperature before the molybdenum complex **25** (71.0 mg, 0.068 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 3 h before it was filtered through a plug of silica, eluting with EtOAc (300 mL). The combined filtrates

were evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 6:1) to yield the title compound as a colorless foam (1.18 g, 91%). The 1 H and 13 C NMR spectra show 4 sets of signals even at elevated temperature ($C_6D_5CD_3$, 378 K), indicating that two diastereomers exist in solution, as two conformers each. [α] $^D_{20}$ = +3.4 (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); 1 H NMR (500 MHz, $C_6D_5CD_3$): δ = 7.81-7.64 (m, 4H), 7.23-7.16 (m, 9H), 7.13-7.10 (m, 2H), 7.07-7.04 (m, 2H), 7.0 (s, 2H), 6.98-6.94 (m, 1H), 6.88-6.50 (m, 1H), 5.03-4.92 (m, 2H), 4.90-4.82 (m, 2H), 4.47-4.36 (m, 1H), 4.05-3.74 (m, 3H), 3.38-3.33 (m, 3H), 3.16-3.13 (m, 3H), 2.78-2.66 (m, 3H), 2.59-2.31 (m, 2H), 2.11-1.94 (m, 5H), 1.87-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.55-1.44 (m, 2 H), 1.41-1.31 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.18 (m, 10H), 0.98-0.96 (m, 9H), 0.18-0.09 ppm (m, 6H); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, $C_6D_5CD_3$): δ = 155.5 (3C), 155.4 (4C), 155.3, 154.1 (3C), 154.0, 137.4, 137.3 (2C), 137.0, 136.3, 136.2 (3C), 136.1, 136.0, 135.1 (2C), 134.9, 134.4 (3C), 134.3, 133.8, 133.6, 133.4, 133.2, 132.7, 132.2, 132.1, 131.8, 131.6, 129.8 (3C), 129.7 (2C), 129.6 (2C), 129.4, 129.1, 128.4, 128.3 (5C), 127.8 (3C), 115.1, 115.0, 114.8, 110.7, 110.5, 110.2, 94.8, 94.7, 85.1, 85.0, 84.7, 82.2, 82.0, 81.8, 77.5,

71.4, 68.9, 68.6, 66.4 (2C), 66.1 (2C), 63.2, 63.1, 62.3, 62.2, 55.0 (3C), 54.6 (2C), 54.5, 48.7, 48.2, 47.9, 42.6, 42.4, 42.3, 40.5, 40.2, 39.3, 38.6, 37.2, 34.1, 32.5, 32.0, 31.4, 30.9, 30.7, 30.1, 29.9, 27.0 (2C), 26.9, 25.8 (2C), 25.5, 25.0, 19.5, 19.3, 19.3, 18.7, 18.4, 18.3, 18.2 (2C), 17.9, 1.2, -4.3 (3C), -4.4, -4.8, -4.9, -5.0 (2C), -5.1 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 2931$, 2856, 1721, 1501, 1462, 1427, 1340, 1238, 1155, 1077, 1004, 921, 834, 776, 739, 701, 667 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 976.6 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{58}H_{75}NO_7Si_2Na$ [M+Na]⁺: 976.49743, found 976.49649.

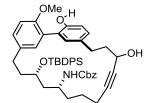
Compound 19. A solution of diyne 17 (79.2 mg, 0.078 mmol) in HCl/EtOH (1% conc. HCl in



EtOH, *w/w*, 1.2 mL) was stirred for 17 h at room temperature. Aq. sat. NaHCO₃ (8 mL) was added and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1) to give diol **19** as a colorless oil (51.3 mg, 77%).

[α]^D₂₀ = +4.9 (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.67 (d, 4H, J = 5.4 Hz), 7.40-7.26 (m, 10H), 7.13 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.09-7.06 (m, 3H), 6.95 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 6.89 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz), 6.32 (s, 1H), 4.96 (m, 2H), 4.40-4.33 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.83-3.79 (m, 1H), 3.76 (dd, 1H, J = 9.0, 5.4 Hz), 3.60-3.51 (m, 1H), 2.78 (t, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 2.74-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.67-2.58 (m, 1H), 2.04-1.97 (m, 5H), 1.95-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.77 (m, 4H), 1.73 (t, 3H, J = 2.2 Hz), 1.66-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.32 (m, 4H), 1.07 ppm (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 156.0, 153.8, 152.1, 136.8, 136.1 (4C), 134.6, 134.3 (2C), 132.6, 131.4 (2C), 129.9 (2C), 129.3, 129.1, 128.6 (2C), 128.2, 128.1 (3C), 127.8 (5C), 117.6, 111.6, 81.3, 80.3, 78.9, 76.0, 70.5, 66.7, 62.0, 56.5, 48.3, 42.7, 40.0, 38.2, 35.7, 30.8, 30.5, 27.2 (3C), 25.2, 19.5, 18.8, 3.7, 3.6 ppm; IR (film): \tilde{v} = 3406, 3069, 2932, 2857, 1701, 1588, 1497, 1455, 1427, 1341, 1236, 1181, 1110, 1063, 1027, 909, 821, 773, 734, 702 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 872.5 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₅₄H₆₃NO₆SiNa [M+Na]⁺: 872.43169, found 872.43221.

Compound 20. Procedure A: A solution of diyne 18 (1.18 g, 1.23 mmol) in HCl/EtOH (1%



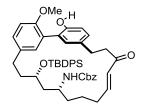
conc. HCl in EtOH, w/w, 60 mL) was stirred for 15 h at room temperature. Aq. sat. NaHCO₃ (150 mL) was then added and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 250 mL). The combined extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated, and the residue was purified by flash

chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1) to give diol 20 as a colorless oil (880 mg, 89%). Procedure B: A suspension of diyne 19 (51.3 mg, 0.060 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (5Å, powder, 60 mg) in toluene (30 mL) was stirred for 15 min at room temperature before the molybdenum complex 25 (3.1 mg, 3.0 µmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 3 h before it was filtered through a plug of silica, eluting with EtOAc (50 mL). The combined filtrates were evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (37.3 mg, 78%). For analytical purposes the diastereomeric mixture was separated by flash chromatography (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂/acetone, 10:10:1, Merck silica gel 60 (15-40 µm)). Diastereomer A: $[\alpha]_{20}^D = -50.0$ (c = 0.98, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.66-7.63$ (m, 4H), 7.40-7.29 (m, 11H), 7.16 (s, 2H), 7.11 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 1.6 Hz), 7.06 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz), 6.95 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 6.92 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.76 (s, 1H), 5.01 (d, 1H, J = 12.2 Hz), 4.94 (d, 1H, J = 12.2 Hz), 4.44-4.41 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.95 (m, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.84-3.80 (m, 2H), 0.43-3.41 (br s, 1H), 2.86-2.68 (m, 3H), 2.65-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.15 (m, 1H), 2.12-2.05 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.80 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.58-1.49 (m, 1H), 1.46-1.40 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.23 (m, 2H), 1.07 ppm (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$: $\delta = 156.1, 153.3, 152.3, 136.5, 136.2, 136.1 (2C), 136.0 (2C), 134.5, 134.3, 133.9 (2C),$ 132.8, 132.5, 129.9, 129.8, 129.5, 129.1, 128.6 (2C), 128.3 (3C), 127.8 (4C), 126.3, 118.3, 111.9, 85.1, 82.7, 70.5, 66.9, 60.8, 56.8, 48.3, 42.8, 38.9, 37.5, 35.3, 30.9, 30.5, 27.2 (3C), 23.6, 19.5, 18.8 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3399$, 3353, 2932, 2857, 1700, 1498, 1454, 1427, 1342, 1263, 1236, 1180, 1110, 1083, 1062, 1021, 822, 737, 703, 612, 506 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 818.5 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₅₀H₅₇NO₆SiNa [M+Na]⁺: 818.38474, found 818.38551.

Diastereomer B: $[\alpha]_{20}^D = +47.7$ (c = 0.90, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.67$ (d, 2H, J = 6.8 Hz), 7.63 (d, 2H, J = 7.0 Hz), 7.40-7.29 (m, 11H), 7.14 (dd, 1H, J = 8.7, 1.9 Hz), 7.07 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.08 (s, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 6.96 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 6.91 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 6.62 (s, 1H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 4.30-4.26 (m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.87-3.85 (m, 2H), 3.59-3.52 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.80 (m, 1H), 2.76-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.67-2.61 (m, 1H), 2.28-2.15 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.98 (m, 3H), 1.87-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.30 (m, 3H), 1.07 ppm (s, 2.05-1.98 (m, 3H), 1.87-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.30 (m, 3H), 1.07 ppm (s, 2.05-1.98 (m, 3H), 1.87-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.30 (m, 3H), 1.07 ppm (s, 2.05-1.98 (m, 2H), 2.05-

9H); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 155.9, 153.4, 152.3, 136.7, 136.4, 136.1 (2C), 136.0 (2C), 134.3 (2C), 133.9, 132.7, 132.2, 129.9 (2C), 129.1, 128.9, 128.6, 128.2 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 127.8 (4C), 127.6, 126.4, 118.2, 112.1, 85.6, 81.7, 69.9, 66.7, 62.2, 56.8, 48.2, 41.9, 39.8, 37.6, 34.4, 30.8, 29.8, 27.2 (3C), 25.0, 19.5, 18.1 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3401, 3353, 2932, 2858, 1703, 1498, 1454, 1427, 1341, 1264, 1235, 1108, 1061, 1020, 895, 820, 733, 700, 611, 501, 438 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 818.5 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₅₀H₅₇NO₆SiNa [M+Na]⁺: 818.38474, found 818.38551.

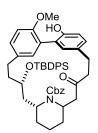
Enone 21. A solution of the propargylic alcohol 20 (413 g, 0.519 mmol), [(indenyl)Ru(PPh₃)₂Cl]



(12.1 mg, 0.016 mmol) and CSA (12.1 mg, 0.052 mmol) in THF (49 mL) was stirred for 5 min before In(OTf)₃ (8.75 mg, 0.016 mmol) was introduced. The flask was placed in a preheated oil bath at 80°C and the mixture stirred at this temperature for 4 h. Additional [(indenyl)Ru(PPh₃)₂Cl] (12.1 mg, 0.016 mmol) and In(OTf)₃ (8.75 mg,

0.016 mmol) were added and stirring continued for another 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica, rinsing with EtOAc (50 mL). The filtrate was evaporated and the crude product purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 3:1) to afford product 21 as a white solid (304 mg, 74%). $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$ = +17.5 (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.67 (d, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 7.63 (d, 2H, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.41-7.28 (m, 11H), 7.12 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 1.9 Hz), 7.02 (d, 1H; J = 7.8 Hz), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 6.93 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.73 (dt, 1H, J = 15.8, 7.0 Hz), 6.42 (s, 1H), 6.03 (d, 1H, J = 15.8 Hz), 4.96 (s, 2H), 3.96-3.94 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.85-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.53-3.45 (m, 1H), 2.99-2.92 (m, 2H), 2.90 (s, 2H), 2.74-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.07 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.91 (m, 1H); 2.83-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.23 (m, 4H), 1.08 ppm (s, 9H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 201.0$, 155.8, 153.5, 152.4, 147.6, 136.3, 136.0 (4C), 134.0 (2C), 133.4, 133.2, 132.8, 131.5, 130.5, 129.9 (2C), 129.8, 129.0 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.2, 128.1, 127.8 (4C), 127.4, 126.5, 118.0, 112.0, 70.0, 66.6, 56.7, 48.3, 41.6, 40.7, 37.8, 34.8, 31.7, 30.6, 29.8, 27.1 (3C), 24.5, 19.5 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} =$ 3347, 2932, 2858, 1715, 1668, 1499, 1454, 1427, 1338, 1237, 1110, 1085, 1027, 821, 740, 702 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 818.4 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₅₀H₅₇NO₆SiNa [M+Na]⁺: 818.38474, found 818.38440.

Piperidines 22 and 9-epi-22. A solution of PTSA (0.1 M in CH₂Cl₂, 0.250 mL, 0.025 mmol) was



added to a solution of enone **21** (200 mg, 0.251 mmol) in $ClCH_2CH_2Cl$ (8.2 mL) and the mixture was stirred at 45°C for 14 h. After quenching the reaction with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (20 mL) and extraction of the aqueous phase with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL), the combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated. Flash chromatography of the residue (hexanes/ CH_2Cl_2 /acetone 10:10:1, Merck silica gel

 $60~(15\text{-}40~\mu m))$ yielded **22** (93.5 mg, 47%, 67% brsm) and a second fraction consisting of **9-epi-22** (38.9 mg, 20%, 27% brsm) as white solids each. Data of compound **22**: $[\alpha]_{20}^{D} = +40.1$ (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, C₆D₆, 318 K): $\delta = 7.93-7.90$ (m, 4H), 7.72-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.51 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 7.27 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 7.24-7.21 (m, 5H), 7.10-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.04-7.02 (m, 2H), 7.00 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 2.3 Hz), 6.98-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 6.90 (dd, 1H, J =8.3, 2.3 Hz), 6.49 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 4.79-4.77 (m, 2H), 4.57-4.53 (m, 1H), 4.42 (d, 1H, J = 12.6Hz), 3.45 (dddd, 1H, J = 11.8, 9.4, 5.3, 2.2 Hz), 3.34 (dd, 1H, J = 17.1, 9.3 Hz), 3.20 (ddd, 1H, = 14.3, 11.8, 2.0 Hz), 3.13 (s, 3H), 3.02 (ddd, 1H, J = 15.5, 6.7, 5.7 Hz), 2.76 (ddd, 1H, J = 17.6, 12.0, 1.0 Hz), 2.72 (ddd, 1H, J = 15.4, 7.2, 5.8 Hz), 2.43 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.2, 7.1, 1.8 Hz), 2.34 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.3, 11.0, 2.9 Hz), 2.25 (dddd, 1H, J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.24 (ddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.25 (ddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.24 (ddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.25 (dddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.24 (ddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.25 (dddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.24 (ddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.25 (dddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.24 (ddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, 5.9, 3.4 Hz), 2.25 (dddd, 1H; J = 13.7, 7.1, J = 13.7, J =17.4, 7.0, 1.9 Hz), 2.03 (dd, 1H, J = 17.1, 5.3 Hz), 1.97 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.0, 7.5, 6.4 Hz), 1.40-1.34 (m, 1H), 1.25 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.3, 8.2, 3.5 Hz), 1.25 (s, 9H), 1.22-1.19 (m, 2H), 1.15 (qd, 1H, J = 12.0, 4.6 Hz), 1.06-1.01 ppm (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, C₆D₆, 318 K): $\delta = 205.1, 154.8$, 153.6, 153.1, 137.9, 137.3, 136.7 (2C), 136.6 (2C), 136.0, 135.8, 135.2 (2C), 134.4, 133.7, 132.5, 129.8 (2C), 129.7, 129.6, 129.2, 129.1, 128.4, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 126.7, 117.9, 112.2, 71.5, 66.5, 56.1, 50.4, 48.1, 47.7, 43.5, 38.4, 37.3, 32.0, 30.9, 30.3, 30.1, 28.4, 27.6 (3C), 26.8, 20.5, 19.9 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3394$, 2928, 2855, 1716, 1694, 1498, 1428, 1308, 1284, 1236, 1110, 1080, 1025, 821, 740, 702 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 818.6 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₅₀H₅₇NO₆SiNa [M+Na]⁺: 818.38474, found 818.38399.

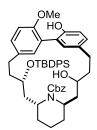
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nOe-analysis:

Data of compound **9-epi-22:** $[\alpha]_{20}^D = 38.7$ (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, C₆D₆, 318 K): $\delta = 7.83-7.81$ (m, 2H), 7.70 (d, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 7.37 (d, 2H, J = 5.5 Hz), 7.29-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.14 (m, 4H), 7.10 (d, 1H, J = 2.3 Hz), 7.07-7.03 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, 1H, J = 2.3 Hz) = 8.1 Hz), 6.84 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 2.3 Hz), 6.47 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 6.42 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 6.23 (m, 1H), 5.23-5.19 (m, 2H), 5.02 (br s, 1H), 4.83 (br s, 1H), 3.47 (3.50-3.46 m, 1H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.82 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.4, 11.9, 4.2 Hz), 2.64 (dt, 1H, J = 14.4, 4.8), 2.60-2.55 (m, 1H), 2.50 (d, 1H)1H, J = 17.5, 10.6 Hz), 2.47 (ddd, 1H, J = 13.1 Hz, 13.0 Hz, 4.2 Hz), 2.41-2.37 (br s, 2H), 2.10 (dt, 1H, J = 13.6, 4.7 Hz), 1.99 (br s, 1H), 1.91-1.83 (m, 1H), 1.80 (ddd, 1H, J = 13.3, 11.3, 3.0 Hz), 1.79-174 (m, 1H), 1.34-1.28 (m, 2H), 1.14 (s, 9H), 1.11-1.06 (m, 2H), 0.78 (d(quint), 1H, J = 14.0, 4.0 Hz), 0.49 (q, 1H, J = 12.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, C_6D_6 , 318 K): $\delta = 207.9$, 155.5, 153.9, 153.5, 138.0, 136.4 (2C), 136.2 (2C), 135.6 (2C), 135.0, 134.8, 134.3, 132.2, 131.1, 130.0, 129.8 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.4, 128.3 (6C), 126.4, 118.3, 113.5, 70.0, 67.0, 56.4, 50.9, 48.3, 46.3, 42.2, 38.3, 38.2, 31.1, 30.1, 30.0, 28.2, 27.3 (3C), 26.2, 19.6, 14.2 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{\nu} = 3368$, 2932, 2897, 2857, 1711, 1686, 1499, 1454, 1427, 1409, 1359, 1320, 1295, 1271, 1237, 1178, 1108, 1090, 1062, 1022, 1012, 901, 821, 802, 768, 735, 702, 610, 502 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): *m/z* (%): 739 (25), 738 (46), 696 (19), 695 (54), 694 (100), 225 (14), 199 (12), 91 (44), 82 (11); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{50}H_{57}NO_6SiNa [M+Na]^+$: m/z: calcd. for $C_{50}H_{57}NO_6SiNa [M+Na]^+$: 818.38474, found 818.38491.

nOe-analysis:

Compound 23 and 11-epi-23. Procedure A: NaBH₄ (13.3 mg, 0.351 mmol) was added at 0°C to



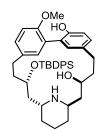
a solution of ketone **22** (93.1 mg, 0.117 mmol) in MeOH (4.7 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at this temperature before the reaction was quenched with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (4 x 25 mL) and the combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated. Analysis of the crude material by 1 H NMR revealed a ratio of \approx 1:1 for the two products.

Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂/acetone, 10:10:1; Merck

silica gel 60 (15-40 µm)) afforded products 23 (45.7 mg, 49%, 1:0.6 mixture of conformers) and 11-epi-23 (37.4 mg, 40%) as white solids each. Procedure B: A Schlenk tube was charged with pre-dried LiCl (39 mg, 0.92 mmol) and was evacuated while being heated (heatgun). After the flask had reached ambient temperature, a solution of compound 22 (73.3 mg, 0.092 mmol) in Et₂O (4.5 mL) was introduced and the mixture was sonicated in an ultrasound bath for 15 min. The suspension was cooled to 0°C before LiAlH(OtBu)₃ (1 M in THF, 0.37 mL, 0.37 mmol) was added dropwise at this temperature. Stirring was continued at 0°C for 4 h before the reaction was quenched with aq. sat. NH₄Cl (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 15 mL), the combined extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was evaporated. ¹H NMR analysis of the crude product showed a diastereomeric ratio of 10:1 in favor of 23. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (hexanes/CH₂Cl₂/acetone, 10:10:1; Merck silica gel 60 (15-40 µm)) furnished product 23 as a colorless foam (67.3 mg, 92%, 1:0.6 mixture of conformers). Data of compound 23: $[\alpha]_{20}^{D} = +7.9$ (c = 0.33, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.70-7.62$ (m, 6.4H), 7.44-7.43 (m, 14.4H), 7.18-7.17 (m, 1.2H), 7.12 (dd, 2H, J =8.4, 2.0 Hz), 7.08-7.07 (m, 2H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 3.2H), 6.97-6.92 (m, 2H), 6.90-6.83 (m, 3H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 5.20 (d, 1H, J = 12.2 Hz), 5.02 (d, 1H, J = 12.2 Hz), 4.92 (d, 0.6H, J = 12.0 Hz), 4.82-4.77 (m, 1H), 4.60 (d, 0.6H, J = 12.0 Hz), 4.33 (sext, 0.6H, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.09-4.04 (m, 0.6H), 3.91(s, 1.8H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.81-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.73-3.68 (m, 1H), 3.63-3.57 (m, 0.6H), 3.09 (td, 1H, J = 9.8, 4.5 Hz), 2.94-2.87 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.61 (5.2H), 2.53-2.36 (m, 3H), 2.02-1.93 (m, 3.2H), 1.88-1.65 (m, 8.2H), 1.63-1.43 (m, 7.6H), 1.28-1.24 (m, 1.2H), 1.05 (s, 5.4H), 1.01 ppm (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 157.4$, 157.2, 153.3, 153.2, 152.1 (2C), 137.0, 136.6, 136.3, 136.2, 136.1 (2C), 134.5, 134.4 (2C), 134.3, 134.2, 134.1, 133.9, 133.2, 132.2, 131.5, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7, 129.6, 129.0, 128.9, 128.6, 128.4 (2C), 128.1, 128.0 (2C), 127.8, 117.7, 127.6, 126.4, 126.1, 118.0, 117.6, 111.8, 111.6, 71.1, 70.4, 69.2, 68.7, 67.1, 66.9, 56.7, 56.6, 53.8, 51.4, 48.7, 42.2, 39.8, 39.7, 38.7, 38.0, 37.7, 37.3, 36.4, 31.1, 30.3, 29.9, 29.6, 28.2, 27.7, 27.3 (3C), 27.1 (3C), 20.3, 19.5, 19.4 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3419$, 2930, 2897, 2859, 1694, 1499, 1456, 1444, 1427, 1269, 1238, 1111, 1075, 1027, 823, 744, 702, 571, 491, 427 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 742 (22), 741 (56), 740 (97), 723 (18), 722 (30), 697 (23), 696 (45), 679 (11), 678 (23), 663 (20), 662 (46), 634 (14), 633 (48), 632 (100), 619 (19), 618 (40), 589 (14), 588 (33), 554 (15), 528 (15), 524 (17), 510 (16), 480 (22), 450 (25), 406 (14), 316 (10), 225 (21), 211 (13), 199 (28), 183 (11), 135 (12), 96 (14), 91 (73), 84 (11), 83 (14), 82 (13); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{50}H_{59}NO_6SiNa [M+Na]^+$: 820.40038, found 820.40048.

Data of compound 11-*epi*-**23:** $[\alpha]_{20}^{D} = 15.5$ (c = 0.33, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta =$ 7.84-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.67-7.62 (m, 3.5H), 7.59-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.34 (m, 9.5H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.22 (s, 0.7H), 7.18-7.16 (m, 4.4H), 7.14-7.10 (m, 3.4H), 7.05 (dd, 1H, J = 8.4, 2.2 Hz), 7.02-7.00(m, 4.1H), 6.98-6.95 (m, 1.7H), 6.89-6.87 (m, 2.4H), 6.53 (s, 0.7H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 4.96-4.88 (m, 1.4H), 4.59-4.56 (m, 2H), 4.43 (d, 1H, J = 12.0 Hz), 4.30-4.23 (m, 1.7H), 4.00-3.97 (m, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 2.1H), 3.72-3.66 (m, 0.7H), 3.56-3.48 (m, 1.7H), 3.18-3.08 (m, 2H), 2.97-2.90 (m, 1H), 2.76 (ddd, 1H, J = 16.6, 11.3, 4.2 Hz), 2.61-2.27 (m, 6.5H), 2.17-2.10 (m, 1.7H), 1.95-1.00 (m, 1.7H), 1.95-1.001.78 (m, 5.1H), 1.58-1.11 (m, 13H), 1.06 (s, 15.3H), 0.58 ppm (d, 1H, J = 4.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 156.3$, 153.4, 153.3, 152.0 (2C), 136.9, 136.8, 136.5 (2C), 136.3, 136.2, 136.1, 136.0, 135.3, 134.3 (2C), 133.9, 132.6, 131.0, 130.3, 130.0, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 128.9, 128.6, 128.3, 137.9 (2C), 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.3, 126.2, 126.1, 118.3, 118.0, 111.6, 111.5, 70.4, 40.0, 67.4, 66.5, 65.2, 65.0, 56.6 (2C), 52.8, 51.7, 49.9, 47.8, 42.3, 42.0, 39.4, 38.4, 36.8, 35.4, 31.6, 30.5, 30.2, 30.0, 29.6, 28.4, 27.4 /3C), 27.3 (3C), 26.2, 20.5, 19.4 (2C) ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3406$, 2930, 2857, 1699, 1675, 1499, 1427, 1282, 1236, 1212, 1143, 1109, 1076, 1064, 1027, 939, 822, 740, 702, 608, 505, 491 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 820.5 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₅₀H₅₉NO₆SiNa [M+Na]⁺: 820.40038, found 820.40048.

Compound S3. Compound 23 (45.7 mg, 0.057 mmol) was dissolved in HCl/EtOH (0.05 M, 5.73

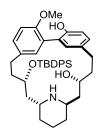


mL, 0.287 mmol) and palladium black (0.61 mg, 5.7 μ mol) was added. The flask was evacuated and backfilled with hydrogen four times. After stirring for 23 h, the suspension was filtered and the filtrate treated with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (25 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL), the combined extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash

chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc, 1:1 + 1 vol.-% NEt₃) to give amine **S3** (35.2 mg, 93%) as a white solid. [α]₂₀^D = -48.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.69-7.66 (m, 3H), 7.55-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.43-7.29 (m, 5H), 7.15 (t, 2H, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.11 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz), 7.08 (dd, 1H, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz), 6.98 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 6.94 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 5.66 (br s, 1H), 4.06 (tt, 1H, J = 8.7, 4.5 Hz), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.54 (tt, 1H, J = 10.2, 2.0 Hz), 3.21 (dq, 1H, J = 8.7, 4.1 Hz), 2.96-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.65 (dt, 1H, J = 14.0, 4.4 Hz), 2.17-2.08 (m, 2H), 1.98-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.84-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.24 (m, 8H), 1.16-1.00 (m, 2H), 0.88 ppm (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 153.0, 152.1, 136.6, 136.2 (2C), 136.1 (2C), 134.8, 134.3, 134.1, 133.7, 132.4, 129.4 (2C), 129.2, 129.1, 128.2, 127.6 (2C), 127.5 (2C), 125.9, 117.5, 112.1, 70.6, 70.0, 56.9, 51.3, 46.8, 42.7, 40.7, 38.1, 35.2, 34.3, 32.9, 30.6, 30.4, 26.9 (3C), 19.5,

19.4 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3342$, 2966, 2923, 2853, 1500, 1427, 1259, 1112, 1016, 747, 704, 506 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 664.5 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₄₂H₅₄NO₄Si [M+H]⁺: 664.38166, found 664.38166.

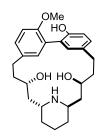
Compound 11-epi-S3. This epimer was prepared analogously in 65% yield. $[\alpha]_{20}^D = -6.4$ (c =



1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =7.70-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.09-7.02 (m, 4H), 6.94 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz), 6.90 (d, 1H, J = 8.9 Hz), 6.52 (br s, 1H), 4.13-4.07 (m, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.90-3.85 (m, 1H), 3.12 (dt, 1H, J = 8.9, 4.5 Hz), 2.82-2.73 (m, 3H), 2.69-2.61 (m, 2H), 2.02-1.81 (m, 4H), 1.74 (dddd, 1H, J = 13.2, 9.7, 6.2 4.0 Hz), 1.61-1.52

(m, 1H), 1.46-1.38 (m, 3H), 1.34-1.32 (m, 3H), 1.29-1.24 (m, 1H), 1.19-1.16 (m, 1H), 1.03 ppm (s, 9H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 153.3$, 152.0, 136.3, 136.2 (2C), 136.1 (2C), 134.7, 134.5, 134.3, 132.5, 131.8, 129.7 (2C), 129.6 (2C), 127.7 (2C), 127.6 (2C), 127.4, 126.3, 117.7, 111.6, 70.8, 65.5, 56.6, 47.8, 46.4, 42.9, 40.9, 39.1, 36.5, 33.5, 32.5, 30.3, 29.5, 27.2 (3C), 19.8, 19.5 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3378$, 2929, 2856, 1498, 1427, 1361, 1265, 1237, 1108, 1081, 1022, 821, 736, 702, 612, 507 cm⁻¹; MS (pos. ESI): m/z (%): 664.4 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{42}H_{54}NO_4Si$ [M+H]⁺: 664.38166, found 664.38183.

Lythranidine (1). HOAc (6.4 µL, 0.11 mmol) and TBAF (1 M in THF, 0.11 mL, 0.11 mmol)



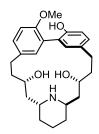
were succesively added to a solution of S3 (15 mg, 23 µmol) in THF (2 mL). The mixture was stirred for 3 d at 45° C before the reaction was quenched with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (2 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with toluene (4 x 2 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc/MeOH/H₂O, 6:1:0.5;

neutral Alox) to give the title compound as a white solid (7.9 mg, 82%). 1 H NMR (600 MHz, $C_{6}D_{6}$, 318 K): $\delta = 8.02$ (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, 1H, J = 1.8 Hz), 7.29 (d, 1H, 8.1 Hz), 7.10 (dd, 1H, J = 8.1, 2.2 Hz), 7.05 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz), 6.59 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 3.86-3.83 (m, 2H), 3.18 (m, 3H), 3.01-2.93 (m, 2H), 2.87-2.85 (m, 1H), 2.76 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.4, 5.5, 3.5 Hz), 2.60 (br s, 1H), 2.50 (br s, 1H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.61-1.57 (m, 1H), 1.51-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.34 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.23 (m, 2H), 1.13-1.05 (m, 2H), 0.95 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.3, 4.6, 2.3 Hz), 0.87 (ddd, 2H, J = 14.1, 5.6, 3.2 Hz), 0.80-0.75 ppm (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, $C_{6}D_{6}$, 318 K): $\delta = 153.9$, 153.4, 137.9, 135.7, 135.3, 134.1, 129.9, 129.2, 128.9, 127.3, 118.2, 112.1, 71.7, 70.8, 56.3, 51.4, 51.0, 41.5, 39.7, 39.3, 38.7, 33.3, 33.0, 31.0 (2C), 20.1 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{\nu} = 1.25$

3346, 3151, 2933, 2859, 2838, 1499, 1437, 1411, 1276, 1236, 1163, 1101, 1070, 1020, 824, 733, 700, 488 cm⁻¹; MS (ESI): m/z (%): 426.0 (100); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₂₆H₃₆NO₄ [M+H]⁺: 426.26388 found 426.26367.

Lythranidine•HOAc (**1•HOAc**). Lythranidine (4.8 mg, 11 μmol) was dissolved in toluene (2 mL) and 3 drops of acetic acid were added. The solution was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and the solvent was evaporated to afford the corresponding hyrdoacetate (5.4 mg, quant.). $[\alpha]_{20}^D = -79.0$ (c = 0.88, 1,4-dioxane) [lit.: -71° (c = 1.7, 1,4-dioxane)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.71$ (s, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.08 (dd, 1H, J = 8.3, 2.0 Hz), 7.03 (dd, 1H, J = 8.3, 2.0 Hz), 6.87 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 6.85 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 4.11-4.04 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.66-3.52 (m, 2H), 2.94-2.71 (m, 4H), 2.30-2.20 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.56 (m, 10H), 1.43 (s, 3H), 1.34-1.22 ppm (m, 2H).

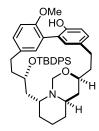
11-epi-Lythranidine (11-epi-1). The epimer was prepared analogously in 79% yield. The



purification was performed on deactivated silica gel, eluting with EtOAc/MeOH/MeCN/H₂O (6:1:1:0.5). $[\alpha]_{20}^D = -38.9$ (c = 1.0, 1,4-dioxane); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, C₆D₆, 318 K): $\delta = 7.94$ (d, 1H, J = 1.9 Hz), 7.30 (d, 1H, J = 1.9 Hz), 7.26 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.06 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz), 7.01 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz), 6.59 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 4.07-4.03 (m, 1H), 3.63 (t, 1H, J = 10.4 Hz),

3.40-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.25 (td, 1H, J = 13.3, 3.3 Hz), 3.18 (s, 3H), 3.06-3.02 (m, 1H), 2.56-2.52 (m, 2H), 2.16-2.13 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.77 (m, 4H), 1.41-1.19 (m, 5H), 1.13-1.08 (m, 2H), 0.94-0.87 (m, 3H); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, C_6D_6 , 318 K): $\delta = 154.0$, 153.3, 136.2, 136.1, 135.6, 130.8, 130.4, 129.0, 128.1, 127.2, 118.4, 111.9, 69.5, 65.8, 55.9, 51.8, 47.4, 42.8, 39.8, 39.1, 38.5, 33.6, 30.7, 30.3, 29.5, 19.9 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 3260$, 2928, 2858, 1559, 1499, 1412, 1278, 1239, 1091, 1075, 1020, 816, 734 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z (%): 426 (38), 425 (87), 424 (21), 409 (13), 408 (15), 407 (10), 381 (12), 380 (23), 368 (11), 367 (13), 212 (12), 211 (30), 210 (10), 209 (13), 207 (14), 205 (14), 198 (11), 195 (25), 194 (24), 184 (15), 183 (21), 182 (12), 181 (21), 178 (12), 174 (11), 167 (11), 166 (11), 165 (15), 155 (22), 153 (16), 152 (13), 142 (16), 141 (11), 140 (25), 128 (20), 127 (21), 126 (27), 124 (13), 122 (22), 115 (13), 113 (11), 108 (11), 98 (21), 97 (16), 96 (78), 84 (55), 83 (100), 82 (90), 81 (17), 80 (11), 79 (16), 70 (18), 69 (14), 68 (20), 67 (14), 57 (15), 56 (50), 55 (71), 45 (13), 44 (57), 43 (34), 42 (15), 41 (37), 40 (11), 39 (12), 30 (22), 29 (21); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{26}H_{34}NO_4$ [M-H]: 424.24933, found 424.24946.

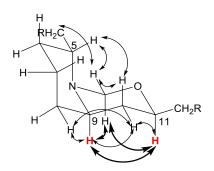
Compound 24. A solution of compound S3 (16.5 mg, 24.9 µmol) and formaldehyde (37 w-% in



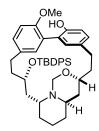
 H_2O , 2.3 μ L, 31 μ mol) in MeOH (3 mL) was stirred for 20 h at room temperature before the reaction was quenched with H_2O (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 15 mL), and the combined extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated. Flash chromatography (pentane/Et₂O, 1:2 + 1 vol.-% NEt₃) afforded the product as a colorless oil (12.8

mg, 76 %). [α] $_{20}^{D}$ = -4.3 (c = 0.28, CHCl₃); 1 H NMR (500 MHz, C₆D₅CD₃, 363 K): δ = 7.59-7.76 (m, 4H), 7.48 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 7.18 (d, 1H, J = 2.3 Hz), 7.16-7.10 (m, 6H), 7.03 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 6.94 (dd, 1H, J = 8.2, 2.3 Hz), 6.77 (ddt, 1H, J = 8.3, 2.3, 0.7 Hz), 6.60 (s, 1H), 6.52 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 4.09 (dddd, 1H, J = 9.1, 8.2, 5.1, 3.3 Hz), 4.04 (d, 1H, 10.3 Hz), 3.77 (d, 1H, J = 10.3 Hz), 3.31 (s, 3H), 3.14 (dddd, 1H, J = 10.9, 6.4, 4.6, 2.4 Hz), 3.02 (dq, 1H, J = 9.1, 3.9 Hz), 2.86 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.9, 9.5, 6.8 Hz), 2.75-2.63 (m, 3H), 2.52 (ddd, 1H, J = 15.0, 6.4, 5.5 Hz), 2.11-2.04 (m, 1H), 1.91 (ddd, 1H, J = 14.8, 4.1, 3.4 Hz), 1.77-1.72 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.67 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.43 (m, 3H), 1.35-1.21 (m, 3H), 1.20-1.15 (m, 1H), 1.10 (s, 9H), 0.68 ppm (ddd, 1H, J = 12.9, 3.3, 2.5 Hz); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₅CD₃, 363 K): δ = 154.4, 153.4, 136.6 (2C), 136.5 (2C), 136.0, 135.8, 135.3, 135.0, 133.7, 132.9, 130.2, 130.0, 129.9 (2C), 129.6, 128.0 (4C), 127.5, 117.6, 113.0, 83.5, 78.3, 71.8, 56.8, 55.1, 48.6, 44.5, 38.2, 36.8, 36.4, 33.8, 31.7, 31.2, 30.8, 27.8 (3C), 20.1, 19.8 ppm; IR (film): \tilde{v} = 2931, 2856, 1497, 1463, 1428, 1377, 1235, 1175, 1111, 1077, 1059, 1020, 983, 821, 802, 741, 703, 612, 544, 508 cm⁻¹; MS (ESI): m/z (%): 676.0 (100), 698 (20); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for C₄₃H₅₄NO₄Si [M+H]⁺: 676.38166, found 676.38195.

nOe-analysis:



Compound 11-epi-24. This compound was prepared analogously in 61 % yield. $[\alpha]_{20}^D = -1.4$ (c



= 0.50, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, C₆D₅CD₃, 363 K): δ = 7.68-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 7.39 (d, 1H, J = 2.2 Hz), 7.19-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.12-7.10 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 6.97-6.94 (m, 2H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 4.20 (tt, 1H, J = 9.7, 3.9 Hz), 4.13 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 3.89 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 3.53 (ddt, 1H, J = 9.3, 5.3, 3.9 Hz), 3.32 (s, 3H),

3.24 (ddd, 1H, J = 16.3, 11.1, 4.7 Hz), 2.80-2.74 (m, 2H), 2.71-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.57 (m, 1H), 2.28-2.20 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.04 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.69 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.61 (m, 1H), 1.47-1.38 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.19 (m, 2H), 1.17-1.12 (m, 1H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 1.01-0.99 (m, 1H), 0.88-0.92 (m, 2H), 0.78-0.74 ppm (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, $C_6D_5CD_3$, 363 K): $\delta = 154.2$, 153.4, 136.6 (2C), 136.5 (2C), 135.9, 135.7, 135.2, 134.8, 134.7, 132.2, 130.4, 129.8 (2C), 129.5, 129.2, 128.0 (2C), 127.9 (2C), 126.8, 118.1, 113.5, 79.5, 71.0, 69.9, 56.9, 50.7, 48.8, 41.9, 35.0, 33.9, 32.7, 30.2, 29.6, 27.9, 27.7 (3C), 24.6, 20.8, 19.9 ppm; IR (film): $\tilde{v} = 2930$, 2855, 1499, 1462, 1428, 1387, 1363, 1236, 1152, 1110, 1069, 1022, 981, 821, 799, 740, 704, 612, 543, 510, 493 cm⁻¹; MS (ESI): m/z (%): 676.0 (100), 698 (25); HRMS (ESI): m/z: calcd. for $C_{43}H_{54}NO_4Si$ [M+H]⁺: 676.38166, found 676.38216.

nOe-analysis:

