CHEMBIOCHEM

Supporting Information

Defining the Interaction of Human Soluble Lectin ZG16p and Mycobacterial Phosphatidylinositol Mannosides

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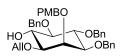
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Synthetic procedures

General Information. All chemicals used were reagent grade and used as supplied except where noted. All reactions were performed in oven-dried glassware under an inert atmosphere (nitrogen or argon) unless noted otherwise. Reagent grade dichloromethane (DCM or CH₂Cl₂), tetrahydrofuran (THF), methanol (MeOH) N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) and toluene were passed through activated neutral molecular sieves column prior to use. Pyridine was distilled over CaH₂ prior to use. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ plates (0.25 mm). Compounds were visualized by UV irradiation or dipping the plate in a cerium sulfate-ammonium molybdate (CAM) solution or sulfuric acid ethanol solution. Triethylamine (TEA)/CO₂ buffer was prepared by filling TEA (7 mL) in a measuring cylinder and adding water until the total volume reached 500mL. The solution was transferred to a flask and CO₂ was bubbled through the solution for 1 h at 0 °C. The buffer was stored at 4 °C. Flash column chromatography was carried out using a forced flow of the indicated solvent on Fluka silica gel 60 (230-400 mesh, for preparative column chromatography).

¹H, ¹³C and ³¹P NMR spectra were recorded on a *Varian* MR-400 (400 MHz) and on a *Varian* PremiumCOMPACT 600 (600 MHz) spectrometer in CDCl₃ and D₂O with chemical shifts referenced to internal standards CHCl₃ (7.26 ppm ¹H, 77.1 ppm ¹³C) and D₂O (4.79 ppm ¹H) unless otherwise stated. Coupling constants are reported in Hertz (Hz). Splitting patterns are indicated as s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; br, broad singlet for ¹H NMR data. Signals were assigned by means of ¹H-¹H COSY, ¹H-¹³C HSQC, and ¹H-¹³C HMBC spectra. ESI mass spectral analyses were performed by the MS-service at the Institute of Chemistry and Biochemistry at the Free University of Berlin using an Agilent 6210 ESI-TOF spectrometer. Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded as thin films on a Perkin Elmer Spectrum 100 FTIR spectrophotometer. Optical rotations (OR) were measured with a Schmidt & Haensch UniPol L 1000 at a concentration (*c*) expressed in g/100 mL.

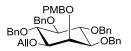
1-O-Allyl-2-O-p-methoxybenzyl-3,4,5-tri-O-benzyl-D-myo-inositol (4a)



Diol $3^{1}(91 \text{ mg}, 185 \mu\text{mol}, 1 \text{ equiv})$ and TBAI (69 mg, 185 $\mu\text{mol}, 1 \text{ equiv})$ were dissolved in DMF (2 mL). The solution was cooled down to -20°C using ice/NaCl and NaH (22 mg, 930 μ mol, 5 equiv) was added. The slurry was stirred for 5 min before PMBCl (25 μ L, 190 μ mol, 1 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at -20 °C before it was quenched with MeOH (200 μ L). Water (7 mL) was added and the water phase was extracted with Et₂O (50 mL). The ether layer was washed with sat. NaHCO₃ solution (2 x 20mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified using column chromatography (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate 3:1) to yield **4a** as yellow oil (46 mg, 75 μ mol, 41%; 38 mg of starting material were recovered). The spectroscopic data was in agreement with the literature².

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.13 (m, 17H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.81 (ddd, *J* = 22.5, 10.7, 5.5 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 5.19 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 5.10 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 4.88 – 4.49 (m, 8H), 4.07 – 3.84 (m, 5H), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.29 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (bs, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.16, 139.03, 138.96, 138.53, 134.67, 131.04, 129.54, 128.50, 128.42, 128.18, 127.94, 127.73, 127.67, 127.63, 117.42, 113.68, 83.58, 81.55, 81.28, 79.98, 77.48, 77.16, 76.84, 75.93, 75.42, 73.72, 72.96, 72.92, 72.88, 71.20, 55.38.

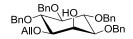
1-O-Allyl-2-O-p-methoxybenzyl-3,4,5,6-tetra-O-benzyl-D-myo-inositol (4b)



Inositol $4a^2$ (46 mg, 75 µmol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in DMF (2 mL). The solution was cooled down to 0°C and NaH (9 mg, 377 µmol, 5 equiv) was added. Afterwards BnBr (18 µL, 151 µmol, 2 equiv) was added and the reaction was stirred at 0°C for 3h. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH (200 µL) and water (10 mL) was added. The water phase was extracted with Et₂O (40 mL). The ether layer was washed with sat. NaHCO₃ solution (2 x 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified using column chromatography (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate 8:1) to yield **4b** as colorless solid (47.5 mg, 68 µmol, 90%).

[α]²⁰_D: + 4.7 (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3033, 2891, 1610, 1510, 1454, 1068 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 – 7.21 (m, 27H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.14 – 5.70 (m, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 5.30 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 5.17 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 4.93 – 4.85 (m, 4H), 4.84 – 4.75 (m, 4H), 4.62 (q, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.13 – 3.94 (m, 5H), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.45 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.13, 139.04, 138.61, 135.08, 131.20, 129.57, 128.46, 128.42, 128.26, 128.20, 127.87, 127.64, 127.55, 116.73, 113.66, 83.81, 81.82, 81.07, 80.90, 75.97, 73.76, 72.86, 71.76, 55.39; m/z (ESI) Found: [M+Na]⁺, 723.3303 C₃₈H₄₂O₇ requires [M+Na]⁺, 723.3298.

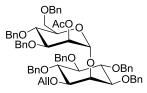
1-O-Allyl-3,4,5,6-tetra-O-benzyl-D-myo-inositol (4)



Fully protected inositol **4b** (38.8 mg, 55 μ mol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in chloroform/TFA (1 mL, 9:1) and stirred for 30 min. The reaction mixture was diluted with toluene (3 mL) and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified using column chromatography (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate 4:1) to yield **4** as colorless oil (30 mg, 52 μ mol, 93%). The spectroscopic data was in agreement with the literature¹.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 – 7.16 (m, 20H), 5.96 (ddd, J = 22.8, 10.9, 5.7 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 5.31 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 5.21 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 4.99 – 4.80 (m, 6H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 4.33 – 4.13 (m, 3H), 3.99 (dt, J = 15.2, 9.5 Hz, 2H), 3.53 – 3.38 (m, 2H), 3.32 (dd, J = 9.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (bs, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.86, 138.84, 138.83, 138.08, 134.80, 128.59, 128.47, 128.20, 128.14, 127.99, 127.95, 127.72, 127.70, 127.66, 117.57, 114.07, 83.23, 81.32, 81.30, 80.02, 79.73, 76.10, 76.08, 76.05, 72.92, 72.01, 67.81.

2-*O*-Acetyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- α -D-mannopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 2)$ -1-*O*-allyl-3,4,5,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-*myo*-inositol (6)

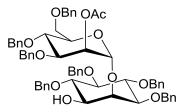


myo-Inositol **4** (30 mg, 52 µmol, 1.0 equiv) and phosphate **5**³ (50.6 mg, 67 µmol, 1.3 equiv) were co evaporated with toluene (3 x 2 mL) and placed under HV for 30 min. The residue was dissolved in dry toluene (3 mL) and powdered MS4Å (100 mg) was added. The slurry was stirred at r.t. for 15 min before it was cooled down to -40°C. TMSOTf (12.1 µL, 67 µmol, 1.3 equiv) was added and the reaction was stirred at -40°C for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with TEA (100 µL) and filtered through a pad of Celite®. Solvents were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified using column chromatography (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate 6:1) to yield **6** as colorless oil (46 mg, 44 µmol, 84%).

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$: + 26.3 (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3031, 2921, 2864, 1746, 1497, 1454, 1070, 1052 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 – 7.20 (m, 33H), 7.17 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 5.89 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.5, 5.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂=C**H**-CH₂), 5.51 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H, Man-2), 5.33 – 5.23 (m, 2H, Man-1, C**H**₂=CH-CH₂), 5.15 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H,

CH₂=CH-CH₂), 4.95 – 4.70 (m, 9H), 4.69 – 4.57 (m, 3H), 4.43 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.37 – 4.29 (m, 2H), 4.23 – 4.17 (m, 1H), 4.15 (dt, J = 5.1, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 4.00 – 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.92 – 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.53 – 3.41 (m, 2H), 3.35 – 3.26 (m, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.25 (CH₃CO), 138.83, 138.81, 138.77, 138.74, 138.29, 138.09, 134.60, 128.55, 128.51, 128.48, 128.45, 128.44, 128.33, 128.19, 128.09, 128.06, 128.03, 127.85, 127.73, 127.64, 127.60, 127.50, 127.33, 116.74, 110.12, 98.97 (Man-1, $J_{C,H}$ = 175.0Hz), 83.48, 81.37, 81.24, 80.63, 79.04, 77.82, 76.25, 75.97, 75.87, 75.14, 74.31, 73.54, 72.74, 72.63, 71.96, 71.75, 71.41, 68.89 (Man-2), 68.54, 21.31 (CH₃CO); m/z (ESI) Found: [M+Na]⁺, 1077.4781 C₆₆H₇₀O₁₂ requires [M+Na]⁺, 1077.4765.

2-*O*-Acetyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- α -D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)-3,4,5,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-*myo*-inositol (8a)

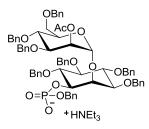


(1,5-Cyclooctadiene)bis(methyldiphenyl-phosphine)iridium(I) PF₆ (3 mg, 3.6 μ mol, 0.1 equiv) was dissolved in dry THF (5 mL) and H₂ was bubbled through thesolution for 30 min (color change from red to slight yellow). Afterwards dry N₂ was bubbled through this solution for 15 min to remove dissolved H₂. This solution was then added to a solution of pseudodisaccharide **6** (42 mg, 40 μ mol, 1 equiv) in dry THF (2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h before 1 M HCl (1 mL) was added to cleave the corresponding enol ether. The solution was stirred for 18 h before it was diluted with Et₂O (50 mL). The organic layer was washed with sat. NaHCO₃ solution (3 x 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified using

column chromatography (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate 3:1) to yield **8a** as colorless oil (37 mg, 36 μ mol, 92%).

[α]²⁰_D: + 18.9 (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3483, 2925, 2865, 1747, 1454, 1071 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.01 (m, 35H), 5.31 (s, 1H, Man-2), 5.20 (s, 1H, Man-1), 4.95 – 4.80 (m, 3H), 4.79 – 4.59 (m, 6H), 4.51 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 3H), 4.35 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 4.28 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.14 – 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.90 – 3.84 (m, 2H), 3.76 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.48 – 3.34 (m, 3H), 3.29 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (bs, 1H, O**H**), 2.06 (s, 3H, C**H**₃); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.37 (CH₃CO), 138.78, 138.66, 138.50, 138.34, 138.30, 138.17, 138.12, 128.88, 128.58, 128.56, 128.47, 128.45, 128.34, 128.32, 128.21, 128.14, 128.09, 128.07, 128.01, 127.87, 127.66, 127.63, 127.60, 127.53, 127.36, 99.21 (Man-1), 83.79, 81.86, 81.24, 79.09, 77.87, 75.96, 75.89, 75.63, 75.21, 74.37, 74.22, 73.54, 72.30, 72.02, 71.57, 68.92, 68.57, 21.32 (CH₃CO); m/z (ESI) Found: [M+Na]⁺, 1037.4424 C₆₆H₇₀O₁₂ requires [M+Na]⁺, 1037.4452.

Triethylammonium2-O-Acetyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl- α -D-mannopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 2)$ -1-O-monobenzylphospho-3,4,5,6-tetra-O-benzyl-D-*myo*-inositol (8)



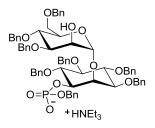
Alcohol **8a** (25 mg, 25 μ mol, 1 equiv) and sodium benzyl phosphonate **7**⁴ (10.5 mg, 54 μ mol, 2.2 equiv) were co evaporated with dry pyridine (3 x 2mL) and placed under HV for 30 min. The residue was dissolved in dry pyridine (4 mL) and PivCl (10.6 μ L, 86 μ mol, 3.5 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h before water (10

 μ L) and iodine (14.4 mg, 57 μ mol, 2.3 equiv) were added. The solution was stirred for 18 h before it was quenched with sat. Na₂S₂O₃ solution (approx. 3 drops), dried with Na₂SO₄ and filtered. Solvents were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was co evaporated with toluene (3 x 2 mL). The residue was purified using column chromatography (CHCl₃/MeOH 95:5 to 90:10; SiO₂ was deactivated with 1% TEA in CHCl₃) to yield colorless oil. The residue was dissolved in CHCl₃ (30 mL), washed with TEA/CO₂ buffer (3 x 10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness to yield **8** as colorless oil (25 mg, 19 μ mol, 79%).

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$: + 32.1 (*c* = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3032, 2926, 1746, 1454, 1236, 1051 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.47 (s, 1H, **H**N(CH₂CH₃)₃), 7.42 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.13 (m, 36H), 5.57 – 5.56 (m, 1H, Man-2), 5.55 (s, 1H, Man-1), 5.06 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (dd, J = 12.3, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (dd, 12.4, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.90 - 4.76 (m, 8H), 4.69 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.58 - 4.53 (m, 2H), 4.46 (dd, J = 22.9, 11.5 Hz, 2H), 4.26 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.99 – 3.91 (m, 3H), 3.85 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.45 - 3.38 (m, 2H), 3.13 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 2.89 - 2.83 (m, 6H, HN(CH₂CH₃)₃), 2.06 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.15 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 9H, HN(CH₂CH₃)₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.02 (CH₃CO), 139.28, 139.28, 139.01, 138.83, 138.81, 138.63, 138.53, 138.27, 128.54, 128.49, 128.43, 128.42, 128.34, 128.29, 128.27, 128.23, 128.19, 128.19, 128.16, 127.96, 127.94, 127.77, 127.74, 127.64, 127.56, 127.47, 127.28, 127.23, 127.19, 98.85 (Man-1), 83.32, 83.31, 81.24, 80.61, 80.57, 79.49, 78.15, 77.37, 77.16, 76.95, 76.22, 75.80, 75.10, 75.00, 74.34, 74.28, 73.35, 72.45, 71.99, 71.45, 69.04, 68.64, 67.43, 45.41 (HN(CH₂CH₃)₃), 21.31 (CH₃CO), 8.55 (HN(CH₂CH₃)₃); ³¹P NMR (243) MHz, CDCl₃) δ -0.91; m/z (ESI) Found: [M+Na]⁺, 1207.4628 C₇₀H₇₃O₁₅P requires [M+Na]⁺, 1207.4585.

Triethylammonium

3,4,6-Tri-*O*-benzyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)-1-*O*-monobenzylphospho-3,4,5,6-t etra-*O*-benzyl-D-*myo*-inositol (12)

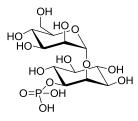


Phosphate **8** (25 mg, 19 μ mol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in dry MeOH (3 mL) and NaH (2.3 mg, 97 μ mol, 5 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h before it was diluted with CHCl₃ (20 mL) and washed with TEA/CO₂ buffer (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to dryness to yield **12** as yellow oil (24 mg, 19 μ mol, 99%).

[α]²⁰_D: + 32.1 (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3032, 2926, 1746, 1454, 1236, 1051 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.18 (s, 1H, **H**N(CH₂CH₃)₃), 7.32 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 3H), 7.25 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.23 – 7.08 (m, 35H), 5.49 (s, 1H, Man-1), 4.97 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.87 – 4.81 (m, 3H), 4.80 – 4.77 (m, 4H), 4.74 (dd, J = 10.8, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.70 – 4.63 (m, 3H), 4.49 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H), 4.07 (ddd, J = 9.8, 7.7, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dt, J = 10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.83 – 3.76 (m, 3H), 3.40 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.87 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 6H, HN(CH₂CH₃)₃), 1.13 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 9H, HN(CH₂CH₃)₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.23, 138.93, 138.88, 138.83, 138.68, 138.52, 138.39, 128.61, 128.45, 128.43, 128.36, 128.31, 128.25, 128.22, 128.19, 128.13, 128.04, 127.87, 127.67, 127.62, 127.56, 127.55, 127.37, 127.26, 127.15, 127.13, 100.92 (Man-1), 83.38, 81.20, 81.10, 81.05, 79.63, 79.46, 76.24, 75.82, 75.52, 75.14, 74.40, 74.31, 73.31, 72.14, 72.11, 71.10, 68.76, 68.69, 67.23, 67.20, 45.55 (HN(CH₂CH₃)₃),

8.61 (HN(CH₂CH₃)₃); ³¹P NMR (243 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -0.83; *m*/*z* (ESI) Found: [M+HN(CH₂CH₃)₃]⁺, 1244.5867 C₆₈H₇₁O₁₄P requires [M+HN(CH₂CH₃)₃]⁺, 1244.5864.

 α -D-Mannopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-1-O-phospho-D-*myo*-inositol (1)

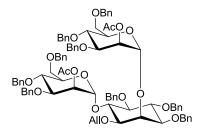


Phosphate salt **12** (24 mg, 19 μ mol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL) and washed Amberlite IR120 H resin (150 mg) was added. The slurry was stirred for 30 min to remove TEA. The solution was filtered through cotton and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL) and Pd/C 10wt% (20.5 mg, 19 μ mol, 1 equiv) was added. H₂ was bubbled through the solution for 20 min before the reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h under 1 atm H₂. To remove dissolved H₂ dry N₂ was bubbled through the solution for 10 min. The slurry was filtered through a syringe filter and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified using a size exclusion column (140 mm x 10 mm; 5%EtOH in water, super fine G25; GE Healthcare) to yield **1** as colorless solid (8 mg, 19 μ mol, 98%).

[α]²⁰_D: + 28.9 (c = 0.80, H₂O); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 2929, 2450, 1394, 1032, 983 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 5.16 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H, Man-1), 4.32 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H, Ino-2), 4.11 (dd, J = 3.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H, Man-2), 4.05 (td, J = 9.7, 1.9 Hz, 1H, Ino-1), 4.01 (ddd, J = 10.0, 5.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H, Man-5), 3.88 – 3.83 (m, 2H, Man-6, Man-3), 3.80 – 3.76 (m, 2H, Man-6, Ino-6), 3.69 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, Ino-4), 3.66 – 3.64 (m, 1H, Man-4), 3.62 (dd, J = 10.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H, Ino-3), 3.34 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, Ino-5); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, D₂O) δ 101.31 (Man-1), 78.62 (Ino-2), 76.16 (Ino-1), 74.04 (Ino-5), 72.68 (Man-5), 72.35 (Ino-4), 71.70 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, Ino-6), 70.25 (Man-3), 70.03 (Man-2),

69.92 (Ino-3), 66.55 (Man-4), 60.78 (Man-6); ³¹P NMR (243 MHz, D₂O) δ -0.54; *m/z* (ESI) Found: [M-H]⁻, 421.0831 C₁₂H₂₃O₁₄P requires [M-H]⁻, 421.0752.

2-O-Acetyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-[2-O-acetyl-3,4,6-tri-Obenzyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)]-1-O-allyl-3,4,5,-tri-O-benzyl-D-*myo*-inositol (9)

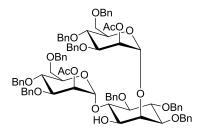


Diol 3^1 (38 mg, 77 µmol, 1 equiv) and phosphate 5^3 (152 mg, 201 µmol, 2.6 equiv) were co evaporated with toluene (3 x 2 mL) and placed under HV for 30 min. The residue was dissolved in dry toluene (4 mL) and powdered MS4Å (200 mg) was added. The slurry was stirred at r.t. for 15 min before it was cooled down to -40°C. TMSOTf (36.4 µL, 201 µmol, 2.6 equiv) was added and the reaction was stirred at -40°C for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with TEA (100 µL) and filtered through a pad of Celite®. Solvents were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified using column chromatography (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate 3:1) to yield **9** as yellow oil (69 mg, 48 µmol, 62%).

 $[\alpha]^{20}$ _D: + 29.7 (*c* = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3031, 2929, 2866, 1745, 1454, 1367, 1235, 1045 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 6.95 (m, 45H), 5.81 (ddt, *J* = 16.2, 10.8, 5.5 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 5.40 (s, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 5.08 – 5.04 (m, 2H, CH₂=CH-CH₂), 4.84 (dd, *J* = 22.0, 10.6 Hz, 2H), 4.79 – 4.69 (m, 4H), 4.69 – 4.61 (m, 2H), 4.56 – 4.44 (m, 5H), 4.33 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 3.92 (m, 7H), 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 3.92 (m, 7H), 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 3.92 (m, 7H), 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 3.92 (m, 7H), 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 3.92 (m, 7H), 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 3.92 (m, 7H), 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 3.92 (m, 7H), 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 3.92 (m, 7H), 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 3.91 – 3.81 – 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 3.91 – 3.91 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 3.91 –

1H), 3.44 (dd, J = 10.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.30 – 3.13 (m, 6H), 2.04 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.04 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.42, 169.91 (2xCH₃CO), 139.11, 138.85, 138.51, 138.30, 138.08, 138.06, 134.10, 128.71, 128.53, 128.46, 128.45, 128.43, 128.32, 128.30, 128.27, 128.20, 128.18, 128.17, 128.07, 128.06, 128.02, 127.98, 127.82, 127.78, 127.70, 127.62, 127.60, 127.57, 127.50, 127.47, 127.42, 127.36, 117.66 (CH₂=CH-CH₂), 99.29, 98.65 (2xMan-1; $J_{C,H}$ = 173.2Hz and $J_{C,H}$ = 175.7Hz), 81.43, 81.02, 78.87, 78.37, 77.50, 76.28, 76.12, 75.80, 75.09, 75.07, 74.27, 74.15, 73.50, 73.42, 72.56, 72.26, 71.79, 71.61, 71.58, 71.55, 71.34, 68.77, 68.61, 68.51, 68.25, 67.49, 67.45, 60.50, 21.28, 21.24 (2xCH₃CO); m/z (ESI) Found: [M+Na]⁺, 1461.6364 C₈₈H₉₄O₁₈ requires [M+Na]⁺, 1461.6338.

 $2-O-Acetyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-\alpha-D-mannopyranosyl-(1\rightarrow 6)-[2-O-acetyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-\alpha-D-mannopyranosyl-(1\rightarrow 2)]-3,4,5,-tri-O-benzyl-D-myo-inositol (10)$



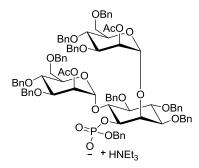
Pseudotrisaccharide **9** (68 mg, 47 μ mol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in dry DCM/MeOH (1.4 mL; 1:1) and PdCl₂ (4.2 mg, 24 μ mol, 0.5 equiv) was added. The slurry was stirred for 12 h at r.t. before it was filtered over Celite® and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified using column chromatography (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate 2:1) to yield **10** as yellow oil (42 mg, 30 μ mol, 64%).

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$: + 43.4 (*c* = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3470, 3031, 2925, 2862, 1745, 1454, 1236, 1048 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.12 (m, 45H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 5.38 (s, 1H), 5.35 – 5.29 (m, 2H), 4.98 – 4.89 (m, 2H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 2H), 4.82 –

4.68 (m, 4H), 4.64 – 4.49 (m, 6H), 4.45 (dd, J = 10.9, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 4.33 (dd, J = 12.1, 4.7 Hz, 2H), 4.24 – 4.20 (m, 1H), 4.20 – 4.07 (m, 2H), 4.07 – 3.95 (m, 4H), 3.84 (dd, J = 20.3, 10.0 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.52 - 10.83.26 (m, 5H), 3.13 (bs, 1H, OH), 2.15 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.13 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.92, 170.31 (2xCH₃CO), 138.83, 138.73, 138.59, 138.55, 138.36, 138.12, 138.03, 138.01, 128.58, 128.54, 128.48, 128.45, 128.37, 128.35, 128.33, 128.30, 128.09, 128.07, 128.06, 127.99, 127.88, 127.81, 127.78, 127.70, 127.61, 127.48, 99.65, 96.22 (2xMan-1), 81.41, 80.76, 79.40, 78.66, 77.86, 77.69, 77.36, 76.51, 75.87, 75.73, 75.15, 74.96, 74.44, 74.22, 73.52, 73.49, 72.28, 72.18, 71.78, 71.76, 71.73, 71.67, 69.45, 68.79, 68.60, 21.31, 21.26 (2xCH₃CO); m/z (ESI) Found: $[M+H]^+$, 1399.6206 $C_{85}H_{90}O_{18}$ requires $[M+H]^+$, 1399.6205.

Triethylammonium

2-O-Acetyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-a-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-[2-O-acetyl-3,4,6-tri-Obenzyl- α -D-mannopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 2)$]-1-O-monobenzylphospho-3,4,5,-tri-O-benzyl-D-myo-inositol (11)



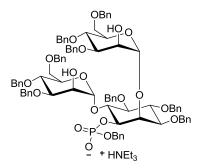
Alcohol 10 (42 mg, 30 μ mol, 1 equiv) and sodium benzyl phosphonate 7⁴ (11.7 mg, 60 µmol, 2 equiv) were co evaporated with dry pyridine (3 x 2 mL) and placed under HV for 30 min. The residue was dissolved in dry pyridine (3 mL) and PivCl (12.9 µL, 105 µmol, 3.5 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h before water (10 μ L) and iodine (16 mg, 63 μ mol, 2.1 equiv) were added. The solution was stirred for 18 h before it was quenched with sat. $Na_2S_2O_3$ solution (approx. 3 drops), dried with Na_2SO_4 and filtered. Solvents were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was co-evaporated with toluene (3 x 2 mL). The residue was purified using column chromatography (CHCl₃/MeOH 97:3; SiO₂ was deactivated with 1% TEA in CHCl₃) to yield colorless oil. The residue was dissolved in CHCl₃ (30 mL), washed with TEA/CO₂ buffer (3 x 10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to dryness to yield **11** as colorless oil (31.8 mg, 20 µmol, 68%).

 $[\alpha]^{20}$ _D: + 34.2 (*c* = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 2926, 2855, 1745, 1497, 1455, 1367, 1100, 1057 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.41 (s, 1H, HN(CH₂CH₃)₃), 7.36 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.24 – 7.04 (m, 42H), 6.99 (dd, J = 6.6, 2.9Hz, 2H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.63 (s, 1H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 5.41 (s, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.83 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 4.77 – 4.65 (m, 7H), 4.57 – 4.40 (m, 6H), 4.35 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.17 – 4.04 (m, 5H), 4.01 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (dd, J = 9.5, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (dd, J = 9.5, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (dd, J = 20.9, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (dd, J = 11.0, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 3.34 - $3.24 \text{ (m, 3H)}, 3.04 \text{ (dd, } J = 11.0, 1.4 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 2.81 \text{ (q, } J = 7.3 \text{ Hz}, 6\text{H}, \text{HN}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_3),$ 1.94 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.09 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 9H, HN(CH₂CH₃)₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) § 170.00, 169.76 (2xCH₃CO), 139.24, 139.03, 138.66, 138.62, 138.51, 138.29, 138.20, 128.75, 128.48, 128.40, 128.34, 128.32, 128.26, 128.23, 128.19, 128.18, 128.13, 128.09, 128.00, 127.92, 127.84, 127.81, 127.67, 127.54, 127.51, 127.47, 127.45, 127.40, 127.34, 127.30, 127.25, 99.51, 98.48 (2xMan-1), 81.60, 79.60, 78.66, 77.92, 76.76, 76.74, 76.12, 75.79, 75.37, 75.04, 75.00, 74.32, 74.19, 73.36, 72.14, 71.66, 71.64, 71.56, 71.47, 68.55, 67.33, 45.33 (HN(CH₂CH₃)₃), 21.34, 21.21 (2xCH₃CO), 8.54 (HN(CH₂CH₃)₃); ³¹P NMR (243 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -0.36; *m/z* (ESI) Found: [M+Na]⁺, 1591.6152 C₉₂H₉₇O₂₁P requires [M+H]⁺, 1591.6158.

S13

Triethylammonium

3,4,6-Tri-*O*-benzyl- α -D-mannopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 6)$ -[3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- α -D-mannopyr anosyl- $(1\rightarrow 2)$]-1-*O*-monobenzylphospho-3,4,5,-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*myo*-inositol (13)

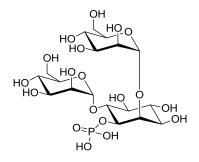


Phosphate salt **11** (31 mg, 19 μ mol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in dry MeOH (5 mL) and NaH (2.2 mg, 93 μ mol, 5 equiv) was added. The solution was stirred for 48 h at r.t. before it was diluted with CHCl₃ (25 mL) and washed with TEA/CO₂ buffer (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was dried with Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified using column chromatography (CHCl₃/MeOH 95:5 to 90:10; SiO₂ was deactivated with 1% TEA in CHCl₃) to yield colorless oil. The residue was dissolved in CHCl₃ (30 mL), washed with TEA/CO₂ buffer (3 x 10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness to yield **13** as colorless oil (23 mg, 14 µmol, 78%).

[α]²⁰_D: + 51.6 (c = 1.00, CHCl₃); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3319, 3030, 2930, 2863, 1454, 1363, 1210, 1048 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37 – 7.13 (m, 42H), 7.12 – 7.06 (m, 4H), 5.56 (s, 1H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 5.04 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 4.91 (dd, J = 10.6, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.82 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.80 – 4.75 (m, 3H), 4.72 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 4H), 4.58 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.51 – 4.44 (m, 4H), 4.41 – 4.35 (m, 2H), 4.28 – 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.19 – 4.09 (m, 4H), 4.01 – 3.84 (m, 6H), 3.43 – 3.37 (m, 2H), 3.33 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (dd, J = 10.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.15 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (qd, J = 7.2, 2.3 Hz, 6H, HN(CH₂CH₃)₃), 1.23 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 9H, HN(CH₂CH₃)₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.10, 138.91, 138.68, 138.45, 138.29, 128.64, 128.39, 128.34, 128.33,

128.31, 128.29, 128.20, 128.19, 128.18, 128.11, 128.09, 127.98, 127.90, 127.86, 127.64, 127.59, 127.51, 127.40, 127.35, 127.28, 127.21, 100.67 (2xMan-1; overlapping signals were resolved in ¹H-¹³C-HSQC experiment), 81.49, 81.45, 79.79, 79.59, 79.28, 77.72, 77.68, 76.14, 75.75, 75.07, 74.60, 74.48, 74.42, 74.26, 73.39, 73.22, 71.98, 71.90, 71.38, 71.04, 68.70, 68.66, 68.44, 68.35, 67.47, 67.44, 45.58 (HN(CH₂CH₃)₃); ³¹P NMR (243 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -1.29; *m/z* (ESI) Found: [M-H+2Na]⁺, 1529.5772 C₈₈H₉₃O₁₉P requires [M-H+2Na]⁺, 1529.5771.

 α -D-Mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-[α -D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)]-1-*O*-phospho-D-*myo*-in ositol (2)



Pseudotrisaccahride **13** (23 mg, 14 μ mol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL) and washed Amberlite IR120 H resin (150 mg) was added. The slurry was stirred for 30 min to remove TEA. The solution was filtered through cotton and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL) and Pd/C 10wt% (15.4 mg, 14 μ mol, 1 equiv) was added. H₂ was bubbled through the solution for 20 min before the reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h under 1 atm H₂. To remove dissolved H₂ dry N₂ was bubbled through the solution for 10 min. The slurry was filtered through a syringe filter and solvents were removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified using a size exclusion column (140 mm x 10 mm; 5% EtOH in water; super fine G25, GE Healthcare) to yield **2** as colorless solid (7.8 mg, 13 μ mol, 92%).

[α]²⁰_D: +120.2 (c = 0.80, H₂O); FT-IR (neat) v⁻¹: 3302, 2977, 1387, 1152, 1010, 809 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 5.18 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 2H, 2xMan-1), 4.32 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H, Ino-2), 4.16 – 4.14 (m, 2H, 2xMan-2), 4.13 (dd, J = 9.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H, Ino-1), 4.05 – 4.00 (m, 2H, 2xMan-5), 3.91 – 3.77 (m, 7H, Ino-6{3.90}, 2xMan-3, 2xMan-6), 3.76 – 3.66 (m, 3H, 2xMan-4, Ino-4{3.68}), 3.62 (dd, J = 10.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H, Ino-3), 3.38 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H, Ino-5); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, D₂O) δ 101.29, 101.17 (2xMan-1), 78.54 (Ino-2), 77.86 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, Ino-6), 76.28 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, Ino-1), 72.88 (Ino-5), 72.67, 72.58, 72.53, 70.23, 70.21, 70.04, 69.90, 69.74, 66.55, 66.36 (2xMan-4), 60.78, 60.57 (2xMan-6); ³¹P NMR (243 MHz, D₂O) δ -0.83; m/z (ESI) Found: [M-H]⁻, 583.1286 C₁₈H₃₃O₁₉P requires [M-H]⁻, 583.1280.

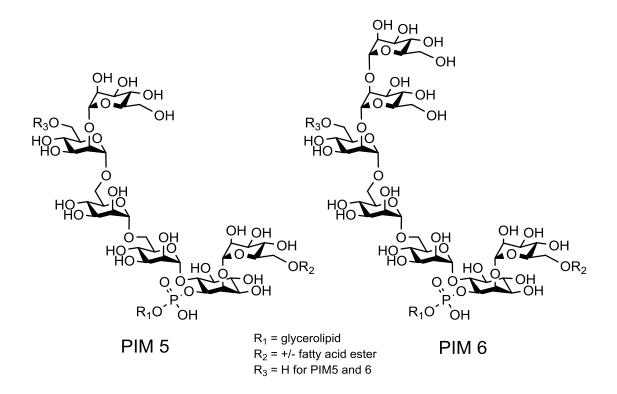


Figure S1. Chemical structures of PIM5 and 6. R₃ serves as a branching point for mycobacterial lipomannan (LM).

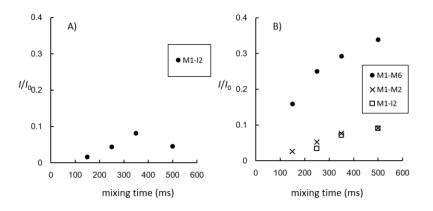


Figure S2. NOESY build-up curve of PIM1 1 (A) and PIM2 2 (B).

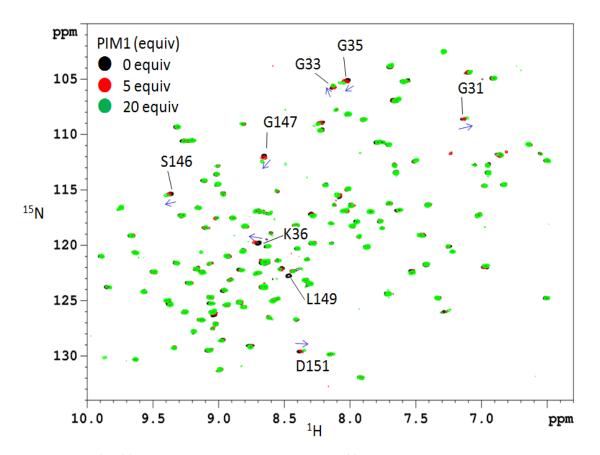


Figure S3. ¹H-¹⁵N HSQC spectra of uniformly ¹⁵N-labeled ZG16p in titration with PIM1 glycan **1**. Black signals are with no ligand, red signals are in the presence of 5 equiv of **1**, and blue signals are in the presence of 20 equiv of **1**. Blue arrows indicate direction of the chemical shifts change in the titrations of **1**.

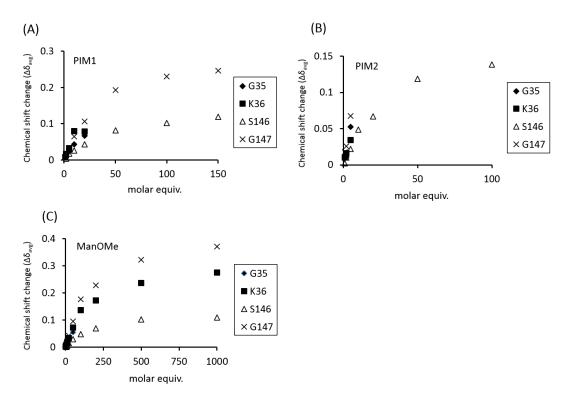


Figure S4. Dose-dependent chemical shift changes of the NMR signals (Gly35, Lys36, Ser146, Gly147) of ¹⁵N-ZG16p during the titration with PIM1 **1** (A), PIM2 **2** (B), and ManOMe (C).

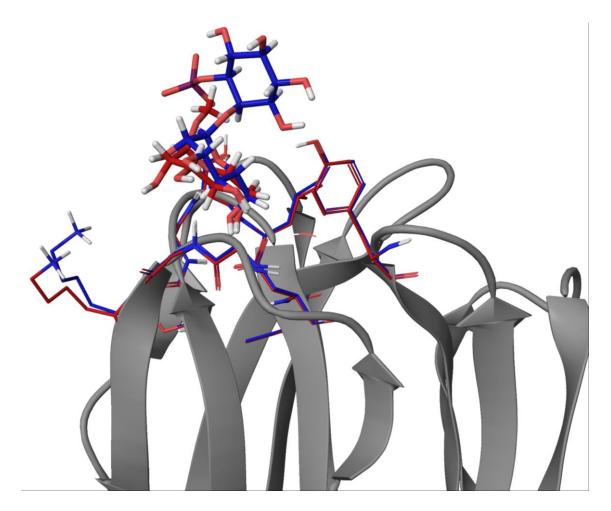


Figure S5. Superpose of PIM1 glycan **1** docking model (blue) obtained in this study and X-ray crystal structure with ManOMe (magenta) (PDB ID 3VZF).

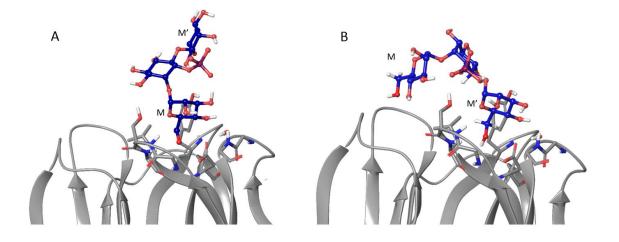


Figure S6. Possible models of two binding modes in PIM2. A; binding mode of PIM2 (M)-ZG16p, and B; binding mode of PIM2 (M')-ZG16p. Bound conformation of PIM2 is estimated based on TR NOE data using Macromodel. The PIM2-ZG16p complex models A and B are constructed based on the Glide model of PIM1 by manual superposition of PIM1 mannose at M and M' of PIM2, respectively.

	machine/probe	TD1 (¹ H)	TD2 (¹⁵ N)	TD3 (¹³ C)	scan	temp (°C)
¹ H− ¹⁵ N HSQC	800 MHz /cryo-TCI	1024	512	_	2	25
HN(CO)CA	600 MHz /cryo-TCI	1024	64	64	56	25
HNCA	800 MHz /cryo-TCI	1024	64	64	32	25
CBCA(CO)NH	600 MHz /cryo-TCI	1024	64	64	64	25
HNCACB	800 MHz /cryo-TCI	1024	64	72	64	25

Table S1. Summary of NMR parameters and conditions.

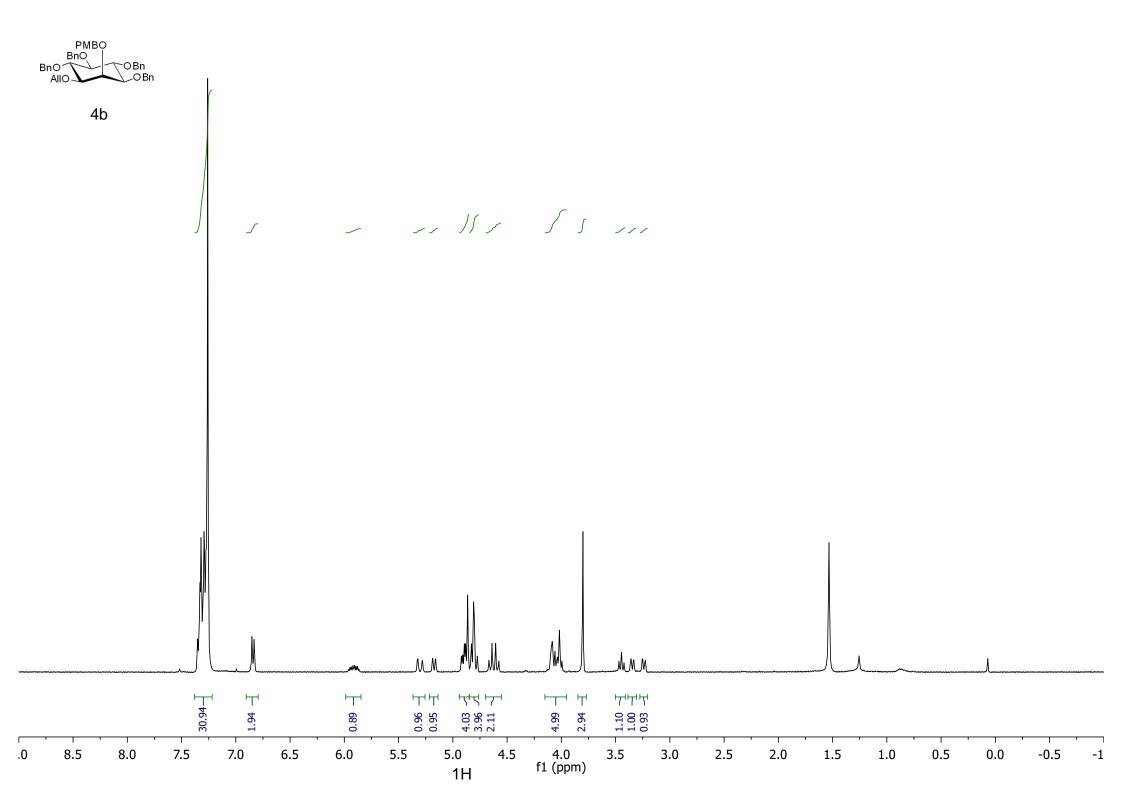
References

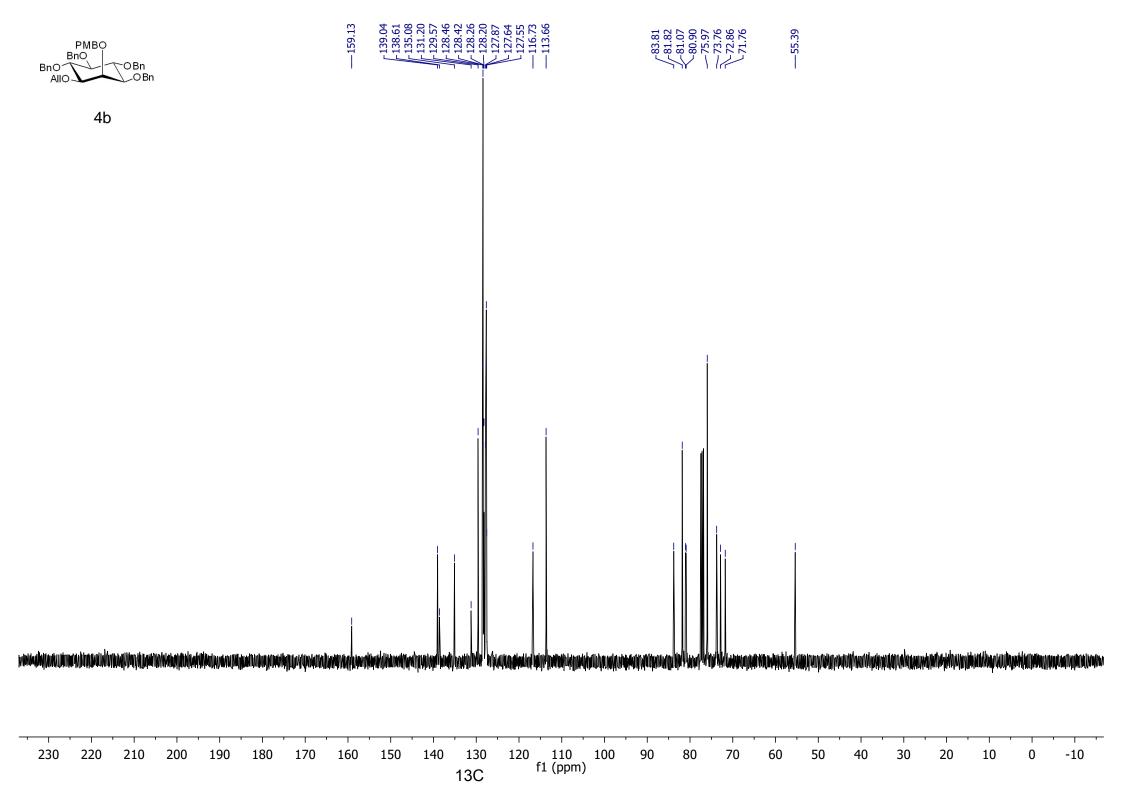
(1) Boonyarattanakalin, S.; Liu, X.; Michieletti, M.; Lepenies, B.; Seeberger, P. H. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2008, 130, 16791.

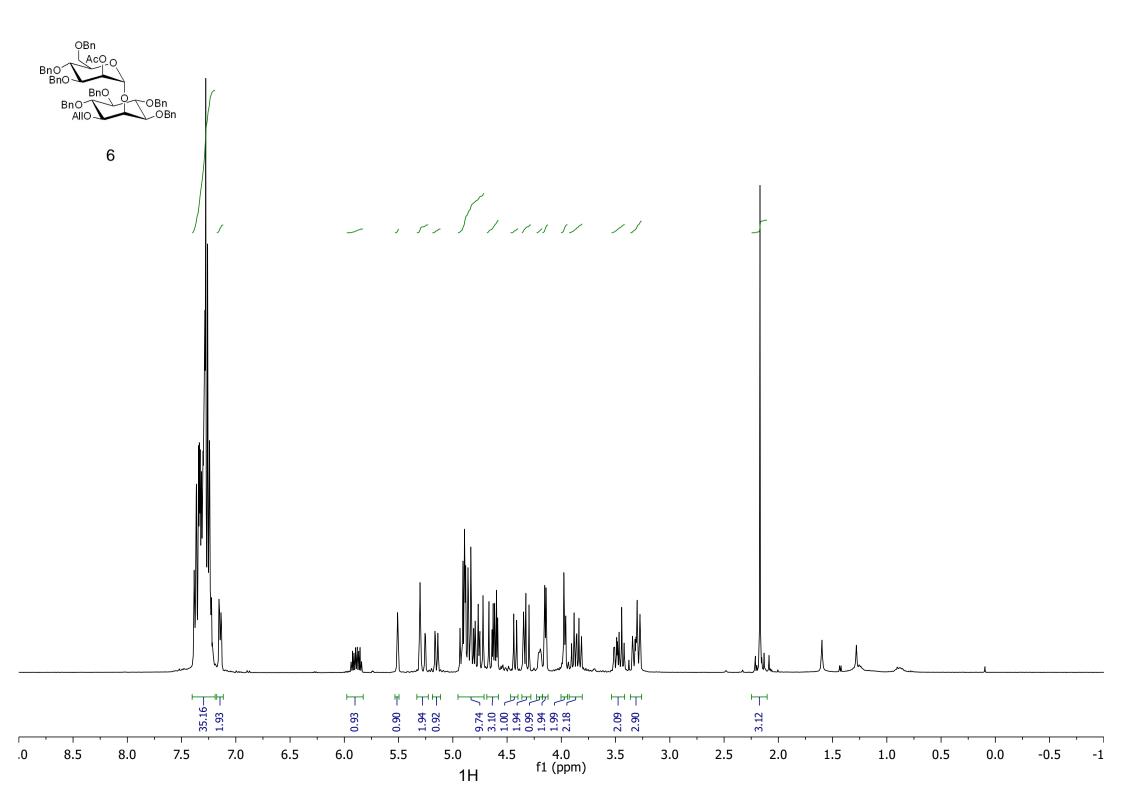
(2) Liu, X.; Kwon, Y. U.; Seeberger, P. H. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2005, 127, 5004.

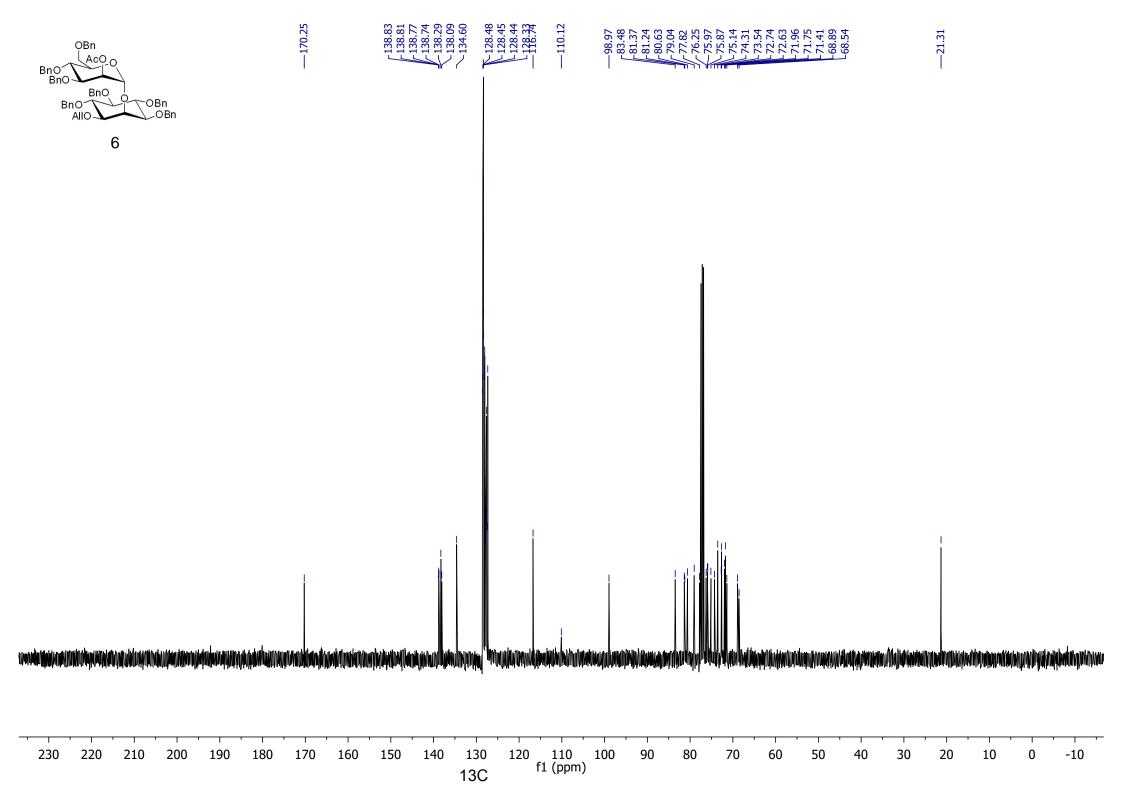
(3) Ravidà, A.; Liu, X.; Kovacs, L.; Seeberger, P. H. Org. Lett. 2006, 8, 1815.

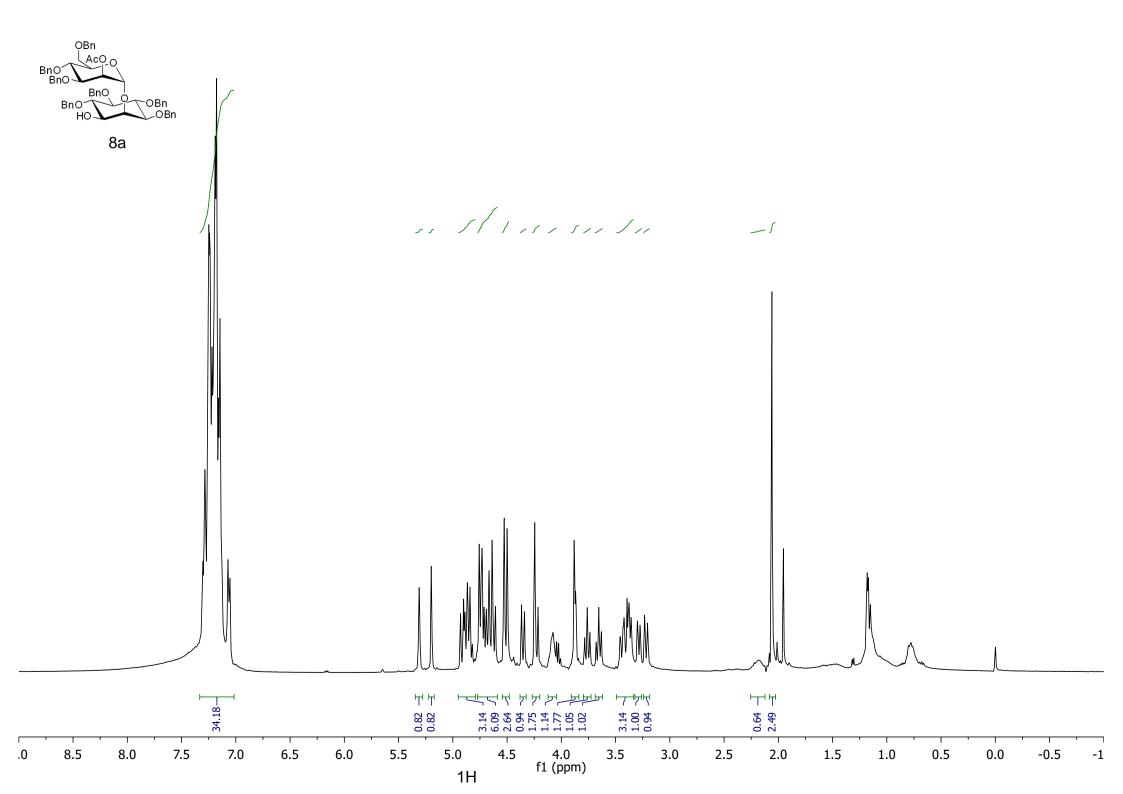
(4) Knerr, L.; Pannecoucke, X.; Schmitt, G.; Luu, B. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1996**, *37*, 5123.

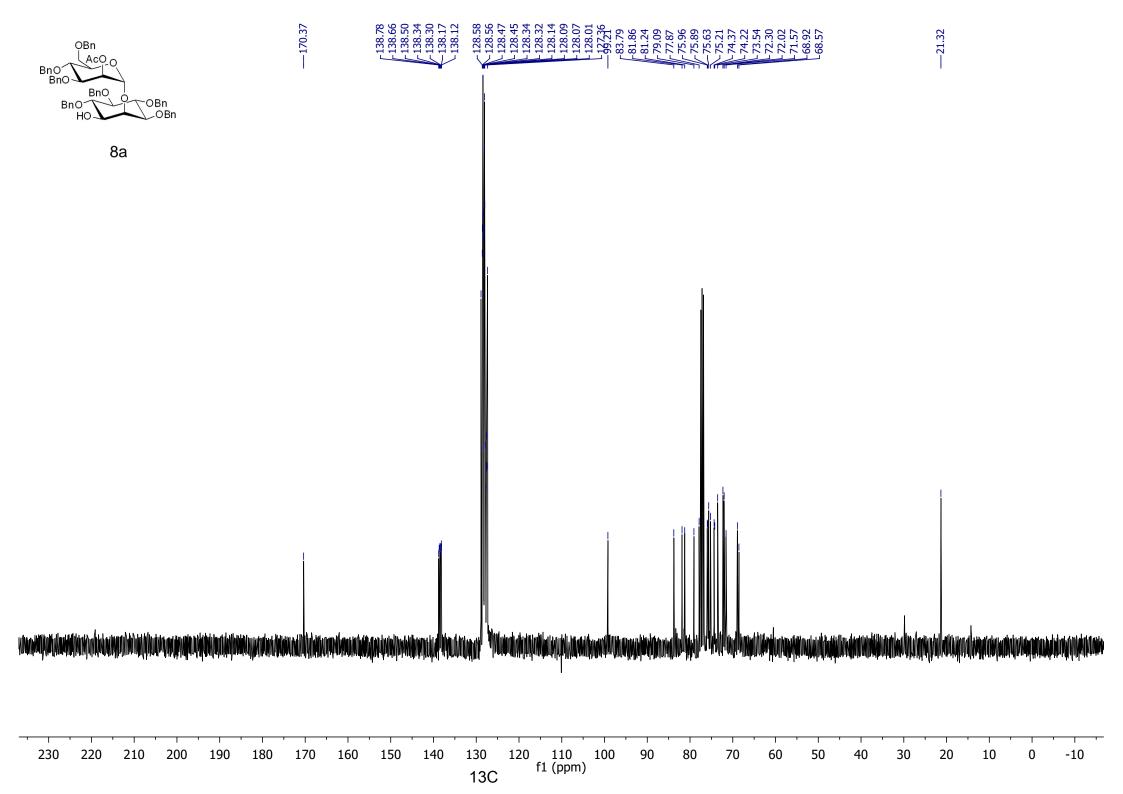


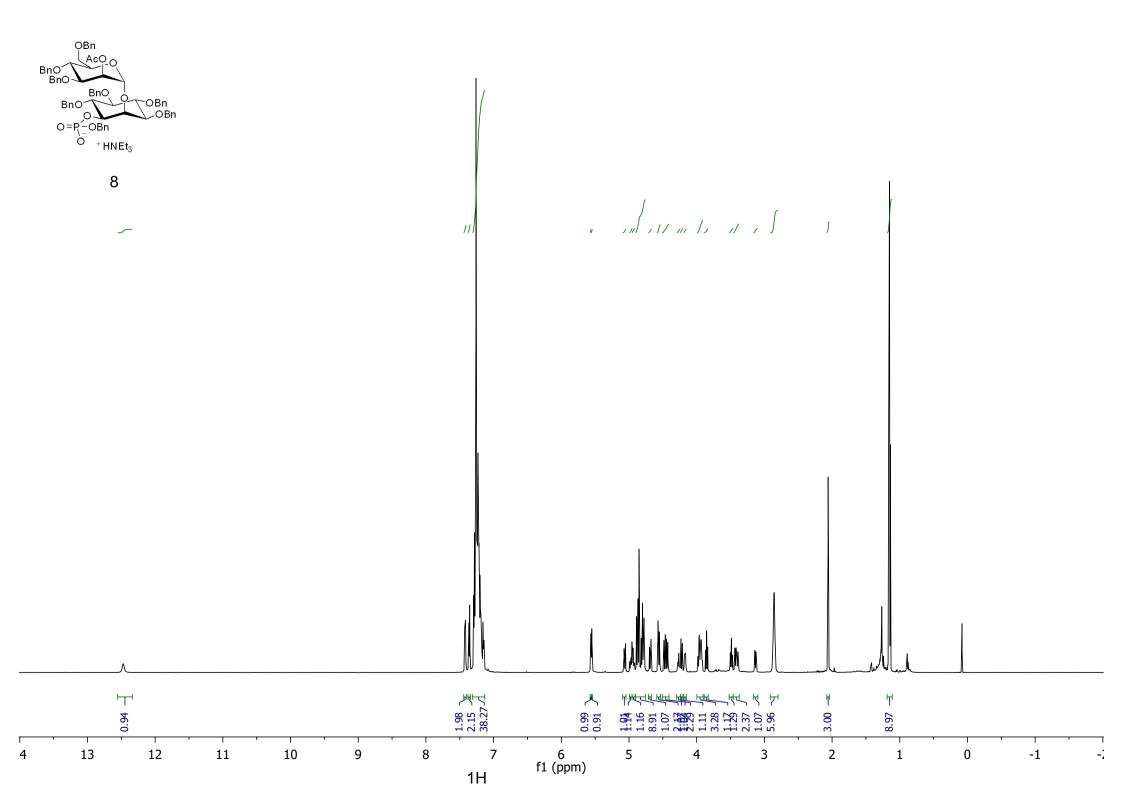


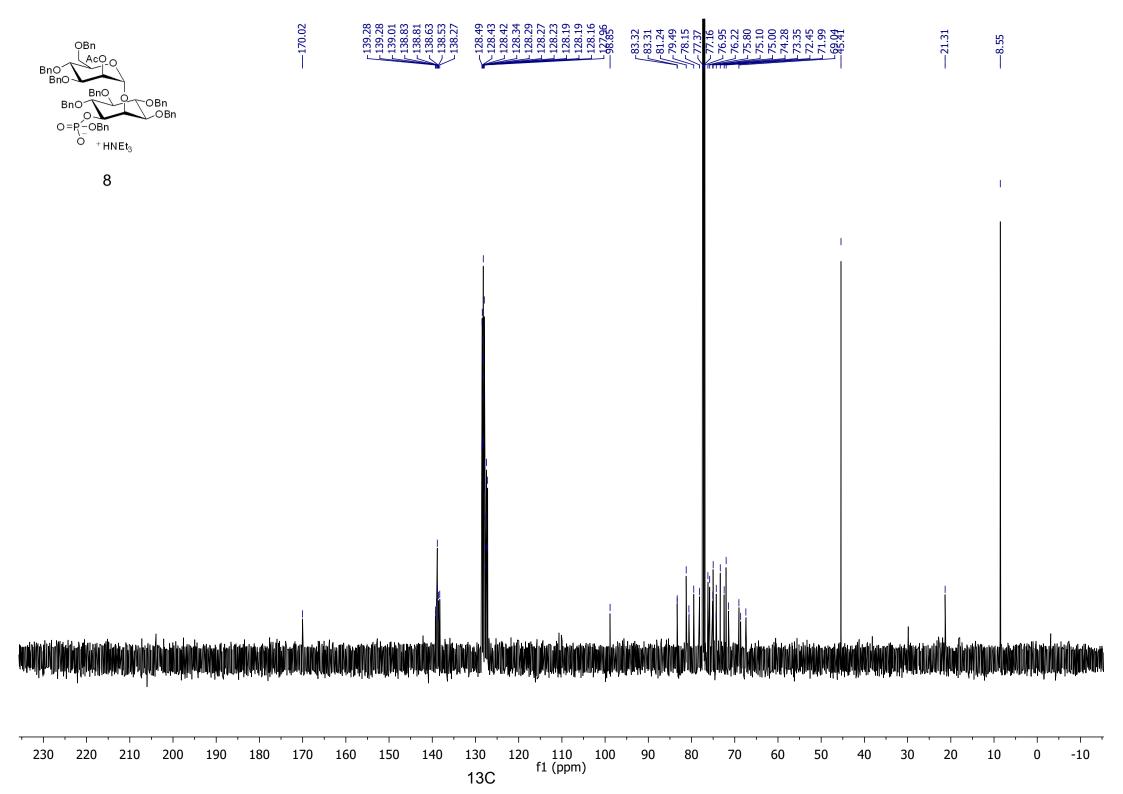


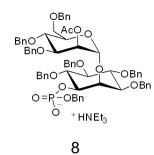


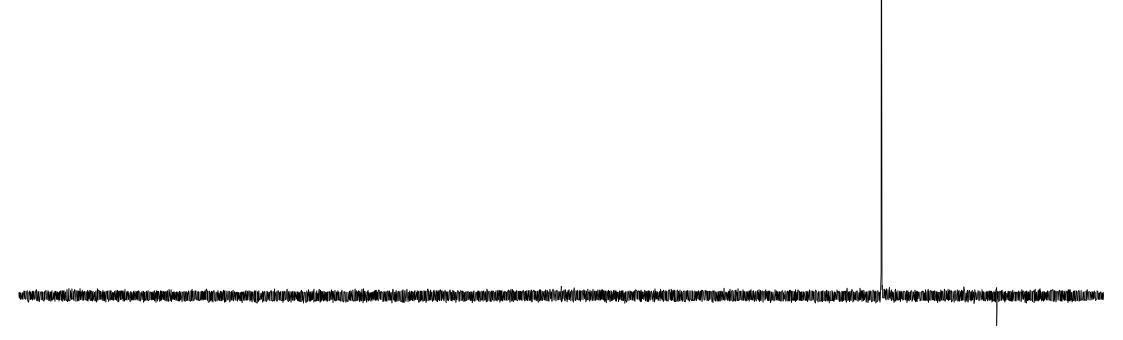






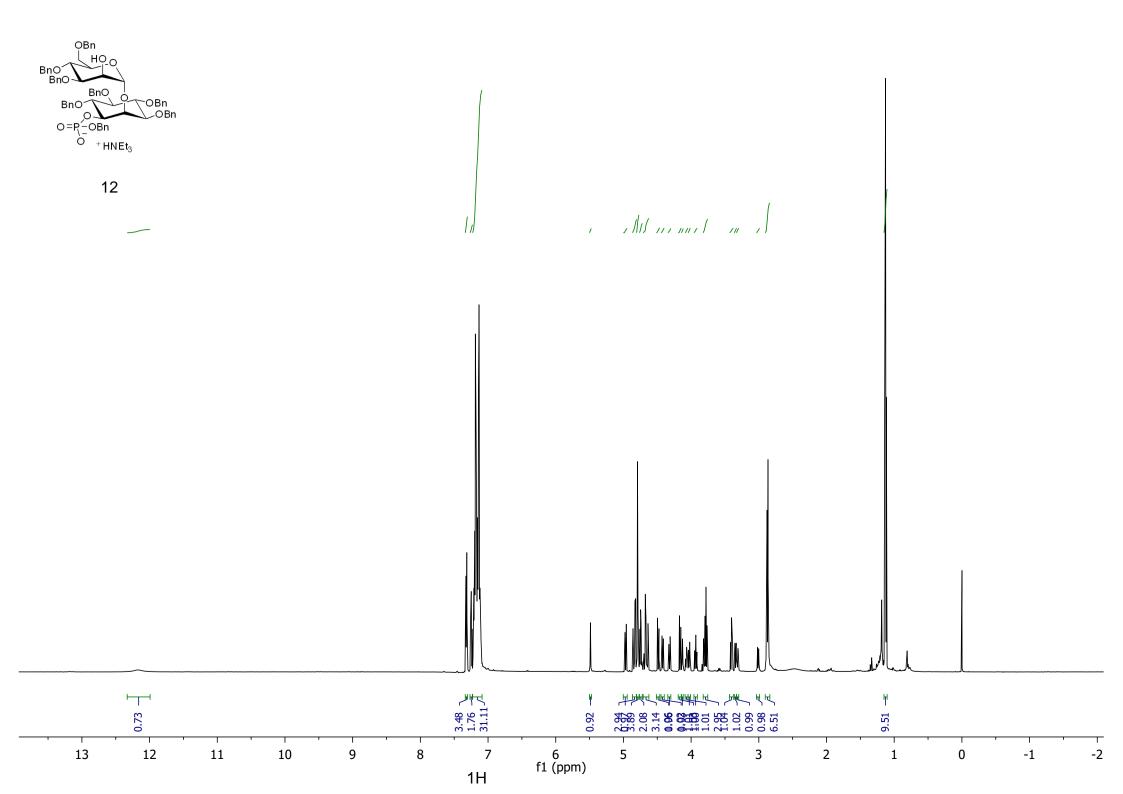


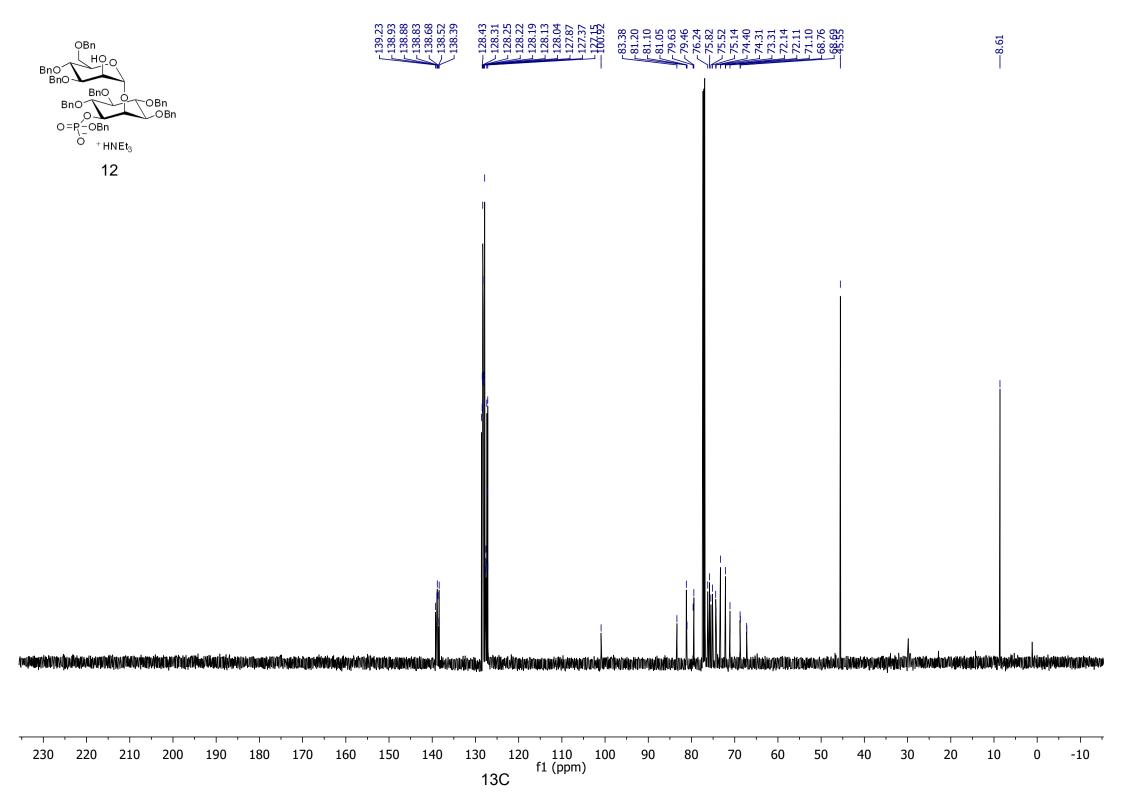


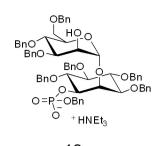


-0.91

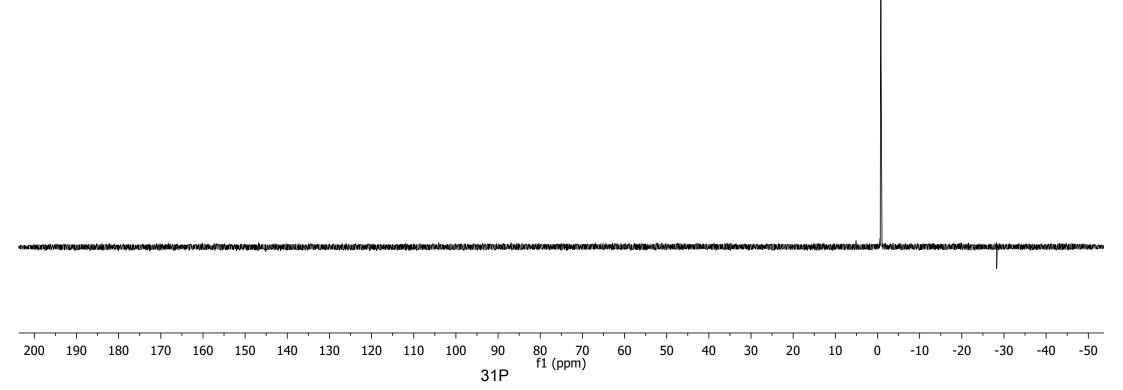
80 70 f1 (ppm) 190 180 160 150 140 130 120 100 90 30 20 10 -10 -20 -30 200 170 110 60 50 40 0 -40 -50 31P



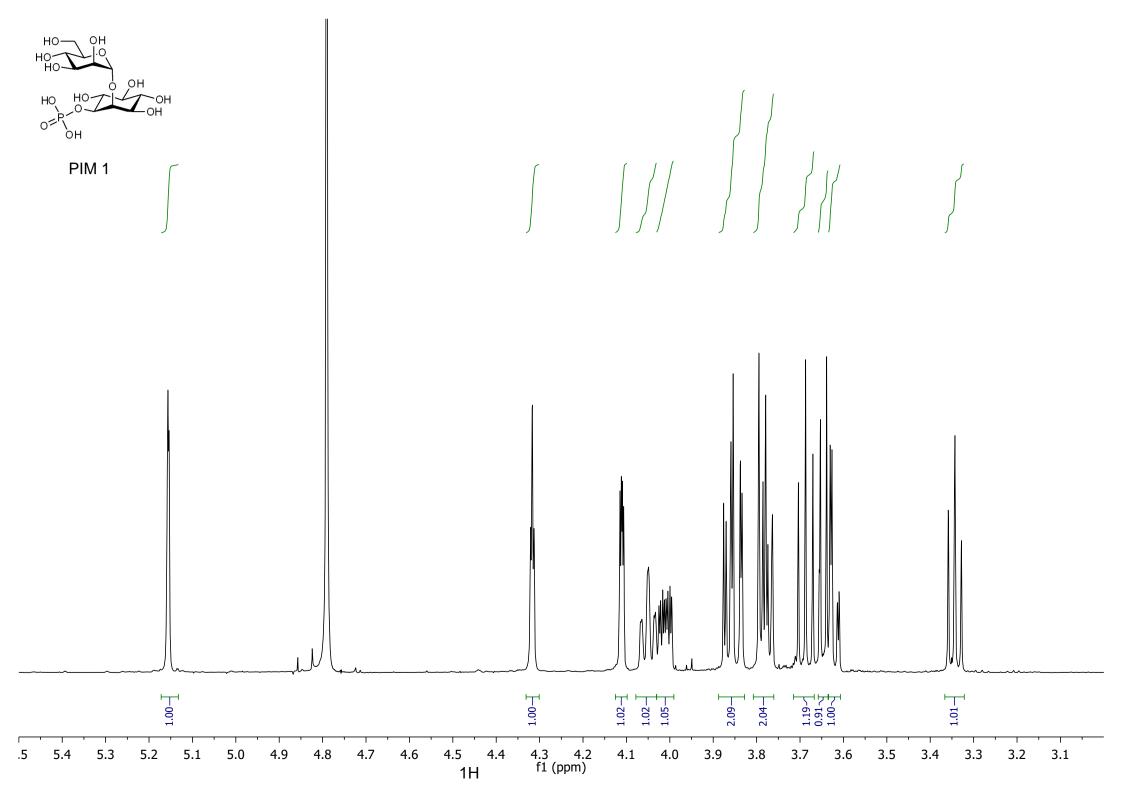


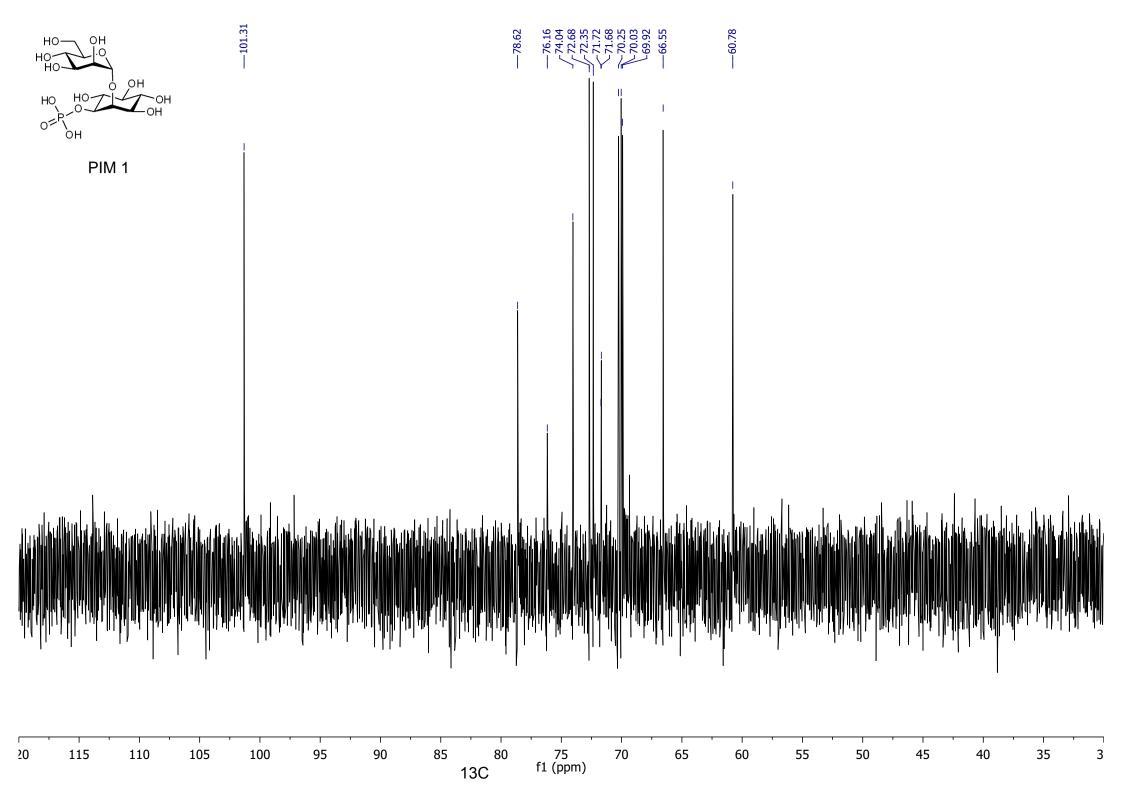


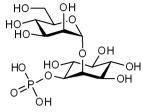


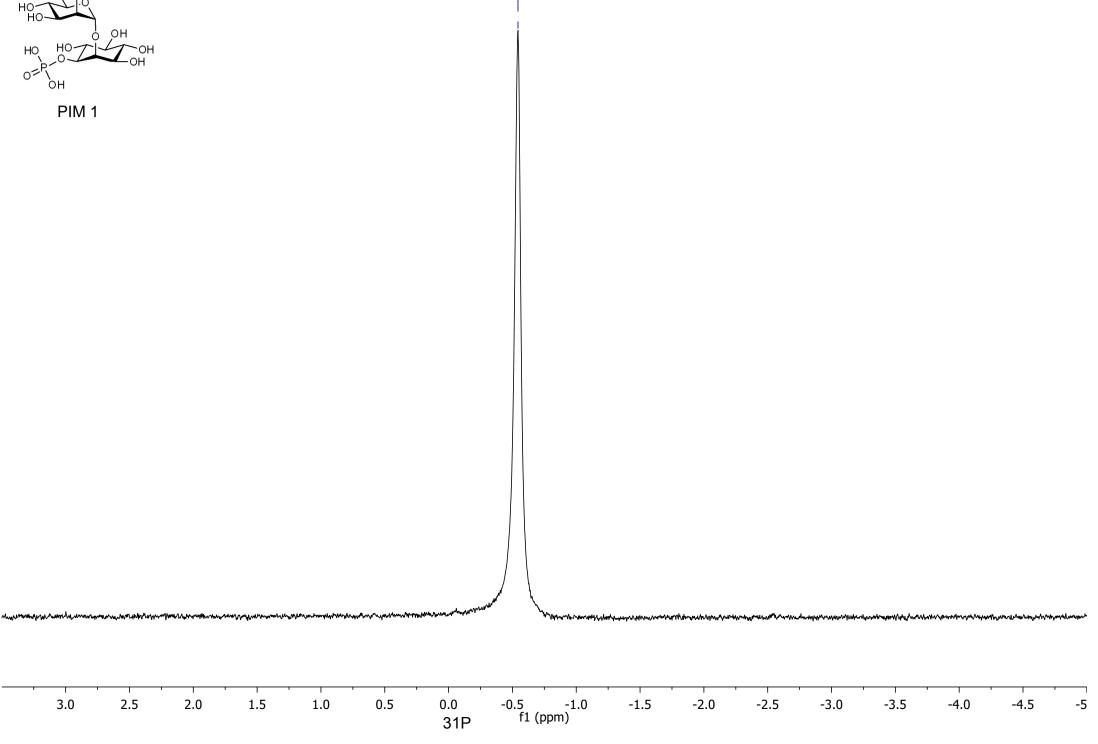


-0.83

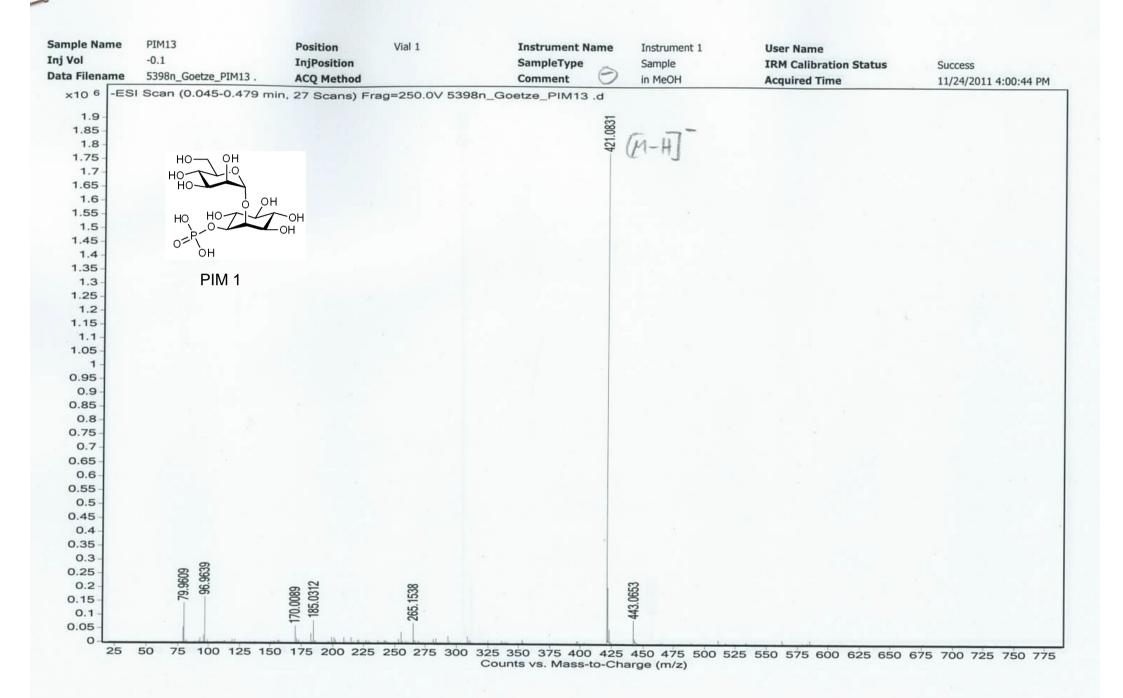


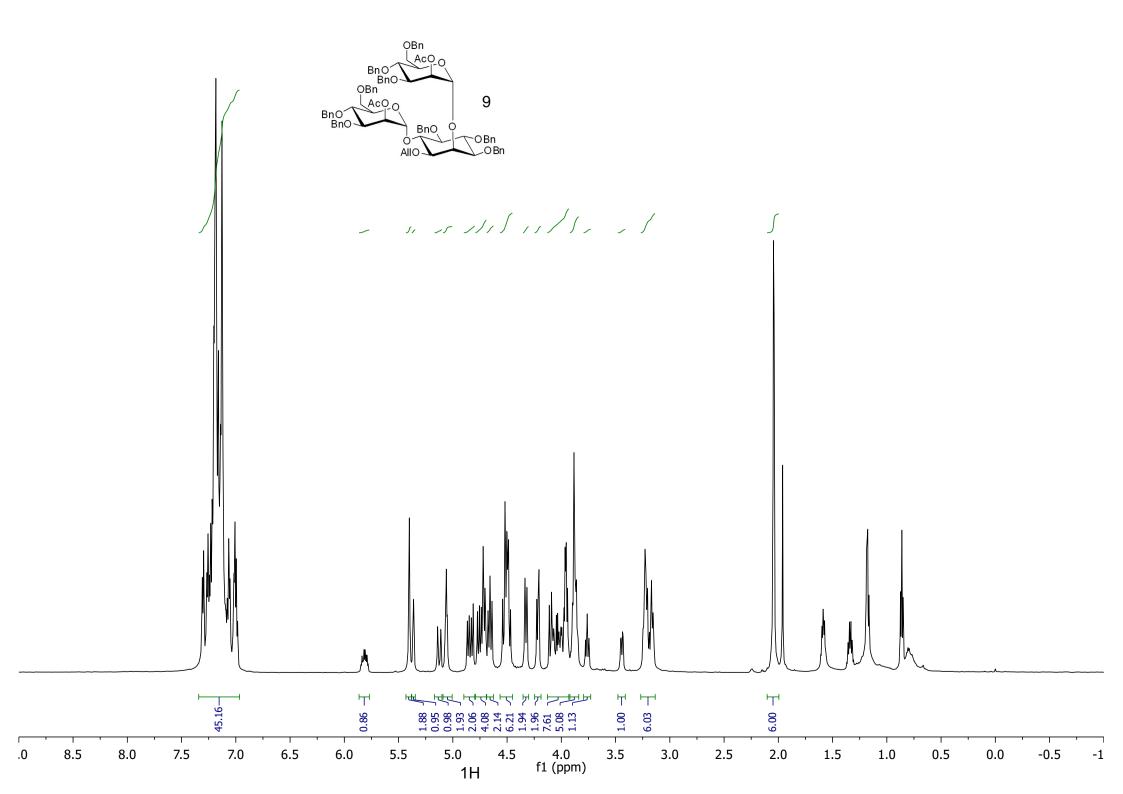


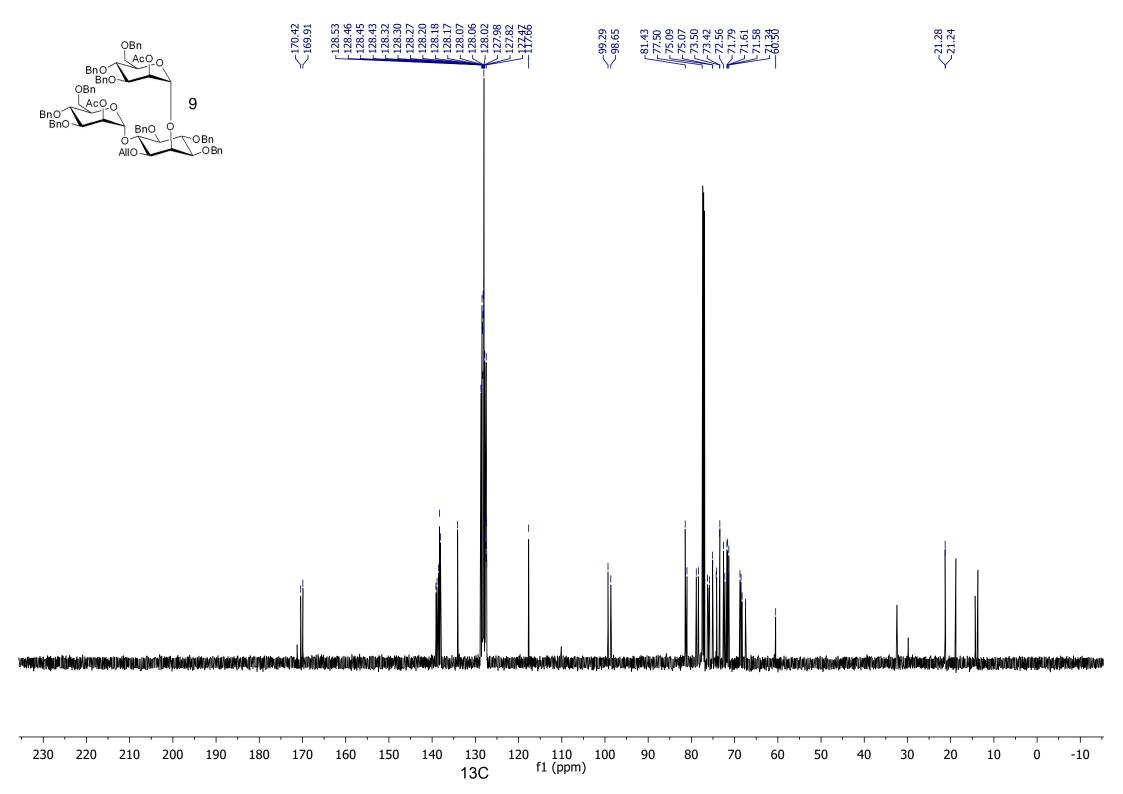


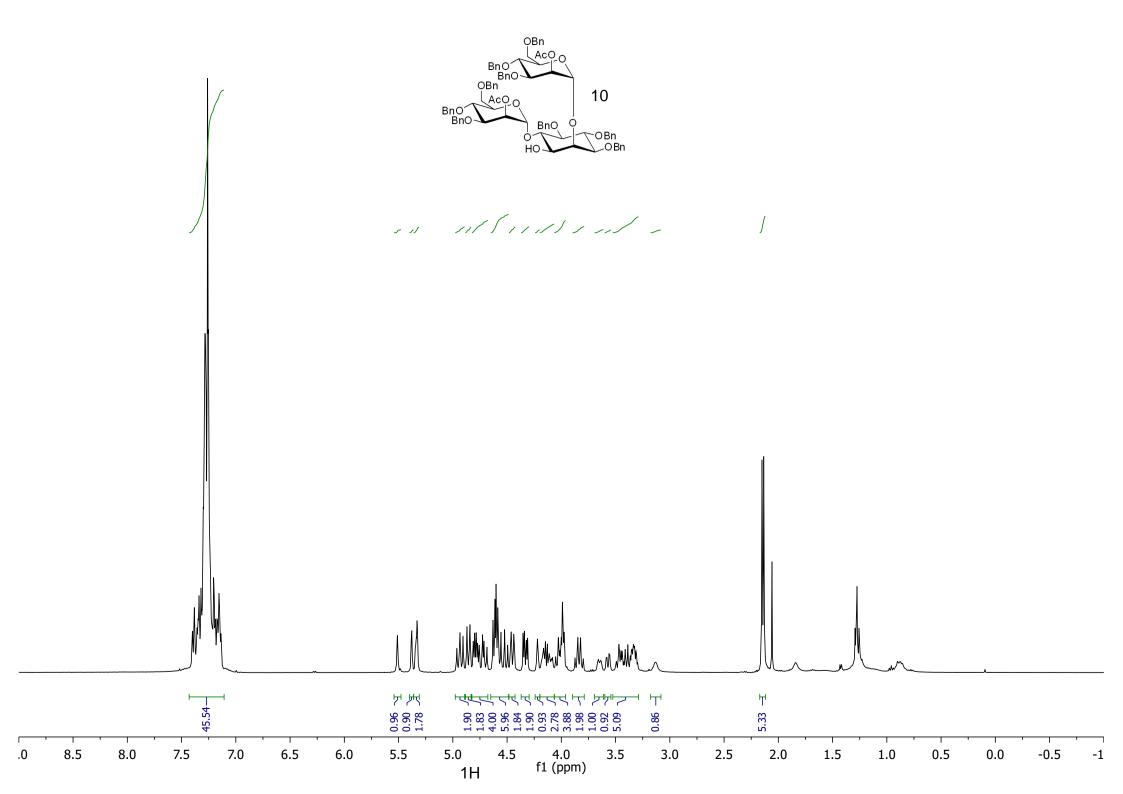


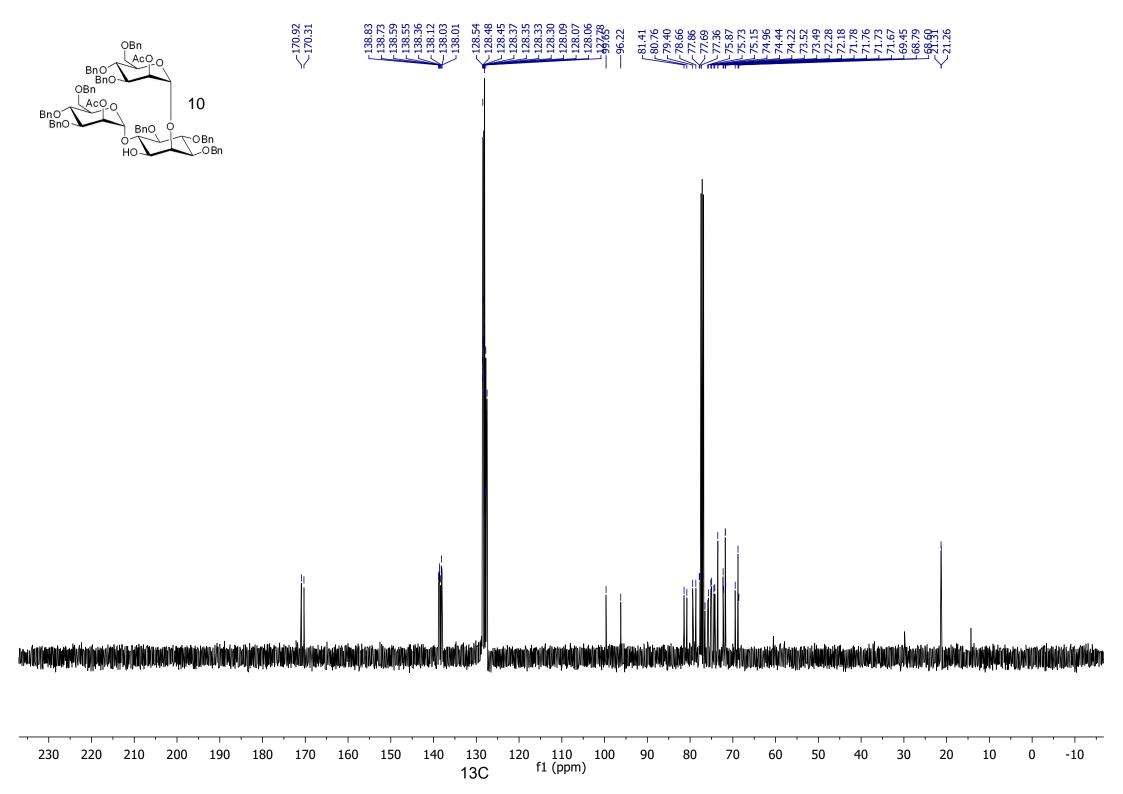
-0.54

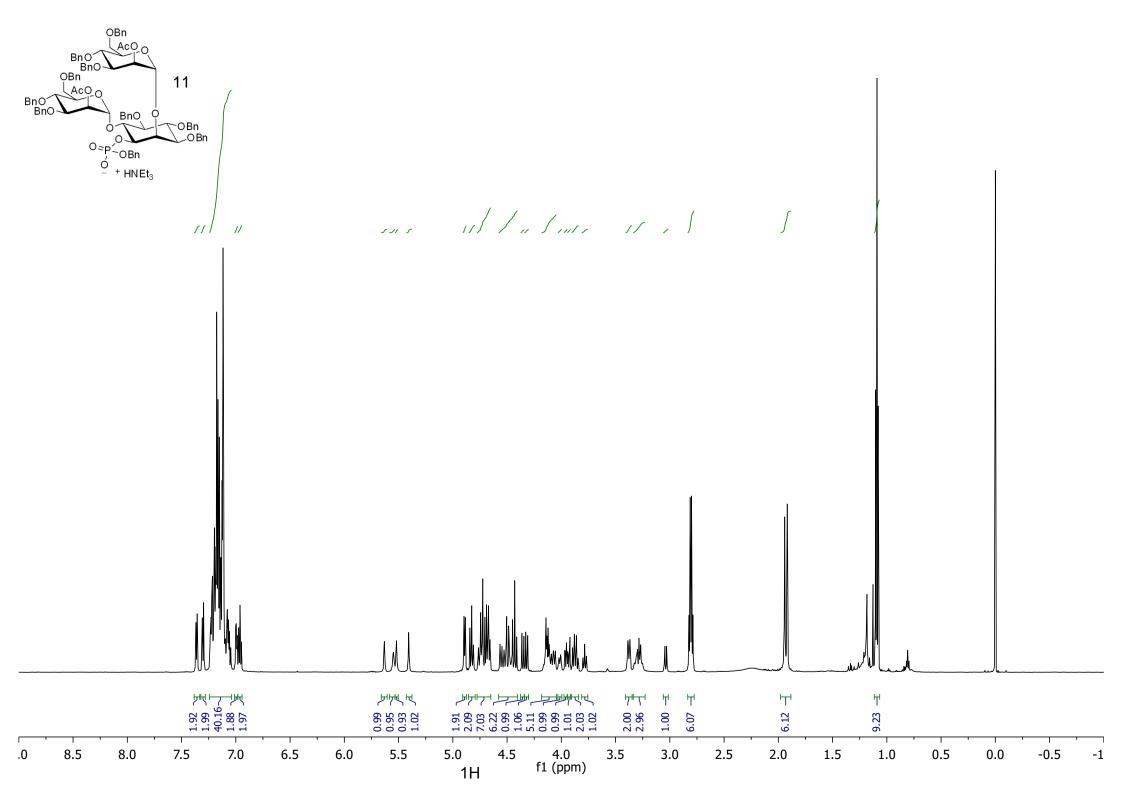


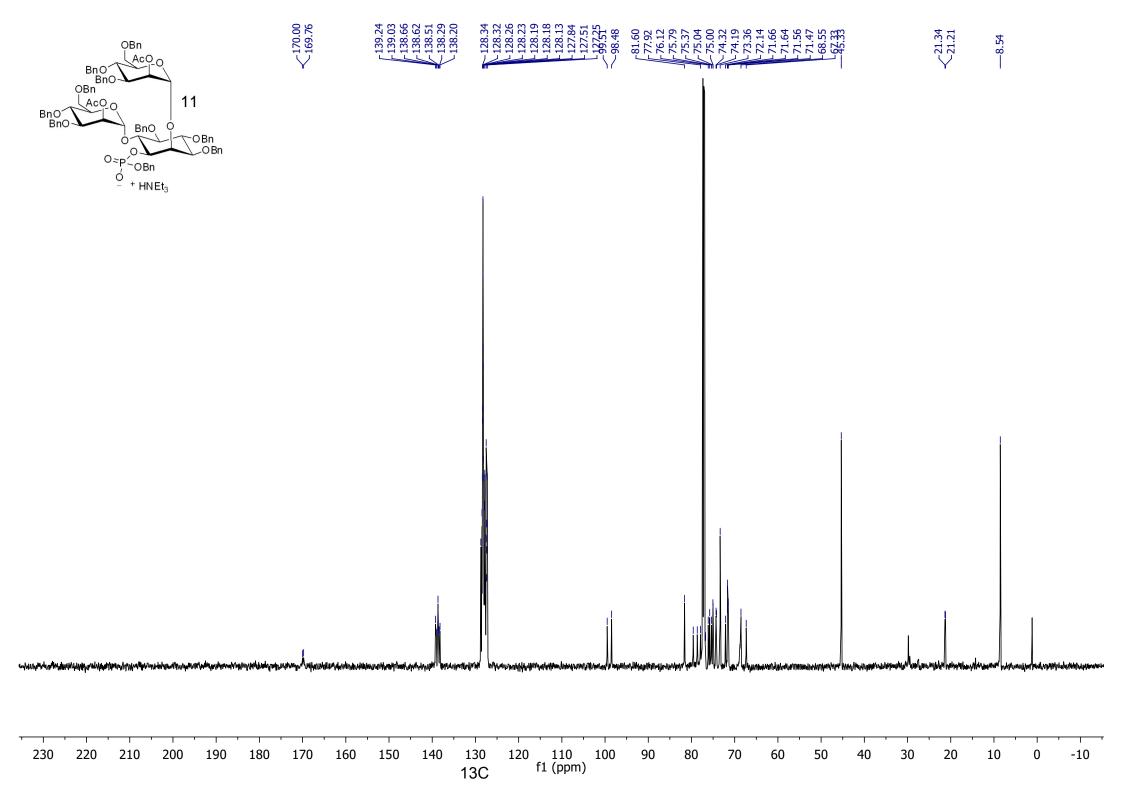


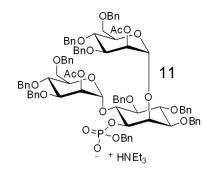






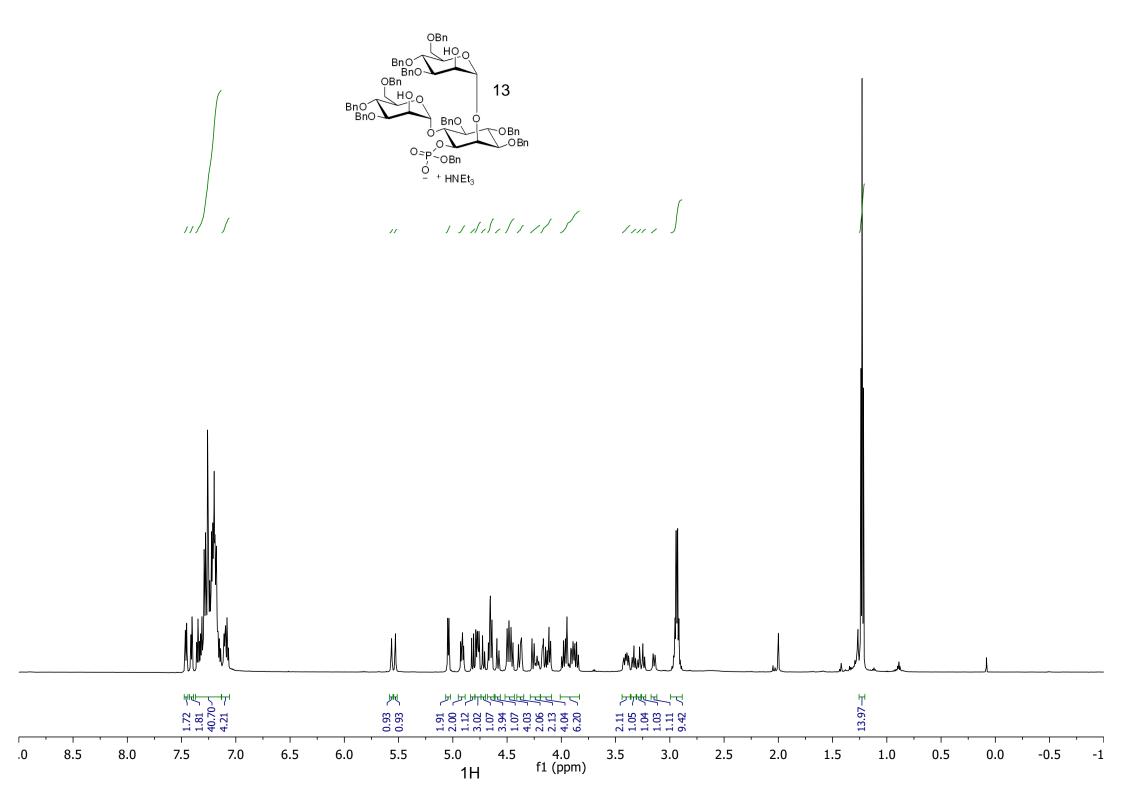


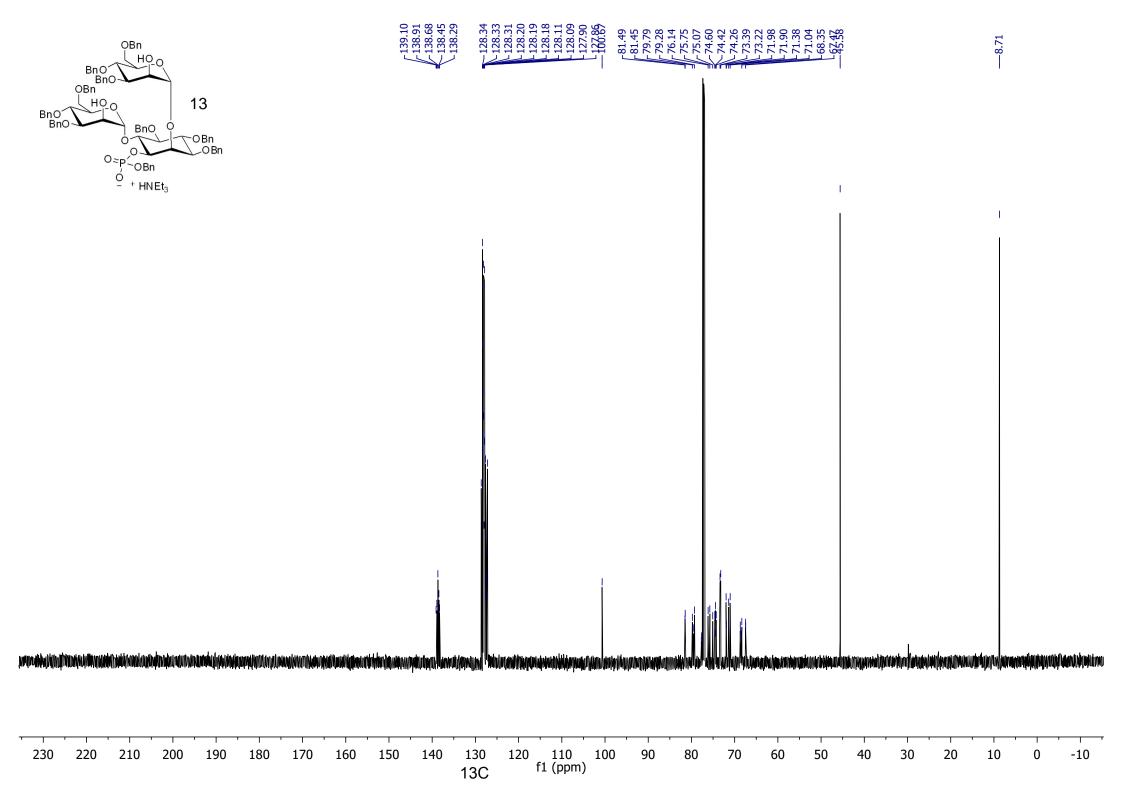


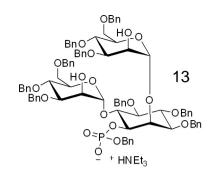


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200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100 31		80 f1 (p	70 pm)	60	50	40	30	20	10	0	-10	-20	-30	-40	-50

0.36







	กมารูปแห่งแห่งที่ที่หน้าแปล้างหนายังได้ที่มีครั้งการมีที่ได้งากเป็นที่หนึ่งที่หนึ่งใหญ่หมัดเป็นหมดเป็นหนดการอา เหมารูปแห่งแห่งที่มีหน้าแปล้างหนายังได้ได้การที่ได้งากเป็นไหว่านั่งได้หนึ่งให้หมัดเป็นหมดเป็นหมดเป็นหนดการอาก
200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 31P ^{f1 (ppm)}	-10 -20 -30 -40 -50

-1.29

