Left-Right Asymmetry of Maturation Rates in Human Embryonic Neural Development

Supplemental Information

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Supplementary Methods

Tissue collection

Embryos were collected by the MRC-Wellcome Trust Human Developmental Biology Resource <u>http://www.hdbr.org</u> (1). The embryos were obtained anonymously from voluntary medical terminations (a combination of mifepristone and misoprostol) following appropriate informed consent by the donors, and with ethical approval from the Newcastle and North Tyneside NHS Health Authority Joint Ethics Committee. Donors to HDBR are asked to give written consent for the embryonic material to be collected, and are only approached once a decision to terminate their pregnancy has been made. Donors' ages ranged from 16 to 30 years old (Supplementary Table S1), and none of the abortions were due to observed congenital malformations or suspected genetic disorders. All karyotypes were normal. The development of the embryos was assessed and designated to the relevant Carnegie stage (CS) (2), using a practical staging guide devised to enable staging to a particular CS and using the external morphology of a single sample (3).

The spinal cords and hindbrains from eighteen embryos, ranging from CS13 to CS23 at the times of the terminations (Supplementary Table S1), were dissected out and separated from each other, after which they were also separated into left and right halves down the midline. Morphological landmarks were used to determine the spinal cord and hindbrain regions. The flexure of the brain and constriction of the neural tube at the isthmus was used to determine the superior limit of the hindbrain (i.e. midbrain/hindbrain junction). To separate hindbrain from spinal cord, the first dorsal root ganglion was used as landmark. The first dorsal root ganglion was not itself included in the tissue that was dissected, but the neural tube directly superior to this was used as the end point of the hindbrain, so that the neural tissue adjacent to the first dorsal root ganglion was included in the spinal cord tissue. The inferior limit of the spinal cord could not be defined in relation to visible external morphological features, but included the cervical and part of the thoracic region.

RNA-extraction and sequencing

RNA was extracted at HDBR Newcastle. Tissue samples were divided into sub-samples each weighing thirty milligrams. The sub-samples were homogenised using a Precellys 24 bead mill homogeniser (Bertin Corp. Rockville, MD, USA) using ceramic 1.4mm beads for soft tissue homogenising (CK14) with 600 μ l of RTL plus Buffer with 10 μ l/ml of β -Mercaptoethanol and 5 μ l/ml of reagent DX (Qiagen, VenIo, the Netherlands). RNA and DNA was extracted from the tissue with a QIAcube using an AllPrep DNA/RNA Mini Kit (Qiagen) following the manufacturer's recommended protocol. RNA was then pooled from all 30 mg sub-samples belonging to a given embryo's left or right spinal cord, or left or right hindbrain. RNA quality was assessed using an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer (Applied Biosystems,

Santa Clara, CA, USA), and then RNA was shipped on dry ice to Beijing Genomics Institute (BGI) Shenzhen/HongKong, China. At BGI, the RNA was treated with DNAse and quality determined again on an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer. Two within-embryo left-right pairs of samples (i.e. 1x hindbrain, 1x spinal cord) were excluded because of insufficient quality. All other samples passed the quality filters of: $\geq 4 \ \mu g \ RNA$; concentration $\geq 80 \ ng/\mu L$; RIN ≥ 7.0 ; 28 S/18 S ≥ 1.0 ; smooth baseline and normal 5S peak.

For library preparation, Illumina TruSeq RNA-kits (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA) were used according to the manufacturer's instructions. Magnetic beads with Oligo(dT) were used to isolate mRNA from total RNA. Mixed with the fragmentation buffer, the mRNA was fragmented. cDNA was synthesized using the mRNA fragments as templates, with random hexamer primers. Short fragments were purified and resolved with elution buffer for end-reparation and single nucleotide A (adenine) addition. After that, the short fragments were connected with adapters. After agarose gel electrophoresis, fragments were selected for PCR amplification as templates. During the quality control (QC) steps, Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer and ABI StepOnePlus Real-Time PCR Systems (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA) were used for quantification and qualification of the sample library. The library was sequenced using Illumina HiSeqTM 2000, yielding paired reads of 90bp.

Bioinformatics & statistics

From each embryo, four libraries were sequenced: left and right spinal cord and left and right hindbrain, except for those failing quality control (Supplementary Table S1), making a total of 68 libraries. Primary sequencing data produced by Illumina HiSeqTM 2000, called as raw reads, were subjected to QC to determine if a resequencing step was needed. After QC, raw reads were filtered into clean reads by removing reads with adapters, and reads with > 10% unknown bases or > 50% bases with quality < 10. The clean reads were aligned to the reference sequence GRCh37 (hg19) with SOAPaligner/SOAP2 v2.21 (4), using default settings. QC of alignment was performed to determine if resequencing was needed (5). Tophat (v2.08) (6) and Cufflink (v2.0.2) (7, 8) were used to refine alignments. SOAPsnp v1.05 was used to call genotypes of single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) (9), and output files were reformatted for PLINK (10).

To inspect data quality, multidimensional scaling (MDS) analysis was used for the transcriptome-wide SNP data with PLINK 1.07 (10). Another MDS analysis was performed based on normalised and filtered (see below) gene expression level data (Bioconductor, plotMDS function). These QC steps uncovered an earlier tube labelling error, which led us to exclude one sample and its contralateral mate from further analysis. This resulted in data from sixteen embryos for spinal cord, and data from seventeen embryos for hindbrain (Supplementary Table S1). MDS analysis of the

expression data was then performed again, based only on the cleaned dataset (Supplementary Figure S1).

Supplementary Results

Gene Ontology (GO) enrichment

In the right spinal cord we observed enrichment for 129 GO-terms, and in the left spinal cord for 18 GO-terms (family-wise error rate (FWER) < 0.05) (Supplementary Table S2). In the hindbrain the numbers were 112 on the left and 17 on the right (Supplementary Table S3). GO-term clustering highlighted 'glutamate receptor signalling pathway' and 'neurotransmitter transport' for the left spinal cord, and processes related to the cell cycle, transcription and translation for the right spinal cord (Supplementary Figure S2). In hindbrain, GO-term clustering highlighted the process 'DNA-dependent DNA replication' on the left side and diverse processes on the right side (Supplementary Figure S2).

Fifty-one significantly upregulated GO-terms were shared between right spinal cord and left hindbrain. Examples are shown Figure 2 in the main text. Two terms were shared between left spinal cord and right hindbrain. None were shared between ipsilateral sides of spinal cord and hindbrain. For the shared GO-terms for left spinal cord and right hindbrain, the clustering highlighted 'synaptic transmission', 'neuron maturation' and 'developmental cell growth'. For right spinal cord and left hindbrain, cell cycle and RNA processing terms were clustered, as well as chromosome segregation terms (Supplementary Figure S3).

Transcription factor targets

The gene-sets in the MSigDB-collection 'transcription factor targets' v5.0 represent genes with particular motifs within 2 kb of their transcription start sites. Not all motifs match known transcription factors (TFs), while some motifs match multiple TFs, and some TFs bind multiple motifs. In the spinal cord, genes with motifs targeted by NRSF (also known as REST) were strongly upregulated in the left side of the tissue (FWER<0.0005) (Supplementary Table S4). Also upregulated in the left spinal cord were targets for *SF1* and *TCF3* (E47) (Supplementary Table S4). *NRSF* encodes a transcriptional repressor that represses neuronal genes in non-neuronal tissues (11). *SF1* encodes a nuclear pre-mRNA splicing factor, and is involved in sex determination (12); the encoded protein of *TCF3* is required for B and T lymphocyte development, but also plays a role in other processes such as cell differentiation (13, 14). In the right spinal cord we observed upregulation of targets for *E2F1* (Fig

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Supplement

2, Supplementary Table S4) and *TFDP1*. The complete list for the spinal cord can be found in Supplementary Table S4.

In the left hindbrain, 27 sets of genes located near particular motifs were upregulated, whereas only one set was upregulated in the right hindbrain (Supplementary Table S5). The motifs on the left matched *E2F1, E2F4, TFDP1, TFDP2, RB1, YY1* (Figure 3, Supplementary Table S5). *E2F1* can mediate both cell proliferation and p53-dependent/independent apoptosis (15, 16); *E2F4* plays an important role in the suppression of proliferation-associated genes. It helps *E2F1* to associate with *RB1* (17); *TFDP1* and *TFDP2* dimerize with E2F transcription factors, resulting in transcriptional activation of cell cycle regulated genes (18); *RB1* is a negative regulator of the cell cycle, which interacts with *E2F* factors. It is also required for cells to resist G1 to S transition (phases of the cell cycle) in response to un-programmed proliferative signals (19); *YY1* acts both as a repressor and an activator at various promoters, and is a negative regulator of p53 (20, 21). Two of the gene sets having motifs for *E2F1/TFDP1* were also significantly enriched in right spinal cord, as mentioned above.

The asynchrony between left and right spinal cord

For all genes within the most left-lateralised GO-term (GO:0007269 (Neurotransmitter_secretion (5), and separately for the most right-lateralised GO-term GO:0006261 (DNA_Dependent_DNA_Replication (7)), we calculated the median expression level per RNA-seq library, and then fitted a line of median expression vs Carnegie stage for the left and the right libraries separately, using either linear regression or allowing a guadratic term for Carnegie stage. In this approach, the distance between the left and the right line is an indicator of the developmental left-right asynchrony. As can be seen in Supplementary Figure S4 A-D, the size of the asynchrony varies by stage because the left and right lines are not parallel. Averaging over all of this analysis, the right-side delay is roughly 0.4 Carnegie stages, but the overall subtlety of lateralization as measured in 18 embryos makes it difficult to put one single and concrete value on the asynchrony.

Comparing spinal cord and hindbrain

Regarding developmental changes of gene expression over Carnegie stages, most genes behaved fairly similarly in hindbrain and spinal cord (Supplementary Figure S5), with a correlation of r=0.95 between the two tissues for their linear slopes of per-gene developmental changes in expression. However, for per-gene lateralization, the similarity between spinal cord and hindbrain was much weaker, as can be seen in Supplementary Figure S6, r=-0.26 for the per-gene left/right t-values in the two tissues. Yet, at the gene-set level, strongly lateralised sets in spinal cord also showed similar, but mirrored, patterns in hindbrain, as shown in Figures 2 and 3 and Supplementary Figures S2 and S3.

Supplementary Tables

Embryo #	Carnegie	Karyotype	Age of	Batch	Time until	Note
	Stage		donor		freezing	
	0010		(years)	1	(min) 015	
11903	CS13	46, XX	20	1	315	
11993	CS13	46, XY	26	2	150	
12301	CS15	46, XY	19	2	240	
11898	CS16	46, XY	23	3	120	
11962	CS17	46, XX	24	1	225	spinal cord only
11978	CS17	46, XX	20	1	150	
12341	CS17	46, XY	30	3	240	
11905	CS18	46, XY	20	1	300	hindbrain only
12254	CS19	46, XY	19	2	120	
12292	CS20	46, XX	21	2	120	
12347	CS21	46, XX	22	3	600	
11954	CS22	46, XY	20	1	230	hindbrain only
11963	CS22	46, XX	23	1	60	
12307	CS22	46, XY	17	3	120	
12232	CS23	46, XX	28	2	105	
12285	CS23	46, XY	23	2	180	
11985	CS23	46, XY	Unknown	3	120	
12255	CS23	46, XY	16	3	135	

Table S1. Information on samples

					Decult in
GO description	GO number	# genes	NES ^a	D	hindbrain ^c
Up on left side:				F	
NEUROTRANSMITTER SECRETION (5)	GO:0007269	66	-2.83	0	
NEUROTRANSMITTER TRANSPORT (4)	GO:0006836	77	-2.80	0	
REGULATION OF NEUROTRANSMITTE					
R_LEVELS (4)	GO:0001505	86	-2.71	0	
GLUTAMATE RECEPTOR SIGNALING P					
ATHWAY (6)	GO:0007215	47	-2.70	0	
SYNAPTIC_TRANSMISSION (3)	GO:0007268	385	-2.65	0	+
REGULATION_OF_SYNAPTIC_TRANSMI					
SSION (3)	GO:0050804	89	-2.56	0	+
REGULATION_OF_ALPHA_AMINO_3_H					
YDROXY_5_METHYL_4_ISOXAZOLE_PR					
OPIONATE_SELECTIVE_GLUTAMATE_R	CO.2000211	17	2 27	0.004	
ECEPTOR_ACTIVITY (5)	G0:2000311	17	-2.37	0.004	
	GO:0051899	03	-2.35	0.004	
	GO:0030534	21	-2.34	0.004	
SIGNAL_RELEASE (5)	GO:0023061	1/6	-2.33	0.004	
GLUTAMATE_SECRETION (5)	GO:0014047	21	-2.31	0.006	
DENDRITE_MORPHOGENESIS (5)	GO:0048813	56	-2.30	0.007	
REGULATION_OF_GLUTAMATE_RECEP	00 4000 440	0.1	0.00	0.007	
TOR_SIGNALING_PATHWAY (5)	GO:1900449	21	-2.30	0.007	
LEARNING (5)	GO:0007612	29	-2.23	0.018	
DICARBOXYLIC_ACID_TRANSPORT (6)	GO:0006835	38	-2.23	0.019	
NEURON_NEURON_SYNAPTIC_TRANS MISSION (4)	GO:0007270	37	-2.19	0.038	
CENTRAL_NERVOUS_SYSTEM_NEURON					
_DIFFERENTIATION (6)	GO:0021953	47	-2.17	0.047	
POTASSIUM_ION_TRANSPORT (7)	GO:0006813	90	-2.16	0.049	
Up on right side:					
COTRANSLATIONAL_PROTEIN_TARGETI					
NG_TO_MEMBRANE (6)	GO:0006613	107	3.32	0	
SRP_DEPENDENT_COTRANSLATIONAL_					
PROTEIN_TARGETING_TO_MEMBRANE					
(6)	GO:0006614	106	3.30	0	
PROTEIN_TARGETING_TO_ER (5)	GO:0045047	109	3.29	0	
ESTABLISHMENT_OF_PROTEIN_LOCALI					
ZATION_TO_ENDOPLASMIC_RETICULU	00 0070500	110	0.01	0	
	60:0072599	113	3.21	0	
	CO.0070070	104	0.11	_	
	GU:0070972	124	3.11	0	
I KANSLA HUNAL_IEKIVIINA HUN (/)	60:0006415	1/1	3.01	0	

Table S2. Gene Ontology gene sets showing lateralization in spinal cord

				FWER [®]	Result in
	GO number	# genes	NES	р	nindbrain
TRANSCRIBED MRNA CATABOLIC PRO					
CESS_NONSENSE_MEDIATED_DECAY					
(9)	GO:0000184	114	3.00	0	
TRANSLATIONAL_ELONGATION (6)	GO:0006414	176	2.95	0	
TRANSLATIONAL_INITIATION (4)	GO:0006413	234	2.95	0	
NUCLEAR_					
TRANSCRIBED_MRNA_CATABOLIC_PRO	00 00005/	170	0.70	0	
LESS (8)	GO:000956	1/8	2.78	0	
(5)	GO·0006612	151	2 76	0	
MRNA CATABOLIC PROCESS (7)	GO:0006402	188	2.70	0	
	GO:0006401	206	2.71	0	
	GO:0006412	412	2.70	0	
VIRAL TRANSCRIPTION (5)	GO:0019083	172	2.68	0	-
		.,,	2.00		
EMBLY (7)	GO:0043624	215	2.67	0	
MULTI_ORGANISM_METABOLIC_PROC					
ESS (3)	GO:0044033	188	2.65	0	
PROTEIN_COMPLEX_DISASSEMBLY (6)	GO:0043241	233	2.63	0	
ANAPHASE_PROMOTING_COMPLEX_D					
EPENDENT_PROTEASOMAL_UBIQUITIN					
PROCESS (8)	GO·0031145	105	2.62	0	_
	00.0001110	100	2.02	0	
SEMBLY (5)	GO:0032984	243	2.62	0	
VIRAL GENE EXPRESSION (4)	GO:0019080	187	2.61	0	
RRNA_PROCESSING (6)	GO:0006364	51	2.60	0	
MULTI_ORGANISM_CELLULAR_PROCES					
S (3)	GO:0044764	434	2.60	0	
VIRAL_PROCESS (4)	GO:0016032	425	2.59	0	
MRNA_METABOLIC_PROCESS (6)	GO:0016071	422	2.58	0	-
VIRAL_LIFE_CYCLE (5)	GO:0019058	309	2.58	0	
RRNA_METABOLIC_PROCESS (7)	GO:0016072	54	2.57	0	
INTERSPECIES_INTERACTION_BETWEE					
N_URGANISIVIS					
UALISM THROUGH PARASITISM (4)	GO·0044419	453	2 56	0	
		100	2.00	0	
PROCESS (5)	GO:0019439	337	2.50	0	
REGULATION OF LIBIOLIITIN PROTEIN					
LIGASE ACTIVITY INVOLVED IN MIT					
OTIC_CELL_CYCLE (5)	GO:0051439	74	2.49	0	
ORGANIC_CYCLIC_COMPOUND_CATAB					
OLIC_PROCESS (5)	GO:1901361	349	2.48	0	

				h	
60 description	60 number	# gopos	NECa	FWER	Result in hindhrain ^c
	Gonumber	# genes	NLS	Ρ	Timustain
ND_CATABOLIC_PROCESS (5)	GO·0034655	318	2 47	0	
HETEROCYCLE CATABOLIC PROCESS		010	2.17		
(5)	GO:0046700	335	2.47	0	
POSITIVE_REGULATION_OF_UBIQUITIN					
_PROTEIN_LIGASE_ACTIVITY_INVOLVE					
D_IN_REGULATION_OF_MITOTIC_CELL	00 0051 407	(0)	0.47		
	GO:0051437	68	2.46	0	
(5)&NEGATIVE REGULATION OF UBIO					
UITIN_PROTEIN_TRANSFERASE_ACTIVI					
TY (6)	GO:0051352	70	2.45	0	
CELLULAR_NITROGEN_COMPOUND_C					
ATABOLIC_PROCESS (5)	GO:0044270	335	2.45	0	
CHROMOSOME_SEGREGATION (4)	GO:0007059	166	2.44	0	-
ESTABLISHMENT_OF_PROTEIN_LOCALI					
ZATION_TO_MEMBRANE (5)	GO:0090150	262	2.42	0	
DNA_STRAND_ELONGATION (6)	GO:0022616	35	2.41	0	-
DNA_STRAND_ELONGATION_INVOLVE					
D_IN_DNA_REPLICATION (7)	GO:0006271	32	2.41	0	-
MITOCHONDRIAL_TRANSLATIONAL_INI					
TIATION (5)	GO:0070124	84	2.41	0	
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_UBIQUITI					
N_PROTEIN_LIGASE_ACTIVITY_INVOLV					
ED_IN_MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE (6)	GO:0051436	65	2.40	0	-
RIBOSOME_BIOGENESIS (5)	GO:0042254	68	2.40	0	
MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE_CHECKPOINT (6)	GO:0007093	141	2.39	0	-
MITOTIC_SISTER_CHROMATID_SEGREG					
ATION (6)	GO:000070	101	2.38	0	-
ANTIGEN_PROCESSING_AND_PRESENT					
ATION_OF_PEPTIDE_ANTIGEN_VIA_IVI	60.0002474	70	2 28	0	
	00.0002474	,,,	2.50	0	
REGULATION_OF_CHRONOSOME_SEG	GO·0051983	65	2 38	0	_
REGULATION OF PROTEIN UBIOUITIN	00.0001700	00	2.00	0	
ATION_INVOLVED_IN_UBIQUITIN_DEP					
ENDENT_PROTEIN_CATABOLIC_PROCE					
SS (8)	GO:2000058	80	2.36	0	
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_MITOTIC					
CELL_CYCLE_PHASE_TRANSITION (6)	GO:1901991	127	2.36	0	-
ANTIGEN_PROCESSING_AND_PRESENT					
ATION_OF_EXOGENOUS_PEPTIDE_ANT					
IGEN_VIA_MHC_CLASS_I (6)	GO:0042590	63	2.36	0	
SISTER_CHROMATID_SEGREGATION (5)	GO:0000819	102	2.35	0	-

				-	
GO description	GO number	# genes	NFS ^a	FWER ²	Result in hindbrain ^c
		" genes	NES	۲	Innuoran
ONGATION (6)	GO:0070125	84	2.35	0	
POSITIVE REGULATION OF PROTEIN		01	2.00		
UBIQUITINATION_INVOLVED_IN_UBIQ					
UITIN_DEPENDENT_PROTEIN_CATABO					
LIC_PROCESS (8)	GO:2000060	75	2.35	0	
MITOCHONDRIAL_TRANSLATIONAL_TE					
RMINATION (6)	GO:0070126	84	2.34	0	
CELL_CYCLE_CHECKPOINT (5)	GO:000075	199	2.34	0	-
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_CELL_CYC					
LE_PHASE_TRANSITION (5)	GO:1901988	133	2.34	0	-
NUCLEAR_TRANSCRIBED_MRNA_CATA					
BOLIC_PROCESS_EXONUCLEOLYTIC (9)	GO:0000291	30	2.34	0	
ANTIGEN_PROCESSING_AND_PRESENT					
ATION_OF_EXOGENOUS_PEPTIDE_ANT					
FNIT (7)	GO·0002479	62	2 33	0	
	00.0002477	02	2.00	0	
FNIFSIS (4)	GO·0022613	161	2 32	0	
	00.0022013	101	2.02	0	
CELL CYCLE (5)	GO·0045930	174	2 32	0	_
		.,.	2.02		
PROTFIN TRANSFERASE ACTIVITY (6)	GO:0051443	81	2.32	0	
POSITIVE REGULATION OF LIGASE AC					
	GO:0051351	83	2.31	0	
MITOCHONDRIAL_TRANSLATION (5)	GO:0032543	106	2.30	0	
N DNA INTEGRITY CHECKPOINT					
(6)&SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION INVOLVE					
D_IN_DNA_DAMAGE_CHECKPOINT (7)	GO:0072401	65	2.30	0	-
MITOTIC_DNA_DAMAGE_CHECKPOINT					
(7)	GO:0044773	80	2.30	0	-
ESTABLISHMENT_OF_PROTEIN_LOCALI					
ZATION_TO_ORGANELLE (5)	GO:0072594	406	2.30	0	
G1_DNA_DAMAGE_CHECKPOINT (7)	GO:0044783	68	2.30	0	
DNA_DEPENDENT_DNA_REPLICATION	00 000/0/1		0.00		
	GO:0006261	88	2.29	0	-
IBED MENA CATABOLIC PROCESS IN					
VOLVED IN DEADENVLATION DEPEND					
ENT_DECAY (10)	GO:0043928	29	2.29	0	
DNA_REPLICATION (6)	GO:0006260	188	2.29	0	-
SPINDLE_ORGANIZATION (5)	GO:0007051	77	2.28	0	-
MITOTIC_DNA_INTEGRITY_CHECKPOIN					
T (7)	GO:0044774	84	2.28	0	-

				FWFR ^b	Result in
GO description	GO number	# genes	NES ^a	p	hindbrain ^c
MRNA SPLICING VIA SPLICEOSOME					
(8)&RNA_SPLICING_VIA_TRANSESTERIF					
ICATION_REACTIONS_WITH_BULGED_					
ADENOSINE_AS_NUCLEOPHILE (9)	GO:0000398	187	2.28	0	-
INTRACELLULAR_SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTI					
ON_INVOLVED_IN_G1_DNA_DAMAGE					
(7)&SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_INVOLVE					
	CO-1002400	٤1	2 20	0	
	GO. 1902400	01	2.20	0	
	GU:0007052	40	2.28	0	-
(6)&SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION INVOLVE					
D IN MITOTIC DNA INTEGRITY CHEC					
KPOINT					
(7)&SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_INVOLVE					
D_IN_MITOTIC_DNA_DAMAGE_CHECK					
POINT (8)	GO:0072413	63	2.27	0	-
MITOTIC_G1_DNA_DAMAGE_CHECKP	00 0004574	(7	0.07		
OINT (8)	GO:0031571	67	2.27	0	
RNA_SPLICING_VIA_TRANSESTERIFICAT	00 000075	101	0.07	0.001	
ION_REACTIONS (8)	GO:0000375	191	2.27	0.001	-
SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_INVOLVED_I	00 0070005		0.07	0.001	
N_CELL_CYCLE_CHECKPOINT (5)	GO:00/2395	66	2.27	0.001	-
VIUSCLE_FILAVIENT_SLIDING					
G (7)	GO·0030049	30	2 27	0.001	
		00	2.27	0.001	
NIZATION INVOLVED IN MITOSIS (5)	GO·1902850	28	2 26	0 001	-
MITOTIC G1 S TRANSITION CHECKPO			2.20	0.001	
INT (7)	GO:0044819	68	2.26	0.001	
SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_IN_RESPONS					
E_TO_DNA_DAMAGE (6)	GO:0042770	108	2.25	0.001	-
DNA_DAMAGE_RESPONSE_SIGNAL_TR					
ANSDUCTION_BY_P53_CLASS_MEDIAT					
OR_RESULTING_IN_CELL_CYCLE_ARRES	00 000 (077	(0)	0.05	0.001	
	GO:0006977	60	2.25	0.001	-
REGULATION_OF_LIGASE_ACTIVITY (5)	GO:0051340	98	2.25	0.001	
REGULATION_OF_UBIQUITIN_PROTEIN	00 0054 400	0.5			
IRANSFERASE_ACTIVITY (6)	GO:0051438	95	2.24	0.001	
CELLULAR_RESPIRATION (5)	GO:0045333	128	2.24	0.001	
METAPHASE_PLATE_CONGRESSION (5)	GO:0051310	35	2.24	0.002	-
REGULATION_OF_CELL_CYCLE_PHASE_					
TRANSITION (6)	GO:1901987	175	2.24	0.002	-

					Docult in
60 description	GO number	# genes	NESa	rwer	hindhrain ^c
FLECTRON TRANSPORT CHAIN	Go number	# genes	NLJ	P	Innubran
(4)&RESPIRATORY_ELECTRON_TRANSP					
ORT_CHAIN (5)	GO:0022900	92	2.23	0.002	
REGULATION OF MITOTIC CELL CYCL					
E_PHASE_TRANSITION (6)	GO:1901990	164	2.23	0.002	-
G1_S_TRANSITION_OF_MITOTIC_CELL_					
CYCLE (7)	GO:000082	186	2.23	0.002	-
DNA_DAMAGE_RESPONSE_SIGNAL_TR					
ANSDUCTION_BY_P53_CLASS_MEDIAT			0.00		
OR (7)	GO:0030330	93	2.22	0.003	-
CHROMOSOME_LOCALIZATION (5)	GO:0050000	38	2.22	0.003	-
ESTABLISHMENT_OF_CHROMOSOME_					
LOCALIZATION (5)	GO:0051303	38	2.21	0.003	-
CELL_CYCLE_G1_S_PHASE_TRANSITION	00.0044042	101	2.21	0.000	
	GO:0044843	191	2.21	0.003	-
	GO:0031570	132	2.21	0.004	-
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_CELL_CYC	00.00100.40	174	2.20	0.005	
LE_PRUCESS (4)	GO:0010948	1/4	2.20	0.005	-
	GO:0008380	242	2.20	0.007	-
REGULATION_OF_PROTEOLYSIS_INVOL					
IC PROCESS (7)	GO·1903050	179	2 20	0.01	
			2.20	0.01	
BUIES TO KINETOCHORE (5)	GO:0008608	21	2 19	0.01	_
	00.000000	21	2.17	0.01	
LIBIOLIITINATION (8)	GO·0031398	126	2 10	0.013	
PROTEIN TARGETING (5)	GO:0006605	412	2.17	0.013	
	00.0000000	712	2.10	0.02	
	GO·1903362	187	2 18	0.02	
MITOTIC SPINDLE ASSEMBLY (6)	GO:1703302	24	2.10	0.02	_
	GO:0070307	125	2.17	0.02	-
PROTEIN LOCALIZATION TO MEMBRA	60.0000077	125	Z.17	0.021	-
NF (4)	GO:0072657	327	2.16	0.022	-
MITOTIC SISTER CHROMATID SEPARA		027		0.022	
TION (6)	GO:0051306	50	2.16	0.022	
POSITIVE REGULATION OF CELL CYCL					
E_ARREST (5)	GO:0071158	75	2.16	0.022	
POSITIVE_REGULATION_OF_PROTEOLY					
SIS (6)	GO:0045862	219	2.16	0.022	
MITOTIC_NUCLEAR_DIVISION (5)	GO:0007067	184	2.16	0.024	-
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_PROTEIN					
_UBIQUITINATION (8)	GO:0031397	103	2.15	0.025	
MITOTIC_METAPHASE_PLATE_CONGRE					
SSION (4)	GO:0007080	30	2.15	0.025	-

				FWER [♭]	Result in
GO description	GO number	# genes	NES ^a	р	hindbrain ^c
POSITIVE_REGULATION_OF_PROTEOLY SIS_INVOLVED_IN_CELLULAR_PROTEIN					
_CATABOLIC_PROCESS (7)	GO:1903052	117	2.14	0.03	
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_G1_S_TR ANSITION_OF_MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE	CO:2000134	92	2.14	0.03	
	00.2000134	02	2.14	0.03	
PROTEIN_UBIQUITINATION_INVOLVED _IN_UBIQUITIN_DEPENDENT_PROTEIN _CATABOLIC_PROCESS (9)	GO:0042787	112	2.14	0.031	
CENTROMERE_COMPLEX_ASSEMBLY (5)	GO:0034508	35	2.14	0.033	-
POSITIVE_REGULATION_OF_CELLULAR _PROTEIN_CATABOLIC_PROCESS (6)	GO:1903364	120	2.13	0.038	
CENP_A_CONTAINING_CHROMATIN_O RGANIZATION (5)&CENP_A_CONTAINING_NUICLEOSO					
ME_ASSEMBLY (6)	GO:0061641	28	2.13	0.039	-
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_PROTEIN _MODIFICATION_BY_SMALL_PROTEIN_ CONJUGATION_OR_REMOVAL (7)	GO·1903321	107	2 13	0.039	
METAPHASE_ANAPHASE_TRANSITION_ OF_CELL_CYCLE (6)®ULATION_OF_MITOTIC_SISTER	00.0044704	107	2.10	0.000	
_CHROMATID_SEPARATION (7)	GO:0044784	49	2.13	0.039	
MODIFICATION_BY_SMALL_PROTEIN_ CONJUGATION_BR_REMOVAL (7)	GO:1903322	135	2.13	0.044	
REGULATION_OF_METAPHASE_ANAPH ASE_TRANSITION_OF_CELL_CYCLE (7)	GO:1902099	48	2.12	0.045	
CHROMATIN_REMODELING_AT_CENTR OMERE (7)	GO:0031055	30	2.12	0.046	-
REGULATION_OF_PROTEIN_CATABOLI C_PROCESS (5)	GO:0042176	243	2.12	0.046	
METAPHASE_ANAPHASE_TRANSITION_ OF_MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE (5)	GO:0007091	49	2.12	0.047	
MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE_PHASE_TRANSIT	GO:0044772	355	2 12	0 049	-
CELL_CYCLE_PHASE_TRANSITION (5)	GO:0044770	368	2.12	0.049	-
OSTEOBLAST_DIFFERENTIATION (5)	GO:0001649	105	2.11	0.05	

^a NES = normalised enrichment score; positive = upregulated on the right; negative = upregulated on the left.

 b FWER = familywise error rate. Included in the table are terms with FWER <= 0.05.

^c + = GO-term is also significantly enriched in right hindbrain; - = GO-term is also significantly enriched in left hindbrain.

Table S3. Gene Ontology gene sets showing lateralization in hindbrain

				b
GO description	GO number	# genes	NES	FWER [®] p
Up on left side:				
DNA_DEPENDENT_DNA_REPLICATION (7)	GO:0006261	88	-2.74	0
DNA_STRAND_ELONGATION_INVOLVED_IN_DNA_R				
EPLICATION (7)	GO:0006271	32	-2.73	0
MRNA_PROCESSING (7)	GO:0006397	276	-2.73	0
RNA_PROCESSING (6)	GO:0006396	378	-2.69	0
DNA_STRAND_ELONGATION (6)	GO:0022616	35	-2.68	0
CELL_CYCLE_DNA_REPLICATION (5)	GO:0044786	39	-2.67	0
RNA_SPLICING (7)	GO:0008380	243	-2.65	0
DNA_RECOMBINATION (6)	GO:0006310	122	-2.65	0
MRNA_SPLICING_VIA_SPLICEOSOME (8)&RNA_SPLICING_VIA_TRANSESTERIFICATION_RE ACTIONS_WITH_BULGED_ADENOSINE_AS_NUCLEO PHILE (9)	GO:0000398	187	-2.64	0
SPINDLE ORGANIZATION (5)	GO:0007051	77	-2.64	0
CHROMOSOME SEGREGATION (4)	GO:0007059	168	-2.63	0
RNA_SPLICING_VIA_TRANSESTERIFICATION_REACTI ONS (8) MRNA_3_END_PROCESSING (8)	GO:0000375	191 91	-2.63	0
		, , ,	2:02	
HENING (5)	GO:0010833	35	-2.61	0
CHROMOSOME LOCALIZATION (5)	GO:0050000	39	-2.60	0
MITOTIC SPINDLE ORGANIZATION (6)	GO:0007052	46	-2.60	0
TELOMERE MAINTENANCE (4)	GO:0000723	58	-2.59	0
SISTER CHROMATID SEGREGATION (5)	GO:0000819	102	-2.58	0
MITOTIC_SISTER_CHROMATID_SEGREGATION (6)	GO:000070	101	-2.57	0
ESTABLISHMENT_OF_CHROMOSOME_LOCALIZATIO N (5)	GO:0051303	39	-2.56	0
SPINDLE_ASSEMBLY (5)	GO:0051225	46	-2.55	0
MRNA_METABOLIC_PROCESS (6)	GO:0016071	423	-2.54	0
RNA_3_END_PROCESSING (7)	GO:0031123	102	-2.54	0
METAPHASE_PLATE_CONGRESSION (5)	GO:0051310	36	-2.54	0
NUCLEAR_DNA_REPLICATION (6)	GO:0033260	31	-2.51	0
TELOMERE_MAINTENANCE_VIA_SEMI_CONSERVATI VE_REPLICATION (5)	GO:0032201	23	-2.51	0
MITOTIC_RECOMBINATION (7)	GO:0006312	34	-2.50	0
TELOMERE_ORGANIZATION (5)	GO:0032200	59	-2.50	0
MITOTIC_METAPHASE_PLATE_CONGRESSION (4)	GO:0007080	30	-2.49	0
MRNA_TRANSPORT (6)	GO:0051028	64	-2.48	0
DNA_REPAIR (4)	GO:0006281	288	-2.48	0
DNA_REPLICATION (6)	GO:0006260	189	-2.46	0

GO description	GO number	# genes	NES ^a	FWER ^b p
REGULATION_OF_CHROMOSOME_SEGREGATION				
(4)	GO:0051983	65	-2.45	0
MRNA_EXPORT_FROM_NUCLEUS (6)	GO:0006406	63	-2.44	0
CELL_CYCLE_PHASE_TRANSITION (5)	GO:0044770	370	-2.42	0
DNA_CONFORMATION_CHANGE (5)	GO:0071103	123	-2.42	0.001
MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE_PHASE_TRANSITION (6)	GO:0044772	356	-2.42	0.001
CENTROMERE_COMPLEX_ASSEMBLY (5)	GO:0034508	35	-2.42	0.001
CELL_CYCLE_G1_S_PHASE_TRANSITION (6)	GO:0044843	192	-2.41	0.001
RNA_LOCALIZATION (4)	GO:0006403	80	-2.41	0.001
TERMINATION_OF_RNA_POLYMERASE_II_TRANSCRI PTION (8)	GO:0006369	46	-2.40	0.001
ATTACHMENT_OF_SPINDLE_MICROTUBULES_TO_KI NETOCHORE (5)	GO:0008608	21	-2.39	0.001
G1 S TRANSITION OF MITOTIC CELL CYCLE (7)	GO:000082	187	-2.39	0.001
CHROMATIN ASSEMBLY (5)	GO:0031497	59	-2.38	0.001
ANAPHASE_PROMOTING_COMPLEX_DEPENDENT_P ROTEASOMAL_UBIQUITIN_DEPENDENT_PROTEIN_C ATABOLIC_PROCESS (8)	GO:0031145	105	-2.38	0.001
	00000700	27	2.20	0.001
	GO:0000722	27	-2.38	0.001
	GO:000075	199	-2.37	0.001
PROTEIN_DNA_COMPLEX_SUBUNIT_ORGANIZATIO N (5)	GO:0071824	87	-2.37	0.002
MICROTUBULE_CYTOSKELETON_ORGANIZATION_IN VOLVED_IN_MITOSIS (5)	GO:1902850	28	-2.37	0.002
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_CELL_CYCLE_PROCESS (4)	GO:0010948	174	-2.35	0.002
MITOTIC_NUCLEAR_DIVISION (5)	GO:0007067	185	-2.35	0.003
MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE_CHECKPOINT (6)	GO:0007093	141	-2.35	0.003
MITOTIC_SPINDLE_ASSEMBLY (6)	GO:0090307	24	-2.34	0.004
PROTEIN_DNA_COMPLEX_ASSEMBLY (6)	GO:0065004	66	-2.34	0.004
REGULATION_OF_SPINDLE_ORGANIZATION (6)	GO:0090224	19	-2.33	0.004
RNA_EXPORT_FROM_NUCLEUS (6)	GO:0006405	70	-2.32	0.004
ESTABLISHMENT_OF_RNA_LOCALIZATION (4)&RNA_TRANSPORT				
(5)&NUCLEIC_ACID_TRANSPORT (7)	GO:0051236	77	-2.32	0.004
TRANSCRIPTION_COUPLED_NUCLEOTIDE_EXCISION _REPAIR (6)	GO:0006283	47	-2.31	0.005
MISMATCH_REPAIR (5)	GO:0006298	23	-2.31	0.005
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_CELL_CYCLE_PHASE_T RANSITION (5)	GO:1901988	133	-2.30	0.006
DNA_PACKAGING (4)	GO:0006323	81	-2.30	0.007

GO description	GO number	# genes	NES ^a	FWER ^b p
REGULATION OF MITOTIC CELL CYCLE PHASE TR				-
ANSITION (6)	GO:1901990	165	-2.29	0.007
CHROMATIN_REMODELING_AT_CENTROMERE (7)	GO:0031055	30	-2.29	0.007
DNA_INTEGRITY_CHECKPOINT (6)	GO:0031570	132	-2.28	0.007
NUCLEAR_DIVISION (5)	GO:0000280	222	-2.28	0.007
MEMBRANE_DISASSEMBLY				
(4)&MITOTIC_NUCLEAR_ENVELOPE_DISASSEMBLY				
(5)&NUCLEAR_ENVELOPE_DISASSEMBLY (5)	GO:0030397	42	-2.28	0.007
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE _PHASE_TRANSITION (6)	GO:1901991	127	-2.27	0.007
REGULATION OF CELL CYCLE PHASE TRANSITION				
(6)	GO:1901987	177	-2.27	0.007
CHROMATIN_ASSEMBLY_OR_DISASSEMBLY (5)	GO:0006333	81	-2.27	0.008
ATP_DEPENDENT_CHROMATIN_REMODELING (7)	GO:0043044	53	-2.27	0.008
NUCLEOSOME_ORGANIZATION (5)	GO:0034728	68	-2.25	0.009
AMINO ACID ACTIVATION				
(5)&TRNA_AMINOACYLATION (6)	GO:0043038	45	-2.23	0.012
TRNA AMINOACYLATION FOR PROTEIN TRANSLAT				
ION (7)	GO:0006418	42	-2.23	0.012
CENP_A_CONTAINING_CHROMATIN_ORGANIZATIO				
Ν				
(5)&CENP_A_CONTAINING_NUCLEOSOME_ASSEMB				
LY (6)	GO:0061641	28	-2.23	0.012
HISTONE_EXCHANGE (6)	GO:0043486	33	-2.23	0.012
NUCLEAR_ENVELOPE_ORGANIZATION (4)	GO:0006998	57	-2.23	0.012
MITOTIC_DNA_INTEGRITY_CHECKPOINT (7)	GO:0044774	84	-2.22	0.013
MICROTUBULE_CYTOSKELETON_ORGANIZATION (5)	GO:0000226	233	-2.21	0.013
REGULATION_OF_MICROTUBULE_CYTOSKELETON_				
ORGANIZATION (5)	GO:0070507	78	-2.21	0.013
REGULATION_OF_RNA_STABILITY (4)	GO:0043487	34	-2.21	0.013
NUCLEOSOME_ASSEMBLY (6)	GO:0006334	47	-2.21	0.013
SPINDLE_CHECKPOINT (6)	GO:0031577	45	-2.21	0.013
DNA_CATABOLIC_PROCESS (6)	GO:0006308	77	-2.20	0.016
DNA_TEMPLATED_TRANSCRIPTION_TERMINATION				
(7)	GO:0006353	87	-2.20	0.018
SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_INVOLVED_IN_CELL_CYCL	CO.0070005		2.10	0.001
E_CHECKPOINT (5)	GO:0072395	66	-2.19	0.021
SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_INVOLVED_IN_DNA_INTE				
GRITY_CHECKPOINT				
(6)&SIGNAL_IKANSDUCTION_INVOLVED_IN_DNA_	CO.0072401	/ -	2 10	0.001
	GU:UU/2401	105	-2.19	0.021
	GU.0000077	120	-2.19	0.023
	GO:0019083	1/8	-2.19	0.023
CHROMATIN_REMODELING (6)	GO:0006338	92	-2.19	0.025

GO description	GO number	# genes	NES ^a	FWER ^b p
REGULATION_OF_MRNA_STABILITY (5)	GO:0043488	33	-2.19	0.026
REGULATION OF TRANSCRIPTION INVOLVED IN G				
1_S_TRANSITION_OF_MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE (5)	GO:000083	22	-2.18	0.028
NUCLEIC ACID PHOSPHODIESTER BOND HYDROLY				
SIS (6)	GO:0090305	118	-2.17	0.029
MITOTIC_SPINDLE_ASSEMBLY_CHECKPOINT (7)	GO:0007094	38	-2.17	0.029
ORGANELLE_FISSION (4)	GO:0048285	248	-2.17	0.031
NUCLEOBASE CONTAINING COMPOUND TRANSPO				
RT (6)	GO:0015931	93	-2.16	0.032
NUCLEOTIDE EXCISION REPAIR DNA GAP FILLING				
(6)	GO:0006297	19	-2.16	0.033
DNA REPLICATION INDEPENDENT NUCLEOSOME				
ORGANIZATION				
(6)&DNA_REPLICATION_INDEPENDENT_NUCLEOSO				
ME_ASSEMBLY (7)	GO:0034724	39	-2.16	0.033
REGULATION_OF_MITOTIC_SPINDLE_ORGANIZATIO				
N (6)	GO:0060236	15	-2.15	0.038
DNA_DAMAGE_RESPONSE_SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTIO				
N_BY_P53_CLASS_MEDIATOR_RESULTING_IN_CELL	CO.000/077	(0	2.15	0 0 0 0
	GO:0006977	60	-2.15	0.039
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_MITOTIC_CELL_CYCLE	CO-004E020	174	2.15	0 0 2 0
	GO.0045930	1/4	-2.10	0.039
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_UBIQUITIN_PROTEIN_				
LIGASE_AUTIVITY_INVOLVED_IN_IVITOTIC_UELL_UY	CO:00E1426	45	2.15	0 0 2 0
	GO.0031430	00	-2.13	0.039
	GO.0044773	00	-2.14	0.039
(6)&SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_INVOLVED_IN_MITOT				
IC_DNA_INTEGRITY_CHECKPOINT				
(7)&SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_INVOLVED_IN_MITOT				
IC_DNA_DAMAGE_CHECKPOINT (8)	GO:0072413	63	-2.14	0.042
NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_SISTER_CHROMATID_				
SEGREGATION				
(5)&NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_MITOTIC_SISTER_				
(5)&NEGATIVE REGULATION OF MITOTIC SISTER				
CHROMATID SEGREGATION				
(6)&NEGATIVE_REGULATION_OF_MITOTIC_METAP				
HASE_ANAPHASE_TRANSITION				
(6)&MITOTIC_SPINDLE_CHECKPOINT (6)	GO:0033046	40	-2.14	0.042
REGULATION_OF_SISTER_CHROMATID_SEGREGATI				
UN				
(J)®ULATION_OF_WITUTIC_SISTER_CHROMATI	60.0033045	۶O	_C 1 <i>1</i>	0.044
	GO:0033043	20	-2.14 _0.1/	0.044
$ INDEL_{A} JSEIVIDEI_{OHE} CINT(I) $	00.0071173	57	-2.14	0.044

GO description	GO number	# genes	NES ^a	FWER ^b p
NUCLEOTIDE_EXCISION_REPAIR (5)	GO:0006289	69	-2.14	0.045
SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTION_IN_RESPONSE_TO_DNA_D				
AMAGE (6)	GO:0042770	109	-2.13	0.046
REGULATION_OF_CHROMOSOME_ORGANIZATION				
(5)	GO:0033044	140	-2.13	0.047
REGULATION_OF_CELL_CYCLE_PROCESS (5)	GO:0010564	339	-2.13	0.048
MULTI_ORGANISM_METABOLIC_PROCESS (3)	GO:0044033	189	-2.12	0.05
DNA_DAMAGE_RESPONSE_SIGNAL_TRANSDUCTIO				
N_BY_P53_CLASS_MEDIATOR (7)	GO:0030330	94	-2.12	0.05
Up on right side:		Γ		
REGULATION_OF_SYSTEM_PROCESS (4)	GO:0044057	168	2.26	0.004
REGULATION_OF_CELL_JUNCTION_ASSEMBLY (4)	GO:1901888	43	2.25	0.004
MUSCLE_CONTRACTION (6)	GO:0006936	163	2.24	0.007
RENAL_WATER_HOMEOSTASIS (6)	GO:0003091	25	2.20	0.014
MUSCLE_SYSTEM_PROCESS (5)	GO:0003012	187	2.20	0.014
REGULATION_OF_SYNAPTIC_TRANSMISSION (3)	GO:0050804	89	2.19	0.017
BLOOD_CIRCULATION (6)	GO:0008015	178	2.16	0.023
WATER_TRANSPORT (5)	GO:0006833	24	2.16	0.023
MULTICELLULAR_ORGANISMAL_WATER_HOMEOST				
ASIS (5)&WATER_HOMEOSTASIS (6)	GO:0050891	31	2.16	0.026
CIRCULATORY_SYSTEM_PROCESS (5)	GO:0003013	178	2.16	0.027
FLUID_TRANSPORT (4)	GO:0042044	25	2.16	0.028
SYNAPTIC_TRANSMISSION (3)	GO:0007268	391	2.15	0.034
CELL_JUNCTION_ORGANIZATION (4)	GO:0034330	168	2.14	0.037
HEART_PROCESS (6)	GO:0003015	96	2.14	0.037
CELL_JUNCTION_ASSEMBLY (5)	GO:0034329	154	2.13	0.043
METAL_ION_TRANSPORT (6)	GO:0030001	333	2.12	0.049
MULTICELLULAR_ORGANISMAL_MOVEMENT				
(4)&MUSCULOSKELETAL_MOVEMENT (5)	GO:0050879	16	2.12	0.05

^a NES = normalised enrichment score; positive = upregulated on the right; negative = upregulated on the left.

^b FWER = familywise error rate. Included in the table are terms with FWER ≤ 0.05 .

		#	h	FWER ^c	Result in
NAME	Description	genes	NES	р	hindbrain ^u
Up on left side:					
	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb]				
	around transcription start site containing the				
	motif TTCAGCACCACGGACAGMGCC which				
	matches annotation for REST: RE1-silencing				
V\$NRSF_01	transcription factor	73	-3.15	0	
	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb]				
	around transcription start site containing				
CAGNWMCNNNG	motif CAGNWMCNNNGAC. Motif does not				
AC_UNKNOWN	match any known transcription factor	64	-2.66	0	
	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb]				
	around transcription start site containing				
GTIRYCATRR_UN	motif GI IRYCA IRR. Motif does not match any	105	0.00		
KNOWN	known transcription factor	135	-2.38	0	
	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb]				
	around transcription start site containing the				
	for CF 1, and the fraction	220	1 00	0.00	
V\$3F1_Q0	101 SF1: splicing factor 1	220	-1.89	0.02	
	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb]				
	motif VSNGCAGGTGKNCNN which matches				
	apportation for TCE2: transcription factor 2				
	(F2A immunoglobulin enhancer binding				
V\$F47_01	factors F12/F47)	209	-1 86	0 024	
	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb 2kb]	207	1.00	0.021	
	around transcription start site containing				
YGCANTGCR UNK	motif YGCANTGCR. Motif does not match any				
NOWN	known transcription factor	116	-1.85	0.033	
Up on right side:		1			
		1	r		
	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb]				
	around transcription start site containing the				
	motif SGCGSSAAA which matches annotation				
	for E2F1: E2F transcription factor 1 - TFDP1:				
SGCGSSAAA_V\$E	transcription factor Dp-1 RB1:	454	1	0.000	
2F1DP2_01	retinoblastoma 1 (including osteosarcoma)	151	1.92	0.038	-
	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb]				
	around transcription start site containing the				
	mount NTTTCGCGCS Which matches annot-	010	1 0 0	0.04/	
V\$E2FT_Q6	ation for E2F1: E2F transcription factor 1	212	1.83	0.046	-

Table S4. Transcription factor targets significantly lateralised in spinal cord

^a Grey text: motifs without known transcription factors.

^b NES=normalised enrichment score.

^cFWER=family-wise error rate.

^d - = also significantly enriched in left- side hindbrain.

				FWER ^c
NAME	Description ^a	# genes	NES ^b	р-
Up on left side:				
V\$E2F1_Q6	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	213	-2.66	0
	transcription start site containing the motif			
	TTTSGCGS which matches annotation for E2F1 :			
	E2F transcription factor 1			_
SGCGSSAAA_V	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	152	-2.64	0
\$E2FTDP2_01	transcription start site containing the motif			
	SGCGSSAAA WHICH Matches annotation for EZFI:			
	factor Dn 1 BB1, rational stoma 1 (including			
	ostoosarcoma)			
V¢F2F1DD1_01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kh 2kh] around	212	-2 50	0
VQL211D11_01	transcription start site containing the motif	212	-2.37	0
	TTTCspipal cordGC which matches apportation			
	for E2F1: E2F transcription factor 1 - TFDP1:			
	transcription factor Dp-1			
V\$E2F 02	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	212	-2.57	0
	transcription start site containing motif			
	TTTSGCGC. Motif does not match any known			
	transcription factor			
V\$E2F4DP1_01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	218	-2.56	0
	transcription start site containing the motif			
	TTTSGCGC which matches annotation for E2F4 :			
	E2F transcription factor 4, p107/p130-binding -			
	TFDP1: transcription factor Dp-1			
V\$E2F4DP2_01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	212	-2.56	0
	transcription start site containing the motif			
	TTTCspinal cordGC which matches annotation			
	for E2F4: E2F transcription factor 4, p107/p130-			
	binding - TFDP2: transcription factor Dp-2 (E2F			
	dimerization partner 2)	010	0.54	
V\$E2F1DP1RB_	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	212	-2.54	0
01	transcription start site containing the motif			
	TITSGUGU Which matches annotation for E2F1:			
	E2F transcription factor 1 - IFDP1: transcription			
	osteosarcoma)			
V\$F2F1DP2_01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kh 2kh] around	212	-2 54	0
	transcription start site containing the motif	212	2.07	U
	TTTSspinal cordGC which matches annotation			
	for E2F1: E2F transcription factor 1 0 - TFDP2:			
	transcription factor Dp-2 (E2F dimerization			
	partner 2)			
V\$E2F_Q6	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	213	-2.50	0
	transcription start site containing motif			
	TTTSGCGS. Motif does not match any known			
	transcription factor			

Table S5. Transcription factor targets significantly lateralised in hindbrain

				FWER ^c
NAME	Description ^a	# genes	NES ^b	р-
V\$E2F_Q4	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	217	-2.47	0
	transcription start site containing motif			
	TTTSGCGS. Motif does not match any known			
	transcription factor			
V\$E2F_Q4_01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	218	-2.39	0
	transcription start site containing the motif			
	NCspinal cordGCSAAAN which matches			
	annotation for E2F - TFDP1: transcription factor			
	Dp-1			-
V\$E2F1_Q4_01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	206	-2.39	0
	transcription start site containing the motif			
	111SGCGSG which matches annotation for E2F -			
	TFDP1: transcription factor Dp-1	0.01	0.00	-
V\$E2FT_Q3	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	224	-2.39	0
	transcription start site containing the motif			
	for F254, F25 transmistion for the store			
CCCopinal	101 E2F1: E2F transcription factor 1	47	2.25	0
	transcription start site containing motif	07	-2.30	0
	CCCspipal cord/MITTE Motif does not match			
	any known transcription factor			
V\$F2F 03 01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb 2kb] around	212	-2 34	0
V V L Z I _ Q J _ U I	transcription start site containing the motif	212	2.04	Ū
	TTTSGCGSG which matches annotation for E2F -			
	TFDP1: transcription factor Dp-1			
V\$E2F1_Q6_01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	216	-2.32	0
	transcription start site containing the motif			
	NTTTCGCGCS which matches annotation for			
	E2F1: E2F transcription factor 1			
V\$E2F_Q3	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	207	-2.24	0
	transcription start site containing motif			
	TTTCGCGC. Motif does not match any known			
	transcription factor			
KTGGYRSGAA_	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	68	-2.19	0
UNKNOWN	transcription start site containing motif			
	KIGGYRSGAA. Motif does not match any known			
	transcription factor	000	2.10	
V\$E2F_Q6_01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	222	-2.19	0
	NKCCCCCSAAAN which matches appointed for			
	E2E TEDD1: transcription factor Dn 1			
V\$F2F_03	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb 2kb] around	225	-2.16	0
V \$ L 21 _03	transcription start site containing motif	225	-2.10	0
	TTTSGCGCGMNR Motif does not match any			
	known transcription factor			
V\$E2F 01	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb.2kb] around	60	-2.07	0.002
	transcription start site containing motif		,	
	TWSGCGCGAAAAYKR. Motif does not match any			
	known transcription factor			

				FWER ^c
NAME	Description ^a	# genes	NES ^b	р-
V\$NFY_C	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	198	-2.03	0.003
	transcription start site containing motif			
	NCTGATTGGYTASY. Motif does not match any			
	known transcription factor			
GCCATNTTG_V	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	404	-1.97	0.011
\$YY1_Q6	transcription start site containing the motif			
	GCCATNTTG which matches annotation for YY1:			
	YY1 transcription factor			
KCCGNSWTTT_	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	100	-1.92	0.024
UNKNOWN	transcription start site containing motif			
	KCCGNSWITT. Motif does not match any known			
	transcription factor			
TAANNYSGCG_	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	76	-1.90	0.035
UNKNOWN	transcription start site containing motif			
	TAANNYSGCG. Motif does not match any known			
	transcription factor			
GGCNKCCATNK	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	112	-1.89	0.036
_UNKNOWN	transcription start site containing motif			
	GGCNKCCATNK. Motif does not match any			
	known transcription factor			
V\$E2F1_Q4	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	223	-1.89	0.037
	transcription start site containing the motif			
	NTTSGCGG which matches annotation for E2F1 :			
	E2F transcription factor 1			
Up on right side:				
V\$HMEF2_Q6	Genes with promoter regions [-2kb,2kb] around	113	1.93	0.037
	transcription start site containing motif			
	SKYTAAAAATAACYCH. Motif does not match any			
	known transcription factor			

^a Grey text: motifs without known transcription factors.

^b NES=normalised enrichment score.

^c FWER=family-wise error rate.

Supplementary Figures



Figure S1. Multidimensional scaling plot based on log2 (cpm) expression values for genes surviving filtering for all RNASeq libraries, and after all quality control stages.

Spinal cord samples are shown in a spectrum of blue shades from dark (earlier Carnegie Stages (CS)) to light (later CS stages). Hindbrain samples are shown in a color spectrum through red-orangeyellow representing earlier (dark red) to later (yellow) CS stages. The same shaped icons represent samples from the same individual embryo (left and right spinal cord, and left and right hindbrain). This analysis of the expression data was purely data-driven, receiving no information regarding sample CS or tissue identity. Nonetheless, dimension 1 clearly ordered samples according to embryonic age, while dimension 2 largely distinguished samples from spinal cord and hindbrain. MDS was also run separately for spinal cord and hindbrain samples to check if major dimensions might emerge reflecting laterality, but none of the top ten dimensions for either structure was associated with the left-right distinction (not shown).









А



В

Figure S3. REVIGO clustered map of Gene Ontology terms with more than 2-fold difference between left and right in both spinal cord and **hindbrain**.

(A) Upregulated in left spinal cord and right hindbrain. (B) Upregulated in right spinal cord and left hindbrain.



Figure S4. Estimate of asynchrony between left and right spinal cord.

X axis: Carnegie stage of embryo. Y-axis: median expression as log₂ (cpm). A (linear) and C (quadratic) fit for median expression of genes in gene-set 'Neurotransmitter secretion', the most asymmetrically expressed GO-set with higher expression in the left spinal cord, vs Carnegie stage. The black arrow (in A) indicates the asynchrony: i.e. the time the blue line needs to reach the same expression level as the red line. B (linear) and D (quadratic) fit for median expressed gene-set showing higher expression in the right spinal cord. Cpm = counts per million.



Figure S5. Comparison of per-gene developmental changes of expression in hindbrain vs spinal cord.

The expression trajectory with age is very similar in the two tissues.



Figure S6. Comparison of per-gene lateralization t-values for hindbrain vs spinal cord.

The left-right differences for most genes were not strongly correlated between the two tissues, and were overall mirrored (weak negative correlation). Yet, at the gene-set level, strongly lateralised sets in spinal cord also showed similar, but mirrored, patterns in hindbrain, as shown in Figures 2 and 3 and Supplemental Figures S2 and S3. (DE=differential expression).

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