

Negotiated Iconicity in Interactive Silent Gesture Communication

Background

Hearing non-signers' silent gestures and pantomimes have been shown to exhibit ACTION-BASED iconic strategies. In fact, humans have strong action biases for representing both actions and objects.

Manipulable object are particularly susceptible to this bias.

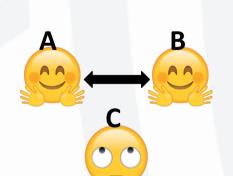
Most studies of silent gesture and pantomime have participants produce manual representation in isolation.

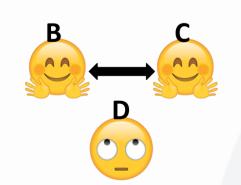
What happens to these gestural representations if they are negotiated between two interacting individuals?

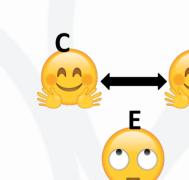
Methods: Silent Gesture

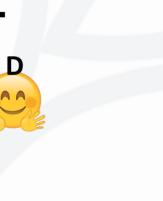
Referential communication task requiring the disambiguation of noun-verb pairs using silent gesture.

Iterated over simulated generations:









Generation 1

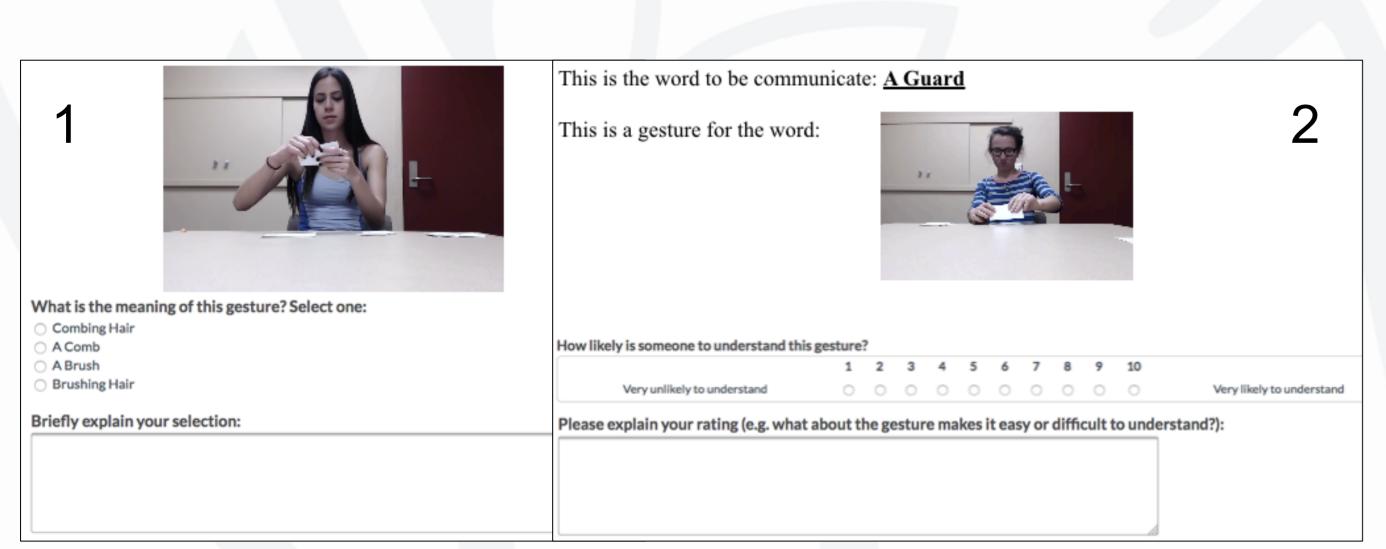
Generation 2

Generation 3

Generation 4

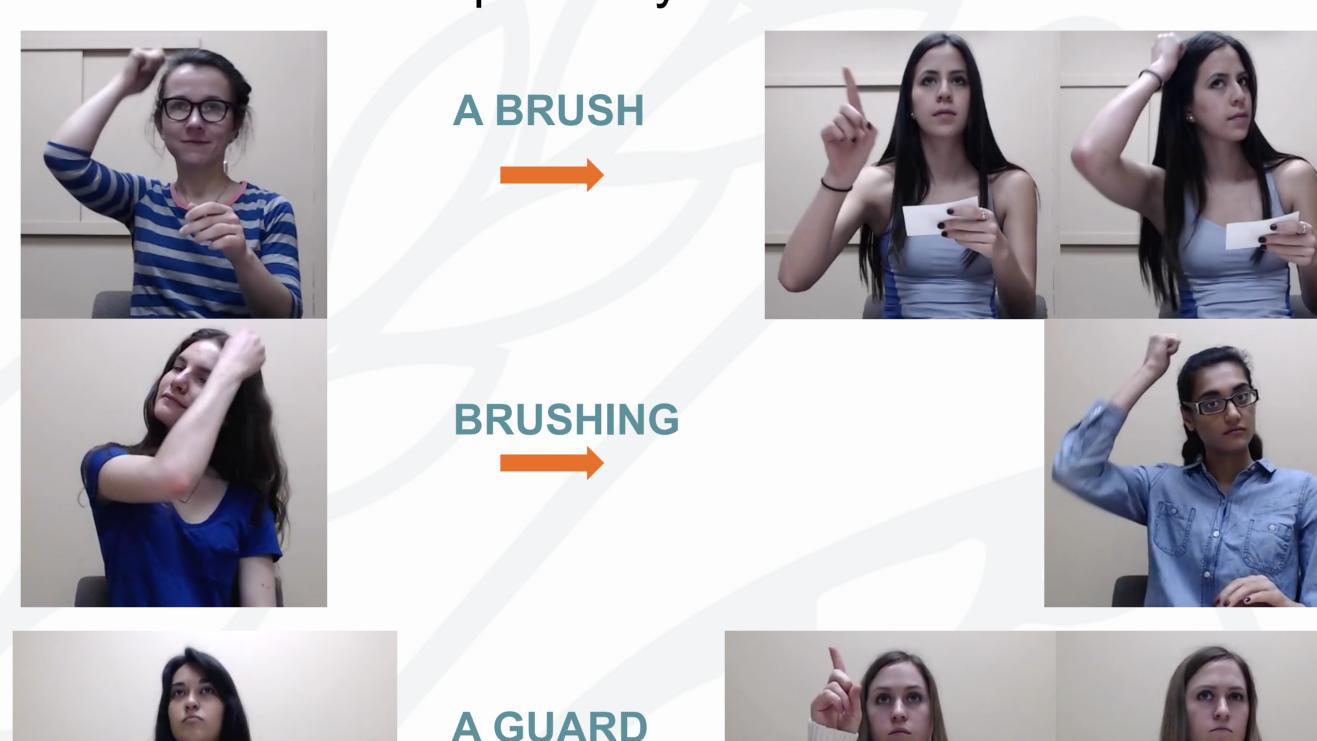
Methods: Iconicity Judgments

Naïve participants either (1) guessed the meaning of a single gesture or (2)rated Gen 1 and Gen 4 gestures:



Gestural Representations

One action-based iconicity was maintained over generations for noun-verb pairs, regardless of affordance for manipulability.





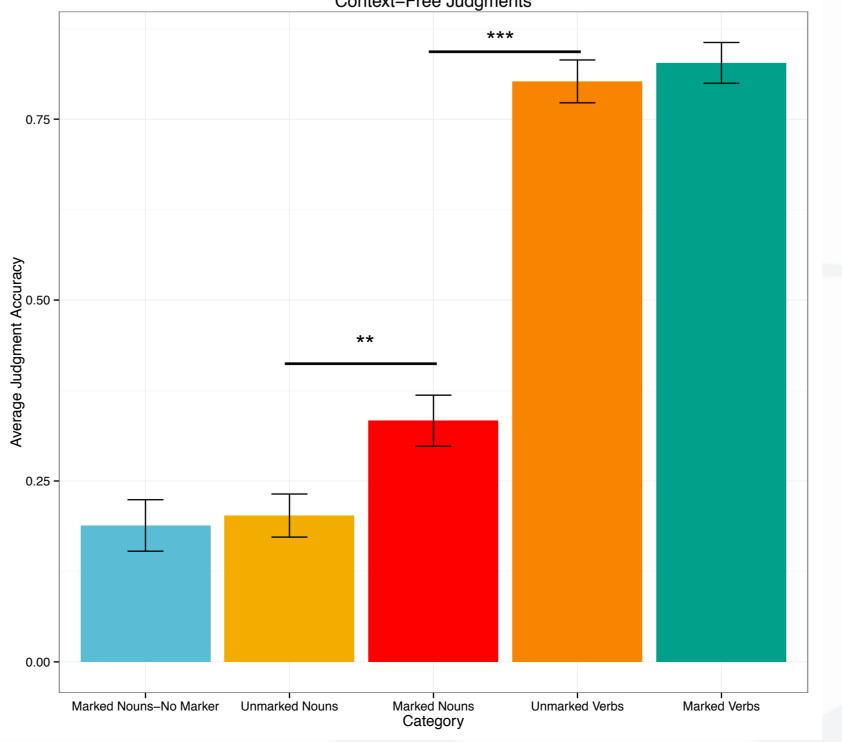




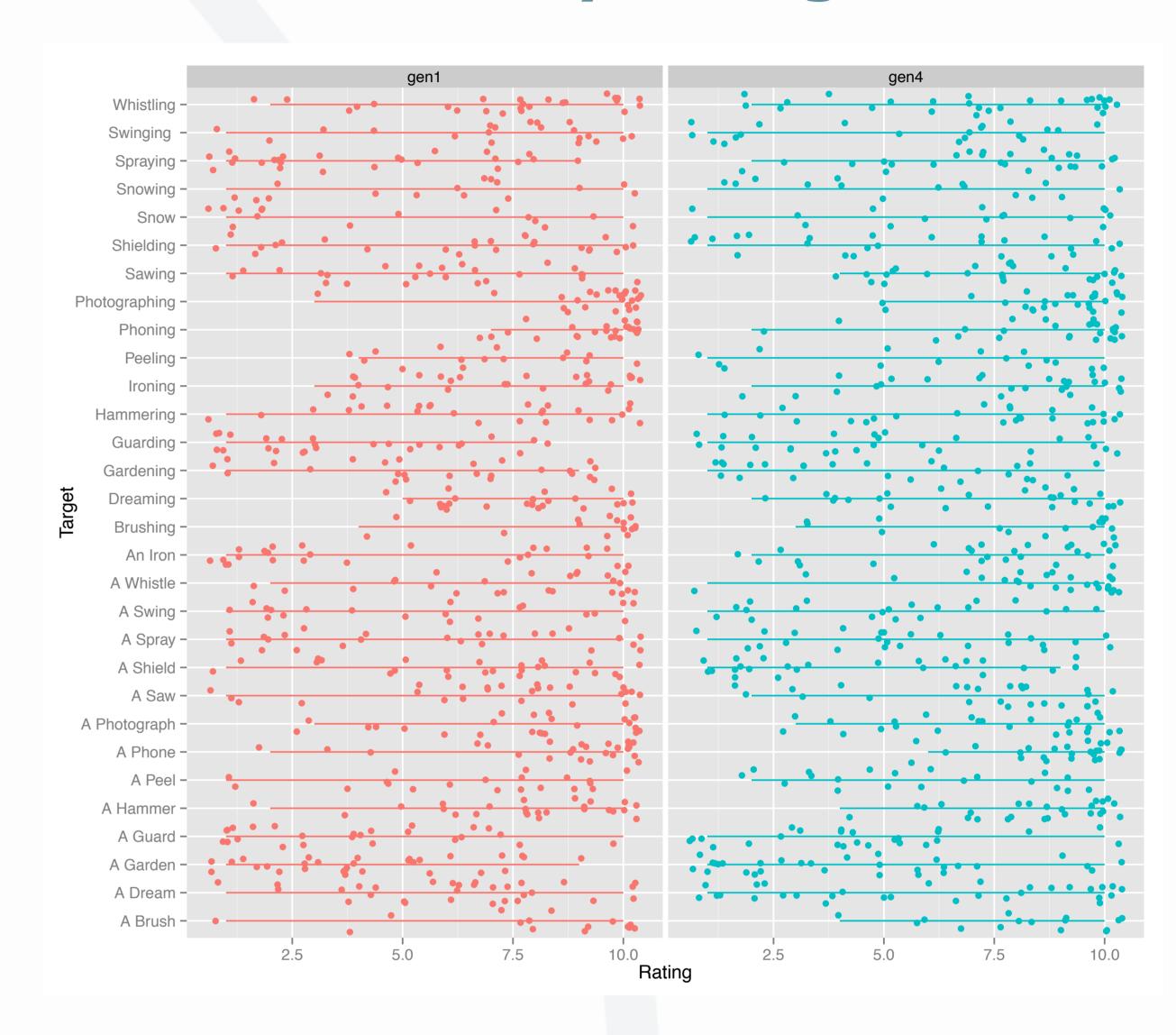




A noun marking system emerged in interaction to disambiguate nouns and verbs; naïve participants were more likely to guess noun gestures accurately when marked.



Iconicity Ratings



Iconicity does not change as determined by naïve raters of gestures from generations 1 and 4; Difference in means = -0.13 (bootstrapped 95% CI [-0.434, 0.179]).

The action-bias may promote slightly higher ratings for verbs than nouns, and for nouns with higher manipulability affordances than those with lower affordance.

References

Lister, C.J., Fay, N., Ellison, T.M., & Ohan, J. (2015). Creating a new communication system: Gesture has the upper hand. *Proceedings of the 37th Annual* Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society (CogSci 2015). Little, H., Perlman, M. & Eryilmaz, K. (submitted). Repeated interactions can lead to more iconic signals. Proceedings of the 39th Annual Meeting of the Masson-Carro, I., Goudbeek, M. & Krahmer, E. (2016). Can you handle this? The impact of object affordances on how co-speech gestures are produced.

Language, Cognition and Neuroscience, 31 (3), 430-440. Ortega, G., & Ozyurek, A. (2016). Generalisable patterns of gesture distinguish semantic categories in communication without language, *Proceedings of the* 38th Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society (CogSci 2016). Ortega, G., Sumer, B., & Ozyurek, A. (2014). Type of iconicity matters: Bias for action-based signs in sign language acquisition., *Proceedings of the 36th*

Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society (CogSci 2014). Padden, C., Hwang, S.-O., Lepic, R., & Seegers, S. (2015). Tools for language: patterned iconicity in sign language nouns and verbs. *Topics in Cognitive* Science, 7(1), 81-94.

Verhoef T., Padden C., & Kirby S. (2016). Iconicity, Naturalness And Systematicity In The Emergence Of Sign Language Structure. The Evolution of Language: Proceedings of the 11th International Conference (EVOLANG11).

More information: ashley.micklos@mpi.nl