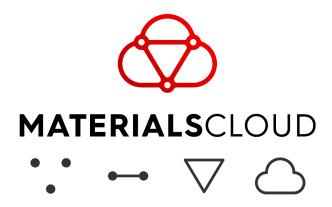
Open Science Platform for Materials Science: AiiDA and the Materials Cloud

Giovanni Pizzi (EPFL)















Our research: Materials simulations

Nature (2014): 12 papers on

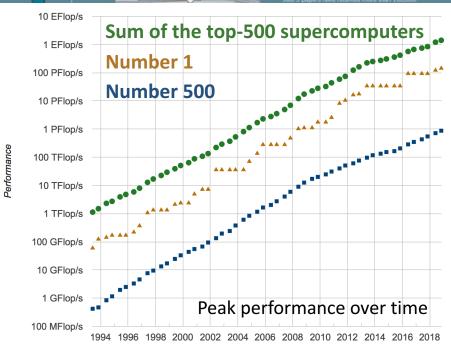
Density Functional Theory

among the top-100

most cited papers
in the entire scientific literature



Accuracy and predictive power of quantum engines



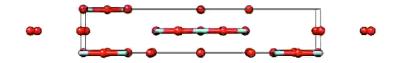
150,000x increase in the past 20 years

1 month (1998)

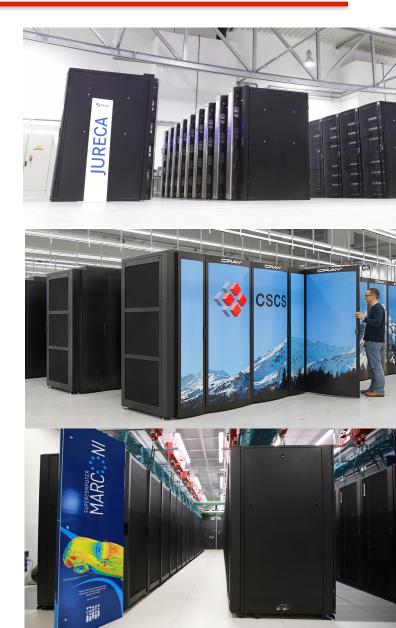
↓
10 seconds (2018)

Result: materials design and discovery via high-throughput computations

Leverage supercomputers to compute and predict materials' properties



Aim: Compute properties for all of them (and even new, invented ones) and discover novel functional materials



Open Science Platform: definition

- Our definition of an Open Science Platform [1]:
 - Open simulation codes
 - Open architecture to manage simulations and open workflows
 - Support for Open Data, Data Management Plans and FAIR-compliant sharing
 - Straightforward availability of the tools, with curated open-data services enabling turn-key workflows (pseudopotential libraries, ...)

[1] Pizzi G. (2018) Open-Science Platform for Computational Materials Science: AiiDA and the Materials Cloud. In: Andreoni W., Yip S. (eds), Handbook of Materials Modeling (Springer, Cham).





Our goal

Build an open-science infrastructure with computational services offered to scientific, industrial community and beyond

Like a synchrotron, but for open and reproducible simulations





Our two core infrastructures

AiiDA as the "operating system" to manage, automate and store simulations and their results

and

Materials Cloud as the open-science dissemination portal and cloud simulation platform





OPEN SCIENCE PLATFORM:



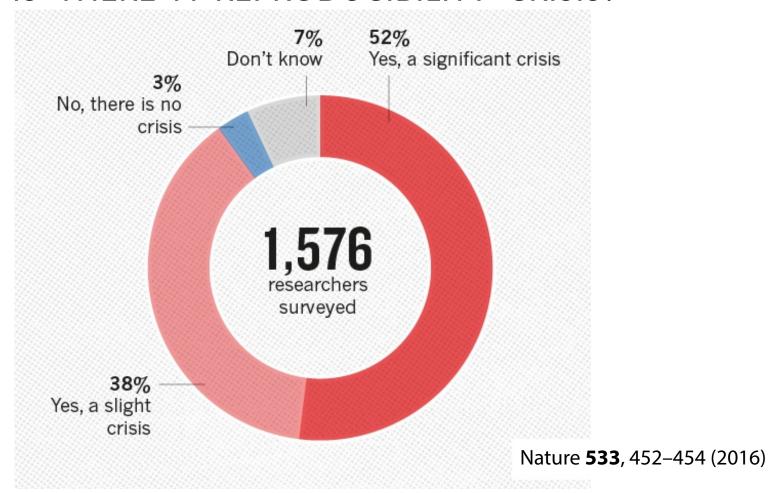
G. Pizzi et al., Comp. Mat. Sci. 111, 218-230 (2016)





Reproducibility: a cornerstone of the scientific method

IS THERE A REPRODUCIBILITY CRISIS?







Reproducibility: a cornerstone of the scientific method

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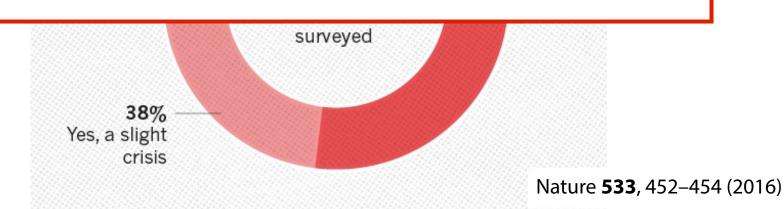
7% 52%
Don't know Yes, a significant crisis

No excuses in computational science

30%

We can and **must** be fully reproducible

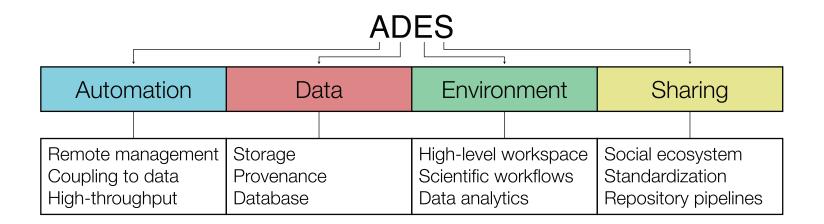
CHALLENGE #2: make open-science **easier**

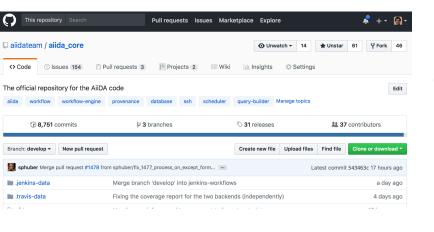






AiiDA development timeline





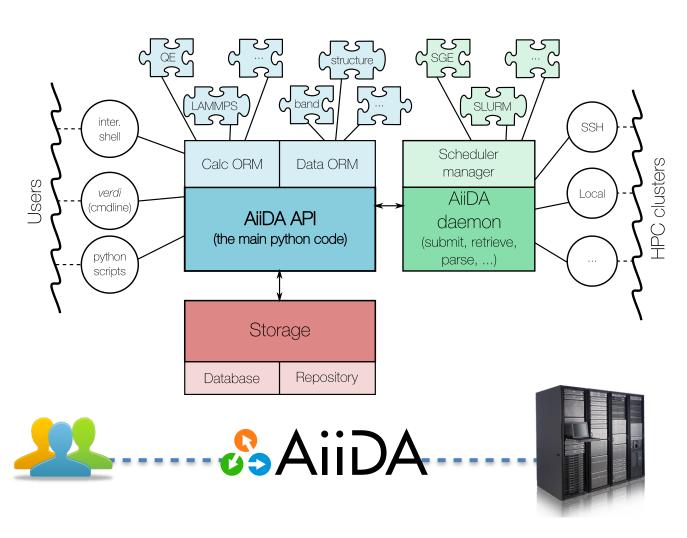
G. Pizzi et al., Comp. Mat. Sci. 111, 218-230 (2016)

http://www.aiida.net





AiiDA



Main features

- Python (2.7 & 3.6) infrastructure
- SQL database backend, access via a Python ORM
- Local connection to clusters, or via ssh using a python API
- Interface to various job schedulers (SGE, Torque, LSF, PBS Pro, SLURM, ...)
- Event-based daemon with remote management and workflow execution manager
- REST APIs using Flask to expose one own's data
- Plugin management system and extended code support
- Easy sharing of the results with other users in the community





AiiDA submission

```
code = Code.get from string('pw-6.3@daint-mr25')
calc = code.new calc()
calc.set max wallclock seconds (600)
calc.set resources({"num machines": 2})
Structure = DataFactory('structure')
structure = Structure(ase = read('TiO2.cif'))
Parameter = DataFactory('parameter')
parameters = Parameter({
    'CONTROL': {
        'calculation': 'scf',
        'restart mode': 'from scratch',
    'SYSTEM': {'ecutwfc': 40.}})
Kpoints = DataFactory('array.kpoints')
kpoints = Kpoints(kpoints mesh = [4,4,4])
```

Switch computers in one line supports different schedulers, version of codes, ...

Define (only) necessary inputsInterface designed by plugin

```
calc.use_structure(structure)
calc.use_parameters(parameters)
calc.use_kpoints(kpoints)
calc.use_pseudos_from_family('SSSP_efficiency_v1.0')
calc.store_all()
```

calc.submit()

Inputs stored in the DB
Handing over to the daemon





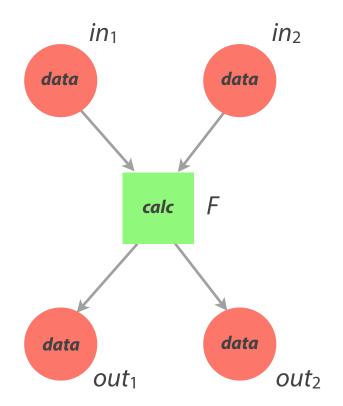
Storage and provenance



- Calculated properties: result of complex, connected calculations
- How do we store simulations preserving the connected structure?
- Inspiration from the open provenance model
- Any calculation: a function, converting inputs to outputs:

$$out_1$$
, $out_2 = F(in_1, in_2)$

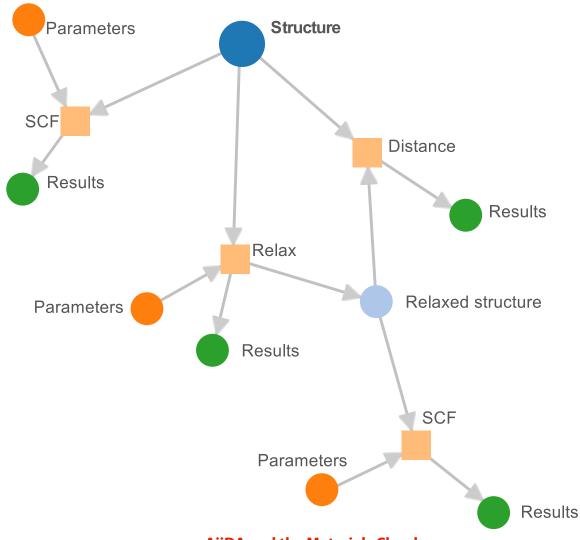
- Each object is a node in a graph, connected by directional labeled links
- Output nodes can be used as inputs







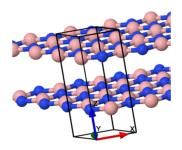
Data provenance: Directed Acyclic Graphs

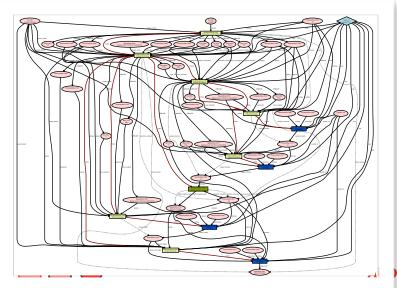


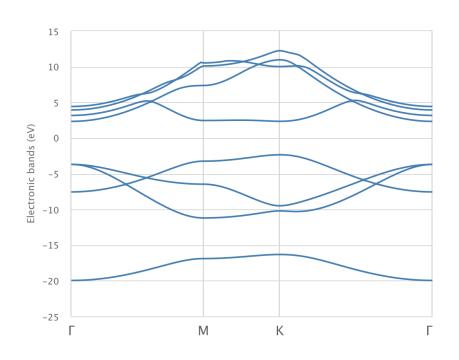


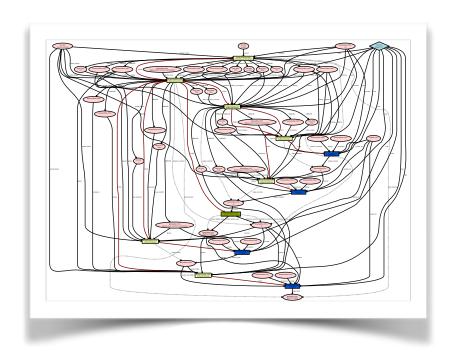


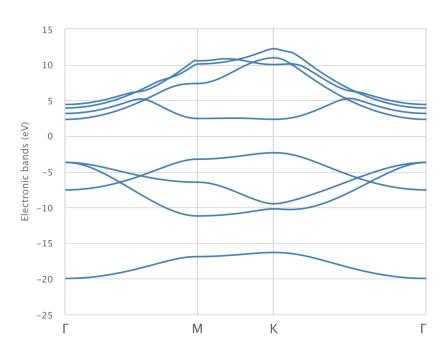
- Given a material, we often need to compute advanced quantities
- These are often non-trivial and result from a complex workflow











- The AiiDA provenance graph allows to know how the structure was computed and to reproduce that single specific calculation: log of "what happened in the past"
- We need also an **easy way to re-run the same calculation again** with different parameters or for a different material: **turn-key workflows**





```
class PwBandsWorkChain(WorkChain);
   @classmethod
   def define(cls, spec):
        spec.input('code',
                   valid type=Code)
        spec.input('structure',
                   valid type=StructureData)
        spec.input('pseudo_family',
                   valid type=Str)
        spec.outline(
            cls.setup,
            cls.validate inputs,
            if_(cls.should_do_relax)(
                cls.run relax,
            cls.run_seekpath,
            cls.run scf,
            cls.run_bands,
            cls.results,
```

- "Operating system" for all calculations
- Automatic provenance tracking in the DB
- Control provenance granularity store level of detail relevant to the workflows
- Progress checkpointing
 restart from arbitrary step, retry on failure, allows
 to shut down daemon and continue later
- Easy debugging, self-documenting





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```
• Turn-key solution:
```

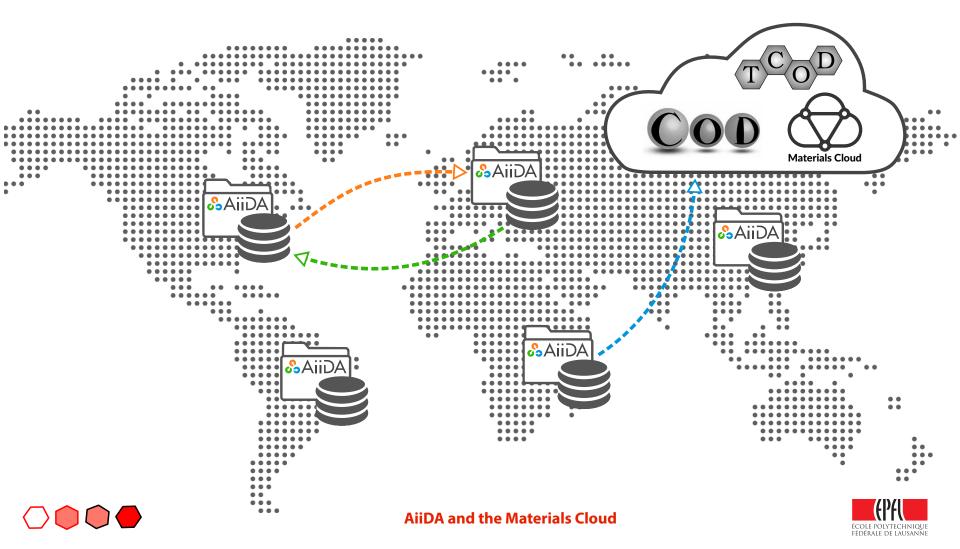
```
PwBandStructureWorkChain.run(
    code=Code.get_from_string(
        'qe-pw-6.2.1@localhost'),
    structure=StructureData(
        ase=ase.build.bulk('Al')),
    pseudo_family=Str('sssp-pbe-efficiency'))
```





Sharing in AiiDA: data and graphs

- Private AiiDA instances
- UUIDs to uniquely identify nodes
- Data can be shared to other AiiDA repositories or to online repositories



Sharing in AiiDA: codes, plugins and workflows













Calculation

Data

Parsers

Transport and scheduler

Workflows

Importers & exporters

AiiDA plugin registry

Parsers 52 plugins in 23 entries

Data 24 plugins in 12 entries

Workflows 48 plugins in 9 entries

Other 39 plugins in 11 entries

- Plugins are collected in the AiiDA plugin registry
- Almost 60 different codes currently supported,
 with almost 50 workflows
- Many are community-contributed

https://aiidateam.github.io/aiida-registry/





OPEN SCIENCE PLATFORM:



https://www.materialscloud.org





Materials Cloud

- AiiDA is the 'engine', like **Git** used in production *since 2015*
- Materials Cloud is the dissemination platform (like GitHub) and more (cloud computing and data generation platform) online since Dec 2017





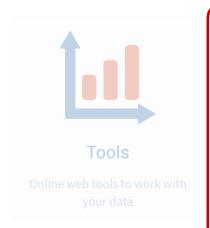
Data generation: Materials Cloud Work



EXPLORE DISCOVER

ARCHIVE

More -











AiiDA Lab

- Comes with a preconfigured AiiDA setup, ideal interface for turn-key workflows
- Custom **AppMode** extension to make notebooks look&feel like real web apps knowing only python
- Using JupyterHub + DockerSpawner





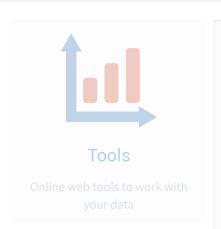
Data generation: Materials Cloud Work



DISCOVER EXPLORE

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More -









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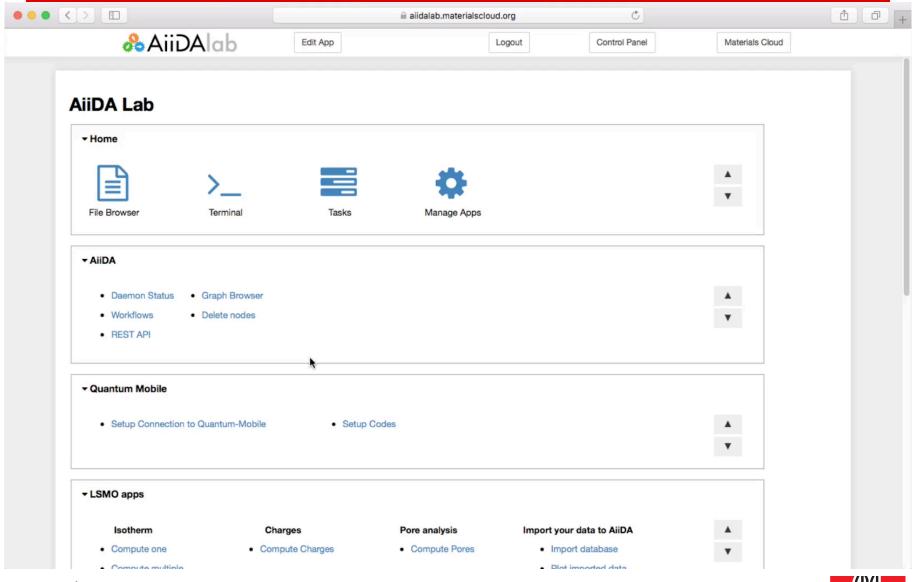
Ouantum Mobile

- **Downloadable VM** with preinstalled **AiiDA** and codes like QE, Yambo, Fleur, Siesta, CP2K, ...
- Includes same AiiDA Lab apps environment as on Materials Cloud
- Ideal for **education**





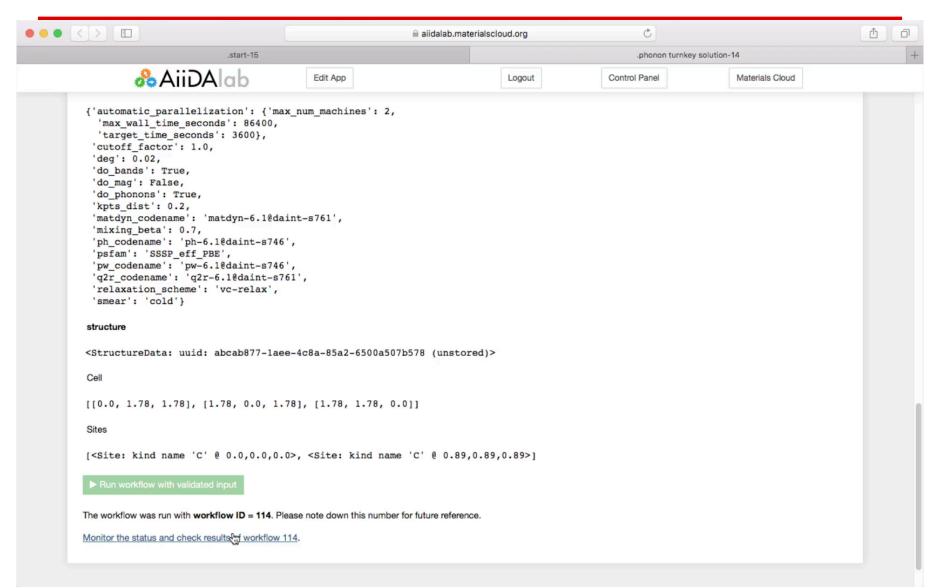
AiiDA Lab: submitting a turn-key solution (phonons)





ÉCOLE POLYTECHNIQUE FÉDÉRALE DE LAUSANNE

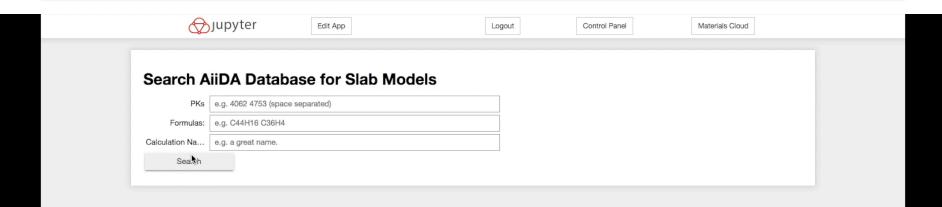
AiiDA Lab: checking the workflow results (phonons)







AiiDA Lab: checking the workflow results (STM)







A solution tailored for every user

User	Skills	Goals	Solution
Computation al Scientist	<i>Knows</i> Unix, bash, python	 run high-throughput calculations write complex workflows develop AiiDA plugins 	AiiDA on the laptop
Experimental Scientist	Doesn't know Unix, bash, python	run pre-defined workflowsanalyze results	AiiDA Lab in the cloud
Student (tutorial/ lecture)	some familiarity with Unix, bash, python	 learn how to use AiiDA learn how to use ab-initio codes take materials home 	Quantum Mobile on the laptop

Open data sharing: Archive, Discover, Explore

materialscloud:2017.0008

SCIENTIFIC DATA





Two-dimensional materials from high-throughput computational exfoliation of experimentally known compounds

Authors: Nicolas Mounet^{1*}, Marco Gibertini¹, Philippe Schwaller¹, Davide Campi¹, Andrius Merkys^{1,2}, Antimo Marrazzo¹, Thibault Sohier¹, Ivano E. Castelli¹, Andrea Cepellotti¹, Giovanni Pizzi¹, Nicola Marzari^{1*}

- 1 Theory and Simulation of Materials (THEOS), and National Centre for Computational Design and Discovery of Novel Materials (MARVEL), École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland
- 2 Vilnius University Institute of Biotechnology, Sauletekio al. 7, LT-10257 Vilnius, Lithuania
- * Corresponding authors emails: nicolas.mounet@epfl.ch, nicola.marzari@epfl.ch

DOI 10.24435/materialscloud:2017.0008/v2 (version v2, submitted on 21 March 2018)

How to cite this entry

Nicolas Mounet, Marco Gibertini, Philippe Schwaller, Davide Campi, Andrius Merkys, Antimo Marrazzo, Thibault Sohier, Ivano E. Castelli, Andrea Cepellotti, Giovanni Pizzi, Nicola Marrari, Troc dimensional materials from ingir direction of experimentally known compounds, Materials Cloud Archive (20 8), doi: 10.24435/materialscloud:2017.0008/v2.

Description

Two-dimensional (2D) materials have emerged as promising candidates for next-generation electronic and optoelectronic applications. Yet, only a few dozens of 2D materials have been successfully synthesized or exfoliated. Here, we search for novel 2D materials that can be easily exfoliated from their parent compounds. Starting from 108423 unique, experimentally known three-dimensional compounds we identify a subset of 5619 that appear layered according to robust geometric and bonding criteria. High-throughput calculations using van-der-Waals density-functional theory, validated against experimental structural data and calculated random-phase-approximation binding energies, allow to identify 1825 compounds that are either easily or potentially exfoliable. In particular, the subset of 1036 easily exfoliable cases provides novel structural prototypes and simple ternary compounds as well as a large portfolio of materials to search from for optimal properties. For a subset of 258 compounds we explore vibrational, electronic, magnetic, and topological properties, identifying 56 ferromagnetic and antiferromagnetic systems, including half-metals and half-semiconductors. This archive entry contains the database of 2D materials (structural parameters, band structures, binding energies, etc.) together with the provenance of all data and calculations as stored by AiiDA.

Direct links to Discover & Explore

DOIs

assigned

Materials Cloud sections using this data

- 🔯 🖫 lect 2d materials via interactive periodic table and view their properties (with links to provenance)
- Eplore interface providing access to the full database

FAIRsharing.org re3data.org

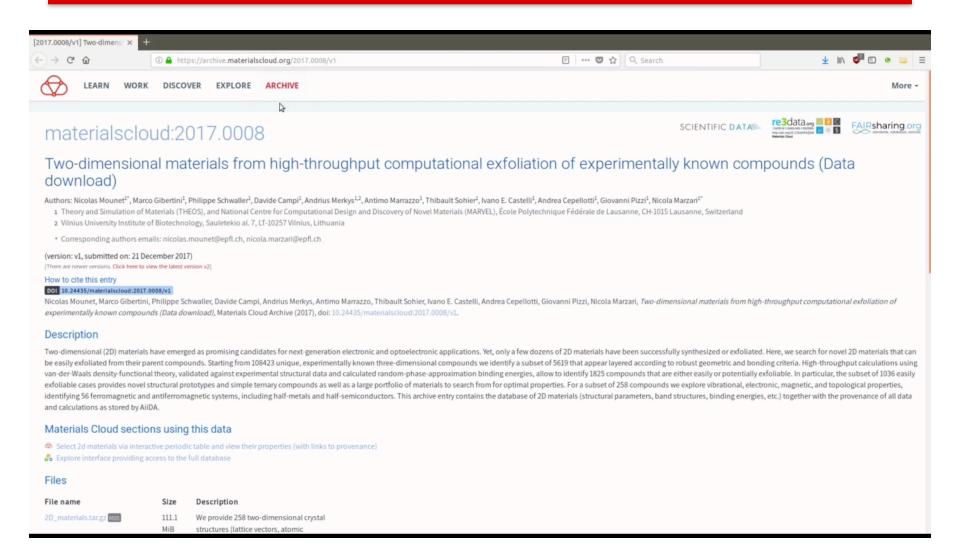
H

Recommended data repository by Nature's journal Scientific Data





Open data sharing: Archive, Discover, Explore







DATA MANAGEMENT PLANS AND FAIR PRINCIPLES

- Combination of AiiDA + Materials Cloud (Discover, Explore, Archive):
 FAIR-compliant sharing
- Findable: DOIs with standardized metadata
- Accessible: web interface to browse data, calculations and provenance, curated data in Discover section
- Interoperable: data linked via the AiiDA directed graph; data structures reusable between different codes
- Reusable: downloadable data, encourage open (CC) licences, reproduce in the AiiDA Lab thanks to full provenance
- We provide DMP templates for researchers using Materials Cloud (and we are coordinating with EMMC for a EU H2020 template)







Acknowledgements and funding







swissuniversities



SNSF NCCR "MARVEL"

Discovery of new materials via simulations and dissemination of curated data

H2020 Centre of Excellence "MaX"

Scaling towards exascale machines and high-throughput efficiency

Swissuniversities P-5 "Materials Cloud" Scaling the web platform, extending to more disciplines

EPFL Open Science Fund "OSSCAR"

Creating a hub of computational resources geared also towards education and teaching

Moreover: *H2020 Marketplace* (providing data and simulation services in a EU Markeplace platform also for industry); *H2020 Intersect* (develop AiiDA workflows to compute transport properties of materials)





Acknowledgements



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Leonid Kahle (EPFL)



Nicola Marzari (EPFL)



Elsa Passaro (EPFL)



Giovanni Pizzi (EPFL)



Thomas Schulthess (ETHZ,CSCS)



Berend Smit (EPFL)



Leopold Talirz (EPFL)



Martin Uhrin (EPFL)



Joost VandeVondele (ETHZ,CSCS)



Aliaksandr Yakutovich (EPFL)



Spyros Zoupanos (EPFL)

Contributors for the 20+ plugins: Quantum ESPRESSO, Wannier90, CP2K, FLEUR, YAMBO, SIESTA, VASP, ...

Contributors to aiida_core and former AiiDA team members — Valentin Bersier, Jocelyn Boullier, Jens Broeder, Andrea Cepellotti, Fernando Gargiulo, Christoph Koch, Dominik Gresch, Rico Haüselmann, Eric Hontz, Andrius Merkys, Nicolas Mounet, Tiziano Müller, Ole Schütt, Riccardo Sabatini, Phillippe Schwaller

The CSCS support teams

Summary

- AiiDA: the reproducibility and automation engine
 - Define turn-key workflows, automate them on supercomputers
 - Keep track of the provenance in the form of a graph
 - Share data, plugins and workflows
- Materials Cloud: the dissemination portal
 - AiiDA Lab: data generation platform, both on the cloud or locally (Quantum Mobile VM)
 - Archive: Findable long-term storage + Discover (curated data) + Explore (raw AiiDA data): FAIR sharing
 - Supports researchers in data management and DMPs

Open Science: not only open data, codes and workflows, but also **straightforward access to them**





Contacts



Website: http://www.aiida.net

Docs: http://aiida-core.readthedocs.io

Git repo: https://github.com/aiidateam/aiida_core/

Plugin registry: http://aiidateam.github.io/aiida-registry



https://www.facebook.com/aiidateam



@aiidateam



Materials Cloud: http://www.materialscloud.org

- AiiDA Lab: http://aiidalab.materialscloud.org

- Archive: http://archive.materialscloud.org

Quantum Mobile: http://www.materialscloud.org/work/quantum-mobile