

Conducting & evaluating research depends on the ability to:

READ... ...Paywall vs. free

UNDERSTAND... ...Jargon vs. write for a broad audience
and VERIFY... ...Closed vs. transparent research process

research

GENERATE

and **DISSEMINATE**

research

- Perception of prestige vs. tackle implicit biases
- Select based on metrics vs. access to opportunity
- Wealthvs. ability

How can we remove these inequities & improve research value?

Connect the costs of publishing with our publishing choices

Change our behavior to stop exploiting ourselves and discriminating against other researchers and the public

...because all of the options we need exist right now

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How scholarly publishing works

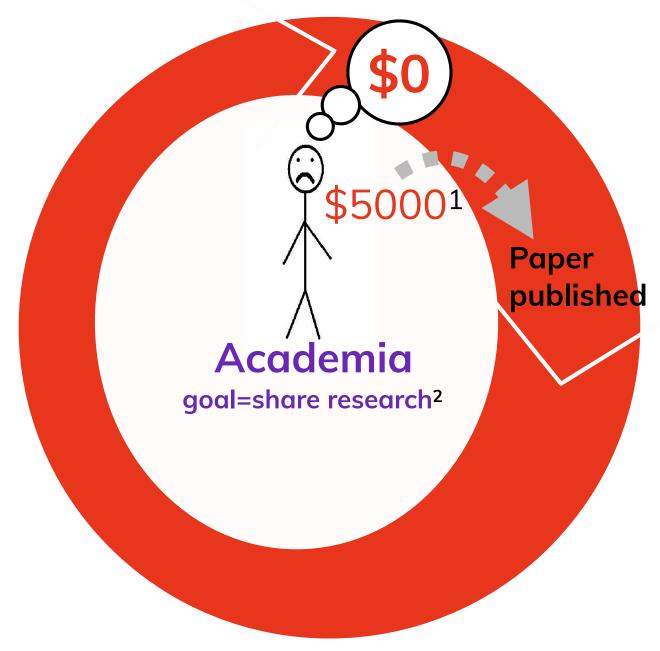
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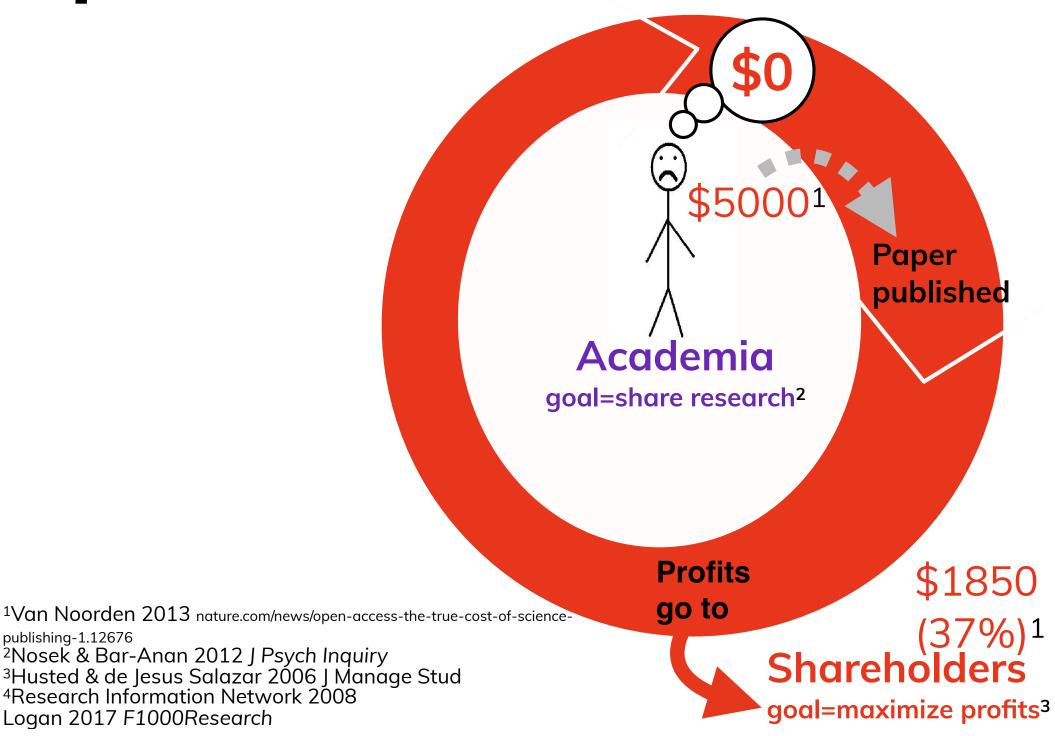




publishing-1.12676

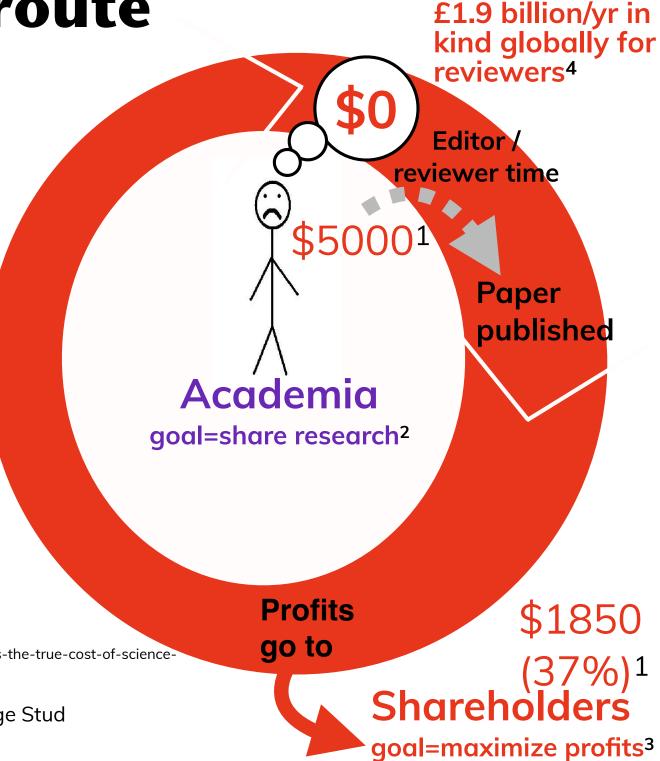
²Nosek & Bar-Anan 2012 J Psych Inquiry ³Husted & de Jesus Salazar 2006 J Manage Stud ⁴Research Information Network 2008

Logan 2017 F1000Research



Academics perform quality control at no cost to publishers

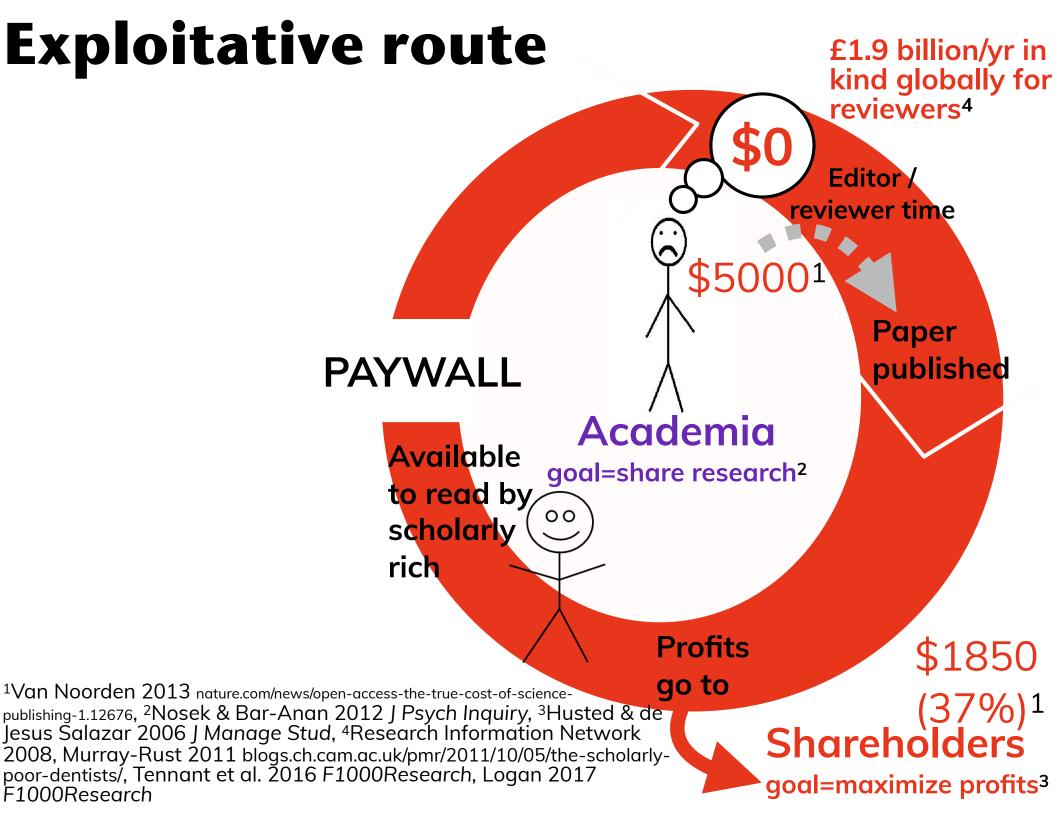
What services do publishers actually provide?

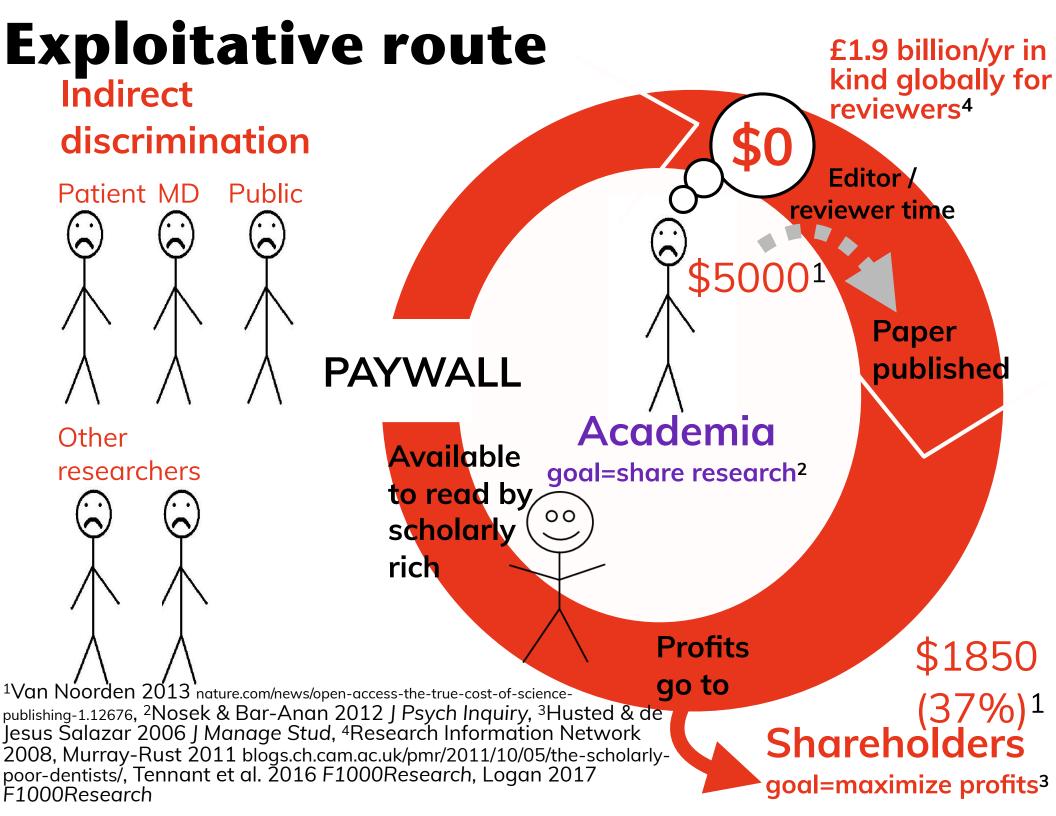


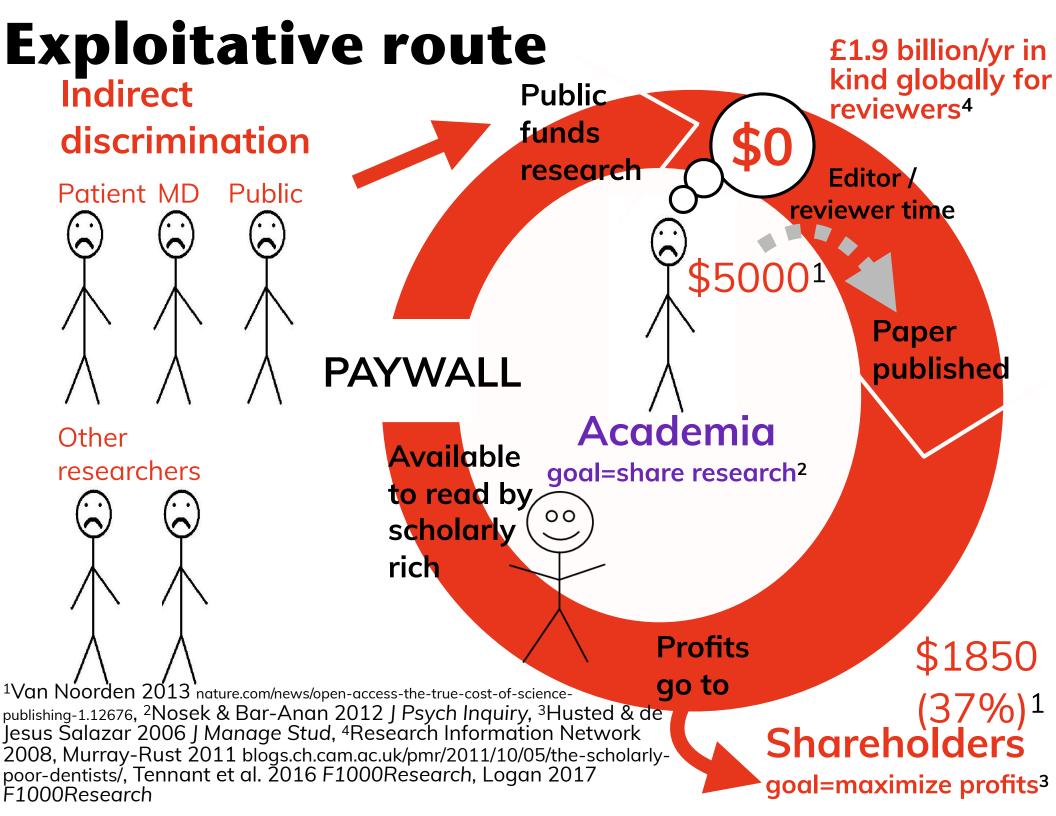
¹Van Noorden 2013 nature.com/news/open-access-the-true-cost-of-sciencepublishing-1.12676

²Nosek & Bar-Anan 2012 J Psych Inquiry ³Husted & de Jesus Salazar 2006 J Manage Stud ⁴Research Information Network 2008

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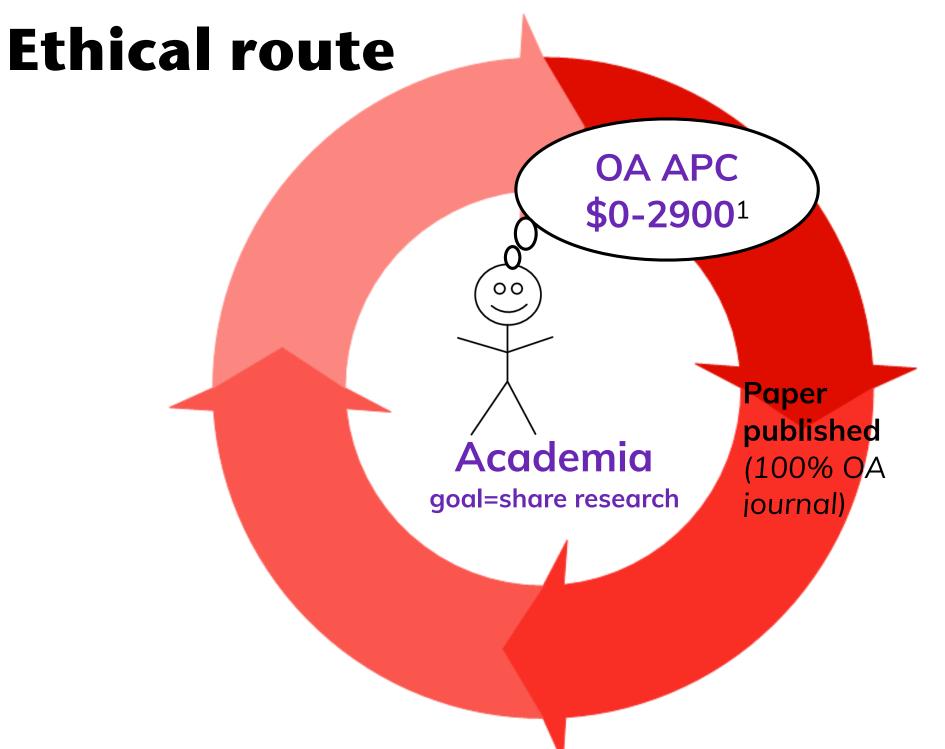


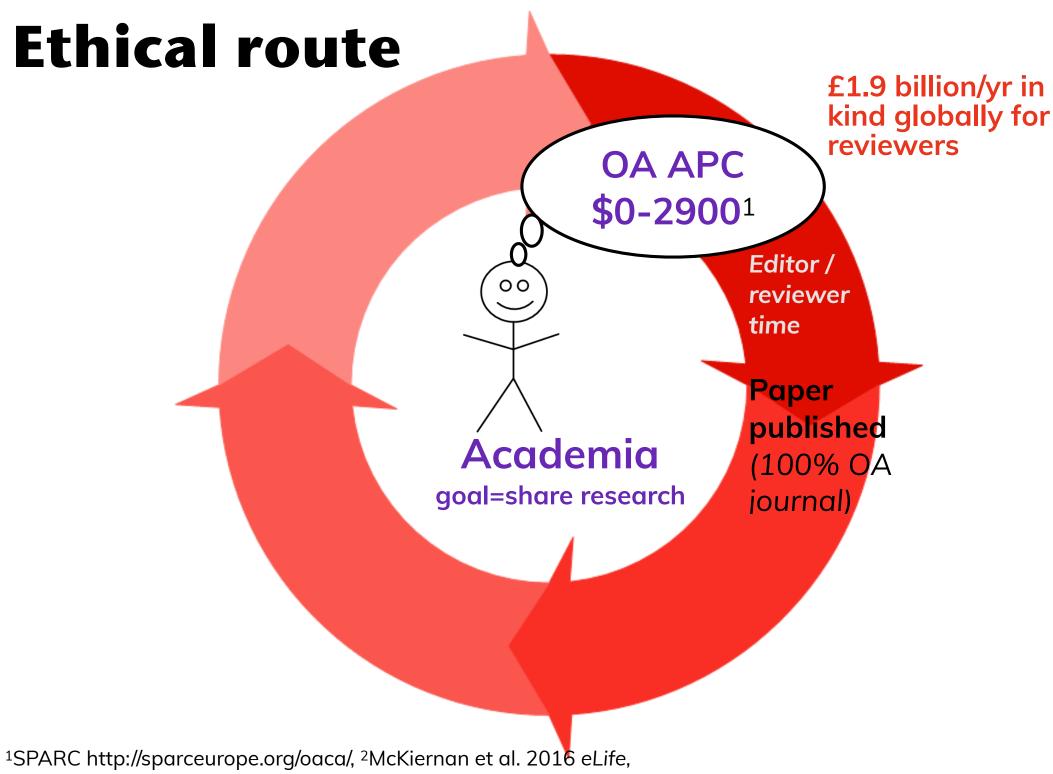


The ethical framework

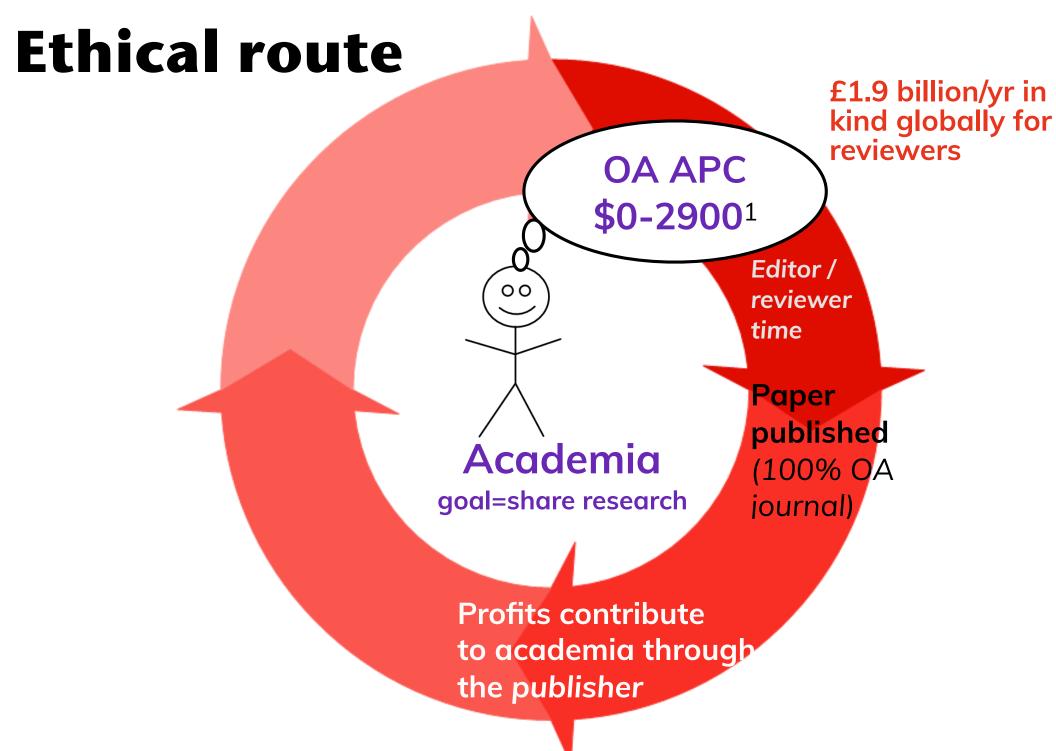
- 1) Researchers and publishers have a responsibility to the public to provide them with free access to publicly funded products, which are a common good^{1,2}
- 2) Publishers of research products have a responsibility to researchers to value the generation and packaging of knowledge³
- 3) Researchers have a responsibility to the public to conduct rigorous research because it will serve as the foundation for the advancement of discoveries, it provides the best value for money, and earns public trust⁴

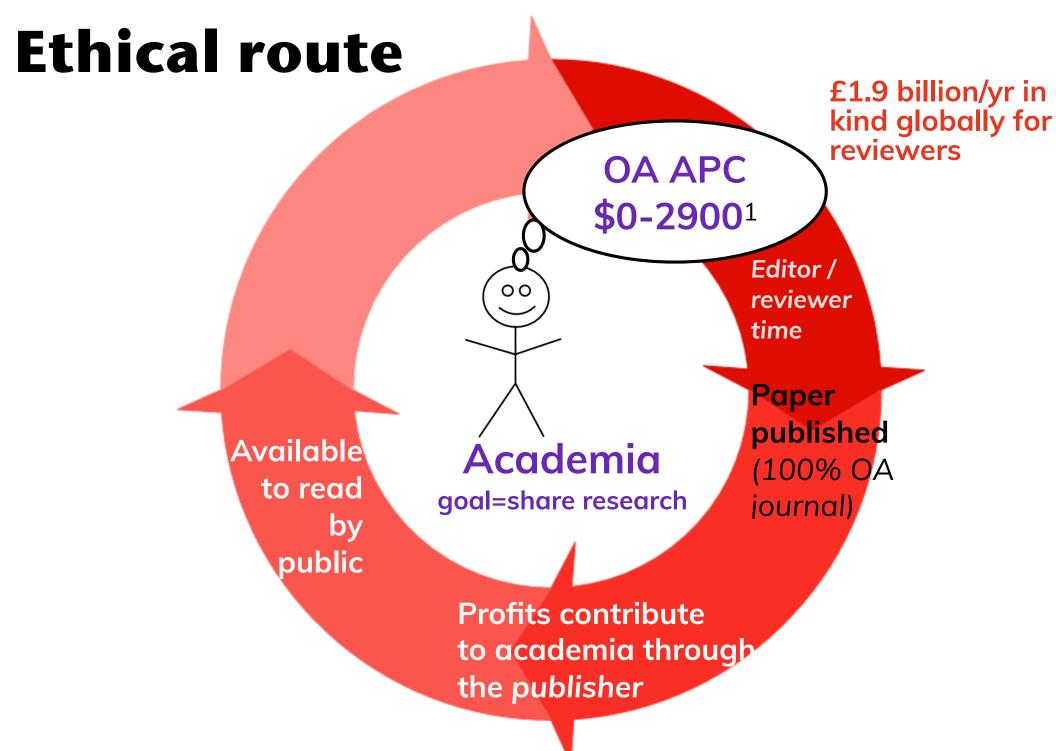
¹Stilgoe et al. 2013 Res Policy ²Woodward 1990 Library Trends ³Fuchs & Sandoval 2013 TripleC: Communication, Capitalism & Critique ⁴Nosek & Bar-Anan 2012 J Psych Inquiry Logan 2017 F1000Research

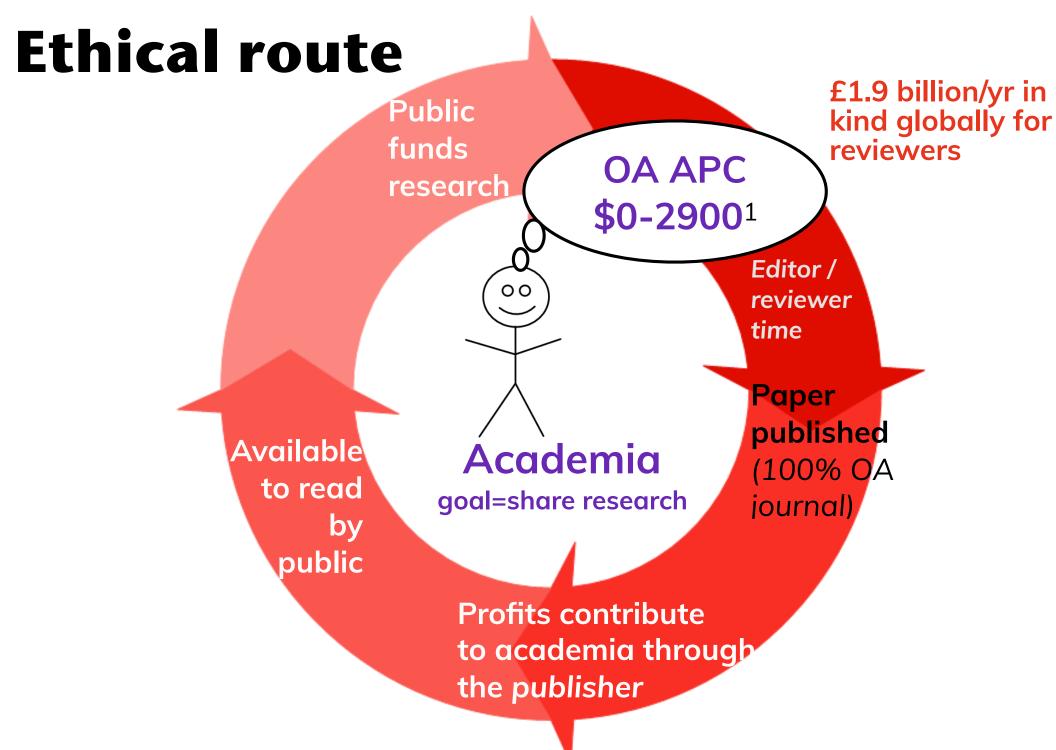


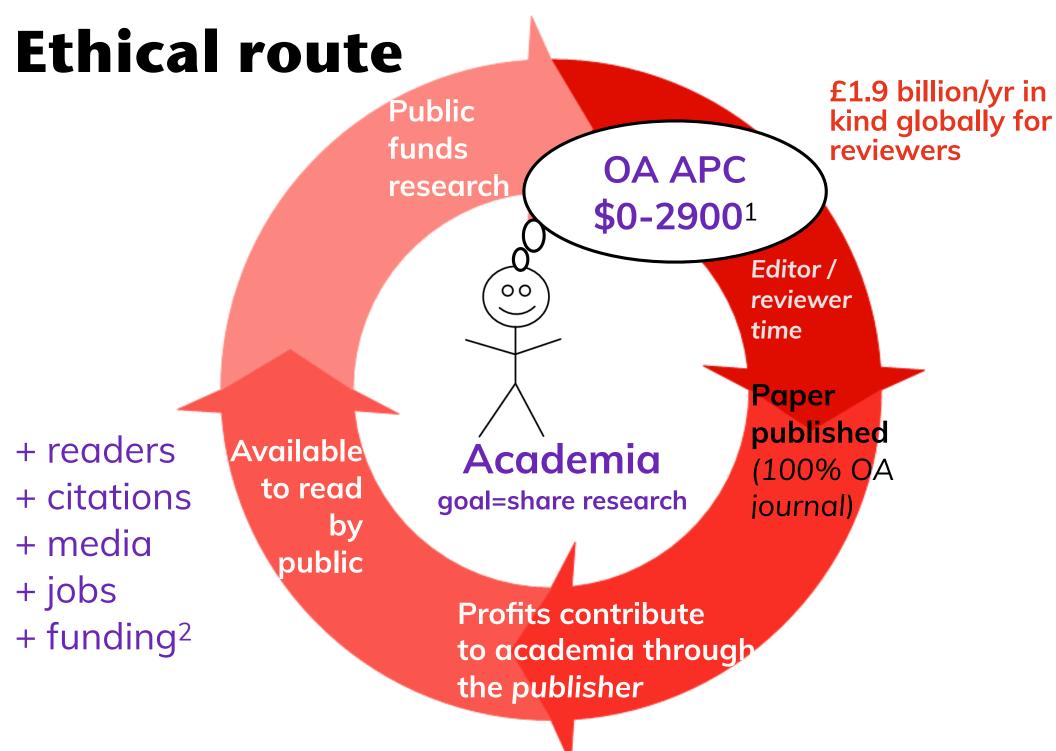


Tennant et al. 2016 F1000Research, Logan 2017 F1000Research









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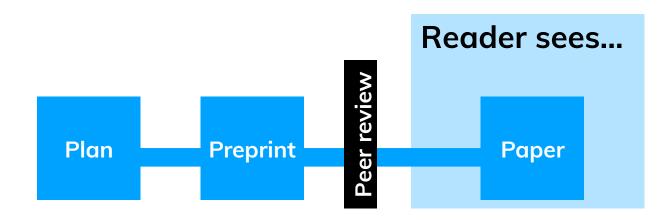
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Closed peer review = unverifiable

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Closed peer review prevents verifiability of the evaluation of the research process

- Prohibits quality control
- Reviews can be inadequate, biased, subjective
- Editors = key to high standards in research and ethics



I reviewed a paper, raised many issues, some insurmountable

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- I am mentioned in Acknowledgements

I control where I donate my reviewer/editor time

Reviewing Ethics

If I am invited to review a paper for a journal and/or publisher that is not aligned with my commitment to conducting rigorous science, I accept the review, write the below text in the Comments to the Authors section, and submit the review. I got this idea from the Peer Reviewers Openness Initiative and modified it to suit my particular ethics.

_ _ -

My goal is to ethically conduct and promote rigorous science. I avoid exploiting myself as a scientist, I facilitate equality and diversity by ensuring that no one is discriminated against when reading scientific literature I contribute to, and I keep funds in academia (see my <u>paper</u>, <u>presentation</u>, and <u>website</u> for background). I use the mechanism of transparency to achieve my goal so anyone can evaluate my contributions at every step of the process.

Therefore, I am only willing to review papers that:

- 1) are going to be published gold open access under a CC-BY license,
- 2) will publish the review history alongside the paper,
- 3) are submitted to a journal where 100% of the articles are open access, and
- 4) are submitted to a journal that is published by an academic non-profit organization, or a for-profit corporation that
- a) has low or no article processing charges, and/or b) heavily invests profits in academia, and/or c) are working to modernize publishing infrastructure for researchers

I am not willing to review this paper at this journal because criteria 2-4 are not met, and it is unclear whether criterion 1 is met.

Sincerely, Corina Logan Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology

http://www.corinalogan.com/ethics.html

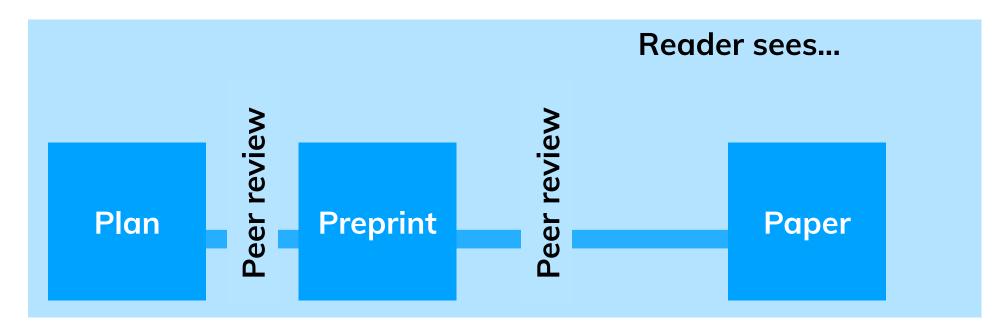
Peer review of preregistrations at PCI

Prevents wasting resources by improving research before it begins

"Flexible registered report"



Allows verification of research process and evaluation process



https://ecology.peercommunityin.org, slides for open peer review talk at JSM: https://osf.io/gwzh6/

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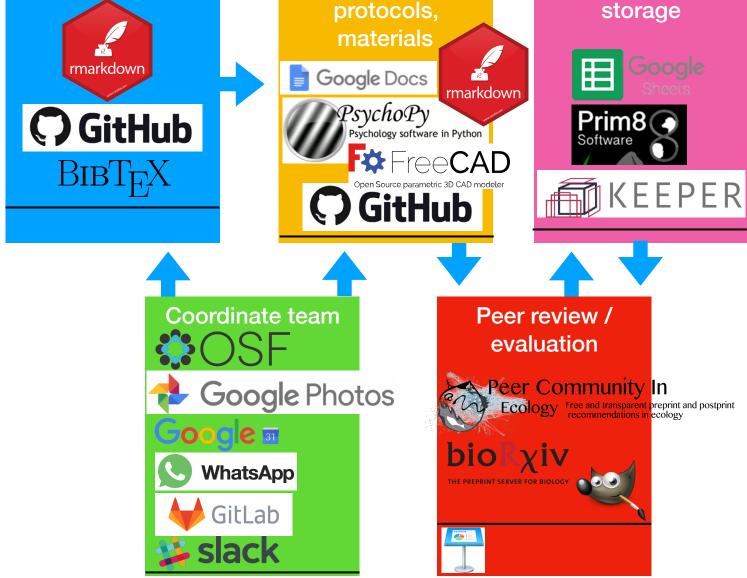
Making my research readable and verifiable = better & faster

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Making my research readable & verifiable saves time and increases its value

Data collection &



Research plan,

Ideas / Hypotheses

THE GRACKLE PROJECT

Above the line = open tool Below = not open

Open = free to use Most=free to use, all=free for public to read, some=open source

See GenR blog for a conversion of this work flow to all open source tools: https://genr.eu/wp/making-research-workflow-open-source/

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Incentivizing open, evaluating ability

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Barriers to knowledge generation

Only people like ourselves can access the knowledge we generate: English-speaking academics at wealthy institutions^{1,2}

This blocks progress in research and applications

Increasing diversity in research and researchers can help address this limitation³



Follow

Elsevier continues to be among the biggest barriers towards public access to research, preventing its use as a fundamental right for education & advancement of our society-#DemocratiseKnowledge bit.ly/2DAxW2n

¹Amano & Sutherland 2013 Proceedings B, ²Amano et al. 2016 PLOS Biology, ³diversityinacademia.strikingly.com, https://blogs.scientificamerican.com/voices/diversity-in-stem-what-it-is-and-why-it-matters/, https://twitter.com/marcandela77/status/1062278950607638528?s=09

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One way to increase diversity... https://opensciencemooc.eu



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OPEN ADVOCACY
OPEN EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES
PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT WITH SCIENCE
OPEN EVALUATION
OPEN ACCESS TO RESEARCH PAPERS
OPEN RESEARCH DATA
REPRODUCIBLE RESEARCH & DATA ANALYSIS
OPEN COLLABORATION
OPEN PRINCIPLES

¹Amano & Sutherland 2013 Proceedings B, ²Amano et al. 2016 PLOS Biology, ³diversityinacademia.strikingly.com, https://blogs.scientificamerican.com/voices/diversity-in-stem-what-it-is-and-why-it-matters/, https://twitter.com/marcandela77/status/1062278950607638528?s=09

Prestige = barrier to knowledge

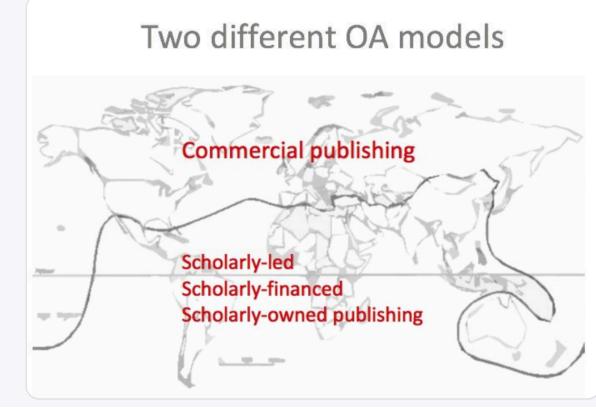
generation

Arianna Becerril @ariannabec · 25 May 2017

Two different models, hey latin people we're doing good in #OpenAccess

#OpenGlobalSouth #DangerousAPC amp.theguardian.com/higher-educati...

Open Global South conference 2017 UC Davis Library & UC Law¹





#OpenGlobalSouth Do we agree on "access"? i.e. Who gets to read (access to scholarship) v. who gets to publish (access to publishing system)

4:45 PM - 25 May 2017

¹https://livestream.com/UCDavis/OpenDigitalSouth2017/videos/157043119 https://twitter.com/ariannabec/status/867808894613020672 https://twitter.com/rach_scholcomm/status/867889362070941696

Incentivize open in adverts

Essential requirements in **job adverts**¹:

 require evidence/willingness to engage in open practices

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 require evidence/willingness to engage in open practices



Following

Chris Chambers (Cardiff) & Felix Schönbrodt (LMU)

Level 0 = no commitment to open research

Level 3 = only those with proven track record of open practices are interviewed/hired We're developing a scheme to promote #openscience in hiring policies.
@nicebread303 & I need your feedback please!

Practices: Modular Certification Initiative

**One recognition to control and cost of control and cost of cos

Open Hiring Policy - Modular Certification Initiative

Open Hiring Practices: Modular Certification Initiative Summary and aims: One potentially powerful way to normalise open scientific practices is to explicitly value them in hiring policies ...

docs.google.com

twitter.com/chrisdc77/status/871733428433104897, ¹osf.io/afwre/ & jobs.zeit.de/jobs/muenchen_professur_w3_fuer_sozialpsychologie_121431.html

Evaluate ability, not privilege

Essential requirements in **job adverts**:

- assess research quality directly (DORA¹)
- must be good role models for groups traditionally underrepresented in STEM

...because **metrics** can be gamed and are more a **sign of privilege** than quality

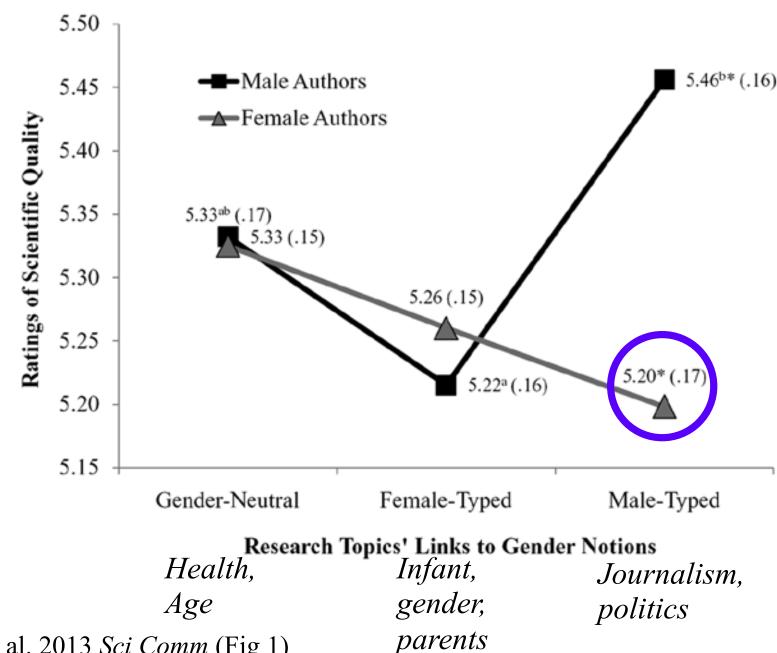
For example, women are less likely to be first authors of papers in journals with high impact factors², thus men are more likely to have a "good" CV, but only

because of implicit biases

Implicit biases block assessment of quality: Women's research rated lower quality

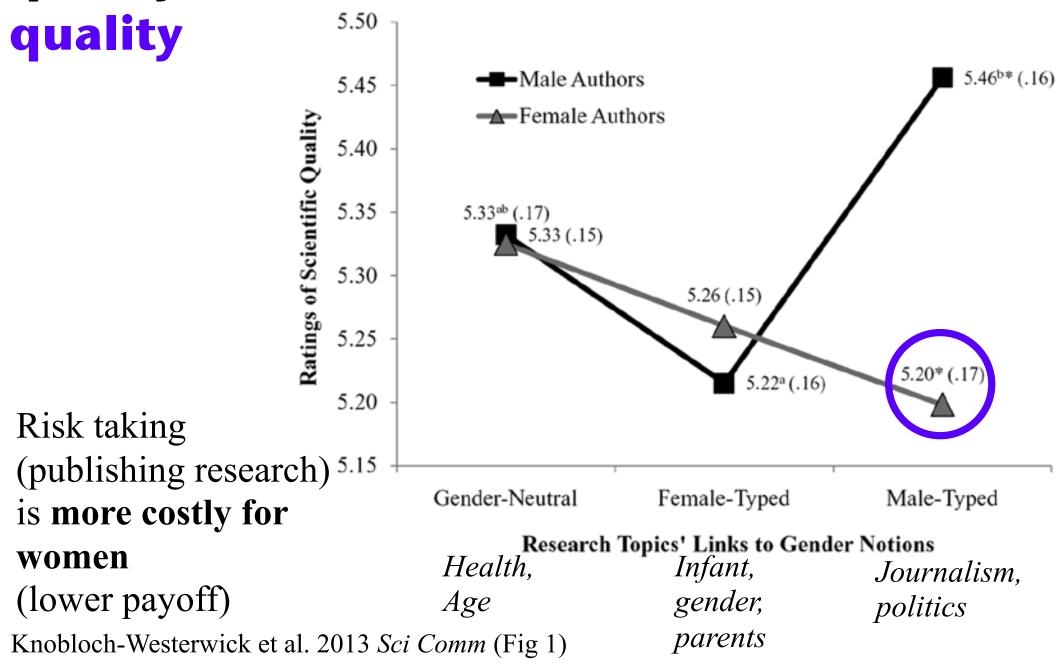
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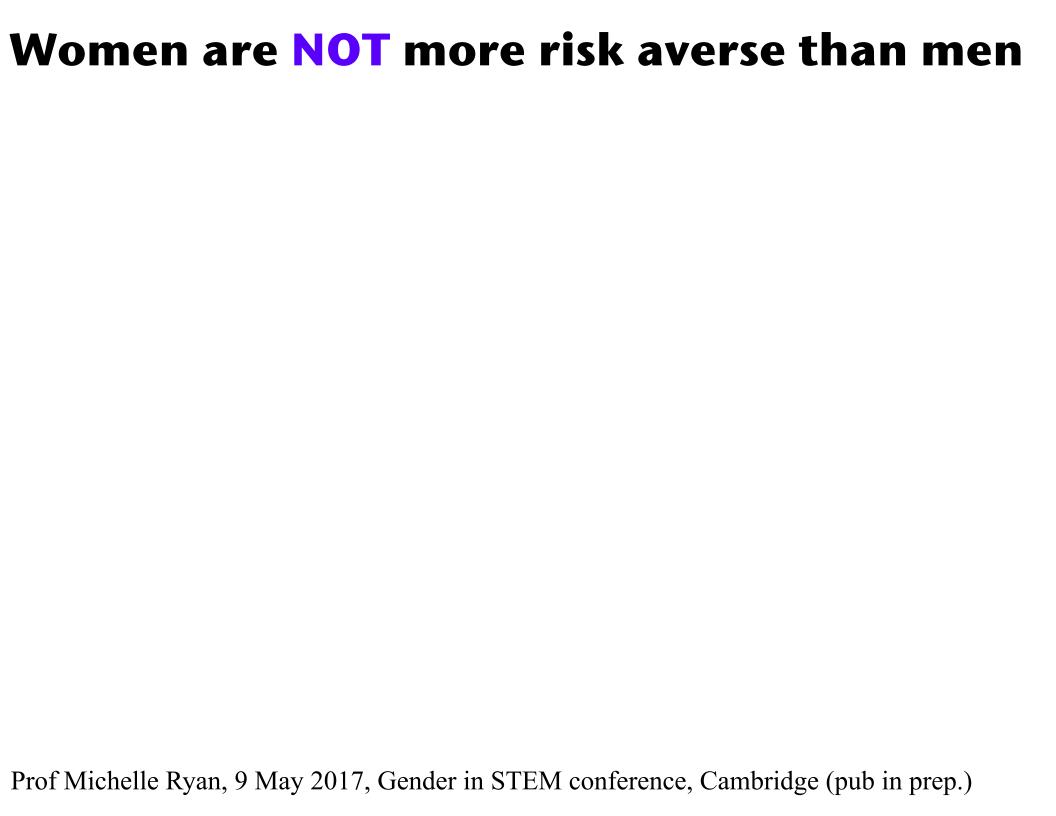
quality



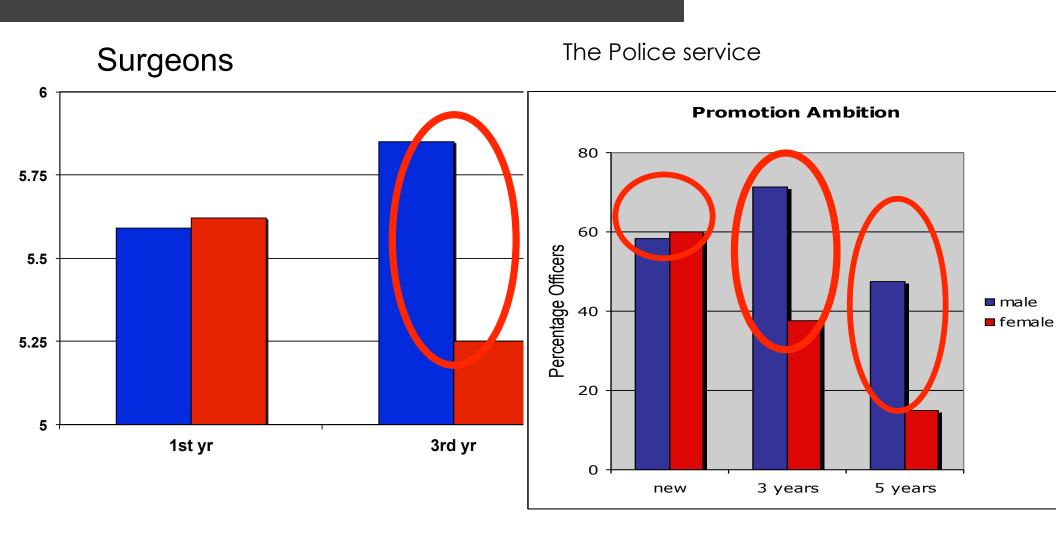
Knobloch-Westerwick et al. 2013 Sci Comm (Fig 1)

Implicit biases block assessment of quality: Women's research rated lower





Differences in Ambition?



Prof Michelle Ryan, 9 May 2017, Gender in STEM conference, Cambridge (pub in prep.)

Women are less likely to take risks

(apply, interview, do research, ask for promotion, etc.) because they are less likely to receive a reward for such efforts

Women are less likely to take risks

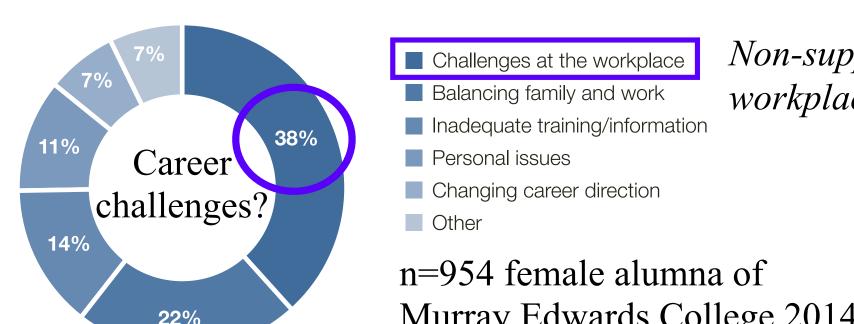
(apply, interview, do research, ask for promotion, etc.) because they are less likely to receive a reward for such efforts

"the underrepresentation of women at the top in terms of voluntary decisions not to pursue leadership may be a **strategic response** to discrimination" (Ryan et al. 2007 *Soc Pers Psych Compass*, p. 267)

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Non-supportive workplace culture

Murray Edwards College 2014

Prof Michelle Ryan (in prep.); Murray Edwards murrayedwards.cam.ac.uk/sites/default/files/files/ Women%20Today%20Women%20Tomorrow%20Survey%20Report.pdf

Prestige blocks knowledge generation: Tackling implicit biases

- Discover your implicit biases: https://implicit.harvard.edu
- Gender language calculator
 http://gender-decoder.katmatfield.com/about, use "they"
- Recruit via groups that support URMs
- Consider background of person behind the CV: do they have enough privilege to access opportunities considered "good"?
- Consider the evidence before judging a top woman harshly
- Ensure 50% female speakers + other URMs in seminars/conferences (need to see role models). ALWAYS well qualified women - stop and think

Is science only for the rich?

Around the world, poverty and social background remain huge barriers in scientific careers

21 September 2016



#Prestige=subjectivly defined by the privileged. No wonder only privileged have it. Prestige=bad 4 science & bad 4 non-privileged scientists

WhoseKnowledge? @WhoseKnowledge

Latin America has most #openaccess journals. >1000 journals in @RedeSciELO network. Have to prove credibility daily #OpenGlobalSouth

Request a woman scientist 500womenscientists.org



A "good" CV is more an indicator of prestige and access to opportunity

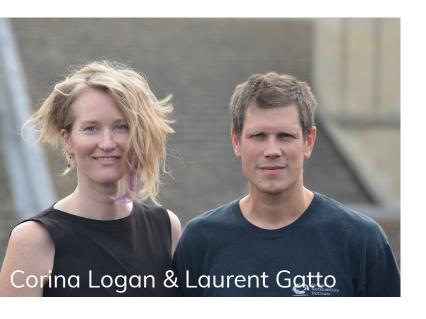
I have argued research value increases when...

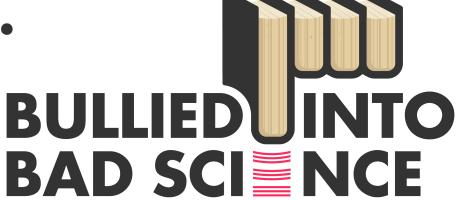
- It is readable, understandable, and verifiable.
 The massive amounts of money paid to publishers
 a barrier to researchers, academia, and the public
- Anyone can generate and disseminate it, regardless of wealth, access to opportunity, perception of prestige, and evaluator implicit biases

We can stop exploiting and discriminating now because...

- ethical open options exist
- we can address our implicit biases

We won't be...





Leading individuals and institutions in adopting open practices to improve research rigor

ECRs often feel pressured into taking actions **against our ethics** to pursue an academic career (e.g., publishing in particular journals)

ECRs: Sign the petition to help us change academic culture

Non-ECRs: Join the list of **supporters** by valuing open practices, especially when making decisions about hiring, promotion, and grants

www.BulliedIntoBadScience.org | Twitter: #BulliedIntoBadScience Slides CC-BY-SA 4.0 at https://osf.io/j5ngu/ | corina_logan@eva.mpg.de