

Dust Particle Tracking at Comet 67P/Churyumov-Gerasimenko

General Idea & Current Approach

Marius Pfeifer

MPI for Solar System Research

&

Astrophysics Department, University of Göttingen

07.10.2019



GEORG-AUGUST-UNIVERSITÄT
GÖTTINGEN



General Idea


Background



Figure 1: My SWT talk two weeks ago

General Idea

Background

Figure 2: 67P's active surface  landru79

General Idea

Background

Figure 3: Image sequence taken on Jan 6th, 2016 @ ~ 2 AU outbound

General Idea

Background

Figure 4: Modified image sequence

General Idea

Background

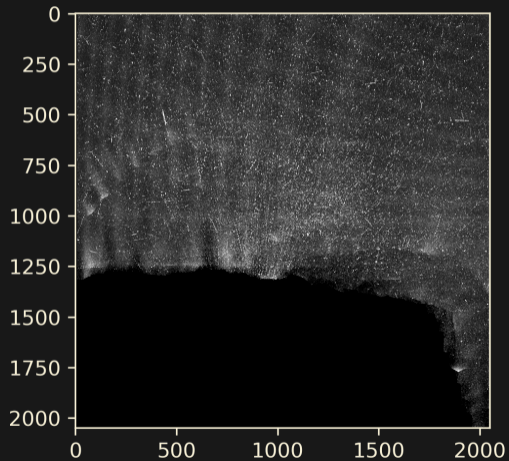


Figure 5: Stacked image sequence

General Idea

Background

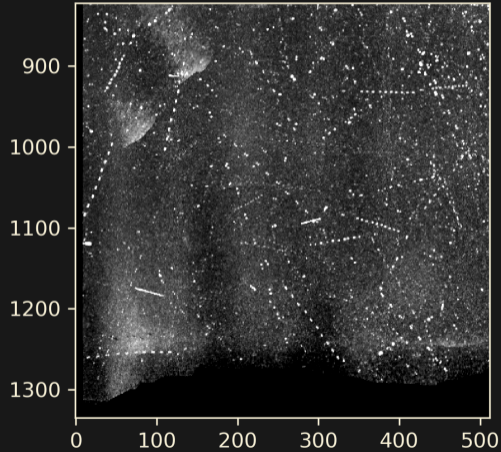


Figure 6: Zoomed-in area of stacked image sequence

General Idea

Previous work

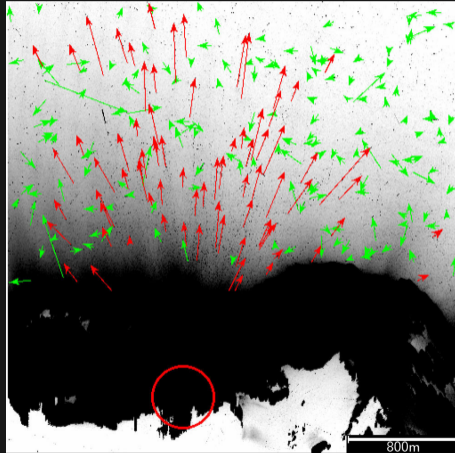


Figure 7: Manually tracked particles (Agarwal et al., 2016)

Step I: Particle Detection

Identifying point sources

Figure 8: Particle detection with SExtractor software

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Utilizing different time intervals

Step II: Particle Tracking

Preliminary results

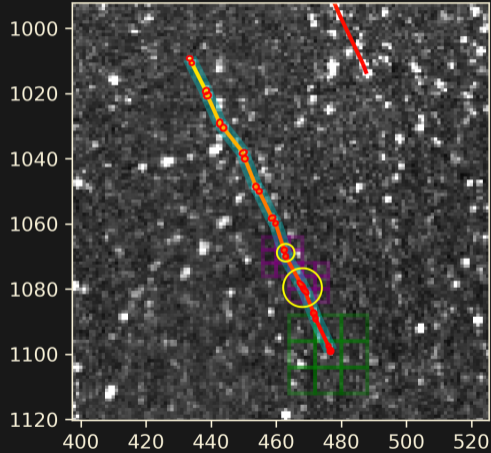


Figure 9: Single particle track

Step II: Particle Tracking

Introduction of lives

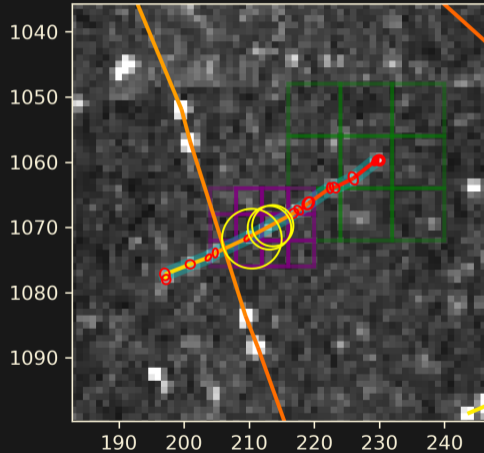


Figure 10: Particle track with missing detections

Step II: Particle Tracking

Introduction of lives

Step II: Particle Tracking

Introduction of lives

Step II: Particle Tracking

Introduction of lives

Step II: Particle Tracking

Preliminary results

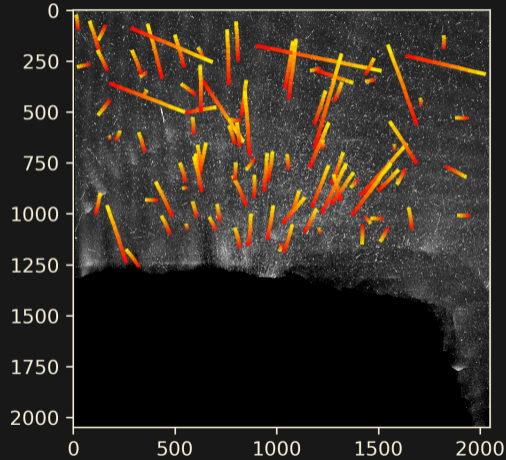


Figure 11: 'Good' particle tracks

Step II: Particle Tracking

Preliminary results

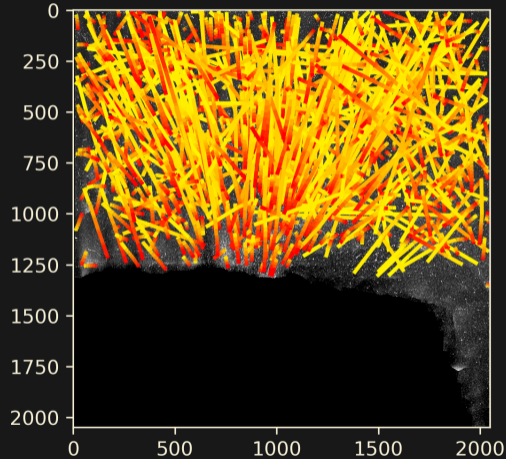


Figure 12: Particle tracks with up to 14 lives

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ **background stars**

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, **cosmic rays**

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, **wrongly connected** / **'stolen' detections**

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

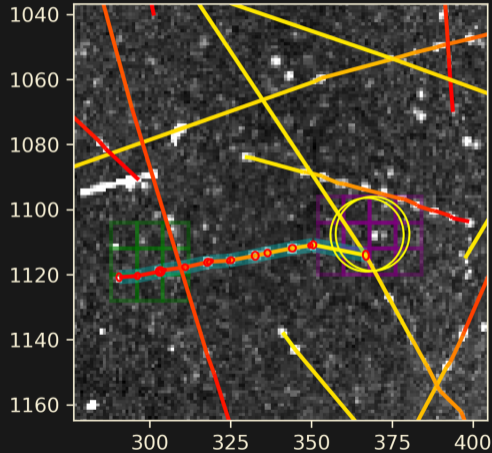


Figure 13: 'Stolen' detection from other track

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, wrongly connected / 'stolen' detections

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, wrongly connected / 'stolen' detections, **false & missing detections**

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, wrongly connected / 'stolen' detections, false & missing detections and **false positives**

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

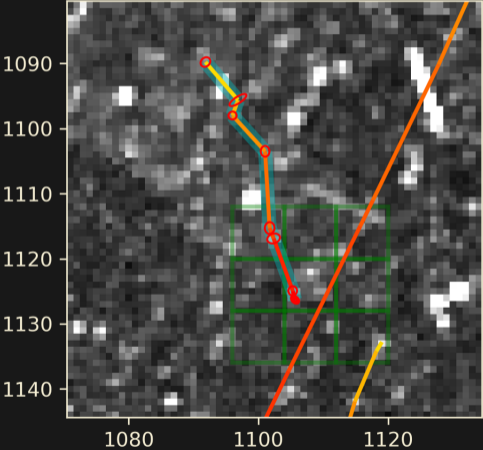


Figure 14: Track generated by noise

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, wrongly connected / 'stolen' detections, false & missing detections and false positives

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, wrongly connected / 'stolen' detections, false & missing detections and false positives

Validation:

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, wrongly connected / 'stolen' detections, false & missing detections and false positives

Validation:

- ▶ Run algorithm on simulated noise

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, wrongly connected / 'stolen' detections, false & missing detections and false positives

Validation:

- ▶ Run algorithm on simulated noise
- ▶ **Run algorithm on simulated data**

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

Sources of error:

- ▶ background stars, cosmic rays, wrongly connected / 'stolen' detections, false & missing detections and false positives

Validation:

- ▶ Run algorithm on simulated noise
- ▶ Run algorithm on simulated data
- ▶ **Evaluate choice of free parameters**

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

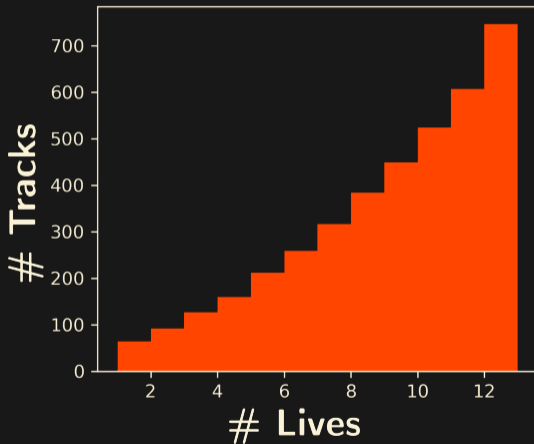


Figure 15: Evaluation of free parameters

Step II: Particle Tracking

Sources of error & validation

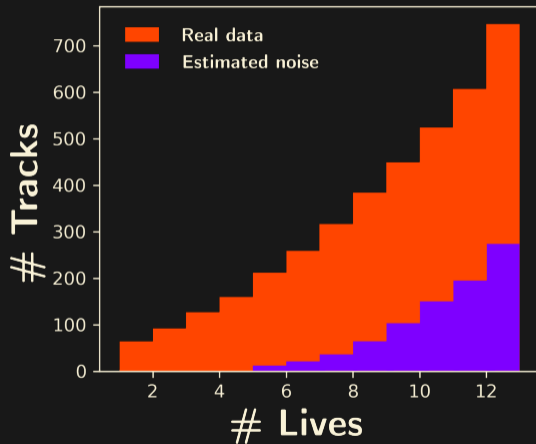


Figure 15: Evaluation of free parameters

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.

Step III: Data analysis

Statistical analysis

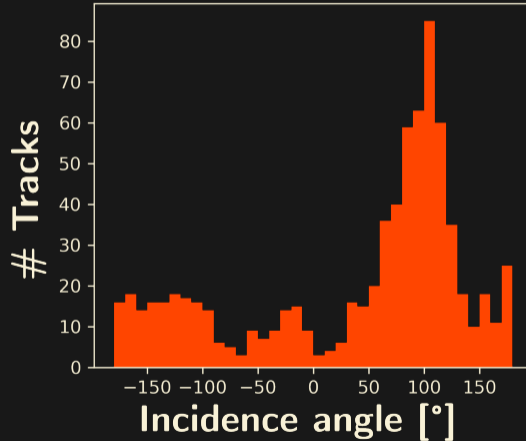


Figure 16: Statistical distribution of incidence angles

Step III: Data analysis

Statistical analysis

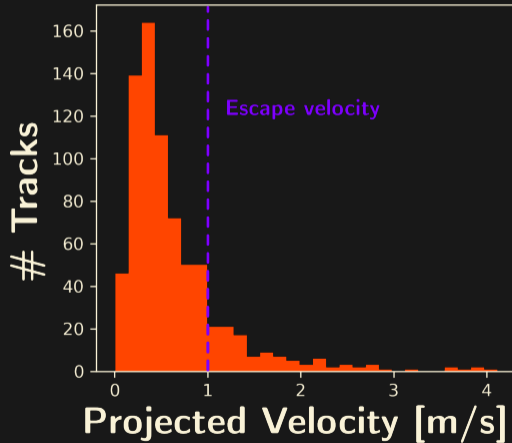


Figure 16: Statistical distribution of mean velocities

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.

Step III: Data analysis

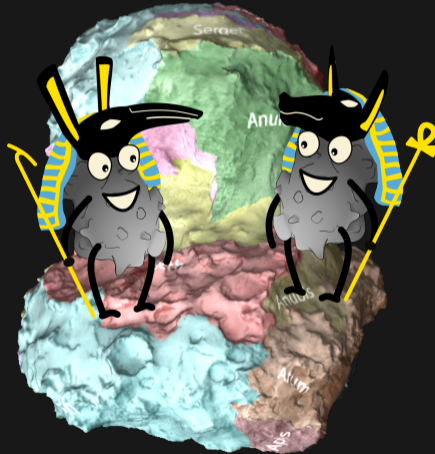
Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ **Place of origin**

Step III: Data analysis

Place of origin



Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin
- ▶ **Fall-back fraction**

Step III: Data analysis

Fall-back fraction

Figure 17: 'Snow fall' on 67P  landru79

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin
- ▶ Fall-back fraction

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin
- ▶ Fall-back fraction

Physical interpretation:

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin
- ▶ Fall-back fraction

Physical interpretation:

- ▶ **Change in direction & acceleration due to exposure to different gas jets**

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin
- ▶ Fall-back fraction

Physical interpretation:

- ▶ Change in direction & acceleration due to exposure to different gas jets
- ▶ **Recoil from asymmetric outgassing**

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin
- ▶ Fall-back fraction

Physical interpretation:

- ▶ Change in direction & acceleration due to exposure to different gas jets
- ▶ Recoil from asymmetric outgassing
- ▶ **Conditions during/for ejection**

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin
- ▶ Fall-back fraction

Physical interpretation:

- ▶ Change in direction & acceleration due to exposure to different gas jets
- ▶ Recoil from asymmetric outgassing
- ▶ Conditions during/for ejection
- ▶ **Significance for entire comet population**

Step III: Data analysis

Future work

Statistical analysis:

- ▶ Incidence angles, velocities, accelerations, etc.
- ▶ Place of origin
- ▶ Fall-back fraction

Physical interpretation:

- ▶ Change in direction & acceleration due to exposure to different gas jets
- ▶ Recoil from asymmetric outgassing
- ▶ Conditions during/for ejection
- ▶ Significance for entire comet population
- ▶ **!NEW! Rotational period !NEW!**

Step III: Data analysis

Rotational period

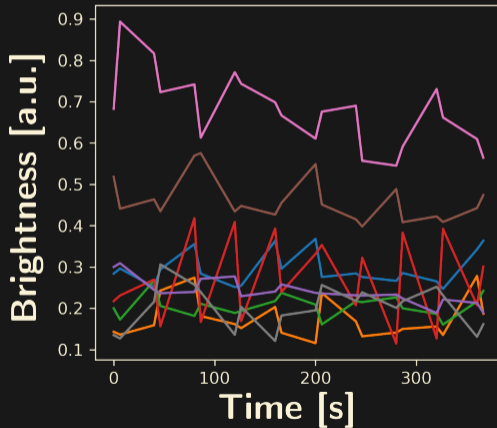


Figure 18: Brightness variations of a few tracks

Questions?



Bibliography I

AGARWAL, J., A'HEARN, M. F., VINCENT, J.-B., GÜTTLER, C., HÖFNER, S., SIERKS, H., TUBIANA, C., BARBIERI, C. ET AL. (2016) Acceleration of individual, decimetre-sized aggregates in the lower coma of comet 67P/Churyumov-Gerasimenko. MNRAS, **462**, S78–S88.

BRINDUSESCU, G. (2014) If the Star Wars Space Slug were a resident of Comet 67P. URL https://www.autoevolution.com/news/how-big-comet-67p-is-compared-to-stuff-we-know-photo-gallery-88853.html#agal_2.

ESA (2014) Comet over Darmstadt. URL http://www.esa.int/spaceinimages/Images/2014/11/Comet_over_Darmstadt.

ESA (2016a) Rosetta's journey around the comet. URL <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RnwwxZwUSCY>.

Bibliography II

ESA (2016b) Where is Rosetta. URL

http://sci.esa.int/where_is_rosetta/.

JOHNY (2014) How Big Is Rosettas Comet 67p? URL [https:](https://gadgetzz.com/2014/08/10/how-big-is-rosettas-comet-67p/)

[//gadgetzz.com/2014/08/10/how-big-is-rosettas-comet-67p/](https://gadgetzz.com/2014/08/10/how-big-is-rosettas-comet-67p/).