# **Online Appendix**

Lucio Baccaro, Björn Bremer, and Erik Neimanns **Is the Euro up for Grabs?** Evidence from a Survey Experiment.

MPIfG Discussion Paper 20/10.

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### Appendix A Further information about the survey

The survey was fielded by SWG, a leading Italian polling company. Fieldwork was completed during an eight-day period from 17 October to 24 October 2019. Overall, 4,257 respondents completed the survey.

Quotas were used to generate a representative sample with regard to age, gender, and sector of the respondents. Moreover, survey weights were generated and applied to enhance the representativeness of the sample on additional dimensions (region, education, party choice).

The entire questionnaire was designed to be completed in approximately fifteen minutes. Overall, 12,540 people were invited to participate in the survey. Three respondents did not agree to participate after accepting our invitation; 224 respondents failed an attention check by the survey company; and 1,036 respondents were screened out because they fell into a quota that was already full.

Respondents were randomly allocated into six experimental groups. All respondents were exposed to the basic scenario (included in the main text) and, depending on their experimental group, a combination of the following frames:

#### 1. National blame attribution (before the basic scenario):

The Italian government has decided to ignore the European fiscal rules and has allowed the public deficit to exceed the figure agreed with the European Commission. This has caused an increase in Italian public debt, already very high to begin with, and a downgrade of Italian bonds by rating agencies. As a consequence, now ...

#### 2 Foreign blame attribution (before the basic scenario):

The Italian government wants to rekindle growth and reduce unemployment and decides to increase the public deficit. However, the European Union, led by Germany and other northern countries, prevents it from doing so and launches an excessive deficit procedure against Italy, which causes the downgrade of Italian bonds by rating agencies. As a consequence, now ...

#### 3 Austerity mention (after the basic scenario):

... but only if the Italian government commits to implementing some policy changes. The measures that the Italian government needs to implement to receive the bailout package involve making it easier for companies to fire employees, cutting public expenditures (e.g., pension cuts, health care cuts, etc.), increasing taxes (both income taxes and value-added taxes), privatizing state assets, and introducing a haircut on savings in troubled banks.

Table A.1 Variable coding

Variable	Survey question	Operationalization
Benefited from euro	"Taking everything into account, would you say that you and your family have on balance benefited or not from Italy being a member of the European common currency, the euro?"	Continuous variable, 0–10; 0=Not benefited at all; 10=Benefited a lot
Exclusive national identity	Do you see yourself as: 1 Italian only; 2 Italian and European; 3 European and Italian; 4 European only; 5 None; 98 Refusal; 99 I don't know	Binary categorical variable; 1 coded as 1; 2 to 5 coded as 0; 98 and 99 coded as missing
Female	What is your gender? 1 Male; 2 Female; 3 Other; 98 Prefer not to say	Binary categorical variable 1 coded as 0; 2 coded as 1; 3 and 98 coded as missing
Age	What is your date of birth (dd/mm/yy)?	Three age groups generated (<30; >=30 & <60; >=60)
Education	What is your highest educational qualification?	Continuous variable based on a detailed list of Italian education levels according to the ISCED classification
Subjective income	Thinking of your household's total monthly or weekly income, is your household able to make ends meet, that is, pay your usual expenses easily or with difficulty?	Continuous variable, 0-10; 0=With great difficulty; 10=Very easily
Past vote	Which party did you vote for in the last European parliamentary election on 26 May 2019?	Categorical variable based on detailed list of Italian parties; Lega, PD and MS5 coded individually; all other parties as "Other party"; abstention, "I would prefer not to say" and "I don't remember" coded as "No party"
Export dependent (continuous)	To what extent does the enterprise/ organization for which you work depend on sales (exports) abroad?	Continuous variable, 1-5; 1=Very little or not at all; 5=Very much or entirely
Export depen- dent (dummy)	To what extent does the enterprise/ organization for which you work depend on sales (exports) abroad?	Binary categorical variable, 1=Very much or entirely; to a large extent (more than 50% of total sales); 0=all others
Economic left ideology	Factor of "economic left ideology" has the highest loadings for the items "The government should take measures to reduce differences in income levels" and "It should be the government's responsibility to provide a job for everyone who wants one".	Predicted values of a rotated principal component factor score of eight items on attitudes towards economic and social value issues; three resulting factors
Economic knowledge	1. What does the gross domestic product (GDP) measure? 2. What is an exchange rate? 3. Inflation is the term used to describe	The variable is coded as the sum of correct answers to three knowledge questions. Four response options were given for each question.
Assets (savings)	Do you or a member of your household own any of the following (please select all that apply)? [list of six types of assets given] Savings (in a bank account)	Binary variable; coded as 1 if a respondent has savings; 0 otherwise
Assets (stocks or bonds)	Do you or a member of your household own any of the following (please select all that apply)? [list of six types of assets given] Stocks or bonds	Binary variable; coded as 1 if a respondent has stocks or bonds; 0 otherwise

Table A.1, continued

No assets	Do you or a member of your household own any of the following (please select all that apply)? [list of six types of assets given] My household does not own any of the above	Binary variable; coded as 1 if a respondent does not own any of the listed assets; 0 otherwise
Vulnerable labour market position	Do/did you have a work contract of [five response options given]	Binary variable; coded as 1 if a respondent has a work contract of limited duration, works part-time or via an agency, or has no work contract (and is employed); 0 otherwise
Unemployed	Which of these descriptions best describes your situation (in the last seven days)? [nine response options given]	Binary variable; coded as 1 if a respondent is a. unemployed and actively looking for a job; b. unemployed, wanting a job but not actively looking for a job; 0 otherwise

Table A.2 Summary statistics

	N	Mean	SD	Min.	Max.
Benefited from euro	4,257	4,257.01	3.78	3.08	0.00
Exclusive national identity	4,056	3,919.46	0.28	0.45	0.00
Female	4,243	4,241.95	0.52	0.50	0.00
Age Age < 30	4,249	4,251.42	0.15	0.35	0.00
Age>=30 & <60	4,249	4,251.42	0.51	0.50	0.00
Age>=60	4,249	4,251.42	0.34	0.47	0.00
Education	4,257	4,257.01	5.09	2.13	1.00
Subjective income	4,257	4,257.01	4.69	2.49	0.00
Past vote					
Lega	4,019	3,679.71	0.21	0.41	0.00
M5S	4,019	3,679.71	0.11	0.31	0.00
PD	4,019	3,679.71	0.14	0.35	0.00
Other party	4,019	3,679.71	0.16	0.37	0.00
No party	4,019	3,679.71	0.37	0.48	0.00
Export dependent (continuous)	3,859	3,894.85	1.57	1.11	1.00
Export dependent (dummy)	3,859	3,894.85	0.17	0.38	0.00
Economic left ideology	3,636	3,506.92	0.03	1.02	-3.99
Economic knowledge	4,257	4,257.01	1.78	1.09	0.00
Assets (savings)	4,257	4,257.01	0.43	0.49	0.00
Assets (stocks or bonds)	4,257	4,257.01	0.12	0.32	0.00
No assets	4,257	4,257.01	0.15	0.36	0.00
Vulnerable labour market position	4,239	4,228.78	0.15	0.36	0.00
Unemployed	4,231	4,206.62	0.16	0.37	0.00

#### Appendix B Regression tables corresponding to figures in main text

Table B.1 Multinomial probit regression results underlying Figures 2 and 3

	(1	1)	(2	)
	Refere	endum	Refere	ndum
	Exit	Don't know	Exit	Don't know
austerity=1	0.850*** (5.84)	0.504** (2.97)	1.061*** (6.07)	0.596** (3.25)
austerity=1 # govblame=1	-0.283 (-1.40)	0.0375 (0.16)	-0.364 (-1.55)	0.00331 (0.01)
govblame=1	0.124 (0.87)	0.221 (1.24)	0.201 (1.23)	0.253 (1.37)
austerity=1 # foreignblame=1	-0.0863 (-0.43)	-0.122 (-0.51)	-0.111 (-0.47)	-0.143 (-0.58)
foreignblame = 1	-0.0182 (-0.13)	0.264 (1.51)	0.0242 (0.14)	0.297 (1.65)
Benefited from euro			-0.286*** (-13.57)	-0.112*** (-5.98)
National identity=1			1.116*** (9.59)	0.706*** (5.19)
Female			-0.194* (-2.04)	0.127 (1.25)
>=30 & <60 years			0.485*** (3.31)	0.195 (1.24)
>=60 years			0.217 (1.36)	0.0840 (0.51)
Education			-0.0576** (-2.69)	-0.0457* (-2.12)
Subjective income			-0.0292 (-1.28)	-0.0237 (-1.01)
Constant	-0.553*** (-5.30)	-0.970*** (-7.68)	0.246 (0.94)	-0.532 (-1.87)
Observations	3,8	377	3,877	
F	9.2	28	18.	17

*t* statistics in parentheses \* p<0.05, \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\* p<0.001

Multinomial probit regression results underlying Figure 4 and Appendix Figures C.5 and C.6 Table B.2

	(	1)	(2	2)	(3	3)
	Refer	endum	Refere	endum	Referendum	
	Exit	Don't know	Exit	Don't know	Exit	Don't know
austerity=1	1.097***	0.399*	0.992***	0.688***	0.816**	0.274
	(6.69)	(2.24)	(9.08)	(6.35)	(3.26)	(1.11)
Benefited from euro	-0.236***	-0.121***	-0.271***	-0.0933***	-0.272***	-0.0949***
	(-9.06)	(-4.67)	(-13.75)	(-5.20)	(-13.77)	(-5.30)
austerity=1 # Benefited from euro	-0.0619 (-1.64)	0.0464 (1.37)				
National identity=1	1.162***	0.665***	1.316***	0.921***	1.155***	0.675***
	(10.03)	(5.07)	(8.22)	(5.23)	(10.02)	(5.17)
<30 years	-0.444**	-0.110	-0.450**	-0.122	-0.442**	-0.111
	(-3.21)	(-0.77)	(-3.22)	(-0.84)	(-3.17)	(-0.77)
>=60 years	-0.270*	–0.157	-0.263*	-0.157	-0.265*	-0.156
	(-2.48)	(–1.42)	(-2.44)	(-1.42)	(-2.44)	(-1.40)
Education	-0.0478*	-0.0401	-0.0479*	-0.0412*	-0.0561	-0.0710*
	(-2.26)	(-1.92)	(-2.25)	(-1.97)	(-1.78)	(-2.41)
Subjective income	-0.0101	-0.0268	-0.0128	-0.0277	-0.0116	-0.0261
	(-0.46)	(-1.21)	(-0.59)	(-1.26)	(-0.53)	(-1.18)
austerity=1 # National identity=1			-0.360 (-1.63)	-0.531* (-2.18)		
austerity=1 # Education					0.0197 (0.48)	0.0584 (1.46)
Constant	0.401*	0.0253	0.473**	-0.121	0.551*	0.0867
	(2.14)	(0.12)	(2.59)	(-0.62)	(2.43)	(0.39)
Observations	4,05	56	4,056		4,056	
F	28.8	39	29.2	2	27.9	9

*t* statistics in parentheses \* p<0.05, \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\* p<0.001

## Appendix C Additional empirical results

Determinants of interest and identity; average marginal effects based on OLS (M1) and probit (M2) regressions Table C.1

	(1)	(2)
Female	-0.122 (-1.01)	0.0617** (3.14)
>=30 & <60 years (Ref: <30 years)	-0.946*** (-5.06)	0.0505 (1.43)
>=60 years (Ref: <30 years)	-1.025*** (-5.29)	-0.0332 (-0.92)
Education	0.00785 (0.28)	-0.0283*** (-6.33)
Subjective income	0.278*** (9.63)	-0.0234*** (-5.60)
M5S (Ref: Lega)	0.831*** (5.46)	-0.219*** (-8.25)
PD (Ref: Lega)	3.208*** (23.10)	-0.386*** (-16.81)
Other party (Ref: Lega)	1.401*** (8.61)	-0.186*** (-6.51)
No party (Ref: Lega)	1.058*** (6.06)	-0.222*** (-7.40)
Observations	4,001	3,842

*t* statistics in parentheses \* p<0.05, \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\* p<0.001

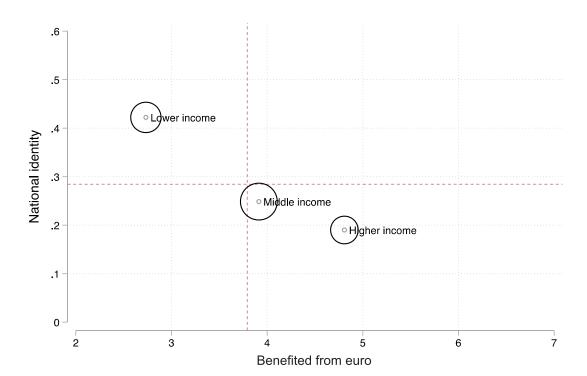
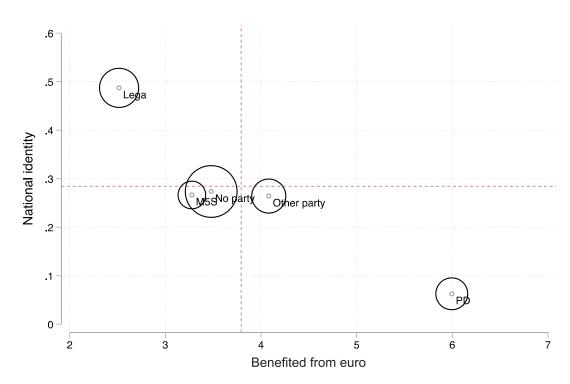


Figure C.1 Self-interest and identity by households' ability to make ends meet

Note: The horizontal and vertical lines denote sample average preferences and the size of the circles indicates the relative group size. To measure households' ability to make ends meet (subjective income), respondents were asked the following question: "Thinking of your household's total monthly or weekly income, is your household able to make ends meet, that is, pay your usual expenses easily or with difficulty?" The lower-income group includes the response categories 0 to 3 on a 0 to 10 scale (30 percent of respondents), middle income includes categories 4 to 6 (45 percent), and higher income includes categories 7 to 10 (25 percent). Using objective income groups or a continuous operationalization of income reveals a highly similar pattern. See Table C.1 below for corresponding regression results.

Figure C.2 Self-interest and identity by past vote in the 2019 European election



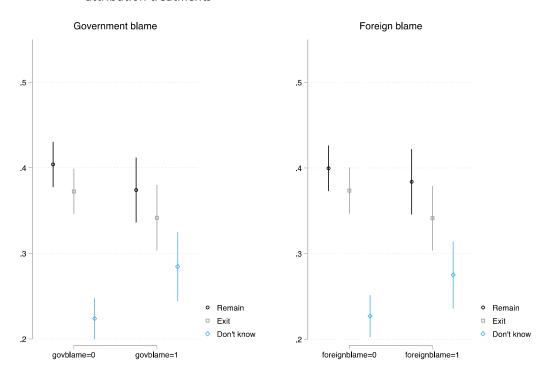
Note: The horizontal and vertical lines denote sample average preferences and the size of the circles indicates the relative group size. See Table C.1 below for corresponding regression results.

Gov. blame + austerity Foreign blame + austerity Austerity Gov. blame Foreign blame Remain (51.40%) Control Exit (30.42%) Don't know (18.18%) Ó 20 40 60 80 100 Percent

Figure C.3 Support for Italexit in a hypothetical referendum by experimental treatment

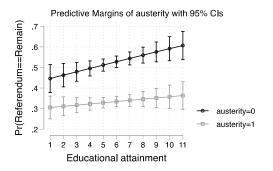
Note: Survey weights applied.

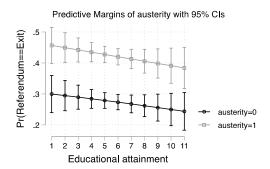
Figure C.4 Predicted voting probabilities in a hypothetical Italexit referendum by blame attribution treatments

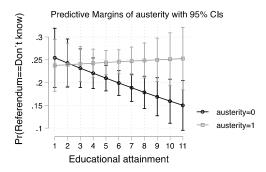


Note: Predicted probabilities of voting in a hypothetical referendum based on multinomial probit models presented in Table B.1 in the appendix.

Figure C.5 Heterogeneous austerity treatment effects for educational attainment

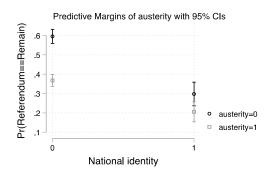


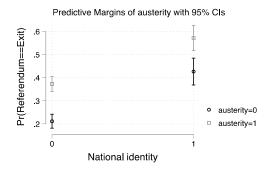


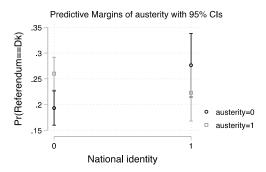


Note: Predicted probabilities of voting in a hypothetical referendum based on multinomial probit models presented in Table B.2 in the appendix.

Figure C.6 Heterogeneous austerity treatment effects for national identity

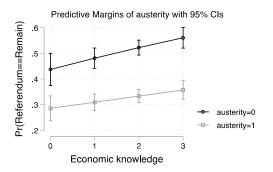


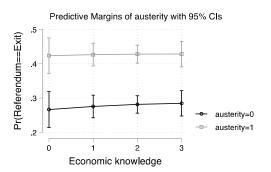


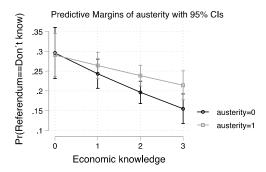


Note: Predicted probabilities of voting in a hypothetical referendum based on multinomial probit models presented in Table B.2 in the appendix.

Figure C.7 Heterogeneous austerity treatment effects for economic knowledge







Note: Predicted probabilities of voting in a hypothetical referendum based on multinomial probit models presented in Table B.2 in the appendix, adding economic knowledge and its interaction with the austerity treatment.

### Appendix D Robustness tests

Table D.1 Replicating Table 2 (Models 1 to 3) and Table 3 (Models 4 to 6) including the full sample and controlling for treatment

		(1)		,	(2)	,		(3)	
	Remain	Exit	Don't know	Remain	Exit	Don't know	Remain	Exit	Don't know
Benefited from euro	0.0539*** (19.69)	-0.0645** (-23.73)	* 0.0105*** (3.65)				0.0464*** (14.93)	-0.0528*** (-17.08)	0.00641* (1.97)
National identity	, ,	, ,	, ,	-0.351*** (-17.48)	0.355*** (14.92)	-0.00366 (-0.16)	-0.243*** (-10.17)	-	0.0290 (1.14)
Female									
Age>=30 & Ref: Age < 3									
Age>=60									
Education									
Subjective income M5S Ref: Lega									
PD									
Other party									
No party									
Observation	s	4,257			4,056			4,056	

Table D.1, continued

	(4)			(5)			(6)		
	Remain	Exit	Don't know	Remain	Exit	Don't know	Remain	Exit	Don't know
Benefited	0.0444***	-0.0512***	* 0.00681*	0.0417***	-0.0463***	0.00461			
from euro	(13.98)	(-16.21)	(2.09)	(12.39)	(-13.81)	(1.40)			
National	-0.228***	0.208***	0.0194	-0.218***	0.175***	0.0428			
identity	(-9.16)	(8.42)	(0.76)	(-8.87)	(7.21)	(1.70)			
Female	-0.0155 (-0.80)	-0.0573** (-3.13)	0.0728*** (3.78)	0.0194 (1.03)	-0.0596** (-3.21)	0.0402* (2.20)	-0.00344 (-0.17)	-0.0218 (-1.09)	0.0252 (1.35)
Age>=30 &<60 Ref: Age<30	-0.0718* (-2.46)	0.0858** (3.07)	-0.0139 (-0.44)	-0.0771** (-2.58)	0.0565 (1.94)	0.0206 (0.73)	-0.123*** (-3.84)	0.103*** (3.38)	0.0194 (0.67)
Age>=60	-0.0141 (-0.45)	0.0446 (1.49)	-0.0305 (-0.93)	-0.0499 (-1.57)	0.0240 (0.77)	0.0259 (0.85)	-0.0802* (-2.40)	0.0603 (1.88)	0.0199 (0.64)
Education	0.0113** (2.64)	-0.00769 (-1.85)	-0.00361 (-0.88)	0.00560 (1.31)	-0.00447 (-1.06)	-0.00113 (-0.29)	0.0120** (2.68)	-0.00739 (-1.66)	-0.00460 (-1.15)
Subjective income				0.00757 (1.72)	-0.00731 (-1.73)	-0.000260 (-0.06)	0.0250*** (5.90)	-0.0259*** (-6.23)	0.000871 (0.22)
M5S Ref: Lega				0.0340 (1.25)	-0.0246 (-0.94)	-0.00943 (-0.44)	0.107*** (4.12)	-0.116*** (-4.19)	0.00877 (0.43)
PD				0.247*** (8.56)	-0.252*** (-9.07)	0.00513 (0.21)	0.474*** (19.92)	-0.470*** (-20.74)	-0.00398 (-0.21)
Other party				0.0723** (2.67)	-0.0787** (-2.95)	0.00641 (0.28)	0.174*** (6.41)	-0.195*** (-6.79)	0.0210 (0.98)
No party				0.0430 (1.45)	-0.149*** (-5.28)	0.106*** (3.74)	0.106*** (3.64)	-0.242*** (-8.17)	0.137*** (5.11)
Observations		4,036			3,842			4,001	

*t* statistics in parentheses \* p<0.05, \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\* p<0.001

Table D.2 Replicating Tables 2 and 3 using multinomial logistic regression models

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Benefited from euro						
Remain	0.0548*** (7.02)		0.0386*** (4.40)	0.0371*** (4.19)	0.0412*** (5.27)	
Exit	-0.0639*** (-9.09)		-0.0447*** (-5.69)	-0.0459*** (-5.85)	-0.0389*** (-5.21)	
Don't know	0.00909 (1.36)		0.00611 (0.78)	0.00881 (1.13)	-0.00230 (-0.32)	
lational identity						
Remain		-0.450*** (-8.36)	-0.352*** (-5.11)	-0.340*** (-4.65)	-0.299*** (-4.31)	
Exit		0.418*** (7.23)	0.282*** (4.21)	0.263*** (4.08)	0.256*** (3.77)	
Don't know		0.0321 (0.64)	0.0706 (1.16)	0.0770 (1.20)	0.0429 (0.79)	
emale						
Remain				0.0189 (0.37)	0.0476 (0.96)	0.00543 (0.10)
Exit				-0.110** (-2.66)	-0.0898* (-2.15)	-0.0459 (-0.95)
Don't know				0.0915* (2.02)	0.0421 (0.94)	0.0405 (0.91)
=30 & <60 years (Ref: <30 years)						
Remain				-0.133 (-1.58)	-0.226** (-2.94)	-0.202** (-2.63)
Exit				0.115 (1.64)	0.100 (1.48)	0.0543 (0.73)
Don't know				0.0185 (0.28)	0.126** (2.72)	0.147*** (3.79)
= 60 years (Ref: < 30 years)						
Remain				-0.0667 (-0.77)	-0.147 (-1.90)	-0.104 (-1.29)
Exit				0.0554 (0.78)	0.0414 (0.62)	-0.0185 (-0.25)
Don't know				0.0113 (0.16)	0.106* (2.10)	0.122* (2.53)
ducation						
Remain				0.00637 (0.60)	0.00349 (0.35)	0.0113 (0.98)
Exit				-0.00149 (-0.15)	-0.00130 (-0.13)	-0.0119 (-1.07)
Don't know				-0.00489 (-0.55)	-0.00219 (-0.25)	0.000598 (0.07)
ubjective income						
Remain					0.00884 (0.77)	0.0305** (2.63)
Exit					-0.00575 (-0.57)	-0.0243* (-2.35)
Don't know					-0.00310 (-0.33)	-0.00620 (-0.70)

Table D.2, continued

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
M5S (Ref: Lega)						
Remain					0.0433 (0.64)	0.101 (1.49)
Exit					0.0141 (0.23)	-0.0585 (-0.86)
Don't know					-0.0574 (-1.18)	-0.0425 (-0.92)
PD (Ref: Lega)						
Remain					0.207** (2.92)	0.472*** (7.90)
Exit					-0.121 (-1.70)	-0.384*** (-6.58)
Don't know					-0.0864 (-1.68)	-0.0875* (-2.14)
Other party (Ref: Le	ga)					
Remain					0.0183 (0.28)	0.173* (2.41)
Exit					0.00167 (0.02)	-0.169* (-2.32)
Don't know					-0.0200 (-0.36)	-0.00439 (-0.08)
No party (Ref: Lega)						
Remain					0.155* (2.15)	0.235** (3.07)
Exit					-0.157* (-2.53)	-0.265*** (-3.87)
Don't know					0.00259 (0.04)	0.0298 (0.50)
Observations	687	651	651	648	624	652

*t* statistics in parentheses \* p<0.05, \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\* p<0.001

Table D.3 Robustness models for Table 3; marginal effects after multinomial probit regressions; controlling for economic knowledge and economic left-right preferences

·			<b></b>	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Female				
Remain	-0.00833 (-0.16)	0.0231 (0.46)	0.0224 (0.39)	0.0617 (1.18)
Exit	−0.0773 (−1.58)	-0.105* (-2.52)	-0.0735 (-1.39)	-0.111* (-2.53)
Don't know	0.0856 (1.95)	0.0816 (1.84)	0.0511 (1.16)	0.0492 (1.11)
>=30 & <60 years (Ref: <30 years)				
Remain	-0.199* (-2.53)	-0.124 (-1.55)	-0.208* (-2.37)	-0.148 (-1.55)
Exit	0.132 (1.92)	0.0917 (1.35)	0.130 (1.64)	0.0989 (1.23)
Don't know	0.0670 (1.08)	0.0323 (0.52)	0.0779 (1.33)	0.0495 (0.73)
>=60 years (Ref: <30 years)				
Remain	-0.0474 (-0.55)	-0.0626 (-0.74)	-0.0189 (-0.20)	-0.0320 (-0.32)
Exit	0.00279 (0.04)	0.0260 (0.37)	-0.0240 (-0.30)	0.00714 (0.09)
Don't know	0.0446 (0.65)	0.0366 (0.55)	0.0429 (0.67)	0.0248 (0.36)
Education				
Remain	0.0257* (2.16)	0.00476 (0.44)	0.0310* (2.55)	0.00796 (0.73)
Exit	-0.0253* (-2.25)	-0.00296 (-0.30)	-0.0295* (-2.52)	-0.00525 (-0.54)
Don't know	-0.000363 (-0.04)	-0.00180 (-0.19)	-0.00149 (-0.18)	-0.00271 (-0.30)
Economic knowledge				
Remain	0.0451 (1.70)	0.0256 (1.01)		
Exit	-0.0166 (-0.69)	-0.000792 (-0.04)		
Don't know	-0.0285 (-1.33)	-0.0248 (-1.10)		
Benefited from euro				
Remain		0.0368*** (4.19)		0.0511*** (5.26)
Exit		-0.0451*** (-6.08)		-0.0471*** (-5.42)
Don't know		0.00830 (1.12)		-0.00400 (-0.53)

Table D.3, continued

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
National identity				
Remain		-0.338*** (-4.82)		-0.264*** (-3.44)
Exit		0.270*** (4.30)		0.276*** (3.87)
Don't know		0.0672 (1.12)		-0.0120 (-0.22)
Economic left ideology				
Remain			-0.00105 (-0.04)	0.00595 (0.23)
Exit			-0.0185 (-0.74)	-0.0338 (-1.58)
Don't know			0.0196 (0.86)	0.0278 (1.16)
Observations	683	648	589	565

*t* statistics in parentheses \* p<0.05, \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\* p<0.001

Table D.4 Robustness models for Table 3; marginal effects after multinomial probit regressions; controlling for export exposure, assets, and labour market vulnerability

				(continuous me			
M1	Export dep.	N=631	M2	Benefited from euro	National identity	Export dep.	N = 597
Remain	-0.00171 (-0.07)		Remain	0.0409*** -4.61	-0.350*** (-5.00)	-0.00725 (-0.31)	
Exit	0.00669 -0.32		Exit	-0.0500*** (-6.69)	0.287*** -4.43	0.0174 -0.98	
Don't know	-0.00498 (-0.22)		Don't know	0.00917 -1.2	0.0633 -1.03	-0.0102 (-0.44)	
			Export depe	endent (dummy)	)		
M3	Export dep.	N=631	M4	Benefited from euro	National identity	Export dep.	N = 597
Remain	-0.0116 (-0.16)		Remain	0.0409*** -4.63	-0.352*** (-5.04)	-0.0381 (-0.59)	
Exit	0.0247 -0.39		Exit	-0.0501*** (-6.73)	0.289*** -4.48	0.0659 -1.3	
Don't know	-0.013 (-0.22)		Don't know	0.00923 -1.2	0.0632 -1.03	-0.0278 (-0.46)	
			Asset	ts: savings			
M5	Assets	N=683	M6	Benefited from euro	National identity	Assets	N=648
Remain	0.159** -3.08		Remain	0.0352*** -3.99	-0.334*** (-4.81)	0.0853 -1.68	
Exit	-0.0985* (-2.01)		Exit	-0.0446*** (-6.01)	0.268*** -4.26	-0.0371 (-0.86)	
Don't know	-0.0606 (-1.35)		Don't know	0.00943 -1.26	0.0661 -1.11	-0.0481 (-1.08)	
			Assets: st	ocks or bonds			
M7	Assets	N=683	M8	Benefited from euro	National identity	Assets	N=648
Remain	0.113 -1.5		Remain	0.0366*** -4.16	-0.339*** (-4.89)	0.0452 -0.68	
Exit	-0.0094 (-0.13)		Exit	-0.0455*** (-6.12)	0.273*** -4.38	0.0548 -0.85	
Don't know	-0.103 (-1.71)		Don't know	0.00887 -1.19	0.0653 -1.09	-0.0999 (-1.65)	
			Assets	: no assets			
M9	No assets	N=683	M10	Benefited from euro	National identity	No assets	N = 648
Remain	-0.244** (-3.16)		Remain	0.0360*** -4.18	-0.318*** (-4.64)	-0.194** (-2.60)	
Exit	0.107 -1.61		Exit	-0.0454*** (-6.13)	0.268*** -4.27	0.0517 -0.9	
Don't know	0.137* -2.38		Don't know	0.00936 -1.29	0.0502 -0.88	0.142* -2.35	

Table D.4, continued

		1	/ulnerable lab	our market posit	ion		
M11	Vulnerable	N = 680	M12	Benefited from euro	National identity	Vulnerable N=645	
Remain	-0.0994 (-1.18)		Remain	0.0372*** -4.21	-0.331*** (-4.79)	-0.139 (-1.86)	
Exit	0.0475 -0.64		Exit	-0.0460*** (-6.15)	0.262*** -4.25	0.0964 -1.69	
Don't know	0.052 -0.8		Don't know	0.0088 -1.16	0.0697 -1.14	0.043 -0.65	
			Une	mployed			
M13	Unemployed	N=675	M14	Benefited from euro	National identity	Unemployed N=644	
Remain	-0.0248 (-0.29)		Remain	0.0369*** -4.15	-0.356*** (-5.24)	0.0939 -1.23	
Exit	0.0801 -1.11		Exit	-0.0441*** (-5.99)	0.280*** -4.48	-0.0125 (-0.21)	
Don't know	-0.0553 (-0.90)		Don't know	0.00714 -0.93	0.0763 -1.27	-0.0813 (-1.29)	

t statistics in parentheses \* p<0.05, \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\* p<0.001 Note: All models control for gender, age, and education.

Benefited from Euro
National identity=1

Female

>=30 & <60 years

>=60 years

Education

Subjective income

M5S

PD

Other party

No party

o full\_weights
simple\_weights
no\_weights

Figure D.1 Replicating Table 3, Model 5 with full, simple, and no weights

Note: Probit coefficients and 95 percent confidence intervals. Only control group included.

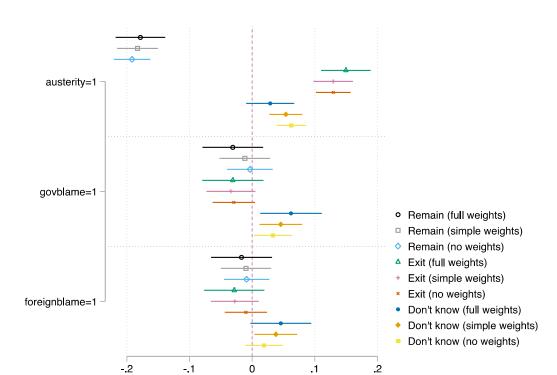


Figure D.2 Replicating Figure 2 with full, simple, and no weights

Note: Marginal effects and 95 percent confidence intervals.

govblame=1

o Remain
Exit
O Don't know

Figure D.3 Replicating Figure 2 using multinomial logistic regression models

Note: Marginal effects and 95 percent confidence intervals.

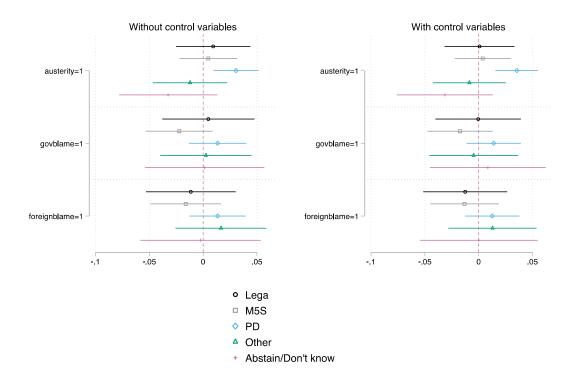
## Appendix E Results with partisan choice as DV

Table E.1 Multinomial probit regression results; framing effects on vote intentions

	(1)				(2)			
	M5S	PD	Other	DK/ Abstain	M5S	PD	Other	DK/ Abstain
austerity=1	0.0472 (0.26)	0.143 (0.97)	-0.0984 (-0.64)	0.0593 (0.36)	0.0901 (0.48)	0.234 (1.35)	-0.0436 (-0.27)	0.102 (0.60)
austerity = 1 # govblame = 1	0.0733 (0.29)	0.135 (0.64)	0.220 (1.00)	-0.0715 (-0.31)	0.0146 (0.06)	0.162 (0.67)	0.202 (0.87)	-0.0945 (-0.39)
govblame = 1	-0.180 (-1.04)	-0.0179 (-0.12)	-0.119 (-0.75)	0.0202 (0.12)	-0.105 (-0.59)	0.00774 (0.05)	-0.111 (-0.66)	0.0699 (0.41)
austerity = 1 # foreignblame = 1	-0.231 (-0.91)	-0.167 (-0.80)	-0.142 (-0.66)	-0.430 (-1.85)	-0.221 (-0.85)	-0.161 (-0.67)	-0.138 (-0.61)	-0.429 (-1.78)
foreignblame = 1	0.0679 (0.39)	0.196 (1.36)	0.167 (1.08)	0.249 (1.52)	0.0887 (0.49)	0.220 (1.30)	0.169 (1.02)	0.267 (1.54)
Benefited from euro					0.0735*** (3.98)	0.281*** (14.90)	0.117*** (6.53)	0.119*** (6.48)
National identity=	1				-0.795*** (-6.54)	-1.260*** (-9.23)	-0.748*** (-6.84)	-0.620*** (-5.36)
Female					-0.0848 (-0.84)	-0.0797 (-0.81)	-0.212* (-2.29)	0.344*** (3.51)
>=30 & <60 years					-0.0727 (-0.41)	-0.116 (-0.68)	-0.375* (-2.33)	-0.323* (-2.02)
>=60 years					-0.364* (-1.96)	0.275 (1.57)	-0.345* (-2.11)	-0.496** (-2.95)
Education					0.00840 (0.36)	0.107*** (4.91)	0.0904*** (4.44)	0.0618** (2.74)
Subjective income					-0.109*** (-4.69)	-0.0749*** (-3.38)	-0.0651** (-3.08)	-0.124*** (-5.61)
Constant	-0.389** (-3.09)	-0.542** (-5.28)	*0.0381 (0.34)	0.313** (2.67)	0.303 (0.97)	-1.691*** (-6.12)	0.157 (0.60)	0.560* (2.12)
Observations	3,877 3,877							
F	0.986				13.66			

*t* statistics in parentheses \* p<0.05, \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\* p<0.001

Figure E.1 Marginal effects of austerity and blame attribution on support for different party groups



Note: The marginal effects and 95 percent confidence intervals are calculated based on multinomial probit models presented in Table E.1 in the appendix.