Supplementary materials: The relational processing limits of classic and contemporary neural network models of language processing

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1 Concepts

Table 1: Concepts used in all the scripts.

Roles	Concepts
agents	Albert, Clement, Gary, Adam, Andrew, Lois, Jolene, Anne, Roxanne, Barbara, he, she, jeep, station-wagon, Mercedes, Camaro, policeman, waiter, judge, AND
topics	decided, distance, entered, drove, proceeded, gave, parked, swam, surfed, spun, played, weather, returned, mood, found, met, quality, ate, paid, brought, counted, ordered, served, enjoyed, tipped, took, tripped, made, rubbed, ran, tired, won, threw, sky
patients or themes	Albert, Clement, Gary, Adam, Andrew, Lois, Jolene, Anne, Roxanne, Barbara, he, she, jeep, station-wagon, Mercedes, Camaro, ticket, volleyball, restaurant, food, bill, change, chardonnay, prosecco, credit-card, drink, pass, slap, cheek, kiss, lipstick, race, trophy, frisbee
recipients or destinations	Albert, Clement, Gary, Adam, Andrew, Lois, Jolene, Anne, Roxanne, Barbara, he, she, jeep, station-wagon, Mercedes, Camaro, beach, home, airport, gate, restaurant, waiter, park
locations	beach, airport, restaurant, bar, race, park
manners	long, short, fast, free, pay, big, small, not, politely, obnoxiously
attribute	far, near, sunny, happy, raining, sad, cheap, expensive, clear, cloudy

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2 Story Scripts

Table 2: Park Script.

Script

<agent-1> and <agent-2> decided to go to the park

The distance to the park was <near/far>

<agent-1> got in <vehicle>

<agent-1> drove <vehicle> to the park for a <short/long> time

<agent-1> proceed to the park fast

<agent-1> parked at the park for <free/pay>

The weather was sunny

<agent-1> ran through the park

<He/She> threw a Frisbee to <agent-1/agent-2>

Concept restrictions

The roles agent-1 and agent-2 never correspond to 'Clement' or 'Roxanne'

Deterministic rule

The distance to the park determines driving time completely: $near \rightarrow short$, $far \rightarrow long$

Table 3: Airport Script.

Script

<agent-1> decided to go to airport

Distance to airport <near/far>

<agent-1> found change

<agent-1> drove <vehicle> to airport <short/long>

<agent-1> ran to gate

<agent-1> met <agent-2> at airport

<agent-1> <agent-2> returned home

Concept restrictions

The roles agent-1 and agent-2 never correspond to 'Gary' or 'Jolene'

Deterministic rule

The distance to the airport determines driving time completely: $near \rightarrow short$, $far \rightarrow long$

Script

```
<agent-1> met <agent-2> at the bar
AND if agent1 = rich (1.0):
   <agent-1> enjoyed expensive-wine at the bar
AND if agent1 = cheap (1.0):
   <agent-1> did not enjoy expensive-wine at the bar
<agent-2> ordered a drink to the waiter at the bar
AND if agent2 = rich (1.0):
  The drink was expensive
AND if agent2 = cheap (1.0):
  The drink was cheap
OR(2):
  (0.5):
      <agent-2> made a polite pass at <agent-1>
      OR(2):
         (0.3):
            <agent-1> gave a slap to <agent-2>
            <agent-2> rubbed cheek
            <agent-1> gave a kiss to <agent-2>
            <agent-2> rubbed lipstick
  (0.5):
      <agent-2> made a obnoxious pass at <agent-1>
      OR (2):
         (0.7):
            <agent-1> gave a slap to <agent-2>
            <agent-2> rubbed cheek
         (0.3):
            <agent-1> gave a kiss to <agent-2>
            <agent-2> rubbed lipstick
```

Concept restrictions

The roles agent-1 and agent-2 never correspond to 'Andrew' or 'Barbara'

Deterministic rule

The action of agent-1 determines what agent-2 rubes completely: $slap \rightarrow cheek$, $kiss \rightarrow lipstick$

Table 5: Beach Script.

Script

```
<agent> decided to go to the beach
The beach was far away
OR(2):
   (0.5):
      <agent> entered <vehicle>
      <agent> drove <vehicle> to the beach for a long time
      AND if agent 1 = \text{male} (1.0):
         <agent> proceeded < vehicle> to the beach fast
         AND (0.5):
            The policeman gave a ticket to <agent>
   (0.5):
      <agent> drove <vehicle> to the beach for a long time
AND (0.8):
   <agent> swam in the beach
   <agent> won the race in the beach
   AND if agent 1 = \text{male } (0.87):
      <agent> surfed on the beach
      <agent> spun
   AND if agent 1 = \text{female}(0.33)
      <agent> surfed on the beach
AND (0.33):
   <agent> played volleyball in the beach
OR (2)
   (0.8)
      The weather was <sunny>
      <agent> returned home for a long time
      <agent> was in a <happy> mood
   (0.2):
      The weather was <cloudy>
      <agent> returned home for a long time
      <agent> was in a <sad> mood
```

Concept restriction

The roles recipient and patient never correspond to 'Camaro'

Deterministic rule

The weather determines the agent's mood completely: $sunny \rightarrow happy, \ cloudy \rightarrow sad$