SUPPORTING CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC INFORMATION



Figure S1. Structure of cycloalkyne 34 in the solid state; arbitrary numbering system

X-ray Crystal Structure Analysis of Compound 34: C_{19} H₂₈ O, $M_r = 272.41$ g · mol⁻¹, colourless plate, crystal size 0.141 x 0.062 x 0.043 mm³, tetragonal, space group $P4_3$ [78], a = 13.9323(3) Å, b = 13.9323(3) Å, c = 8.8998(3) Å, V = 1727.53(9) Å³, T = 100(2) K, Z = 4, $D_{calc} = 1.047$ g · cm³, $\lambda = 1.54178$ Å, $\mu(Cu-K_{\alpha}) = 0.470$ mm⁻¹, analytical absorption correction ($T_{min} = 0.95$, $T_{max} = 0.98$), Bruker AXS Enraf-Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer with a FR591 rotating Mo-anode X-ray source, $3.172 < \theta < 71.125^{\circ}$, 46603 measured reflections, 3122 independent reflections, 2837 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$, $R_{int} = 0.0626$. S = 1.051, 190 parameters, absolute structure parameter = 0.0(4), residual electron density +0.2 (1.77 Å from H1) / -0.2 (1.02 Å from C6) e · Å⁻³. The hydrogen at O1 was found and refined, all other hydrogens were placed in calculated positions.

The structure was solved by *SHELXT* and refined by full-matrix least-squares (*SHELXL*) against F^2 to $R_1 = 0.033 [l > 2\sigma(l)]$, $wR_2 = 0.084$. **CCDC-2041047**.

General. Unless stated otherwise, all reactions were carried out in flame-dried glassware using anhydrous solvents under argon. The following solvents and reagents were purified by distillation over the drying agents as indicated and were transferred under argon: THF, Et₂O (Mg/anthracene), toluene (Na/K alloy), MeOH (Mg, stored over MS 3 Å); 2,6-lutidine, MeCN, DMF, Et₃N, CH₂Cl₂, DMPU (CaH₂).

All commercially available compounds (Alfa Aesar, Aldrich, TCI Chemicals, Strem Chemicals, ChemPUR, Fluorochem) were used as received, unless stated otherwise. The following compounds were prepared according to the cited literature: Active MnO₂ was synthesized by a literature procedure,¹ [Cp*RuCl]₄,² Mo complex **37**,³ and ligand **38**.⁴

Hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP) was stored over molecular sieves at RT for 2 d prior to use. CuCN was dried for 14 h at 120°C (oil bath) under vacuum prior to use, and stored and transferred under argon atmosphere. *N*-lodosuccinimde was recrystallized form pentane and stored under Argon in the dark. Diiodoethane was purified by washing the dissolved reagent in Et₂O with saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ solution; the ether phase was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the resulting product stored under argon atmosphere. The molecular sieves were dried at 140°C (oil bath) under vacuum overnight prior to use; they were stored and transferred under argon atmosphere.

Thin layer chromatography (TLC): Macherey-Nagel precoated plates (POLYGRAM®SIL/UV254). Detection was achieved under UV light (254 nm) and by staining with either acidic *p*-anisaldehyde, cerium ammonium molybdenate, or basic KMnO4 solution. Flash chromatography: Merck silica gel 40-63 µm with predistilled or HPLC grade solvents. Preparqative HPLC separations were carried out on an Agilent 1260 Infinity II Preparative LC System.

IR: Spectra were recorded on an Alpha Platinum ATR instrument (Bruker) at ambient temperature, wavenumbers (\tilde{v}) in cm⁻¹. MS: ESI-MS: ESQ3000 (Bruker), accurate mass determinations: Bruker APEX III FT-MS (7 T magnet) or Mat 95 (Finnigan). Optical rotations ($[\alpha]_D$) were measured with an A-Krüss Otronic Model P8000-t polarimeter at a wavelength of 589 nm. NMR: Spectra were recorded on a Bruker AVIII 400 or AVIII 600 or AV600neo (the latter two both equipped with cryoprobes) spectrometer in the solvents indicated; chemical shifts (δ) are given in ppm relative to TMS, coupling constants (J) in Hz. The solvent signals were used as references and the chemical shifts converted to the TMS scale (CDCl₃: $\delta_C \equiv 77.0$ ppm;

¹ J. Attenburrow, A. F. B. Cameron, J. H. Chapman, R. M. Evans, B. A. Hems, A. B. A. Jansen, T. Walker, *J. Chem. Soc.* **1952**, 1094.

 ² a) P. J. Fagan, W. S. Mahoney, J. C. Calabrese, I. D. Williams, *Organometallics* 1990, *9*, 1843-1852; b) P. J. Fagan, M. D. Ward, J. C. Calabrese, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1989, *111*, 1698-1719.

³ W. Zhang, Y. Lu, J. S. Moore, *Org. Synth.* **2007**, *84*, 163-176.

⁴ S. Schaubach, K. Gebauer, F. Ungeheuer, L. Hoffmeister, M. K. Ilg, C. Wirtz, A. Fürstner, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2016**, *22*, 8494-9507.

residual CHCl₃ in CDCl₃: $\delta_H \equiv 7.26$ ppm; CD₂Cl₂: $\delta_C \equiv 53.8$ ppm; residual CDHCl₂: $\delta_H \equiv 5.32$ ppm; all spectra were recorded at 25 °C. Multiplets are indicated by the following abbreviations: s: singlet, d: doublet, t: triplet, q: quartet, p: pentet, h: hextet, hept: heptet, m: multiplet, br: broad. ¹³C spectra were recorded in {¹H}-decoupled manner and the values of the chemical shifts are rounded to one decimal point. Signal assignments were established using HSQC, HMBC, COSY, NOESY and other 2D experiments; numbering schemes as shown in the inserts. GC analyses were conducted on an Agilent technologies 7890B instrument with a FID detector.

Preparation of the Cyclopropyl Building Blocks

3-Methylbut-2-en-1-yl 3-oxobutanoate (S1). A solution of freshly distilled diketene (15.70 g, 84.07 mmol) in THF (19 mL) was added to 3-methyl-2-buten-1-ol (16.94 mL, 14.36 g, 166.73 mmol) and sodium acetate



(766 mg, 9.34 mmol) in refluxing THF (47 mL) over the course of 1 h. Stirring was continued for 30 min at reflux temperature before the mixture was cooled to RT and concentrated. The residue was purified by distillation to yield the title

compound as a colorless liquid (19.76 g, 70%). B.p. 85-88 °C (10 mbar); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 12.08 (s, enol form), 5.34 (ddt, *J* = 7.3, 4.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (m, enol form), 4.64 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.44 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, enol form), 1.76 (s, 3H), 1.71 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 200.6, 167.1, 139.9, 117.9, 62.2, 50.1, 30.1, 25.7, 18.0 ppm (minor signals of the enol tautomer are visible); IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2973, 2935, 1736, 1714, 1646, 1411, 1360, 1311, 1232, 1147, 953, 542 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₉H₁₄O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 193.08351; found: 193.08372.

3-Methylbut-2-en-1-yl 2-diazoacetate (15). A solution of p-acetamidobenzenesulfonyl azide (18.44 g,



76.76 mmol) in MeCN (50 mL) was added to a solution of 3-methyl-2-buten-1-yl acetoacetate (10.05 g, 59.05 mmol) and Et₃N (10.70 mL, 7.77 g, 76.76 mmol) in MeCN (50 mL) over 30 min. A white precipitate of *p*-acetamidobenzenesulfonamide was observed after \approx 30 min; at this point, additional MeCN (30 mL) was added and stirring continued for additional 4 h. A

solution of LiOH (4.67 g, 194.85 mmol) in water (20 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at RT for 12 h. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with Et₂O/EtOAc (2:1, 3 × 70 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 15:1) to yield the title compound as a yellow oil (9.10 g, 75%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.34 (ddq, *J* = 8.6, 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (s, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.76 (s, 3H), 1.72 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 166.9, 139.3, 118.5, 61.7, 46.2, 25.8, 18.0 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3113, 2973, 2935, 2103, 1684, 1444, 1386, 1356, 1342, 1234, 1172, 995, 462, 433 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI):

m/*z* calcd. for C₇H₁₀N₂O₂ [*M*⁺+Na]: 177.06345; found: 177.06346.

(15,5*R*)-6,6-Dimethyl-3-oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one (16). A solution of diazo ester 15 (5.15 g, 33.41 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (17 mL) was added to a clear violet solution of $H_2(5S-MEPY)_4]\cdot(MeCN)_2$ (168.3 mg, 196.5 µmol, 0.6 mol%) in CH_2Cl_2 (110 mL) at reflux temperature via syringe pump over the course of 18 h. Once the addition was complete, stirring was continued for an additional 30 min before the mixture was cooled to RT and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc,

10:1 → 3:1) to give the title compound as a colourless oil (3.68 g, 87%, 93% *ee*). $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +86.9 (1.09 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 4.36 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dt, *J* = 9.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (ddd, *J* = 6.5, 5.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 1.95 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 1.17 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 175.0, 66.5, 30.5, 30.0, 25.2, 23.0, 14.4 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2961, 2909, 2878, 1766, 1458, 1382, 1361, 1283, 1217, 1178, 1118, 1092, 1049, 1023, 974, 958, 892, 857 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₇H₁₀O₂ [*M*⁺+Na]: 149.05730; found: 149.05725.





((1*R*,3*S*)-2,2-Dimethyl-3-vinylcyclopropyl)methanol (17). DIBAL-H (1.0 M in CH_2CI_2 , 9.06 mL, 9.06 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of lactone **16** (1.12 g, 8.89 mmol) in CH_2CI_2 at -78 °C and the resulting mixture was stirred for 30 min at this temperature. The reaction was quenched at -78 °C with MeOH, followed by addition of saturated aqueous Rochelle Salt solution. The resulting mixture was rapidly stirred at RT for 1 h before the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH_2CI_2 (3 × 30 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the crude lactol was used without further

purification.

16.66 mL, 26.66 mmol) of *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, was added suspension to а methyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (9.52 g, 26.66 mmol) in THF (84 mL) at 0 °C and the resulting suspension was stirred at RT for 1 h. A solution of the lactol in THF (2 mL) was added to the ylide suspension at 0 °C and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution, and the aqueous layer was separated and was extracted with Et₂O (3×20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (pentane/Et₂O, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (614 mg, 55%). $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +44.2 (1.29 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.62 (dt, J = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 5.21 **S**5

(ddd, J = 17.0, 2.1, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (ddd, J = 10.3, 2.1, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (m, 2H), 1.44 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (m, 1H), 1.13 (s, 3H), 1.11 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 134.3, 116.1, 60.3, 32.3, 31.3,$ 28.7, 22.0, 15.4 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{v} = 3330, 3081, 2986, 2946, 2925, 2866, 1632, 1454, 1377, 1259, 1165,$ 1017, 988, 896, 801, 725, 661 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₈H₁₄O [M^+ +H]: 127.11174; found: 127.11160.

(2*R*,3*S*)-1,1-Dimethyl-2-(prop-1-yn-1-yl)-3-vinylcyclopropane (19). Dess-Martin-periodinane (2.6 g, 6.2 mmol) was added to a solution of alcohol 17 (523.0 mg, 4.1 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (40 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min, followed by stirring at RT for 4 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃/Na₂S₂O₃ solution (1:1 v/v, 50 mL). The mixture was rapidly stirred for 30 min, the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 30 mL), the organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated, and the resulting aldehyde

18 was used without further purification.

The crude aldehyde **18** was added at 0 °C to a mixture of PPh₃ (8.70 g, 33.15 mmol) and CBr₄ (5.50 g, 16.58 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL), which had previously been stirred at RT for 10 min. The resulting mixture was vigorously stirred for 10 min before it was diluted with pentane (10 mL). The suspension was filtered through a plug of Celite, which was carefully rinsed with pentane (20 mL). The combined filtrates were washed with water and brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The resulting dibromide was used without further purification.

n-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 12.95 mL, 20.72 mmol) was added to a solution of the dibromide in Et₂O (65 mL) at -78 °C and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at this temperature. DMPU (3.01 mL, 3.19 g, 24.87 mmol) was added at -78 °C, followed, after 10 min, by Mel (3.87 mL, 8.82 g, 62.17 mmol) . The resulting mixture was warmed to RT overnight. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution, and the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with pentane (2 × 10 mL) and Et₂O (1 × 10 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl solution, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (pentane) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (262.0 mg, 51%). [α]_D²⁰ = +82.6 (0.99 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 5.65 (ddd, *J* = 17.2, 10.4, 9.4 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (ddd, *J* = 17.1, 2.2, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (ddd, *J* = 10.4, 2.1, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 3H), 1.44 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (dq, *J* = 8.3, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 1.11 (s, 3H), 1.08 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 136.0, 115.8, 76.9, 76.5, 33.6, 27.3, 24.1, 21.2, 16.9, 3.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₀H₁₄ [*M*⁺]: 134.10900; found: 134.10911.

(25,35)-1,1-Dimethyl-2-(prop-1-yn-1-yl)-3-vinylcyclopropane (20). Dess-Martin-periodinane (10.15 g,



23.93 mmol) was added to a solution of alcohol **17** (1.51 g, 12.96 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (115 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min and for antoher 4 h at RT. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃/Na₂S₂O₃ solution (200 mL, vol 1:1). The mixture was rapidly stirred for 30 min before the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 40 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated, and the resulting

crude aldehyde 18 was used without further purification.

 K_2CO_3 (8.3 g, 59.83 mmol) was added to a solution of the crude aldehyde in MeOH (50 mL). The resulting suspension was stirred at 50 °C for 3 h. The reaction was quenched at RT with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 40 mL), and the combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The resulting aldehyde 2-*epi*-**18** was used without further purification.

This crude aldehyde was added to a mixture of PPh₃ (25.11 g, 95.72 mmol) and CBr₄ (15.87 g, 47.86 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (115 mL) at 0 °C, which had previously been stirred at RT for 10 min. After 10 min, the mixture was diluted with pentane and the suspension filtered through a plug of Celite, which was carefully rinsed with pentane. The combined filtrates were washed with water and brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The resulting dibromide was used without further purification.

n-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 37.4 mL, 59.83 mmol) was added to a solution of the crude dibromide in Et₂O (100 mL) at –78 °C and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. DMPU (8.7 mL, 71.79 mmol) was added at –78°C, followed, after 10 min, by MeI (11.17 mL, 179.48 mmol). The resulting mixture was warmed to RT overnight before the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with pentane (3 × 10 mL), and the combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl solution, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (pentane) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (1.02 g, 63%, *cis:trans* = 1:9). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -66.9$ (2.08 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 5.50 (dddd, *J* = 17.0, 10.3, 8.9, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (ddd, *J* = 17.0, 1.9, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (ddd, *J* = 10.3, 1.9, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.37 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.14 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 1.05 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ = 137.0, 115.3, 78.7, 74.8, 38.2, 25.2, 23.0, 22.2, 20.8, 3.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₀H₁₄ [*M*⁺+H]: 135.11683; found: 135.11686.

Preparation of the Alkenyl Iodide Building Block

(E)-4-(Dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)pent-3-en-1-ol (24). PhMe₂SiCl (7.39 mL, 7.51 g, 44.00 mmol) was added to a



The resulting mixture was stirred at -10 °C for 36 h. [The titer of the PhMe₂SiLi solution was determined by addition of an aliquot of the resulting mixture

suspension of lithium sand (916 mg, 132.0 mmol) in THF (120 mL) at -10 °C.

(2 mL) to water (5 mL) followed by titration with HCl (1 M in water)].

The resulting PhMe₂SiLi solution (102.00 mL, 37.74 mmol, 0.37 м in THF) was added dropwise to a suspension of CuCN (1.69 g, 18.87 mmol, dried at 120 °C for 14 h under high vacuum prior to use) in THF (5 mL) at -78 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at -30 °C for 30 min before it was cooled to -78 °C. nBuLi (1.59 M in hexane, 98.7 mL, 16.98 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 3-pentyn-1-ol (1.43 g, 16.98 mmol) in Et₂O at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred at -30 °C for 20 min before it was cooled to -78 °C. The resulting mixture was added dropwise to the solution of the higher order silyl cuprate at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h before the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl/NH₃ solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 200 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl solution, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (3.38 g, 90%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.35 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.8 Hz, 3H), 5.82 (ddt, J = 6.9, 5.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (dddd, J = 7.6, 6.7, 5.8, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 1.71 (dd, J = 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 3H, 1.46 (s, 1H), 0.34 ppm (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 138.3, 138.1, 136.5, 133.9, 138.1, 136.5, 133.9, 138.1, 136.5, 138.1, 136.1, 13$ 128.9, 127.7, 62.1, 32.1, 15.0, –3.5 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3337, 3068, 2956, 1618, 1427, 1248, 1110, 1045, 831, 814, 773, 731, 700, 638, 473 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₃H₂₁OSi [*M*⁺]: 221.13562; found: 221.13540.

(4,5-Dihydrofuran-2-yl)dimethyl(phenyl)silane (23). *n*BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 73.0 mL, 116.8 mmol) was added to a solution of 2,3-dihydrofuran (9.5 mL, 8.8 g, 125.6 mmol) in THF (45 mL) at -30 °C. The resulting



mixture was stirred for 30 min at this temperature and for another 30 min at RT. The solution was cooled to -30° C before PhMe₂SiCl (15.0 mL, 15.3 g, 89.4 mmol) was introduced and stirring was continued for 30 min. The mixture was slowly warmed over

1 h and stirred at RT for 12 h. The reaction was quenched with aqueous saturated NH₄Cl solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with pentane ($3 \times 200 \text{ mL}$). The combined organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated NaCl solution, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was filtered through a plug of basic alumina, rinsing with pentane, and the combined filtrates were concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 50:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (18.7 g, quant.). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 3H),

5.25 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (td, *J* = 9.6, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 0.42 ppm (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 160.7, 136.8, 133.9, 129.3, 127.8, 113.1, 70.6, 30.7, -3.5 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3393, 3070, 2958, 1768, 1733, 1428, 1406, 1252, 1190, 1152, 1118, 1041, 998, 868, 830, 782, 736, 700, 645, 471, 447 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₂H₁₆OSi [*M*⁺+H]: 205.10432; found: 205.10418.

(*E*)-4-(Dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)pent-3-en-1-ol (24). MeMgBr (3.0 M in Et₂O, 77.0 mL, 231.0 mmol) was added to a suspension of [(PPh₃)₂NiCl₂] (3.8 g, 5.8 mmol, 8 mol%) in toluene (50 mL). The resulting mixture



was stirred at RT for 20 min before the bulk of the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the dark residue was suspended in toluene (461 mL). A solution of compound **23** (14.8 g, 72.1 mmol) in toluene (50 mL) was added and

the resulting mixture stirred at 105 °C (bath temperature) for 30 h. After cooling to RT, the reaction was quenched with aqueous saturated NH_4Cl solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 200 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated NaCl solution, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (14.5 g, 91%). Spectral data as described above.

(E)-7-(Dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)oct-6-en-2-yn-4-ol (26). Dess-Martin-periodinane (9.53 g, 22.46 mmol) was



added to a solution of alcohol **24** (3.30 g, 14.97 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (144 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min, followed by stirring at RT for 4 h. The mixture was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) and stirred rapidly with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃/Na₂S₂O₃ solution (1:1 v/v, 50 mL) for 30 min. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 100 mL). The organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The

resulting aldehyde was used without further purification.

Propynylmagnesium bromide (0.5 M in THF, 100.0 mL, 50.0 mmol) was rapidly added to a solution of the crude aldehyde in THF (390 mL) at 0 °C and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 5 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (30 mL). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 100 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl solution, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a yellow oil (3.01 g, 78%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 5.91 (ddt, *J* = 6.8, 5.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (tt, *J* = 6.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (m, 2H), 1.83 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.70 (m, 3H), 1.65 (s, 1H), 0.35 ppm (d, *J* = 0.7 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 138.5, 138.4, 135.2, 133.9, 128.9, 127.7, 81.2, 80.0, 62.1, 37.2, 15.2, 3.5, -3.5 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3341, 3068, 2956, 2918, 2856, 1619, 1427, 1247, 1147, 1110, 1028, 830, 810, 772, 729, 699, 638, 471 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₆H₂₂OSi [*M*⁺+Na]: 281.13321; found: 281.13354.

(E)-tert-Butyl-((7-(dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)oct-6-en-2-yn-4-yl)oxy)diphenylsilane (S2). Imidazole (0.48 g,



7.04 mmol) and TBDPSCI (1.37 mL, 1.45 g, 5.28 mmol) were added to a solution of propargylic alcohol **26** (0.91 g, 3.52 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (45 mL) and DMF (3 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue

was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (1.75 g, 84%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.73 (ddd, *J* = 25.2, 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 4H), 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 9H), 5.95 (tt, *J* = 5.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (ddt, *J* = 6.4, 4.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 1.63 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.60 (m, 3H), 1.07 (s, 9H), 0.31 ppm (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 138.6, 136.6, 136.5, 136.1, 135.9, 134.0, 133.9, 129.6, 129.4, 128.7, 127.6, 127.5, 127.2, 81.1, 80.5, 63.6, 37.8, 26.9, 19.3, 15.0, 3.4, -3.4 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3069, 2957, 2931, 2857, 1472, 1427, 1110, 1079, 819, 773, 736, 700, 612, 505, 486 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₃₂H₄₀OSi₂[*M*⁺+Na]: 519.25099; found: 519.25144.

(E)-tert-Butyl-((7-iodooct-6-en-2-yn-4-yl)oxy)diphenylsilane (27). N-lodosuccinimde (2.35 g, 10.45 mmol)



was added to a solution of 2,6-lutidine (3.20 mL, 2.95 g, 27.50 mmol), hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP) (20.85 mL, 33.28 g, 198.0 mmol) and compound **S2** (2.73 g, 5.50 mmol) in CH_2CI_2 (236 mL) at -20 °C. The mixture was stirred at -20 °C for 4 h before the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$ solution and MeOH at this temperature. The aqueous layer

was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 100 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/toluene, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (2.40 g, 89%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.72 (m, 4H), 7.39 (m, 6H), 6.19 (ddt, *J* = 9.2, 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (ddt, *J* = 6.1, 4.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.27 (m, 3H), 1.68 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.07 ppm (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 136.6, 136.1, 135.9, 133.7, 133.6, 129.7, 129.5, 127.6, 127.3, 96.2, 81.6, 79.8, 62.8, 39.6, 27.8, 26.9, 19.2, 3.5 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2930, 2856, 1427, 1105, 1071, 1052, 945, 821, 737, 699, 610, 501, 485 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₄H₂₉OSi [*M*+Na⁺]: 511.09246; found: 511.09265.

(*E*)-(5-lodopent-2-en-2-yl)dimethyl(phenyl)silane (25). PPh₃ (384 mg, 1.46 mmol), imidazole (99.6 mg, 1.46 mmol) and iodine (371 mg, 1.46 mmol) were added to a solution of alcohol 24 (215 mg, 0.976 mmol)



in CH_2CI_2 (4 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was warmed to RT over 30 min and the reaction was quenched with water (2 mL). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with pentane (3 × 10 mL). The combined organic phases were dried

over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (pentane) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (300 mg, 93%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.35 (dd, J = 4.9, 1.9 Hz, 3H), 5.72 (m, 1H), 3.17 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.73 (tdd, J = 7.5, 6.6, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 1.67 (m, 3H), 0.35 ppm (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 139.0, 138.1, 137.5, 134.0, 128.9, 127.7, 32.6, 15.0, 4.9, -3.5 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3067, 3007, 2956, 1615, 1427, 1245, 1171, 1110, 950, 831, 813, 773, 731, 700, 638, 473 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₃H₁₉ISi [M^+]: 330.02953; found: 330.02986.

tert-Butyl-(((6*E*,10*E*)-11-(dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-7-methyldodeca-6,10-dien-2-yn-4-yl) oxy)diphenyl-



silane (28). A thoroughly dried Schlenk flask was charged with LiCl (95.3 mg, 2.3 mmol) and Zn dust (267.5 mg, 4.1 mmol) and was then heated under vacuum. After reaching ambient temperature, THF (24 mL) was added, followed by diiodoethane (26.0 mg, 92.1 μ mol) and TMSCl (23.4 μ L, 20.0 mg, 184.2 μ mol). The resulting suspension was

stirred for 2 min at reflux temperature to ensure activation of the zinc dust.

Alkyl iodide **25** (699.8 mg, 2.1 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h before it was filtered through a glasswool filter that was rinsed with THF (2 mL). Alkenyl iodide **27** (793.1 mg, 1.6 mmol) was added to the solution of the organozinc derivative, followed by Pd(PPh₃)₄ (106.5 mg, 92.1 µmol, 6 mol%). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h before it was diluted with toluene (10 mL) and filtered through a plug of Celite, which was carefully rinsed with toluene (20 mL). The combined filtrates were concentrated and the residue purified by flash chromatography (hexane/toluene, 10:1) to give the title compounds as a colourless oil (753.2 mg, 82%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.72 (ddd, *J* = 25.1, 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 4H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 9H), 5.78 (m, 1H), 5.18 (m, 1H), 4.28 (ddt, *J* = 6.5, 4.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (td, *J* = 7.0, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 2.02 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.66 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 3H), 1.07 (s, 9H), 0.30 ppm (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 141.3, 138.8, 137.4, 136.1, 135.9, 134.02, 133.95, 133.93, 133.90, 129.5, 129.4, 128.7, 127.6, 127.4, 127.2, 119.7, 80.78, 80.75, 64.1, 39.2, 37.5, 27.1, 26.9, 19.3, 16.2, 14.7, 3.5, -3.4 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3069, 2957, 2931, 2857, 1617, 1472, 1428, 1247, 1111, 1074, 940, 815, 773, 737, 701, 613, 505 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₃₇H₄₈OSi₂ [*M*+Na⁺]: 587.31359; found: 587.31403.

(6E,10E)-11-(Dimethyl(phenyl)silyl)-7-methyldodeca-6,10-dien-2-yn-4-ol (29). TBAF (1 M in THF, 4.67 mL,



4.67 mmol) was added to a solution of compound **28** (1.32 g, 2.34 mmol) in THF (57 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min and for another 5 h at RT. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH_4CI solution and the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 100 mL). The combined

organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (637.0 mg, 84%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 5.78 (tq, *J* = 6.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (q, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (m, 1H), 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.25 (m, 2H), 2.12 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.84 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.76 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 1.66 (dd, *J* = 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 6H), 0.32 ppm (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 141.0, 139.4, 138.8, 134.3, 133.9, 128.8, 127.6, 118.8, 80.9, 80.2, 62.3, 39.2, 36.8, 27.0, 16.4, 14.8, 3.6, -3.5 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3365, 2955, 2919, 2855, 1617, 1428, 1247, 1110, 1039, 999, 831, 814, 773, 731, 701 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₁H₃₀OSi [*M*+Na⁺]: 349.19581; found: 349.19563.

3-Iodo-2-((E)-4-iodopent-3-en-1-yl)-2-methyl-5-(prop-1-yn-1-yl)tetrahydrofuran (30). N-Iodosuccinimde



(20.1 mg, 89.4 µmol) was added to a solution of compound **29** (14.6 mg, 44.7 µmol) in hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP) (1.2 mL). The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 min before the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$ solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 20:1) to yield the title compounds as a colourless oil (14.4 mg, *cis/trans* = 42:58, 73%). *Spectral data of the cis-isomer*: ¹H NMR (600 MHz,

CDCl₃): δ = 6.13 (m, 1H), 4.48 (ddq, *J* = 8.8, 6.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (dt, *J* = 12.7, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (m, 1H), 2.37 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 2.14 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 4.0 Hz, 2H), 1.84 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 3H), 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.46 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 140.4, 94.0, 84.3, 81.6, 78.8, 66.9, 44.5, 37.3, 27.5, 26.0, 25.7, 25.2, 3.7 ppm.

Spectral data of the **trans-isomer**: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 6.17 (tt, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (ddq, *J* = 8.5, 4.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.39 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 2.29 (m, 2H), 1.83 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.34 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 140.6, 93.9, 84.7 81.7, 78.8, 66.7, 44.7, 37.4, 27.9, 27.5, 25.7, 25.5, 3.7 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2971, 2918, 2851, 2243, 1784, 1716, 1677, 1635, 1592, 156, 1448, 1428, 1356, 1260, 1172, 1155, 1108, 10590, 1015, 952, 917, 804, 737, 701, 664, 618 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₃H₁₈Ol₂ [*M*⁺+Na]: 466.93393; found: 466.93403.

(6E,10E)-11-Iodo-7-methyldodeca-6,10-dien-2-yn-4-ol (31). N-Iodosuccinimde (454.9 mg, 2.0 mmol) was



added to a solution of compound **29** (617.0 mg, 1.9 mmol) in hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP) (50 mL) and HOAc (1.1 mL, 18.9 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 5 min before the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$ solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 50 mL).

The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (423.2 mg, 70%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 6.13 (tt, *J* = 5.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (ddt, *J* = 8.6, 7.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (ddt, *J* = 6.2, 4.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (ddt, *J* = 7.2, 6.3, 0.8 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (dt, *J* = 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 3H), 2.13 (m, 4H), 1.86 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.64 ppm (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 140.7, 138.1, 119.6, 93.6, 81.0, 80.1, 62.3, 38.7, 36.8, 29.0, 27.5, 16.3, 3.6 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3391, 2917, 2854, 1765, 1714, 1634, 1430, 1377, 1256, 1175, 1135, 1104, 1053, 880, 839, 621 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₃H₁₉OI [*M*⁺+Na]: 341.03728; found: 341.03766.

Completion of the Total Syntheses

Compound 33. A solution of 9-H-9-BBN (173.5 mg, 1.4 mol) in THF (4 mL) was added to a solution of



compound **19** (530.0 mg, 947.7 μ mol, 24 % *w/w* in pentane) in THF (15 mL) at 0 °C. The ice bath was removed and the mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h. Water (1.5 mL, 1.5 g, 83.3 mmol) and Ba(OH)₂·(H₂O)₈ (448.5 mg, 1.4 mmol) were sequentially added and the mixture was stirred for 15 min. Alkenyl iodide **37** (232.1 mg, 729.6 μ mol) and Pd(dppf) (69.3 mg, 94.8 μ mol, 10 mol%) were introduced and the resulting mixture was stirred

at RT for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 50 mL), the combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 20:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (165.3 mg, 69%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 5.23 (ddt, *J* = 7.4, 6.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (ddd, *J* = 6.9, 5.5, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (ddt, *J* = 6.1, 4.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.07 (m, 6H), 1.85 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.81 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 3H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.45 (m, 2H), 1.09 (dq, *J* = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.63 ppm (dt, *J* = 8.6, 7.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 139.8, 135.6, 124.1, 118.5, 80.8, 80.2, 77.6, 74.9, 62.3, 39.9, 39.3, 36.8, 29.0, 27.7, 26.5, 24.3, 21.0, 17.8, 16.4, 16.1, 16.0, 3.7, 3.6 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3394, 2981, 2918, 2858, 1450, 1378, 1134, 1038, 881, 831 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₃H₃₄O [*M*⁺+H]: 327.26824; found: 327.26802.

Compound 39. Prepared analogously as a colourless oil (222.3 mg, 82%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃)



 δ = 5.23 (m, 1H), 5.11 (tq, *J* = 7.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (tdq, *J* = 6.0, 4.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.07 (m, 6H), 1.85 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.80 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.69 (dt, *J* = 4.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 0.62 ppm (td, *J* = 7.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 139.7, 135.0, 124.3, 118.6, 80.8, 80.2, 80.1, 73.3, 62.3, 39.8, 39.6, 36.8, 33.7, 27.7, 26.5, 23.5, 22.4, 20.1, 20.0, 16.4, 16.0, 3.7, 3.6 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3411, 2970, 2918, 2857, 1667, 1450, 1379, 1333, 1124, 1036, 881, 839 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₂₃H₃₄O [M^+ +Na]: 349.25018; found: 349.24996.

Cycloalkynes 34 and 35. Powdered MS 5 (100 mg) and MS 4 (100 mg) [pre-activated at 140 $^{\circ}$ C under vacuum overnight] were added to a solution of diyne **33** (45.7 mg, 140.0 μ mol) in toluene (150 mL) and



the mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. In a second Schlenk flask, a solution of trisilanol **38** (24.2 mg, 30.8 μmol) in toluene (1 mL) was added to the molybdenum complex **37** (18.6 mg, 28.0 μmol) and the mixture was stirred at RT for 5 min. The resulting catalyst solution was added to the preheated solution of the diyne at reflux temperature. After stirring for

25 min, the mixture was cooled to RT before it was filtered through a pad of Celite, which was rinsed with toluene. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 20:1) to yield the title compounds as a colourless oil (22.6 mg, 83.0 μmol, 60%).

Analytical and spectral data of macrocycle **34:** $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -4.2$ (0.13 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.06$ (m, 2H), 4.40 (ddd, J = 9.7, 4.1, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (ddd, J = 13.9, 6.7, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (ddd, J = 14.1, 9.9, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.11 (m, 1H), 2.01 (m, 4H), 1.84 (dddd, J = 13.6, 11.2, 6.8, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.61 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.57 (m, 3H), 1.18 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 1.07 (s, 3H), 1.06 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.75 ppm (ddd, J = 11.1, 8.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 136.7$, 135.9, 124.1, 120.0, 84.5, 81.2, 63.0, 39.7, 39.6, 36.8, 30.6, 27.4, 26.4, 23.9, 22.1, 17.7, 16.1, 15.8, 15.6 ppm. IR (film) $\tilde{\nu} = 3278$, 2948, 2929, 2852, 1667, 1452, 1378, 1325, 1294, 1261, 1092, 1016, 853, 832, 537, 525 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₉H₂₈O [*M*⁺+Na]: 295.20323; found: 295.20323.

Analytical and spectral data of macrocycle **35:** $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -80.9$ (0.11 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.11$ (m, 2H), 4.52 (ddd, J = 7.6, 3.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (dt, J = 14.1, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (m, 1H), 2.16 (m, 2H), 2.04 (m, 4H), 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.63 (s, 6H), 1.20 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.74 ppm (ddd, J = 10.8, 8.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 137.7$, 135.9, 123.8, 119.8, 84.4, 80.9, 62.6, 39.8, 39.3, 36.1, 30.5, 27.4, 25.7, 24.1, 22.2, 18.0, 16.3, 16.2, 16.1 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu} = 3354$, 2980, 2918, 2857, 2224, 1667, 1450, 1377, 1261, 1095, 1035, 992, 883, 801, 525 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₉H₂₈O [M^+ +Na]: 295.20323; found: 295.20317.

Cycloalkynes 40 and 41. Prepared analogously as a colourless oil (42.5 mg, 76%). Analytical and spectral



data of compound **40**: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +47.6$ (0.45 g/100 mL); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.28$ (tq, J = 7.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (m, 1H), 4.49 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.19 (m, 6H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.79 (s, 1H), 1.59 (s, 6H), 1.13 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.92 (m, 1H), 0.65 (s, 1H), 0.64 ppm (m, 1H) ; ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃):

δ = 137.1, 133.1, 126.2, 119.0, 87.8, 78.0, 62.8, 39.0, 38.5, 36.2, 34.0, 24.8, 24.4, 23.5, 23.4, 20.4, 19.2, 15.8, 15.0 ppm. IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3358, 2969, 2923, 2857, 2232, 1437, 1378, 1308, 1256, 1098, 1037, 864, 896, 823 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₉H₂₈O [*M*⁺]: 272.21347; found: 272.21351.

Analytical and spectral data of compound **41**: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -5.5$ (1.50 g/100 mL); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.13$ (m, 2H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 2.41 (m, 1H), 2.34 (m, 2H), 2.16 (m, 4H), 2.08 (td, J = 12.5, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.86 (ddt, J = 14.0, 12.3, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.70 (s, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.89 (m, 1H), 0.67 (ddd, J = 11.6, 5.2, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 0.63 ppm (dd, J = 5.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 136.9, 133.3, 126.3, 120.0, 87.8, 79.1, 63.1, 39.0, 38.6, 37.4, 34.3, 25.0, 24.5, 24.0, 23.6, 20.5, 19.2, 15.4, 15.2 ppm. IR (film) <math>\tilde{v} = 3328, 2969, 2923, 2856, 2226, 1440, 1378, 1306, 1256, 1113, 1029, 965, 867, 825 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): <math>m/z$ calcd. for C₁₉H₂₈O [M^+]: 272.21347; found: 272.21331.

Compound 36. A solution of Bu₃SnH (0.2 M in CH₂Cl₂, 0.8 mL, 157.5 μmol) was added dropwise to a solution



of $[Cp*RuCl]_4$ (1.4 mg, 1.1 µmol, 2.5 mol%) and alkyne **35** (14.3 mg, 52.5 µmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) at RT. The mixture was stirred for 2 h before it was concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 20:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (26.1 mg, 46.3 µmol, 88%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -30.0$ (0.02 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.81$ (dd, J = 125.9, 120.5 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (m, 1H), 4.86 (td, J = 6.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (dt, J = 11.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (ddd, J = 13.7, 5.7, 3.8 Hz, 1H),

2.26 (dt, *J* = 13.4, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (m, 4H), 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.81 (dddd, *J* = 14.1, 7.1, 5.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.59 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.51 (m, 6H), 1.43 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.34 (h, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 6H), 1.17 (m, 1H), 1.12 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 0.99 (m, 6H), 0.95 (s, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 9H), 0.67 ppm (ddd, *J* = 10.3, 8.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 147.1, 139.4, 134.89, 134.86, 124.2, 120.4, 82.5, 39.8, 38.6, 36.4, 32.4, 30.6, 29.3, 28.9, 27.5, 24.1, 23.1, 22.1, 17.3, 16.9, 15.7, 13.7, 11.3 ppm; ¹¹⁹Sn NMR (224 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = -57.2 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3424, 2954, 2923, 2870, 2854, 1674, 1606, 1456, 1376, 1260, 1081, 1019, 866, 799, 665, 597,504 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₃₁H₅₆OSn [*M*⁺+Na]: 587.3245; found: 587.32415.

Compound S2. Prepared analogously as a colourless oil (12.8 mg, 79%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -16.8$ (0.74 g/100 mL,



CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.96 (dddd, *J* = 129.9, 10.4, 3.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (m, 2H), 4.43 (m, 1H), 2.58 (dt, *J* = 14.9, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (m, 2H), 2.13 (m, 3H), 2.00 (m, *J* = 17.0, 10.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.65 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.50 (m, *J* = 16.5, 9.8, 4.7, 2.6 Hz, 6H), 1.33 (m, 6H), 1.20 (m, 1H), 1.11 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 0.95 (m, 9H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 9H), 0.72 ppm (ddd, *J* = 10.9, 8.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 144.2, 136.9, 135.4, 134.3, 125.0, 117.4, 74.5, 40.0,

38.4, 34.2, 32.0, 31.6, 29.3, 28.9, 27.5, 24.3, 24.1, 21.9, 17.3, 17.5, 15.6, 13.7, 10.4 ppm; ¹¹⁹Sn NMR (149 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = -54.6 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3453, 2953, 2921, 2871, 2853, 1608, 1455, 1376, 1289, 1261, 1058, 1020, 874, 802, 688, 666, 593 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₃₁H₅₆OSn [*M*⁺+Na]: 587.3245; found: 587.32483.

Compound 42 and Isomer. Prepared analogously as a colourless oil (6.9 mg, 65%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +7.0$



(0.57 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.54 (dd, *J* = 126.4, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (m, 1H), 4.20 (m, 1H), 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.05 (m, 7H), 1.58 (m, 3H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.50 (m, 7H), 1.34 (dq, *J* = 14.2, 7.3 Hz, 6H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.99 (m, 7H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 9H), 0.73 (m, 1H), 0.47 (dt, *J* = 11.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 145.1, 143.7, 134.8, 132.7, 126.3, 120.7, 81.8, 38.9, 38.0, 35.6, 33.8, 33.5, 29.3, 27.6, 24.4, 24.2, 23.9, 22.9, 22.0, 17.1, 14.9, 13.7, 11.1 ppm; ¹¹⁹Sn NMR (149 MHz,

CDCl₃) : δ = -56.35 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3423, 1954, 2923, 2870, 2853, 1608, 1455, 1376, 1259, 1182, 1119, 1020, 964, 897, 877, 691, 669, 593, 541 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd. for C₃₁H₅₆OSn [*M*⁺+Na]: 587.3245; found: 587.32466.



In this case, a second isomer was obtained, which was identified as the corresponding "*alpha,cis*"-adduct (1.3 mg, 12%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 5.22 (dd, *J* = 75.0, 7.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (m, 1H), 5.10 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 2.55 (ddd, *J* = 14.0, 8.4, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (m, 4H), 2.16 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (m, 2H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.47 (m, 7H), 1.30 (m, 7H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H), 0.87 (m, 15H), 0.55 ppm (dt, *J* = 8.2, 5.1 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 146.0, 140.1, 137.3, 134.6, 124.4, 118.6, 39.2, 38.3, 35.0, 34.8, 32.7, 29.1, 27.4, 25.8, 24.7, 23.0, 21.8, 21.4, 17.8, 16.7, 13.7, 9.9, 1.0 ppm.

Compound 43. Prepared analogously as a colourless oil (18.7 mg, 74%). $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{20} = -22.6$ (1.73 g/100 mL);



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.75 (ddd, *J* = 132.2, 9.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (dt, *J* = 11.4, 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.38 (m, 1H), 2.55 (dt, *J* = 15.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (m, 2H), 2.04 (m, 6H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 3H), 1.50 (m, 6H), 1.34 (m, 6H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.96 (m, 7H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 9H), 0.68 (m, 1H), 0.52 ppm (ddd, *J* = 10.9, 4.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 142.8, 140.1, 133.7, 133.0, 126.0, 121.1, 74.4, 38.8, 38.4, 34.8, 34.1, 33.8, 29.3, 27.6, 24.4, 24.3, 23.8, 23.0, 21.9, 15.9, 14.8, 13.7, 10.2 ppm; ¹¹⁹Sn NMR

(149 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -49.71 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3457, 2955, 2923, 2871, 2853, 1612, 1455, 1376, 1118, 1070, 1018, 962, 897, 872, 687, 665, 596 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₃₁H₅₆OSn [*M*⁺+Na]: 587.3245; found: 587.32455.

Compound S4. Pd(PPh₃)₄ (2.7 mg, 2.3 μ mol, 5 mol%) was added to a solution of alkenyl stannane **36**



(26.1 mg, 46.3 mmol) and $[Ph_2PO_2]^-[Bu_4N]^+$ (23.4 mg, 51.0 µmol) in DMF (0.2 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. Methyl iodide (4.3 µL, 9.9 mg, 69.5 µmol) was added, immediately followed (after 10 sec !) by CuTC (9.3 mg, 48.6 µmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h. At this point, additional Pd(PPh_3)_4 (1.4 mg, 1.2 mmol, 2.5 mol%), methyl iodide (2.2 µL, 5.0 mg, 34.8 µmol), and CuTC (4.7 mg, 24.3 µmol) were added sequentially (10 sec time difference between Mel and CuTC) and stirring was continued for

another 2 h. The reaction was quenched with aqueous Et₃N (0.1 ml), the mixture diluted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether and washed with aqueous NH₃ (25%)/NH₄Cl solution (1:9). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 10 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 10:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (2.4 mg, 67%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -77.4$ (0.28 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.10$ (m, 1H), 4.94 (ddt, J = 6.5, 5.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (ddq, J = 7.7, 5.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 2.41 (ddd, J = 14.4, 11.2, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (m, 1H), 2.20 (dt, J = 14.1, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.09 (m, 3H), 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.69 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.42 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (m, 1H), 1.07 (s, 3H), 0.96 (s, 3H), 0.63 ppm (ddd, J = 10.2, 8.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 137.2, 135.2, 135.0, 125.9, 123.4, 120.5, 79.4, 40.4, 39.3, 33.1, 31.5, 28.8, 25.5, 24.0, 23.6, 20.5, 16.7, 16.1, 15.7, 10.4 ppm; IR (film) <math>\tilde{v} = 3342, 2918, 2858, 1448, 1376, 1013, 871$ cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₀H₃₂O [*M*⁺+Na]: 311.23453; found: 311.23490.

Depressin (2). MnO₂ (43.4 mg, 0.5 mmol) was added to a solution of alcohol S4 (4.8 mg, 16.6 µmol) in



CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL). The suspension was stirred at RT for 4 h before it was filtered through a plug of silica, which was carefully rinsed with *tert*-butyl methyl ether. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 20:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (3.5 mg, 73%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -85.0$ (0.02 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 6.38$ (dq, J = 10.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (ddt, J = 8.7, 5.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (dd, J = 9.0, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (dd, J = 13.9, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.98

(dd, *J* = 13.9, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.08 (m, 6H), 1.87 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.75 (ddd, *J* = 12.8, 9.9, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.49 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 1.16 (m, 3H), 1.14 (m, 1H), 1.09 (s, 3H), 0.86 ppm (dddd, *J* = 13.8, 12.6, 9.6, 2.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 199.9, 143.2, 137.1, 136.6, 135.9, 124.4, 119.4, 39.9, 39.4, 39.0, 35.2, 29.0, 27.7, 26.3, 25.4, 23.9, 15.9, 15.6, 15.3, 11.6 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2923, 2853 1654, 1626, 1454, 1379, 1318, 1270, 1189, 1152, 1110, 1064, 1041, 1018, 870, 827, 801, 762, 748, 595, 523 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₀H₃₀O [*M*⁺]: 287.23694; found: 287.23682.

	DEPRESSIN	SYNTHETIC 2		DEPRESSIN	SYNTHETIC 2
$[\alpha]_D$	-80.0°, c = 0.26	–85.0°, c = 0.02			
	1	Η NMR δ (ppm, <i>J</i> [Hz])		¹³ C NMR δ [opm]
1	1.15	1.14 (m)	1	35.2	35.2
2	1.50 (dd, 10.2, 8.7)	1.49 (dd, 10.2, 8.6)	2	27.6	27.7
3	6.37 (d, 10.2)	6.38 (dq, 1.3, 10.2)	3	143.1	143.2
4	-	-	4	136.6	136.6
5	-	-	5	199.9	199.9
6a	3.55 (dd, 13.8, 5.7)	3.55 (dd, 13.9, 8.6)	6	39.4	39.4
6b	2.97 (dd, 13.8, 5.7)	2.98 (dd, 13.9, 5.7)	7	119.4	119.4
7	5.08 (t <i>,</i> 6.6)	5.07 (ddt, 8.7, 5.9, 1.4, 1.4)	8	137.1	137.1
8	-	-	9	39.0	39.0
9a	2.15	2.09 (m)	10	23.9	23.9
9b	2.00	2.00 (m)	11	124.4	124.4
10a	2.17	2.16 (m)	12	135.9	135.9
10b	1.96	1.98 (m)	13	39.9	39.9
11	4.84 (t, 5.4)	4.84 (dd, 9.0, 5.1)	14	26.3	26.3
12	-	-	15	25.4	25.4
13a	2.20	2.20 (d, 12.8)	16	29.0	29.0
13b	1.75	1.75 (ddd, 12.8, 9.9, 2.9)	17	15.8	15.9
14a	2.05	2.06 (m)	18	11.6	11.6
14b	0.80	0.86 (dddd, 13.8, 12.6, 9.6, 2.9)	19	15.6	15.6
15	-	-	20	15.3	15.3
16	1.16	1.16 (s)			
17	1.09	1.09 (s)			
18	1.87	1.87 (d, 1.3)			
19	1.56	1.57 (t, 1.2)			
20	1.56	1.56 (s)			

Compound 4 ("Nominal Euphorhylonal A"). MeLi (1.6 M in Et₂O, 16.1 µL, 25.8 µmol) was added dropwise to



a solution of alkenyl stannane **36** (6.6 mg, 13.1 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 5 min and for additional 30 min at RT before it was cooled again to -78°C. DMF (9.1 μ l, 117.1 mmol) was added dropwise at this temperature and stirring was continued for 20 min at -78 °C and for 1 h at RT. The reaction was quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution, and the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and

concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 20:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (2.4 mg, 68%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -37.7$ (0.11 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 10.13$ (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.19 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (m, 2H), 3.95 (tdd, J = 10.9, 4.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (ddd, J = 13.7, 11.3, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (dt, J = 12.9, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (dt, J = 15.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (m, 3H), 1.96 (dd, J = 11.2 Hz, 3H, 1.91 (m, 2H), 1.87 (dddd, J = 14.5, 6.2, 4.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (t, J = 0.9 Hz, 3H), 1.51 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.28 (m, 1H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 1.02 ppm (td, J = 9.7, 8.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 192.7$, 151.3, 139.2, 136.6, 134.3, 123.5, 120.3, 77.5, 39.4, 38.9, 35.7, 35.6, 28.9, 26.8, 25.4, 24.1, 22.0, 17.7, 16.1, 15.9 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu} = 3436$, 2921, 2853, 1734, 1657, 1620, 1452, 1377, 1260, 1091, 1017, 985, 798 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₂₀H₃₀O₂ [M^+ +Na]: 325.21380; found: 325.21422.

Compound 5-*epi*-4. Prepared analogously as a colourless oil (2.1 mg, 53%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -77.4$ (0.06 g/100 mL,



CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 10.18 (s, 1H), 6.49 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (m, 2H), 4.81 (tt, *J* = 5.2, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (m, 1H), 2.45 (dt, 1H), 2.31 (dt, 1H), 2.12 (m, 3H), 2.07 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 1.95 (m, 3H), 1.88 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.63 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.53 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.22 (m, 1H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.08 (m, 1H), 1.04 ppm (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 190.9, 148.1, 140.9, 137.7, 134.8, 124.6, 117.7, 67.8, 39.6, 38.8, 35.3, 33.0, 28.9, 26.2, 25.0, 24.0, 23.5, 17.2, 16.5, 15.7 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3429, 2919, 2862, 1662, 1654,

1448, 1377, 1377, 1150, 1125, 1097, 1057, 1020, 800, 672 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₀H₃₀O₂ [*M*⁺+Na]: 325.21380; found: 325. 21437.

The reaction delivered a side product (ca. 10%) which was identified as aldehyde S5 formed by



protodestannation; analytical and spectral data of **S5**: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -43.8$ (0.21 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.62$ (ddd, J = 15.6, 3.5, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (ddd, J = 15.5, 8.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (m, 2H), 4.32 (s, 1H), 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.22 (dd, J = 13.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (m, 3H), 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.91 (dt, J = 14.1, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (dtd, J = 13.1, 6.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.43 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 3H), 0.65 ppm (ddd, J = 13.7 10.4, 8.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 136.9, 135.5, 132.5, 126.5, 124.0, 118.5, 71.0, 40.1, 38.8, 34.9, 30.9, 29.6, 28.8, 24.2, 24.0, 20.8, 17.0, 16.4, 15.8 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3367, 2923, 2857, 1719, 1666, 1453, 1376, 1260, 1071, 1019, 968, 872, 801, 735 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₉H₃₀O [*M*⁺+Na]: 297.21888; found: 297.21886.

Euphorhylonal A (*ent*-12). Prepared analogously as a colourless oil (2.7 mg, 61%). $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +77.3; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +74.5



(0.11 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 10.12 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (td, *J* = 10.1, 9.6, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.13 (m, 4H), 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 3H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 0.85 ppm (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 192.1, 156.5, 137.2, 135.7, 132.6, 125.9, 120.8, 76.5, 39.1, 38.6, 37.7, 34.7, 29.1, 28.5, 24.2, 24.1, 22.9, 22.0, 15.9, 14.7 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3432, 2924, 2854, 1656, 1620, 1454,

1437, 1378, 1260, 1230, 1113, 1043, 1019, 965, 904 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd. for C₂₀H₃₀O₂ [*M*⁺+Na]: 325.21380; found: 325.21378.

The reaction delivered a side product (< 10%) which was identified as aldehyde S6 formed by



protodestannation, which analyzed as follows: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +52.5$ (0.84 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.38$ (dd, J = 15.2, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (dd, J = 15.2, 8.9 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 5.00 (m, 1H), 4.16 (td, J = 8.9, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.13 (m, 7H), 1.92 (ddt, J = 14.6, 10.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 6H), 1.01 (m, 1H), 0.81 (dd, J = 8.9, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 0.37 ppm (ddd, J = 11.0, 5.1, 3.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 135.5$, 135.2, 133.0, 130.6, 125.7, 120.6, 74.1, 39.3, 38.4, 34.9, 32.7, 32.4, 24.5, 24.3, 22.8, 22.6, 21.7,

16.3, 14.8 ppm. IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3370, 2956, 2922, 2871, 2855, 1664, 1455, 1377, 1292, 1252, 1182, 1151, 1075, 1023, 960, 878, 696, 675, 600, 519 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₁₉H₃₀O [*M*⁺+Na]: 297.21888; found: 297.21873.

Compound 44. Prepared analogusly as a colourless oil (5.1 mg, 69%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +63.5; \ [\alpha]_D^{25} = +98.7^\circ,$



(0.55 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 10.17 (s, 1H), 6.23 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (td, J = 6.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (m, 1H), 4.83 (dd, J = 7.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.05 (m, 9H), 1.70 (dd, J = 11.4, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.52 (s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 0.82 ppm (ddd, J = 11.5, 5.0, 2.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 190.9, 154.7, 138.3, 135.2, 132.9, 125.9, 120.6, 66.9, 38.8, 38.6, 37.8, 32.5, 29.2, 28.6, 24.3, 23.9, 22.9, 21.9, 15.4, 14.7 ppm. IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3368, 2922, 2870, 2853, 1660, 1625, 1552, 1440, 1378, 1259, 1227,

1141, 1065, 1031, 999, 963, 805, 688, 668 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd. for C₂₀H₃₀O₂ [*M*⁺+Na]: 325.21380; found: 325.21354.



The reaction delivered a side product (< 10%) which was identified as aldehyde **S7** formed by protodestannation, which analysed as follows: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -10.2$ (0.42 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.59$ (ddd, J = 15.7, 4.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (ddd, J = 15.7, 7.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 4.98 (m, 1H), 4.26 (m, 1H), 2.36 (m, 2H), 2.26 (dt, J = 11.9, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (m, 4H), 2.03 (td, J = 12.5, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 1.92 (ddt, J = 15.0, 11.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.96

(m, 1H), 0.78 (dd, J = 7.3, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 0.41 ppm (ddd, J = 11.4, 5.3, 3.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 135.4, 133.6, 131.7, 130.4, 125.6, 121.1, 70.6, 39.1, 38.6, 35.2, 33.0, 31.5, 24.8, 24.3, 22.9, 22.4, 21.7, 15.5, 14.8 ppm. IR (film) \tilde{v} = 3345, 2919, 2850, 1729, 1668, 1453, 1377, 1287, 1258, 1105, 1083, 1018, 962, 881, 835 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₉H₃₀O [M^+ +Na]: 297.218884; found: 297.218930.

Yuexiandajisu A (ent-14). MeLi (1.6 M in Et₂O, 7.6 µL, 12.1 µmol) was added dropwise to a solution of alkenyl



stannane **42** (3.1 mg, 5.5 μ mol) in THF (1.6 mL) at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min and for additional 15 min at RT before it was cooled again to -78°C. CO₂ was bubbled through the mixture for 5 min at -78 °C and for 30 min at RT. The reaction was quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution, and the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and

concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, $10:1 \rightarrow EtOAc$), followed by preparative HPLC (Eclipse Plus C18, 50 mm × 1.8 µm, \emptyset 4.6 mm, methanol / 0.1% TFA in water = 80:20, 1.0 mL/min, 20.1 MPa, 308 K, UV, 254 nm) to yield the title compound as a colourless amorphous solid (0.9 mg, 51%). $[\alpha]_D^{30}$ = +171.3 (0.08 g/100 mL, EtOH); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.71 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (m, 1H), 4.16 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (m, 1H), 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 6H), 2.04 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 1.95 (ddt, *J* = 15.1, 11.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.16 (m, 1H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 0.73 ppm (dt, *J* = 11.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 170.5, 153.2, 136.1, 133.0, 126.8, 125.4, 120.4, 78.1, 39.1, 38.6, 37.1, 34.6, 31.8, 27.9, 24.10, 24.12, 22.9, 22.0, 16.2, 14.8 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3401, 2923, 2853, 1675, 1437, 1408, 1377, 1263, 1244, 1190, 1142, 1114, 1029, 880, 804, 747, 601, 491 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₀H₃₀O₃ [*M*⁺]: 317.21222; found: 317.21231.

	Yuexiandajisu A		synthetic <i>ent</i> -14		Yuexiandajisu A		synthetic <i>ent</i> -14
$[\alpha]_{D}^{30}$	+172°, c = 0.78		+171.3°, c = 0.04				
		¹ H NMR δ (ppm <i>, J</i> [H	lz])		13	C NMR δ [ppm]	
	original	reassigned			original	reassigned	
1	0.75 (m)	0.75 (m)	0.73 (m)	1	37.3	37.3	37.1
2	2.06 (m)	2.06 (m)	2.04 (dd, J = 11.1, 5.1)	2	31.9	31.9	31.8
3	5.74 (d, 11.1)	5.74 (d, 11.1)	5.71 (d, 11.0)	3	153.5	153.5	153.2
4	-	-	-	4	127.0	127.0	126.8
5	4.15 (dd, 11.0,	4.15 (dd, 11.0, 5.3)	4.16 (dd, 11.0, 5.2)	5	78.0	78.0	78.1
	5.3)						
6a	2.48 (m)	2.48 (m)	2.49 (m)	6	34.7	34.7	34.6
6b	2.67 (m)	2.67 (m)	2.64 (m)	7	120.6	120.6	120.4
7	4.88 (dd, 7.2, 5.2)	4.88 (dd, 7.2, 5.2)	4.87 (m, 1H)	8	136.0	136.0	136.1
8	-	-	-	9	38.6	38.6	38.6
9(a)	2.04 (m)	2.04 (m)	2.02 (m)	10	39.1	24.1	24.1
9b	-	-	2.09 (m)	11	125.5	125.5	125.4
10(a)	2.12 (m)	2.12 (m)	2.13 (m)	12	132.9	132.9	133.0
10b	-	-		13	24.1	39.1	39.1
11	5.02 (t <i>,</i> br)	5.02 (t, br)	5.01 (d, 6.8)	14	24.1	24.1	24.1
12	-	-	-	15	27.9	27.9	27.9
13a	2.14 (m)	2.14 (m)	2.10 (m)	16	22.0	22.9	22.9
13b	-	-	2.17 (m)	17	22.9	22.0	22.0
14a	1.19 (m)	1.19 (m)	1.16 (m)	18	-	-	-
14b	1.95 (m)	1.95 (m)	1.95 (ddt, 15.1, 11.5,	19	16.2	16.2	16.2
			3.8)				
15	-	-	-	20	14.8	14.8	14.8
16	1.15 (s)	1.19 (s)	1.14 (s)	21	171.8	171.8	170.5
17	1.19 (s)	1.15 (s)	1.12 (s)				
18	-	-	-				
19	1.57 (s)	1.58 (s)	1.58 (s)				
20	1.58 (s)	1.57 (s)	1.56 (s)				

Comparison of the analytical and spectral data of Yuexiandajisu A as reported in the literature with those of synthetic ent-14



Comparison of the analytical and ¹H NMR data (δ, ppm; *J* [Hz]) of Euphorhylonal A and Pekinenin C with those of various synthetic samples

 $[\alpha]_D$ +90.5°, c = 0.3 -19°, c = 0.04 -77.4°, c = 0.28 -37,7°, c = 0.11 +77.3°, c = 0.11 +98.7°, c = 0.55 1 0.84 (m) 0.82 (m) 1.08 (m) 1.02 (td, 9.7, 8.3) 0.82 (m) 0.82 (m) 1.61 (dd, 11.4, 4.9) 1.61 (m) 2.07 (dd, 11.1, 8.3) 1.96 (dd, 11.2, 8.3) 1.60 (dd, 11.4, 5.0) 1.70 (dd, 11.4, 4.9) 2 5.99 (d, 11.4) 5.97 (d, 11.5) 6.49 (dd, 11.1, 1.2) 6.19 (d, 11.2) 5.98 (d, 11.4) 6.23 (d, 11.4) 3 4 5 4.07 (dd, 6.5, 1) 3.95 (tdd, 10.9, 4.1, 4.83 (dd, 7.5, 5.5) 4.08 (dd, 10.0, 4.5) 4.81 (m) 4.08 (td) 2.0) 6(a) 2.49 (m) 2.45 (dt, 13.7) 2.51 (m) 2.46 (m) 2.49 (dt, 14.4, 5.2) 2.47 (t, 7.5) 6b 2.70 (ddd, 13.7, 11.3, 2.62 (m) 2.61 (m) 2.56 (m) 2.61 (ddd, 14.3, 10.4, 9.2) 8.7) 4.86 (dd, 7.7, 5.7) 7 4.86 (t, 7.0) 4.86 (t, 7.0) 4.91 (m) 4.89 (m) 4.92 (m) 8 _ _ _ -1.99 (m) 9(a) 2.00 (m) 2.04 (m) 1.91 (m) 2.01 (m) 2.09 (m) 9b 2.09 (m) 2.11 (m) 2.14 (m) 2.11 (m) 2.11 (m) 10(a) 2.14 (m) 2.14 (m) 2.11 (m) 2.14 (m) 2.14 (m) 2.23 (m) 10b 2.09 (m) -1.98 (m) _ 11 4.96 (t, 6.6) 4.97 (t, 6.0) 4.91 (m) 4.96 (t, 6.0, 6.0) 4.88 (m) 4.92 (m) 12 ---2.33 (dt, 15.5, 5.6) 13(a) 2.00 (m) 2.15 (m) 2.30 (m) 2.15 (m) 2.18 (m) 1.91 (m) 1.96 (m) 13b 2.01 (m) 1.95 (m) 2.00 (m) 14(a) 2.14 (m) 1.13 (m) 1.28 (m) 1.14 (m) 1.09 (m) 1.23 (m)

14b		1.99 (m)	1.94 (m)	1.87 (dddd, 14.5, 6.2,	2.00 (m)	1.98 (m)
				4.7, 1.5)		
15	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	1.17 (s)	1.17 (s)	1.17 (s)	1.16 (s)	1.17 (s)	1.17 (s)
17	1.16 (s)	1.16 (s)	1.04 (s)	1.03 (s)	1.16 (s)	1.18 (s)
18	-	-	1.86 (s)	3.50 (d, 10.7)	3.55 (d <i>,</i> 9.9)	-
19	1.54 (s)	1.53 (s)	1.53 (s)	1.51 (d, 1.2)	1.53 (s)	1.53 (s)
20	1.57 (s)	1.57 (s)	1.63 (s)	1.62 (t, 0.9)	1.56 (s)	1.57 (s)
21	10.12 (d, 1.4)	10.11 (s)	10.18 (s)	10.13 (d, 2.0)	10.12 (d, 1.4)	10.17 (s)

Comparison of the ¹³C NMR data (δ , ppm) of Euphorylonal A and Pekinenin C as reported in the Literature with those of various synthetic compounds

$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \ ^{18} \\ 5 \\ 19 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15$	$\begin{array}{c} OH \\ \overline{z} \\ 3 \\ 9 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 11 \\ 20 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0H \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 20 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} $	OH ¹⁸ ¹⁹ ¹⁹ ¹⁹ ¹⁰ ¹⁰ ¹⁰ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹¹ ¹²	OH ¹⁸
20	20	l ₂₀	₂₀	20	l ₂₀

Nr	euphorh	nylonal A	pekinenin C	5-epi-4	4	ent-12	44
	original	reassigned					
1	37.7	37.7	37.7	35.3	35.6	37.7	37.8
2	29.1	29.1	29.1	25.0	25.4	29.1	29.2
3	156.4	156.4	156.4	148.1	151.3	156.5	154.7
4	132.6	137.3	137.3	140.9	139.2	137.2	138.3
5	76.4	76.4	76.4	67.8	77.5	76.5	66.9
6	34.7	34.7	34.7	33.0	35.7	34.7	32.5
7	120.8	120.8	120.8	117.7	120.3	120.8	120.6
8	137.3	135.6	135.6	137.7	136.6	135.7	135.2
9	39.2	39.2	38.6	38.8	38.9	38.6	38.6
10	24.1	24.1	24.1	24.0	24.1	24.1	23.9
11	125.9	125.9	125.9	124.6	123.5	125.9	125.9
12	135.6	132.6	132.5	134.8	134.3	132.6	132.9
13	38.6	38.6	39.1	39.6	39.4	39.1	38.8
14	24.2	24.2	24.2	23.5	22.0	24.2	24.4
15	28.4	28.4	28.4	26.2	26.8	28.5	28.6
16	22.8	22.8	22.8	28.9	28.9	22.9	22.9
17	21.9	21.9	21.9	15.7	15.9	22.0	21.9
18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	15.9	15.9	15.9	16.5	16.1	15.9	15.4
20	14.7	14.7	14.7	17.2	17.7	14.7	14.7
21	192.1	192.1	192.1	190.9	192.7	192.1	190.9

Mosher Ester Analyses

Mosher Ester S8. (*R*)-(–)- α -Methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride (1.0 μ L, 4.7 μ mol) was added to a solution of DMAP (0.1 mg, 1.0 μ mol), Et₃N (2.0 μ L, 14.3 μ mol) and propargylic alcohol **34** (1.3 mg,



4.7 µmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.2 mL). The mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h before it was diluted with Et₂O (1 mL) and washed with aqueous saturated NH₄Cl solution. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 2 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 20:1) to yield the title compound as a colourless oil (2.3 mg, 99%). $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +11.1 (0.18 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 5.59 (ddd, J = 9.5, 4.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (dddt, J = 7.9, 6.7, 5.4, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (q,

 $J = 1.1 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{ H}, 2.52 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 2.46 \text{ (ddd, } J = 14.2, 9.5, 6.7 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{ H}), 2.15 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 2.01 \text{ (m, 4H)}, 1.81 \text{ (dddd,} J = 13.6, 11.3, 6.6, 2.5 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{ H}), 1.59 \text{ (d, } J = 1.4 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{ H}), 1.58 \text{ (d, } J = 1.2 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{ H}), 1.18 \text{ (dd, } J = 8.3, 1.9 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{ H}), 1.05 \text{ (m, 4H)}, 0.94 \text{ (s, 3H)}, 0.74 \text{ ppm (ddd, } J = 10.9, 8.3, 2.5 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{ H}); {}^{13}\text{C NMR} (151 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3): \delta = 165.5, 137.8, 135.8, 132.1, 129.5, 128.3, 127.5, 123.9, 123.2 \text{ (q)}, 118.6, 86.6, 76.0, 67.1, 55.5, 39.6, 39.6, 33.4, 30.9, 27.4, 26.1, 23.8, 22.5, 17.6, 16.0, 15.8, 15.6 \text{ ppm (}\underline{C}_{q, sp3} \text{ signal is missing}); \text{ IR (film) } \tilde{v} = 2946, 2927, 2853, 1750, 1452, 1268, 1251, 1170, 1122, 1081, 1016, 991, 968, 719, 697 \text{ cm}^{-1}; \text{ HRMS (ESI): } m/z \text{ calcd. for } C_{29}\text{H}_{35}\text{F}_3\text{O}_3 \text{ [}M^+\text{+Na]: 511.24305; found: 511.24310.}$

Mosher Ester S9. Prepared analogously using (S)-(+)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride



and compound **34**; colourless oil (2.1 mg, 78%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +94.1$ (0.17 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.57$ (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 5.59 (ddd, J = 9.6, 4.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (m, 1H), 5.02 (tq, J = 6.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (m, 3H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.11 (m, 1H), 2.02 (m, 4H), 1.84 (dddd, J = 13.5, 11.1, 6.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 1.60 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 1.57 (q, J = 0.9 Hz, 3H), 1.21 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 1.06 (m, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.77 ppm (ddd, J = 10.9, 8.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 165.6$, 137.9, 135.8, 132.4, 129.5, 128.3, 127.4, 123.9, 123.3 (q), 118.5, 86.6, 84.4 (q), 76.1, 66.9, 55.4, 39.6,

39.6, 33.3, 30.9, 27.4, 26.2, 23.8, 22.5, 17.7, 16.1, 15.8, 15.5 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2980, 2945, 2928, 2863, 1750, 1452, 1268, 1248, 1185, 1169, 1122, 1016, 991, 920, 717, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₅F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 511.24305; found: 511.24322.



Position	δ_{S} (¹ H, ppm)	δ_R (¹H, ppm)	$\Delta \delta^{SR} = \delta_S - \delta_R$
14a	1.81	1.84	-0.03
14b	1.03	1.07	-0.04
1	0.74	0.77	-0.03
2	1.18	1.21	-0.03
3	-	-	-
4	-	-	-
5	5.59	5.59	±0.00
6a	2.52	2.45	+0.07
6b	2.46	2.38	+0.08
7	5.04	5.02	+0.02
19	1.58	1.57	+0.01
9a	2.12	2.11	+0.01
9b	2.02	2.00	+0.02

Mosher Ester S10. Prepared analogously from compound **35** and (*R*)-(–)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride (1.0 μ L, 5.5 μ mol) as a colourless oil (1.4 mg, 72%). [α]_D²⁰ = –172.0



(0.05 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 5.71 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 3.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (ddq, *J* = 8.6, 6.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (ddq, *J* = 8.5, 5.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (q, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.52 (dt, *J* = 14.2, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (dm, *J* = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (m, 3H), 1.98 (m, 3H), 1.81 (dddd, *J* = 13.8, 9.6, 6.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.45 (t, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 1.19 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 1.18 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H), 0.74 ppm (ddd, *J* = 10.5, 8.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.8, 138.0, 135.3, 132.7, 129.5, 128.3, 127.4, 124.1, 123.3 (q), 118.4, 86.8, 84.3 (q), 76.2, 66.8, 55.5, 39.6, 39.4, 32.9,

30.9, 27.4, 25.6, 24.0, 22.6, 18.0, 16.4, 16.2, 15.7 ppm; IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2982, 2923, 2853, 1750, 1452, 1269, 1237, 1184, 1170, 1123, 1018, 992, 917, 844, 716, 697 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₅F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 511.24305; found: 511.24320.

Mosher Ester S11. Prepared analogously from compound **35** and (*S*)-(+)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride (1.0 μ L, 5.5 μ mol) as a colourless oil (1.3 mg, 72%). [α]_D²⁰ = +15.0



(0.04 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 5.65 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 3.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (m, 1H), 4.96 (t(m), *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (m, 3H), 2.61 (dt, *J* = 14.1, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (dt, *J* = 14.2, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (m, 3H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.90 (ddd, *J* = 14.3, 9.3, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (dddd, *J* = 13.7, 9.4, 6.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.57 (t, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 3H), 1.16 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 1.15 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H), 0.71 ppm (ddd, *J* = 10.5, 8.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.6, 138.1, 135.2, 132.2, 129.5, 128.3,

127.4, 123.9, 123.3 (q), 118.4, 86.6, 84.6 (q), 76.0, 67.0, 55.5, 39.6, 39.4, 33.0, 30.9, 27.4, 25.4, 24.0, 22.6, 18.1, 16.4, 16.2, 15.9 ppm; IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2981, 2924, 2854, 1749, 1452, 1259, 1185, 1168, 1119, 1101, 1082, 1015, 992, 798, 717, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₂₉H₃₅F₃O₃ [M^+ +Na]: 511.24305; found: 511.24328.



Position	δ_S (¹H, ppm)	δ_R (¹ H, ppm)	$\Delta \delta^{SR} = \delta_S - \delta_R$
14a	1.81	1.77	+0.04
14b	1.18	1.15	+0.03
1	0.74	0.71	+0.03
2	1.19	1.16	+0.03
3	-	-	-
4	-	-	-
5	5.71	5.65	+0.06
6a	2.52	2.61	-0.09
6b	2.33	2.39	-0.06
7	5.07	5.08	-0.01
19	1.45	1.57	-0.12
9a	2.09	2.11	-0.02
9b	1.96	1.97	-0.01

Mosher Ester S12. Prepared analogously from side product S5 and (*R*)-(-)-α-methoxy-α-(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride (1.7 μL, 2.4 mg, 8.2 μmol) as a colourless oil (2.4 mg, 4.9 μmol, 90%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -96.0$ (0.05 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.55$ (dd, J = 7.3, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 5.62 (m, 1H), 5.49 (dd, J = 15.7, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (ddd, J = 15.6, 8.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (m, 1H), 4.94 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 3H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 1.96 (t, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (dt, J = 14.1, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (dtd, J = 13.9, 6.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.19 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.93 (m, 1H), 0.83 (s, 3H), 0.63 ppm (ddd, J = 10.5, 8.7, 1.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 165.6$, 137.1, 135.4, 132.5, 129.8, 129.5, 128.3, 127.4, 126.0, 123.4,

118.4, 75.9, 55.4, 39.9, 39.1, 31.7, 31.2, 29.6, 28.7, 24.1, 23.6, 21.2, 16.7, 16.0, 15.6 ppm (<u>C</u>F₃ and <u>C</u>_{q, sp3} signals are missing); IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2952, 2918, 2850, 1745, 1452, 1383, 1261, 1185, 1169, 1121, 1106, 1081, 1019, 991, 965, 799, 717, 672 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₇F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 513.25870; found: 513.25861.

Mosher Ester S13. Prepared analogously from side product S5 and (S)-(+)- α -methoxy- α -



(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride (1.7 µL, 2.4 mg, 8.2 µmol) as a colourless oil (2.1 mg, 78%) $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -18.1$ (0.52 g/@ mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.54$ (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 5.60 (dd, J = 7.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (dd, J = 15.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (ddd, J = 15.4, 8.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (m, 2H), 3.56 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.47 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (ddd, J = 14.8, 7.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (dd, J = 14.2, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 1.93 (t, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (dt, J = 14.0, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (dtd, J = 13.9, 7.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.95 (td, J = 7.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 0.91 (s, 3H), 0.66 ppm (ddd,

J = 10.7, 8.7, 1.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 165.7, 137.0, 135.4, 132.4, 130.3, 129.5, 128.4, 127.4, 126.0, 123.4, 118.4, 76.0, 55.3, 39.9, 39.1, 31.4, 31.2, 29.7, 29.6, 28.7, 24.1, 23.8, 16.7, 15.9, 15.8 ppm (<u>C</u>F₃ and <u>C</u>_{q, sp3} signals are missing); IR (film) <math>\tilde{\nu} = 2962, 2916, 2850, 1749, 1446, 1412, 1258, 1078, 1010, 684, 789, 700, 662, 466 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): <math>m/z$ calcd. for C₂₉H₃₇F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 513.25870; found: 513.25910.



Positio	δ_ (¹ ⊔ nnm)	δ_{-} (¹ H ppm)	$\Lambda \delta^{SR} - \delta_{-} - \delta_{-}$
<u>n</u>	05 (n, ppm)	0 <u>R</u> (H , PPH)	$\Delta \sigma = \sigma_{S} - \sigma_{R}$
14a	0.93	0.95	-0.02
14b	1.76	1.79	-0.03
1	0.63	0.66	-0.03
2	1.19	1.23	-0.04
3	5.38	5.49	-0.11
4	5.49	5.56	-0.07
5	5.62	5.60	+0.02
6a	2.51	2.47	+0.04
6b	2.50	2.41	+0.09
7	4.99	4.93	+0.06
19	1.58	1.57	+0.01
9a	1.96	1.93	+0.03
9b	2.13	2.12	+0.01

Mosher Ester S14. Prepared analogously from compound 40 and (R)-(-)- α -methoxy- α -



(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride as a colourless oil (2.6 mg, 97%). [α]_D²⁰ = -57.6 (0.25 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 5.59 (ddd, J = 6.7, 4.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (td, J = 7.3, 6.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (m, 1H), 3.57 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.21 (m, 1H), 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.14 (m, 3H), 2.07 (td, J = 13.1, 12.1, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (ddt, J = 14.1, 10.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.93 (m, 1H), 0.64 (m, 1H), 0.61 ppm (dd, J = 5.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.6, 138.0, 133.1, 132.2, 129.5, 128.3, 127.6, 126.1, 118.1, 89.9, 73.1, 67.2, 55.5, 39.1,

38.7, 34.3, 33.1, 24.7, 24.5, 23.4, 23.4, 20.4, 19.2, 15.7, 15.1 ppm ($\underline{C}F_3$ and $\underline{C}_{q, sp3}$ signals are missing); IR (film) $\tilde{v} = 2972, 2923, 2852, 2239, 1750, 1497, 1451, 1379, 1270, 1250, 1185, 1169, 1122, 1081, 1017, 991, 965, 920, 882, 831, 764, 718, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): <math>m/z$ calcd. for $C_{29}H_{35}F_3O_3$ [M^+ +Na]: 511.24305; found: 511.24336.

Mosher Ester S15. Prepared analogously from compound **40** and (*S*)-(+)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride as a colourless oil (2.1 mg, 78%). [α]²⁰_D = -6.1 (0.18 g/100 mL, CHCl₃);



¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.59 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 5.61 (ddd, *J* = 5.9, 4.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (m, 2H), 3.61 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 2.44 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (m, 4H), 2.10 (ddd, *J* = 13.1, 10.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.86 (ddt, *J* = 14.2, 11.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.52 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.93 (dddd, *J* = 14.5, 11.4, 6.1, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 0.67 (m, 1H), 0.64 ppm (dd, *J* = 5.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.7, 138.0, 133.2, 132.5, 129.5, 128.3, 127.5, 126.1, 118.2, 90.0, 73.2, 67.1, 55.4, 39.1, 38.7, 34.3,

32.9, 24.8, 24.4, 23.6, 23.4, 20.4, 19.2, 15.5, 15.1 ppm (<u>C</u>F₃ and <u>C_{q,sp3} signals are missing</u>); IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2971, 2924, 2849, 2236, 1751, 1496, 1452, 1379, 1270, 1250, 1239, 1185,1169, 1123, 1081, 1018, 992, 964, 717 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₅F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 511.24305; found: 511.24328.



Position	δ_{S} (¹H, ppm)	δ_R (¹ H, ppm)	$\Delta \delta^{SR} = \delta_S - \delta_R$
14a	0.93	0.93	±0.00
14b	1.85	1.86	-0.01
1	0.64	0.67	-0.03
2	0.61	0.64	-0.03
3	-	-	-
4	-	-	-
5	5.59	5.61	-0.02
6	2.50	2.44	+0.06
7	5.18	5.17	+0.01
19	1.55	1.52	+0.03
9	2.14	2.14	±0.00

Mosher Ester S16. Prepared analogously from compound 41 and (R)-(-)- α -methoxy- α -



(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride as a colourless oil (2.2 mg, 62%). [α]_D²⁰ = +92.4 (0.17 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.57 (dd, J = 7.7, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 5.57 (ddd, J = 10.5, 4.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (m, 1H), 3.60 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.35 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 4H), 2.08 (td, J = 12.5, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.87 (ddt, J = 15.0, 12.1, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.13 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.90 (m, 1H), 0.68 (m, 1H), 0.67 ppm (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.7, 138.2, 133.3, 132.5, 129.5, 128.3, 127.4, 126.0, 118.3, 90.1, 74.0, 66.7, 55.5, 38.8, 38.4, 34.4, 33.4, 24.8, 24.3,

24.2, 23.5, 20.4, 19.1, 15.3, 15.0 ppm (<u>C</u>F₃ and <u>C</u>_{q, sp3} signals are missing); IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2923, 2853, 2243, 1191, 1170, 1122, 1082, 116, 991, 921, 909, 718, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₅F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 511.24305; found: 511.24323.

Mosher Ester S17. Prepared analogously from compound **41** and (*S*)-(+)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride as a colourless oil (5.3 mg, 72%). [α]_D²⁰ = -101.7 (0.53 g/100 mL,



CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.56 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 5.55 (ddd, *J* = 10.4, 5.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (m, 2H), 3.56 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.46 (m, 1H), 2.33 (dq, *J* = 15.9, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (br-s, 2H), 2.07 (td, *J* = 12.6, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (ddd, *J* = 12.2, 10.2, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.65 (m, 1H), 0.64 ppm (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.6, 138.2, 133.3, 132.2, 129.5, 128.3, 127.6, 125.9, 118.3, 90.0, 73.8, 67.0, 55.5, 38.8, 38.5, 34.4, 33.5, 24.8, 24.3,

24.2, 23.4, 20.4, 19.0, 15.3, 15.0 ppm (<u>C</u>F₃ and <u>C</u>_{q, sp3} signals are missing); IR (film) $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2924, 2852, 2236, 1749, 1452, 1379, 1352, 1252, 1185, 1168, 1121, 990, 964, 920, 871, 801, 764, 720, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₅F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 511.24305; found: 511.24327.



Position	δ_{S} (¹H, ppm)	δ_R (¹H, ppm)	$\Delta \delta^{SR} = \delta_S - \delta_R$
14a	0.91	0.89	+0.02
14b	1.87	1.85	+0.02
1	0.68	0.65	+0.03
2	0.67	0.64	+0.03
3	-	-	-
4	-	-	-
5	5.57	5.55	+0.02
6a	2.36	2.46	-0.10
6b	2.48	2.54	-0.06
7	5.11	5.12	-0.01
19	1.55	1.56	-0.01
9	2.19	2.19	±0.00


Mosher Ester S18. Prepared analogously from side product S6 and (R)-(-)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride as a colourless oil (2,3 mg, 4.7 μ mol, 85%). [α]_D²⁰ = +92.5 (0.16 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 5.48 (ddt, J = 12.5, 8.3, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (dd, J = 15.2, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (dd, J = 15.3, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (m, 2H), 3.58 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.53 (dt, J = 11.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (dt, J = 14.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.09 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 2.03 (m, 1H), 1.91 (ddt, J = 14.5, 11.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.04 (m, 7H), 0.78 (dd, J = 8.6, 5.2 Hz, 1H, 0.40 ppm (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.7, 138.7, 137.2, 133.3, 132.5, 129.4, 128.3, 127.5, 125.6, 124.8,

119.1, 78.3, 55.4, 39.2, 38.6, 32.74, 32.69, 31.8, 24.4, 24.3, 23.1, 22.7, 21.7, 16.2, 14.8 ppm (CF₃ and C_{a. sp3} signals are missing); IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2924, 2853, 1744, 1663, 1497, 1452, 1378, 1270, 1259, 1290, 1169, 1121, 1081, 1018, 991, 963, 919, 720, 697 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₇F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 513.25870; found: 513.25917.



Mosher Ester S19. Prepared analogously from side product S6 and (S)-(+)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride as a colourless oil (1.9 mg, 3.9 µmol, 71%). $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +56.7$ (0.03 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 5.49 (m, 1H), 5.40 (m, 2H), 5.02 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.48 (dt, J = 12.1, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (m, 1H), 2.07 (m, 6H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.56 (s, 6H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 1.01 (m, 4H), 0.82 (m, 1H), 0.41 ppm (dt, J = 11.2, 4.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.8, 138.7, 137.1, 133.2, 132.7, 129.5, 128.3, 127.4, 125.6, 125.0, 119.1, 78.2, 55.3, 39.2, 38.6, 32.8, 32.6, 31.6, 24.4, 24.3, 23.1, 22.7, 21.7, 16.1, 14.8 ppm (<u>CF₃ and <u>Cq</u>, sp3 signals are missing);</u>

IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2923, 2852, 1745, 1452, 1378, 1270, 1259, 1180, 1169, 1122, 1081, 1020, 992, 964, 919, 719 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₇F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 513.25870; found: 513.25897.



Position	δ_{S} (¹H, ppm)	δ_R (¹H, ppm)	$\Delta \delta^{SR} = \delta_S - \delta_R$
14a	1.00	1.01	-0.01
14b	1.91	1.92	-0.01
1	0.40	0.41	-0.01
2	0.78	0.81	-0.03
3	5.35	5.40	-0.05
4	5.28	5.39	-0.11
5	5.48	5.49	-0.01
6a	2.38	2.27	+0.11
6b	2.54	2.48	+0.06
7	5.01	4.97	+0.04
19	1.57	1.56	+0.01
9	2.10	2.08	+0.02

Mosher Ester S20. Prepared analogously from side product **S7** and (R)-(-)- α -methoxy- α -



(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride as a colourless oil (2.4 mg, 4.9 µmol, 90%). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -14.6$ (0.35 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 3H), 5.62 (dd, J = 15.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (m, 1H), 5.47 (dd, J = 15.6, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (dd, J = 9.6, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (m, 1H), 3.55 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.54 (dt, J = 14.1, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 4H), 2.00 (td, J = 12.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 0.97 (m, 4H), 0.79 (dd, J = 8.0, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 0.46 ppm (ddd, J = 11.4, 5.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.9, 137.0, 136.4, 133.6, 132.6, 129.5, 127.4, 125.5, 123.4, 119.7,

75.3, 55.4, 39.0, 38.6, 32.7, 32.0, 31.3, 29.7, 24.6, 24.3, 24.3, 22.3, 21.8, 15.5, 14.8 ppm (<u>CF₃ and Cq, sp3</u> signals are missing); IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2961, 2923, 2852, 1744, 1662, 1451, 1378, 1258, 1184, 1168, 1081, 1012, 865, 791, 719, 697, 661 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd. for C₂₉H₃₇F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 513.25870; found: 513.25889.



Mosher Ester S21. Prepared analogously from side product S7 and (S)-(+)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluormethyl)phenylacetyl chloride as a colourless oil (2.2 mg, 4.5 µmol, 82%). $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -108.6$ (0.14 g/100 mL, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 3H), 5.52 (m, 2H), 5.42 (dd, J = 15.7, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (m, 1H), 3.56 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.59 (dt, J = 14.0, 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.26 (m, 1H), 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.11 (m, 3H), 2.00 (td, J = 12.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.52 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.96 (m, 1H), 0.88 (s, 3H), 0.76 (dd, J = 7.9, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 0.41 ppm $(ddd, J = 11.4, 5.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H); {}^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3): \delta = 165.7, 136.6,$

136.4, 133.6, 132.5, 129.4, 128.3, 127.4, 125.4, 123.5, 119.6, 75.3, 55.4, 39.0, 38.6, 32.7, 31.9, 31.6, 24.6, 24.3, 24.1, 22.2, 21.7, 15.5, 14.7 ppm (<u>CF₃ and C_{q, sp3} signals are missing</u>); IR (film) \tilde{v} = 2922, 2851, 1744, 1665, 1452, 1378, 1259, 1185, 1168, 1119, 1102, 1082, 1018, 992, 963, 799, 719 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₂₉H₃₇F₃O₃ [*M*⁺+Na]: 513.25870; found: 513.25883.



Position	δ_{S} (¹H, ppm)	δ_R (¹H, ppm)	$\Delta \delta^{SR} = \delta_S - \delta_R$
14a	0.97	0.95	+0.02
14b	1.92	1.91	+0.01
1	0.46	0.41	+0.05
2	0.80	0.76	+0.04
3	5.62	5.52	+0.10
4	5.47	5.43	+0.04
5	5.53	5.53	±0.00
6a	2.32	2.40	-0.08
6b	2.54	2.59	-0.05
7	4.98	5.02	-0.04
19	1.51	1.53	-0.02
9a	2.08	2.11	-0.03
9b	2.15	2.16	-0.01









50 145 140 135 130 125 120 115 110 105 100 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 f1 (ppm)

























































S71








































