

ADVANCED MATERIALS

Supporting Information

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Selective Interfacial Excited-State Carrier Dynamics and Efficient Charge Separation in Borophene-Based Heterostructures

Yuchong Kang, Kun Yang, Jing Fu, Zongguo Wang, Xhao Li, Zhiqiang Lu, Jia Zhang, Haibo Li*, Jin Zhang* and Wei Ma**

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Yuchong Kang, Kun Yang, Jing Fu, Zongguo Wang, Xuao Li, Zhiqiang Lu, Jia Zhang, Haibo Li*, Jin Zhang* and Wei Ma**

Yuchong Kang, Kun Yang, Jing Fu, Xuao Li, Zhiqiang Lu, Dr. Haibo Li, Dr. Wei Ma
Ningxia Key Laboratory of Photovoltaic Materials, School of Materials and New Energy, Ningxia University, Yinchuan 750021, People's Republic of China, Email: lihaibo@nxu.edu.cn; mawei@nxu.edu.cn

Dr. Jia Zhang

Max Born Institut für Nichtlineare Optik und Kurzzeitspektroskopie, Berlin 12489, Germany, Email: jiazhang1991@gmail.com

Dr. Jin Zhang

Max Planck Institute for the Structure and Dynamics of Matter and Center for Free-Electron Laser Science, Luruper Chaussee 149, 22761 Germany, Email: jin.zhang@mpsd.mpg.de

Dr. Zongguo Wang

Computer Network Information Center, Chinese Academy of Science, Beijing 100190, China

Table S1. The binding energies of β_{12} , χ_3 , and α' borophenes/MoS₂ and graphene/MoS₂ heterojunctions.

	β_{12}/MoS_2	χ_3/MoS_2	α'/MoS_2	graphene/MoS ₂
Binding energies (eV)	-0.35	-1.00	-2.26	-2.75

Table S2. The lattice parameters for the pristine β_{12} , χ_3 , and α' borophenes, MoS₂ and borophene/MoS₂ heterojunctions.

	β_{12}	χ_3	α'	MoS ₂	β_{12}/MoS_2	χ_3/MoS_2	α'/MoS_2
a (Å)	2.93	2.91	5.05	3.17	3.05	3.04	9.80
b (Å)	5.07	8.40	5.05	3.17	5.28	16.63	9.80
α (°)	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
β (°)	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
γ (°)	90	90	120	120	90	90	120

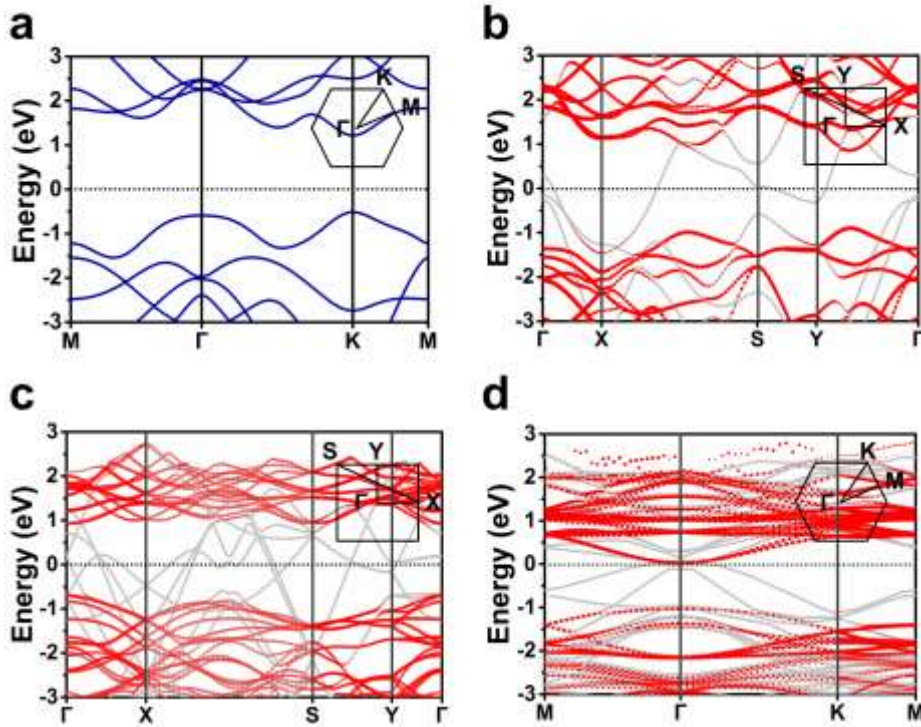


Figure S1. Projected band structures of (a) pristine MoS₂, (b) β_{12}/MoS_2 , (c) χ_3/MoS_2 and (f) α'/MoS_2 heterojunctions, with the Fermi levels are set to zero. The band structure calculations are calculated with the GGA + U ($U = 2.0$ eV) approximation. The red and gray lines in panels b-d indicate the projected energy band of MoS₂ and borophenes, respectively. The Fermi levels (E_f) in panels a-d are represented by the

black dashed lines. The Brillouin zones and high-symmetry paths are denoted in panels a-d.

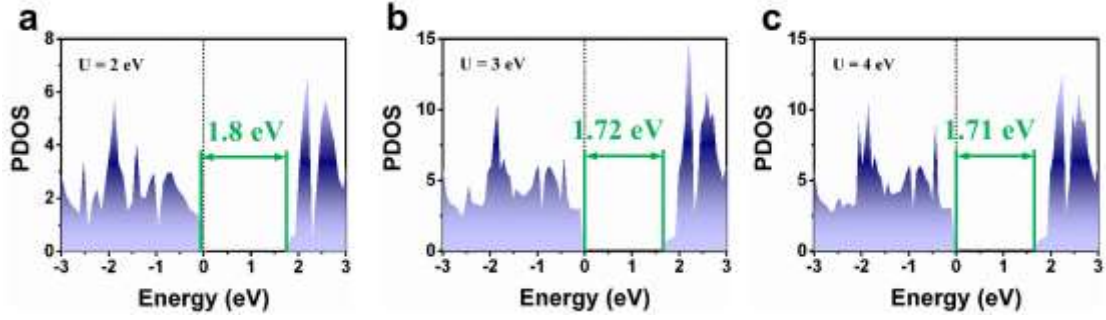


Figure S2 The density of states of pristine monolayer MoS₂ performed with GGA + *U* approximation with (a) *U* = 2 eV, (b) *U* = 3 eV and (c) *U* = 4 eV, respectively. The band gaps are marked with green arrows.

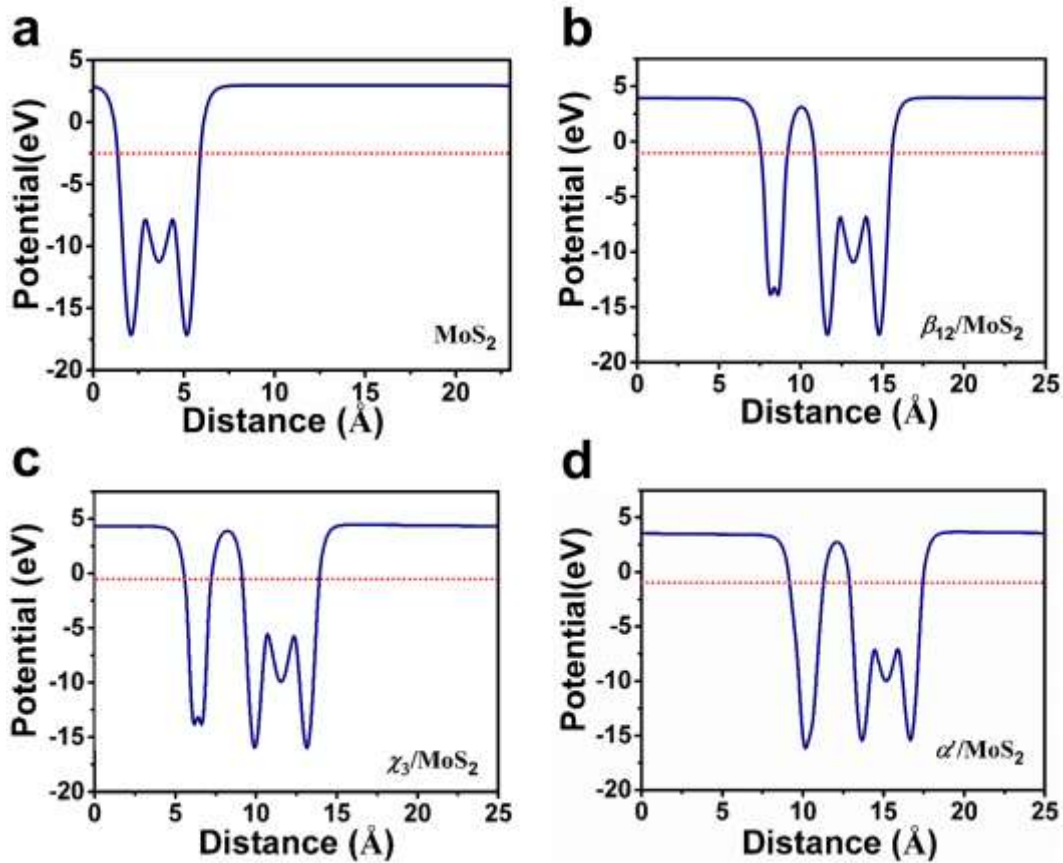


Figure S3. The average electrostatic potential in the perpendicular direction of (a) MoS₂, (b) β_{12} /MoS₂, (c) χ_3 /MoS₂ and (d) α' /MoS₂ heterojunctions. The E_f in panels a–d are represented by the red dashed lines. The work functions are 5.47 eV, 5.00 eV, 4.97 eV and 4.97 eV for pristine MoS₂, β_{12} /MoS₂, χ_3 /MoS₂ and α' /MoS₂

heterojunctions, respectively.

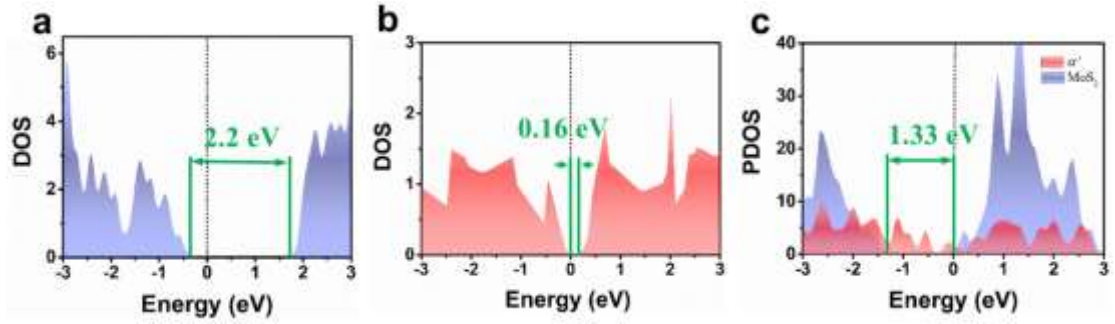


Figure S4 Density of states for (a) MoS₂, (b) α' borophene, and (c) α' /MoS₂, respectively. For clarity, we mark the bandgaps in panels a–c with green arrows. The E_f in panels a–c are represented by the black dashed lines. These calculations are performed with the HSE06 functional.

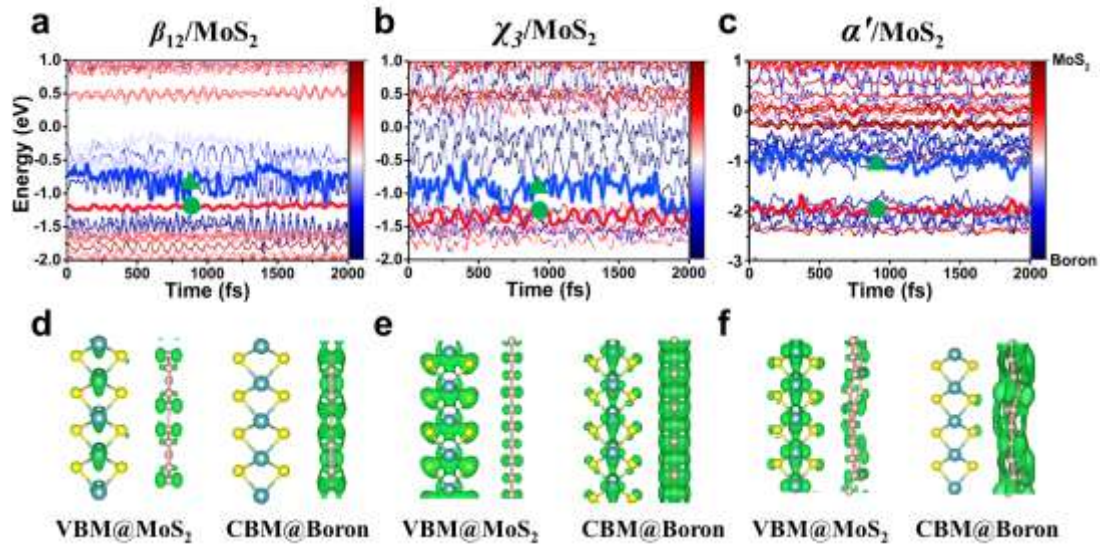


Figure S5. Time-dependent evolution of the energy states of (a) β_{12} /MoS₂, (b) χ_3 /MoS₂, and (c) α' /MoS₂ heterojunctions near the conduction band minimum and valence band maximums (VBM). The projected MoS₂ energy states are shown in red, and the projected borophene energy states are shown in blue. The two selected states are VBM@MoS₂ and VBM@borophenes, which are the initial and final states for hole injection, indicated by circles and triangles, respectively. Charge density distributions of the initial and final states for hole injections in the (d) β_{12} /MoS₂, (e) χ_3 /MoS₂, and (f) α' /MoS₂ heterojunctions.