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November 25, 1914

CHILULA TEXTS

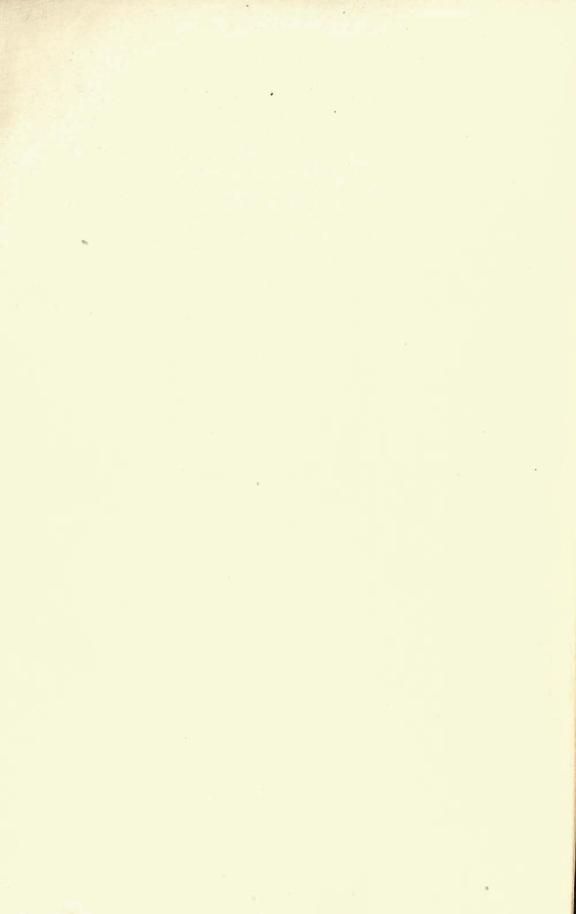
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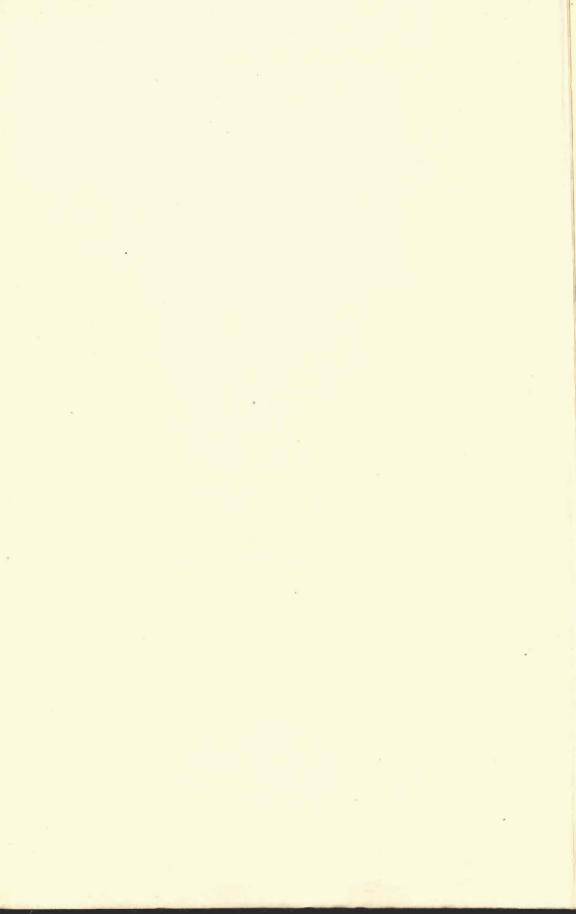
PLINY EARLE GODDARD

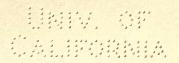
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CHILULA TEXTS

BY

PLINY EARLE GODDARD

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INTRODUCTION

The texts presented here are the results of an attempt to rescue the folk literature of a disappearing group of Indians.

The first part consists of texts secured from the Hill family, who were the last to leave the Bald Hills and join their kindred in Hupa Valley.¹ Tom Hill, the father, knew many medicine formulas, but, as he claimed, few myths. It is known, however, that the myths and tales of the Hupa were shared by the Chilula of Bald Hills. For the general student the differences between the Hupa and the Chilula of that region are too small and few to be important.

The texts forming the second portion of the paper were obtained from a very aged woman, a native of Redwood Creek, south of Bald Hills, the wife of Molasses. Her age made the securing of these texts very difficult. She spoke the dialect of middle and upper Redwood Creek. The larger number of the surviving natives of that region were with the Hupa when young and use the Hupa pronunciation. This informant used k' where Hupa has x, agreeing in this respect with the Athapascans in the region immediately south. She also used a for e in many words, but this is considered a personal peculiarity. It was impossible to record a complete text directly from her lips. The interpreter, O'Haniel Bailey, a Whilkut, supplied many phrases and sentences. These are Hupa in their phonetics.

To one familiar with the region these myths and tales give it an ancient and supernatural atmosphere. As one passes a particular spot he is reminded that here such a monster used to live, or that these rocks are still the abode of hostile spirits to placate whom certain medicine formulas are used. It is feared that to the stranger this impression can not be conveyed.

SOUND VALUES OF CHARACTERS USED

a as in father.
ai as in aisle.
e as in net.
ē as in they, but lacking the vanish.
ei as in ey in they.
i as in pin.
ī as in pique.
o open o, nearly as in on.

¹ Page 265.

¹ª Her portrait is shown in plate 40 of this volume.

ō as in note.

oi as in boil.

ū as in rule.

û as in but.

y as in yes.

w as in will. w an unvoiced w occurring frequently at the end of syllables.

hw the preceding in the initial position.

l as in let.

L an unvoiced sound made with the tip of the tongue against the teeth, the breath being allowed to escape rather freely between the sides of the tongue and the back teeth.

L made in the position of the preceding sound, but accompanied by glottal closure. It also begins with a complete contact revealed in a t which closes all weak syllables preceding it.

m as in Engish.

n usually as in English, but sometimes short, due to a glottal stop following.

ñ as ng in sing.

h somewhat stronger than in English.

' the preceding after vowels.

x a palatal voiceless spirant like ch in German nach.

s as in sit.

c as sh in shall, occurs only after t.

d formed in the dental position; sonant after the release of the tongue. When it is preceded by a weak vowel a t is heard.

t in the position of d, surd and strongly aspirated, much as in tell.

t in the position of d, surd, unaspirated and accompanied by glottal closure.

k a surd stop having the contact on the posterior third of the hard palate, when it precedes a front vowel or y; before a back vowel the contact is on the soft palate. It is accompanied by glottal closure giving the sound considerable harshness.

k' a strongly aspirated surd palatal stop. It is found only in the second part of the paper, being used where the Hupa use x.

g has the positions of k as given above. In sonancy it resembles d.

q similar to g, but more noticeably velar.

dj a sonant affricative consisting of the zh sound in English azure preceded by a complete contact.

te an affricative, an sh sound preceded by a complete contact. It is accompanied by a glottal closure in most instances. When the texts were recorded to without glottal closure was not differentiated in writing.

^e glottal closure. It occurs in many words where it was not noted. It is present, probably, in all cases where two vowels are written without a separating consonant.

Note.—In the texts each Indian word is translated by an English word or phrase which has been set off from those preceding and following by wide spacing. It is only by accident that the English translation occasionally stands under the Indian word of which it is a translation.

TEXTS

PART I

Obtained from Tom Hill and his son, Dan Hill

I. THE WAR WITH THE LASSIK INDIANS

mane tes yai yī nûk ye ū yī nûk xō yil kût yī nûk War party went south, way south. Redwood creek south kyū wiñ ya in yan na dil ne en hai a' tin tes yai hai yal 2 used to live went. those all yō yī nûk kil lûn xō yī nûk na diL ne en kyū wiñ ya in yan Killûnxō south used to live south Indians. yī sin teiñ teōñ xō kit teū we lûk kūw xō ī yī nûk na dil ne en 4 Iaqui butte used to live lower side south kyū wiñ ya in yan a' tiñ tes yai nō wil lin diñ yī nûk went. Indians all Head of creek south \mathbf{a} ' tiñ tein niñ yai kyū win tse hai ya hai ya 6 there all came. They danced. There xõs tûn dim min Lûñ sil len sit tiñ xa ûn Lûn tcol tûk there were, that many one counted. sixty bows hai ya xa tcit kyū win tse La ai xō kyū win tse nes 8 they danced. One place they danced. Long, nis sa tein nū win tik na xō kin nûs na as del they made a line. Two places in front they danced. hai ya xa djit ûñ kit te its xōtc tsil tiñ mil hai ya xa djit ûñ 10 they shot, bows Then with. mit sil tin ne yī man dil $\min_{\mathbf{L}}$ kit te its hai ya ha djit white man his guns with they shot. Then sa win den na' din me e \max^{ϵ} na' diñ yis xan 12 gal they traveled. Two in war party was going, days, two naʻ xûL e diñ xoi dū wil lū tai kee Lan mit tsiñ win tan nights. They began to fight. Taike many their bones lay, kyū win ya in yan 14 Indians.

bau,,

- hai yal kût mane na tes dī yai yī na teiñ Then now war party started back from the south.
- 2 xwe nal tel well a ya de ne dik gyun ûñ tiñ xō il lū They spent the night. They said, "Here very used to be kyū wiñ ya in yan hai ya hit djit ûñ na te se del na tse yō

Indians." Then we went again ahead. That

- nai dil mit dûk kan xa na se deL 4 e tcīn xō ûL sa when we had gone we went up. place so far ridge Le nauw teit dil wauw xō tō kōtc me hai yī me ûñ gya XōLōkōtcme it was they were living. They were talking. in it
- 6 me la $L\bar{o}$ $x\bar{o}$ sin me la $x\bar{o}$ niñ ya $l\bar{u}w$ hĩ aL nai yĩ nûk Some of them were crying (?). Then back south
 - da an nai dī au de na yī na tein mane na wit daī, hī al we ran. There from the south again war party came along. Then
- 8 kût hī al xoi dū wil lū xō nat tcit tes vai xōtc sil tiñ around them it went. Then they began to fight. now miL kil tce xa in ye sa a kit tce xa in ye hai ya hit djit with they were fighting. Long time they fought. Then
- 10 yī man dil mit siL tin ne miL kyū wim mût bau bau white man his gun with they shot. "Bau, bau, bau dū wen ne hai ya ha djit kût tsin teL deL nis tan

they fled.

Log

Then

- nil lin nûk ka 12 sit tan hai yī $me \ \bar{u}$ nō nin deL xō lan was lying along a gulch that under they were sitting. xûL e dûñ xoi dū wil lū ded kil tce xa nauw Morning they began fighting this time they were fighting,
- 14 nū win a mil kil la dûs tee xō teiñ ye teū wil lai hai ya ha djit when it was. Bark to them they carried in. Then tee xō wiñ an din dai dō ya xōs le

become none.

Missiles

- de we nûñ de we nûñ Lū wûn kī ye Lū wûñ xō Lil 16 One was shot. Again one was shot, his brother hit de ya wen nan xōt dan yai miL sa na wit dit den We started back. They were shot. with. When it was going down
- 18 xa al sa kil tca xan ye that long they fought.

they killed all.

it sounded.

II. PANTHER AND GRIZZLY BEAR2

mit kyō tsis dai xōl liñ hil na xō xō Liñ Panther lived his younger brothers with two his brothers. Then

kyū win nai da tcit te in nauw hīaL a ya xōL tcit de ne 2 he hunting he used to go. Then he told them,

kyū win nai dau win te yī tsin dō xa sin nauw Lax hīaL "West do not go up." Just he always hunted. Then

xō ed de hit ûn nō hōL tcin ne ke yī tsin 4 a va tcon des ne they thought, "Why does he always tell us? Come, west

hī al yī tsin xa is deL ya teñ en ye ū let us go up." Then west they went up. They looked. Way west

kin non a din kyū win xoi yan sis ten ei nil kût da na il tan nei 6 timber at its end old man was lying. On each other (his legs) were

xwa €ût xō nōñ ai diñ ya nañ ai hī aL a ya de ne at his end His wife was sitting. Then they said,

kyū wiñ xoi yan ke xe nō lan in tsit hī al hai kyū wiñ xoi yan 8 come help us pound." Then that

xoid da a don ne ke xe nō lan a dū wen ne in tsit xa did you say?'' "Come help us pound." "Yes." said. "What

na na wil kyōs mit dje sa an te na win tcūw yī sin tciñ yei 10 He took down grizzly bear blanket. He put it on. From the west

da na xō dū wiñ an xōn ta ya na xōñ an nō na ya nin tse they ran back. House they ran in. They shut the door.

ya na wes eL hī aL wil dar tsū kût Long time they sat there. Then now they heard him coming. "Boys,

nō tō' tse dō na ya tē tse hī aL kes yai min tsit da kai open the door." They did not open it. Then he climbed up.

ye wiñ yan xwa va €aL kit kit ta xûn kyū win yan€ 14 he went in. To him they gave food. Venison he ate.

tcin nel ya në hī al kī ye xwa ya cal kit tcin nel ya nē He ate it up. Then again they gave food. to him He ate it up.

kyū win yan€ hī al a tin tein nel yan dū wan hai ne en 16 he ate up. Then he ate. All Hides that were

tein nel yan di hwe e do nañ a hi al a de ne xa nauw dalhe ate up. Something was not left. Then "Well. he said, I will go back."

² Told by Dan Hill.

- hī al xwa na ya tē tse dō me wil kyō dō tce na in dī yai
 Then for him they opened the door. It was not large enough. He
 did not go out,
- 2 xō mit miL min tsit da kai tce na in dī yai hī aL his belly because. Through the smoke-hole he went out. Then ye ne kin tcwen xōn ta me na de wū men hī aL na ya ûs xa he defecated. In the house it was full. Then they carried it out.
- 4 min dai tciñ a tiñ tce na ya niñ xan hai meûk Outside all they carried it out that inside.
 - na in dī yai kin niñ en na xai kin niñ en a ya xōL teit de ne He came back. He brought game. Two he brought. He spoke to them,
- 6 yī tsin dō xa sin nauw nō hōL deuw ne xō nin na neL mût "West do not go, I always tell you." His face he slapped, min dite ne en mit tewan tûL tan xō nin tee niL tik hī aL La wildeat. Fox his face he pinched out. Then one
- 8 \hat{xu} L Le kis \hat{tok} hī al \hat{xu} L Le dûñ teit tes yai tewō la night he flaked arrowheads. Then morning he started. Five teit tell ten tsit dûk a na we nai ya des min teûk qal lit sis ten he carried quivers full. As he walked along lying
- 10 xō wûn tcin niñ vai xō kût da na dū wil a na' diñ xō kût to him he came. At him he shot. Twice at him a lō dai dañe da na dū wil a hī al a de ne tcit de ne he said. he shot. Then he said, "Alo,"
- 12 a dil la kûts de dū wil lai hī al hai tsûm mes lōn a de ne snaps you put in the fire?" Then the woman spoke, dil la kûts hûn na nit de wū nal gyañ hī al nin na as lat "Snaps is it, he shot you it is." Then he jumped up.
- 14 te na na wil kyōs mit dje sa an te na win tcūw hī al Blanket he took down, grizzly bear blanket. He put it on. Then na xō nes yōt xō mûk ka da na dū wil al yū diñ hit lai he ran after him. At him he shot along. Finally one
- 16 nō in dī yan^e hī al hai tsûm mes lōn a de ne mûk kets ta' was left. Then that woman said, "Among his nails."
 hī al hai ya mûk kût da na dū wil a ya wū mas sis sel wen Then there at him he shot. He rolled over. He killed him.
- 18 hai ya nōn dik Here the end.

III. LOVE MEDICINE—YIMANTUWINYAI

mûk ka na d<mark>u</mark> wûl a diñ yī dat mit tu wût teit da na na da ai Mûkkanaduwûladiñ above hill stands up

tcit tel tewen yī man tiñ wiñ yai hai ya mil tcin nūw 2 he became Yīmantūwiñyai. Then he heard

dik gyûñ yī nûk a yī dûk tel tewen kel san nûñ dō yī nel en here southeast has become a girl. She does not look at

xoi is dai na se ya te tcon des ne hai yaL xûL e dûñ kût 4 man. "I will go," he thought. Then in the morning indeed

tcit tes yai Lō xō xa te we il ded mûk kai yī da tciñ sai kit diñ he went. Herb he was looking along for this on it from the north. Behold

a dil la Lō xal a xo lûn mit tûnteit dū wim mite me 6 he took. had sprung up. Its leaves His hand herb wiñ kai hai ya xa djit hai mûk kût de xa win tan tewō la diñ he rolled it. Then the its root he took out. Five times

a dil la meûk na tel mas hai ya xa djit kē yī nûk a yī dûk 8 his hand in it he rolled it. Then southeast

xa is ya yei sai kit diñ ûñ gya ya wiñ a yei tcōn xōn nē iL en nei he climbed up. Behold he saw she was sitting. She looked at him.

yū diñ hit $x\bar{o}$ wûn tein niñ yai hī aL $x\bar{o}$ na ta' deûk 10 Finally to her he came. Then her eyes this way

a na tel kyō hei teit den ne nin de hwe d \bar{u} win tse got so large. "Hei," she thought. "You here me in front of.

a dō mil din xō sin hwik kût nal tsit hī al kûn na tes dī ya te 12 Lonesomeness on me falls." Then "Now, I start back,"

teit de ne xa hwin na nail tik te ta nan wit ya yei ta nan he said. "Well, wait, I will go with you." She went in the water.

sa a din hit xa na wit yai xeL xa wiñ xan hai yaL kûn 14 After a long time she came up. Load she brought up. Then indeed

na tes deL mûk ka na dū wûl a diñ yī dat nan deL ei they started back. Mûkkanadūwûladiñ above they came back.

hai yûk a xō lûñ a' dī ya tel kyū win ya in yan nan del te hai 16 "This way it is it will be. Indians will come. This

hwin nes te diñ na xai neūw hai yûk a yī dil win sel te my body he will say. This way it will be hard."

hai yōw hwō hwa ne This way only.

The Prayer:

mûk ka na dū wûl a diñ yī dat na tes sil dit tewen nit Lō we Mûkkanadūwûladiñ above you became, your herb

- 2 hwū wa kit tewit hei yûn teit de ne kût doñ kûn na me loan. "Yes," he said. "Well, all right, hwin nis te xō nis sin xō lûñ a xōt dī yau e a dū wen ne my body you know. It has happened you say.
- 4 kût dōñ nū wa me niL tewit te kûn na hwin is te Well, to you I will loan it. All right my body xōn nin sin xō lûñ hwe en dōñ a de ne dō Lan hwin nis te you know. I it is say not many my body
- 6 ye xō nē te kût dōñ a dir kit te hei ûñ teit de ne kûn wili know. Well, take it with you.'' "Yes," he said. "Now, na tes dī ya te kût a dūw kit I will go back. Now, I will take it."

IV. LOVE MEDICINE—YIDETUWINYAI

- 8 yī de tū wiñ yai tee xōl tewē diñ³ teit tel tewen Yīdetūwiñyai Teexōltewediñ came into being.

 yī dûk tō nōñ a diñ teō xōn nūw xō hwe na wai teit tel tewen End of eastern water he heard of him. His name went about.

 He came into being
- 10 kī xûn nai kûn tcū wil tewil yī dûk a tō nōñ a diñ hī at Kīxûnnai young man at end of eastern water. Then xō wûn tein niñ ya yei hī at xoi kil lai kī nañ ya to him he came. Then stick game they played.
- 12 a tiñ ka ûn te xō wûn na niñ an hai yaL na tes dī yai Everything from him he won. Then he started back. tse nûn siñ diñ 4 na in dī yai kī xûn nai kûn teū wil tewil Tsenûnsiñ diñ he came. Kīxûnnai young man
- 14 te teit tell tewiñ xō lan xō teûñ xa wiñ yai dûn dañ kit tis se xō he found had grown in the water. To him he came out. "Who smartest a in te yī sin teiñ na tell tewen kī xûn nai kel san hī al is?" West two had come into being, kīxûnnai maidens. Then
- 16 teit tes ya yei kī xûn nai kûn teū wil tewil sa a din hit djit he started, Kīxûnnai young man. After some time

 $^{^{\}rm 8}\,{\rm The}$ large Yurok village on the north side of Klamath river below Martin's ferry.

⁴ The Karok village at the mouth of the Salmon river.

10

de nai sin tciñ na wit dal na tes dī yai sai kit diñ he went back. Really here from the west he went back. "No,"

teit de ne do mit Lûn na te dit tse xon La ai xo xon na wit dal 2 she said, "we will not open the door." He, really, along back.

sai kit diñ xon tceñ a hai al xa xon ta xol tcit de ne dau "Well. Behold their heads were sticking out. Then "No," they said to him.

teit de ne kûn nauw dal te na teil yeūw noñ a diñ na nes dai 4 he said. "Now I will go back." Resting place its end he sat again.

na teñ iñ hit sai kit diñ tsū mes Lon xō kai yei de xō na teñ en When he looked back really women were behind him. This way he looked,

wil auw hwil ye ū kal sa na' dī au Le nal diñ 6 xō nat around himself. Way distant were scattered along, dentalia. Lenaldiñ

na wit dal ei hī aL ai ya xöl teit de ne tcit da hwûñ "This is the first time Then they said to him, he passed.

dō me dū win tewiñ hit hai yō na wit dal hai ye he kûn 8 you did not like it." That one went on. Nevertheless indeed

na wit dal tee xol tewe din na in di yai ei na xo xol nin ya yei Tcexoltcwedin he came back. Two with him came, he went back.

tce xol tewe din hai tsu mes Lon do tein dil ne en to Tcexoltcwedin the women never used to go out.

hai voʻ hwo hwa ne This way only.

V. LOVE MEDICINE—YIMANTUWINYAI'S ILLEGITIMATE SON

vī de nin san nōñ a diñ tcit tel tcwen yī man tū wiñ yai 12 Northern end of the world he became Yīmantūwiñyai

xō tin tail tewen xō tewō hiL hai ûñ a de ne his illegitimate son his grandmother with. Then he said, "Houses

na se va te dai dai hai Lō hai te we tewe në dûñ 14 I will go. Where the herb the I became time

hwō nōñ ai diñ tel towen hwit teiñ teil lim hī at by me to me it grew, bring it." Then

a xol teit de ne yo na kis xûñ hī al kût teit tes yai kût 16 she said to him, "Yonder it stands." Then now he started. Then now

- a del kit hai Lō mûk ka na dûl wûl a diñ⁵ tein niñ yai yei he carried with himself that herb. Mukkanadûlwûladiñ he came.
- hī al na tin neox tce wil lin kai ye tcū win yai yū wit din hit 2 Then Hupa river mouth he entered. After a time tcin niñ yai yei Le nal diñ⁶ hī at tûn tewin ta diñ 7 vī dûk Lenaldiñ he came. Then tûntewintadiñ
- mûk kōx yī da teiñ tce niñ ya yei me is yai me is dil diñ he climbed. below he came out. Meisdildiñ Mûkkōx xōt tcū win ya yei tcûk gal de yī nûk mûk kai he came down. He walked. This south (road) on it.
- 6 tcit tin dil e kai⁸ yī nûk xa is ya yei da tein nes dai TcittindiLekai south he went up. He sat. Then tcit tes yai Lel diñ9 yī da tcin tcûk gal lei sai kit diñ he went. Leldiñ from the north he walked. Behold,
- 8 xō nin diñ Lit na dū wiñ a in front of him smoke stood up.
 - tai kyūw me[¢] xōL wil lil teū sit ten hai de xōL wil lit Sweathouse in one was sweating himself. Lies in the water, that one smoked himself.
- tce niñ ya ûñ gya xō ed dai de xōt La klūw yī tsin He saw He came out. his hair here his hips join down xot dan eL hi al xo tein tee xan neuw xo tein a xol teit de ne it hung. Then to him he talked. To him he said
- xa xōn ta' ye nai il hī al kût ye na win del ûn te xō lûñ "Well, house we will go in." Then now they went in. It was tsûm mes Lon nes dai xōn ta meûk hī al kyū win yane sat women inside. Then old man house
- 14 a $x\bar{o}$ L teit de ne xa tai kyūw ye eL hī aL kût tai kyūw said to him, "Well, sweathouse let us go in." Then indeed sweathouse
 - ye tcū win deL hai yaL xōL xō tcū wil lik dō Lûñ they went in. Then he told him, "Not much
- 16 wûñ nik kyûn na we he ne hwe^e ûñ tsûm mes Lōn hī aL you must think about it. Mine women.'' Then

⁵ Refers to the continued beating of the surf at the mouth of the Klamath.

⁶ The junction of the Klamath and Trinity rivers.

⁷ A place on Bald hill over which the old foot trail led.

⁸ A resting place on Sugar-bowl mountain.

⁹ The junction of the main Trinity and the South Fork.

8

a de ne hwa ûn a tin din hwin nal til tewen tsûm mes lôn de he said, "For me every place in my presence they became, women. This

xō wil dûn na' hwil nin yai hai na xai yan eL ye tin hit 2 several days ago two with me came those two sitting there the entrance.

yī nûk a yi man yī tsiñ hai ya ûñ na' hai yûñ tel tewen The other side southwest there, two those became,

na' xût tein nañ na tel tewen hai yûñ na se ya te nūw tsin two I hear have become again. Those I will go to, I thought.

ded ke nin nûn ya de dai yis xûñ min sū wil diñ hai yī mil 6 These now you you go. This standing exit of sweathouse with that

hai yûn hwe mil na iūw hwa dau xol teit de ne il la those I with it I always go." "No," he said to him. "Hands(!)

hwa ne he ne sē ya te only I will go.''

hī al kût tes yai yī dûk a tō din nûn tein nin ya yei Then indeed he went. Facing the eastern water he came.

ya wiñ eL ûñ gya ya kyū wit Lōn a ya xōL teit de ne xa 10 They sat there. He saw they made baskets. They spoke to him, "Well,

xon ta ye teu win yai tse da dil luw xun xai house.'' House he went in. "Stones put on the fire.'' "Xunnai,

ton dit tewit hi al kût tee in del la aiu \overline{w} te na xon an 12 get water." Then indeed they went out. Really they ran in the water.

tce niñ ya hit ye \bar{u} y \bar{i} de \hat{u} \hat{u} \hat{g} ya na ya wit me le h \bar{i} al. When he came out way north he saw they were swimming. Then

kīt ta aŭw hw—teit hei teōn des ne hī aL tewō la diñ 14 he sang. "hw—teit, well," he thought. Then five times

na tel mas

hī at. kûn na tes dī ya yei Lel diñ na in dī ya yei hī al 16 indeed Then he started back. Leldiñ he came back. Then tais tse mûx xa teit tes yai tein nim meL hī al xol tel lit sweathouse wood for it he went. He brought it back. Then he smoked himself.

- $h\bar{l}$ al $x\bar{l}$ $h\bar{l}$ $h\bar{l}$ h
- 2 hī aL teit te eñ hit ye ū yī da teiñ ûñ gya ye na nin Then when he looked way from the east he saw there two persons mûk kût da nan kis ût xō yan deL hai ya ha djit xûL e dûñ on it blanket spread. They were coming down. Then morning
- 4 hīt djit na tes deL de yī de nin san noñ a diñ na in deL ei then they started back. This northern end of the world they came. na' xōL niñ ya yei Two with him they came.

VI. LOVE MEDICINE—THE MT. SHASTA WOMEN

- 6 yī nûk a nin san nōñ a diñ teit teL tewen kī xûn nai The southern end of the world became Kixûnnai
 - kûn tcū wil tcwil tcit tel tcwen nē dûñ xōn nōñ ai diñ young man. When he became by him
- 8 tel tewen hai xō Lō we tō din ne hai ya mil became the his herb at the spring. Then

 kyū wiñ ya in yan dō teil tsis xōw teit te eñ min nē djō mil people he did not see. In yain he looked, After a time
- 10 a tcon des ne ke xa ne te te hai al xûl e dûn tcit tes yai he thought, "Well, I will look for them." Then in the morning he went.
 - de de de nōw kût na teil ye $\bar{u}w$ na \bar{n} a di \bar{n} tein ni \bar{n} yai This sky resting place where it is he came.
- 12 hai ya mûk ka da tewū wiñ en hai aL nin san meûk There he shot. Then world inside
 - teit teñ en sai kit diñ ûñ gya nin san Lûk gai¹⁰ mik kin ne diñ he looked. Behold it was mountain white its base
- 14 xon ta diñ ye kyū wes a nē hai ya a tcon des ne xō lan village (his vision) reached. He thought "There it is ter tewen hai al tcit tes yai hai ya tcin niñ ya yei become." Then he went. There he came.
- 16 nin san Lûk gai mik kin ne diñ xōn ta xol teit de ne $\mathbf{x}\mathbf{a}$ Mount Shasta its base. "Well. house," they said to him. xon ta ye tcū wiñ yai hai yal a de ne La xō se es tsit diñ House he went in. There he said. "Just little while

¹⁰ Mt. Shasta, which is a triangle of white seen in clear weather from the higher mountains in the Trinity river region.

na hwai na tes dī ya te teit de ne hei ya de ne ne ū dil dik te I go about. I will go back," he said. "Yes," they said. "By you we will go?''

a de ne tsûm mes Lon said women.

he said.

hai at kûn na tes dī yai hī al na XOL tes ya indeed he started back. Then two with him yī nûk a nin san nōñ a diñ na in dī ya yei na' xōL niñ ya yei 4 Southern end of the word he came. Two with him hai ya xwe yal weL hai yaL a ye de ne hai yō tsûm mes Lon There they spent the night. Then they said, those women, niñ ai nin sen kī xûn nai ûñ dō til tewen nin sin ûñ 6 "You think Kixûnnai it is have not become, you think?" hei $\hat{u}\tilde{u}$ tcit de ne dō dō \tilde{u} \bar{u} tsit hei $\hat{u}\tilde{u}$ ya xōL tcit de ne "Yes," he said, "it is not I know." "Yes," they said to him. teit de ne dō dōñ ōw tsit dik gyûñ yī de yī dûk tel tewen kī xûn nai hai min nōñ ai diñ 8 "Here northeast became Kixûnnai. The by him tel tewen tsûm mes lon dō ye nel en kyū wiñ ya in yan two became women. They do not see people. do tce in dil hai ya tciñ te se ya te mit din wa 10

They never go out." "There I will go in turn." a de il kit xō Lō we hai ya tciñ tcit tes vai xûL e dûñ

There he went in the morning. He took with him, his herb. hai va tcin niñ ya yei yī de yī dûk hai tsûm mes Lon 12

There he came. northeast the women tel tewen din xa xon ta xol teit de ne xon ta ye teu win yai

became place. "Well, house," he said to him. House he went in.

a de ne haiaL Lax se sit diñ na hwai hai yal kûn 14 "Just Then he said. little while I stay." Then na tes dī ya te hai al a de ne ne ū dil tik te xa teit de ne I go back." Then they said, "By you we will go." "Well,"

hai at kût na tes dī yai naʻ XOL tes vai 16 Then indeed he went back. Two with him

yī nûk a nin san nōñ a diñ na in dī ya yei na' xōL nin ya yei Southern end of the world he came. Two with him came.

hai al a tcon des ne kyū wiñ ya in yan na nan del te 18 Then he thought. "Indians will come.

xauw dī ya te La xō gya xa dī ya te hai yûk yī diL win seL te I will do this. Just so it will be. Thus it will be hard,

2 hai de hwit Lō we my medicine."

kût hai yōw a hwa ne Just this way only.

VII. DEER MEDICINE—PANTHER AND WILDCAT

- 4 kōte mit ta' diñ¹¹ teit tell tewen min niñ mil le dil lū¹² Kōtemitta' diñ he became, panther
 - xō kil le hiL hai yaL ûñ min niñ miL Le dil lū La xō his younger brother with. Then panther just
- 6 kyū wûn nai da win te min ditc¹³ eñ La xō na yiL qōt win te always hunted. Wildcat it was just always set snares.
 - Lax na in dī yai min ditc hai xō we tce a xōL dū we ne Once he came back, wildcat. The his sister-in-law spoke to him,
- 8 me tsai tse kil kīl hwil la tse dū win tca hai wûñ tcit tes yai "I feel tired dressing hides; my fingers ache." Because of that he went away.
 - min niñ mil le dil lū na in dī ya hit dō sit da hai xō kil Panther when he came back was not there the his younger brother.
- 10 xō tsañ a xōL dū we ne dau teit de ne a xōL de ne dōñ
 "It must be you have been saying something to him." "No," she
 said "I said, only
 - man hwil la tse dū win tewa xōLēde ne because my fingers ache," I told him.
- hai al teū xō tel xai se nim me tein niñ ya yei
 Then he began tracking him. Senimme he came.
 - miñ kin ne mit teiñ sai kit diñ tee xûn neūw tse xōn ta' Back of the house behold he heard talking, house
- 14 me teiñ hai al xa dim min kin diñ xwel wel xûl de dûñ in it. Then right back of the house he spent the night.

 In the morning,
 - ûñ gya tce niñ yai na' niL kût da na sa an (?) is dits he saw he came out. Two on each other lying ropes.
- 16 se niñ mō kōs tûk xō wûñ tein niñ yai hwe en na me iūw git Seniñmûkkōstûk to him he came. ''I I am afraid of them.

¹¹ kötc is a small shrub or tree.

^{12 &}quot;His face with he kills."

¹³ This is the name in general use among California Athapascans other than the Hupa who call him kim mil na tûl tcū wûl, "that he walks with round."

14

dō xō lûñ xōx kil weûk ûn t e teiñ te siñ yai h w e en nañ Is it not strange to this you came? I	
me i $\bar{\mathbf{u}}w$ git de nin san h $\bar{\mathbf{i}}$ at teit tes deL de din n $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$ kai I am afraid this mountain.'' Then they went. This sky	
yī dûk xa is deL ei hai kin nûñ Lûk gai hai ya xō up they went up. The deer lick white there	
tein nin deL ei kiñ dō xō len Lō mûnte hai yī mil. they came. Trees were not. Bunch grass with that	4
yai kit te its se da ya wil lai hī aL kût tes deL a fence they placed. And then it snowed.	
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	6
kil la xûn lûk gai xe en deL ei hī al ta na kin nes yōt Deer white went in. Then they drove them out of water.	
na xai kis loi ^e hai ya xa djit nī yûñ kyū wil al hai ya xa djit Two were caught. Then they dressed them. Then	8
kin nal mats 14 me nō na nin deL hī at kit ta aū w hai ya xa djit withe carriers they went in. Then they sang. Then	
al da na ya wil mas se nin mûk kōs tûk hai ya nō nin dil lat with themselves they rolled it down. Seni n mûkk \bar{o} stûk there they stopped running.	10
hai ya xa djit djō kin ne yai kiñ $\bar{\mathbf{u}}w$ na in dī ya yei se nim me There, "Come, carry it." He came back. Senimme	
na' kin niñ en na xai kil la xûn lûk gai two he carried, two deer white.	12
kût hai yûk a h w a ne Now, this way only.	

VIII. DEER MEDICINE-THE NASLINDIN YOUNG MAN

min ditc ût en sis lene

married became.

Wildcat

nas lin diñ¹⁵ mit ta' kī xûn nai kûn teū tewil teit teL tewen Naslindiñ behind Kixûnnai young man became.

hai ûñ hai ded nin san Le ne tcū wil tcwil hai yûñ kil la xûn 16 Then this mountain they grew together. That one deer

¹⁴ Deer were usually cut up where they were killed and the meat brought to the village in a carrying basket or frame made on the spot of hazel withe.

¹⁵ A place or perhaps a village near Orleans Bar on the Klamath river.

wûn na wai dō xō kyū wûn na neL en hai nin nis san he hunted. He did not sleep. He watched the mountain.

- 2 xûL ei mil tee in na hwit na nel en yit da wit diñ Midnight when he went out he looked. Higher
 - e il lū we xō lûñ min nē djō xō mil xō kyū wiñ an hai it had become. After a time he slept the
- 4 dō xō kyū wûn ne en kin na is la le xō lûñ tsûm mes Lon he did not used to sleep. He dreamed. Women
 - min na is laL xō lûñ hai ye he xûL e dûn tce niñ yai he dreamed about. Nevertheless in the morning he went out.
- 6 dō na xō le nē hai Leñ ya wil tewil ne en hai ye he kût It was gone, the grew up with him used to be. Nevertheless indeed tee niñ ya xûl e dûn kil la xûn mit teiñ tee niñ yai de de he went out. In the morning deer toward he went out. This
- 8 de nōw kai yī dûk xa is yai hai at dō wil san kit ta xûn sky up he climbed. Then was not seen deer.

yī dûk a tō nōñ a diñ xō wiñ kya lē tsū Eastern water he heard deer snort.

- a tcon des ne hai yow o xo lûn a' di ya tel kyu win ya in yan He thought, "That way it is it will be that way. Indians na nan del te na in di yai a tcon des ne mit Lo we will come." He came back. He thought, "Its medicine
- 12 na sel tewin te hai yal na is tewen hai yal yōt I will make." Then he made it. Then there

 na nel iñ hit sai kit diñ ûñ gya ya nal dīt teiñ xō lûñ hai yal when he looked behold it apeared it had grown up again. Then
- 14 $\hat{\text{xuL}}$ e dun tee nin yai de de de now kût xa is ya yai morning he went out. This sky he went up.
 - \hat{u} n te $x\bar{o}$ $l\hat{u}$ n kil la $x\hat{u}$ n na te ta a min niñ hai $y\bar{o}w$ $x\bar{o}$ $l\hat{u}$ n It was deer pointed (toward him) its face. "This way it is,
- 16 a dī ya tel kyū wiñ ya in yan na nan del te xōw deûk it will be. Indians will come. In vain this way a tī yau he hai hwit lowe a dit teiñ nō nil la de kil la xûn
 - he does this my herb to himself if he has deer
- 18 sis sel win te hai hwin is te diñ na xai ne $\bar{u}w$ he will kill this my body he says."

hai yōw xō hwa ne This way only.

IX. DEER MEDICINE-YOUNG MAN BECOMES A SHRUB

ded nin san nei djit kī nûn nai kûn wil tewil teit tel tewen This middle world Kixûnnai young man became.

ra xō kit ta xûn wûn na wa win te dō xō kyū wûñ 2 he always hunted. He did not sleep. Just

xō kyū wiñ ûn xō lan min nē djō xō mil sai kit diñ ûñ gya he did sleep. Behold After a time

kin nas la le xō lañ tsûn mes Lon min na is lal hai ve he 4 he dreamed, women he dreamed about. Nevertheless

xûL e dûñ kil la xûn mûx xa tce niñ yai dī de xûn na in the morning deer for them he went out. This

tcol sûñ16 kil la xûñ yū din hit teit te teit dō tcil sûñ ōx 6 he became tired not seeing deer. Finally

kil la xûñ deer.

> a tcon des ne Lō he nauw dil le tûn mil lū we¹⁷ 8 hai yûñ "Herb That one he thought, I will become. Tûnmillūwe

na is dil le tai kyūw min dai da na kvū win xa he became. Sweathouse outside it stood.

sai kit diñ ûñ gya xō wûn nûn dûk ke kil la xûn yō 10 they came, deer. Behold to him It

xot dū wil xûts hē tcon des ne kyū wiñ ya in yan "Hē," they ate. he thought, "Indians for them

nauw dī yau La xō kût de ōx a xō la te kil la xûñ ded 12 I did it. Just now this way it will be, deer.

de ōx hwin is te diñ na xai neūw La xō gya a xö la te it will be." my body he repeats iust this way

X. DEER MEDICINE—RAVEN

yī nûk a nin san nōñ a diñ na ter dit tewen ga tcwûñ 14 Southern end of the world he became raven.

kil la xûn wûn na ai ya $x\bar{o}w$ dō tcil sis yū diñ hit he hunted. in vain He did not see any. Finally

a tcon des ne mik kya te se ya te hai yī man dit tse 16 he thought, "From here I am going." This across pointing

¹⁶ xûn na evidently carries a negative meaning such as "no longer."

¹⁷ Ceanothus velutinus.

nō nin tan me dil kût xûL e dûñ teit tes yai me dil he placed canoe. Then in the morning he went. Canoe

- ye tcū wiñ yai ta nē djit yī dee hai al me dil min niñ kût he went in. Middle of the water north, then canoe its bow Lō xal tewen dō nīs sa XÕL wil lal mit na teñ en with him herb grew up. Not far when it floated he looked.
- 4 yī dûk ken teiñ ûn te xa in ya kil la xûñ hai al yī sin teiñ On the east side it was coming up. deer. Then west side na teñ en ûn te xa iñ ya kil la xûñ mûk ka na dū wûl a din he looked. It was coming up deer. Mûkkanadūwûladiñ
- 6 xōL tee in lat dei with him it floated out.

na tō nōñ a diñ nai yī nûk nauw dī ya te teōn des ne hai "Again water end, again south I will go," he thought, "the

- 8 sūw da ne en diñ na in dī ya yei yī nûk nin san nōñ a diñ I used to live place.'' He came back, south world's end.
 - wil weL mil Lax niñ xō dū win ne tsū hai yûñ hai In the night just on the ground(?), he heard something make a noise. That one the
- kil ña xûñ kī ta yan xa win yōs hai me dil min niñ kût deer were eating. He pulled it up that boat its bow.
 a dim min kin diñ nō kin niñ qōt hai ya mit teiñ a' ya dī yau Behind his house he set it up. There toward it they did it.
- 12 kût de tcil san hai yōw xō lûn tel tcōn des ne hai de Then he saw (deer). "This way it will be," he thought. "This hwit Lō we a de il kit de hai yûñ tûn nai kit dil my herb if he takes with himself." This one poplar (?).

XI. DEER MEDICINE—BLACK WOLF

teit tell tewen nin san dim mente teim me¹⁸ kil na dil He became ninsan dimmenteteimme wolf

xûl ne wan la xō tsûm mes lōn min na lal win te hai yûñ black. Just women he always dreamed about. That one

16 a xōl teit de ne yī dûk a tō nōñ a diñ min lûn a lū wûn¹⁹ he told. "Eastern water end ten brothers

teit tell tewen kit tes seōx a ya ûn te xō hwe na ya wai have become. Smart they are. Their names have traveled.

^{18 &}quot;Mountain sharp," a ridge east of Pine creek.

¹⁹ The Hupa say Lil Liñ.

hai yûñ a tcōn des na na sē ya te hai aL tcit tes yai That one he thought "I will go." Then he went.

yī dûk a tō nōñ a diñ tein niñ ya yei min Lûn xō kin niñ en 2 Eastern water end he came. Ten places he was carrying.

min Lûn ke de ^eai xō ye wiñ xa na tes dī yai xûL e dûñ Ten deer heads under were. He started back in the morning.

deōk al kō wits xwa xel ya is tewen na in dī ya yei 4 This way so little for him load they made. He came back

nin san dim min teim me hai yat dûn Lûn hwō diñ ninsan dimminteimme. Then several times

xwe nal weL mil a xōl teit de ne kī xûn nai ne en xō del weL 6 when he had spent nights he said to him, "Kixûnnai are dead."

a tcon des ne ka hwan ne siñ xa a' dī ya te tcon des ne He thought, "Well, I knew that it will be so," he thought.

ke naw hwa a de iL kit hai hwit Lō we tein niñ ya yei 8 "Well, I will go. I will take with myself the my herb." He came

hai ya yī dûk a tō nōñ a diñ xōn min na na wil lin hai aL there eastern water end. Fire around they were scattered. Then

a ya xōl teit de ne na sōl dil hai al hai kī ma \bar{u} xwa ya 10 he said to them, "Get up." Then the medicine for them

win tsit ya xō win Lū xa tee nō dil ne kil La xûn mit teiñ he pounded. He rubbed it on them. "Well, you better go out deer toward."

kil la xûn na yal sûn ya sel wen hai ya man ûn nō x $\bar{o}w$ lau 12 Deer they found again. They killed them. "That for I did it,

kyū wiñ ya in yan na nan deL te man hai yō xō diL win seL te Indians will come for. This way it will be hard

hai dō hwin nis te nai xai neūw na in dī ya yei nin san 14 the one not my body says.'' He came back ninsan

dim men teim mee

kût hai yō xō hwa ne Now this way only.

16

XII. MONEY MEDICINE—THE SCABBY BOY

teit tel tewen ke set teit diñ lō ge tse hwa ne min lûn He became kesetteitdiñ scabs only. Ten

 $x\bar{o}$ Li \bar{n} La $x\bar{o}$ L tis tee hai $y\hat{u}\bar{n}$ hai $x\bar{o}$ L tis tee ke $w\bar{u}w$ 18 his brothers, one his younger sister. That one the his sister without their knowledge

- xwa ke il kit ke wūw hai xō liñ xwa ya tsil lai hai ye he de xō she fed him without their knowledge the not like him. her brothers. Nevertheless Nevertheless this way
- tce in nauw la xûL e kit te xauw la xûL hai kit te xauw he used to go out. Just at night he used to fish with a net. night the one he fished
 - a de ne yō wē yō wē tcit de ne hai kit te xauw yōwē, yōwē, he said the one he fished.
- yū din ne mil a tcon des ne te sē ya te hai yal kyū win dits 4 he thought, "I will go." Then he twisted kyū win tcwōk hai yal a de ne xûL e dûñ te sē ya te
 - that string. Then he said, "In the morning
- hwit teiñ ye na teon dil ne hai yal kût ye na win del a' tiñ To me let them come in." Then indeed they came in. La a is dits mil xoi kin ne kût don now kya te se ya te hei from you I will go." Hei," one string (of money) he gave them. "Now it is
- tcon des ne hai võ xōt dañ a ûn $te x\bar{o}w$ hai yal they thought. "he is smart(?)." Then indeed tcit tes vai hai ya xō kya tciñ dik gyûn de yī dûk he went. There from them here this east
- 10 teit tes vai de hai ya na wai ye he went . Now there he is.

XIII. MONEY MEDICINE—KINNAXONTADIN ILLEGITIMATE MAN

tcit tel tcwen kin na xōn ta diñ tin tail towen hai yûn Kinnaxonta'diñ he became illegitimate. That one

- 12 a tcon des ne kût dauw La xo hai ya dai hwō nai yō faf thought, "I guess something there just he gets kit ta au hai mil la de xō yī tsin me mil la his hand in he sings. This way west his hands
- 14 ya wil eL hai al de xõ yī dûk hai ya hit djit Then this way east. Then his hand na des dûk gōt kût hai yōwxō lûñ a' di ya ter in they wiggle. Now, this way it is it will be.
- tin tail towen $x\bar{o}w$ tel tewin te hai ye he Even illegitimate will become. Nevertheless something nai wiñ a te tcit de ne hai de $hwi\tilde{n}$ kit ta a' de he will possess," he said "this song if he sings."

XIV. GOOD LUCK MEDICINE—YIDUKATOME YOUNG MAN

yī dûk a tō nōñ a diñ teit tel tewen kī xûn nai Eastern water end he became Kīxûnnai

kûn teū wil tewil teit te wes tewen ne dûñ xō nōñ ai diñ 2 young man. When he became by him

tel tewen hai xō Lō we dik gyûñ yī nûk kai yī man yī tsin became the his herb. Here southwest on the other side

na' tel tewen tsûm mes lon hai ya teiñ na ī ya two became women. There he used to go.

na ne it dau hwit mil a d \bar{u} wa n \hat{u} n de e tewit hai x \bar{o} L \bar{o} we When he used to come home he used to wash himself the his herb

mil hai ye he kil la xûn a ûl lū na' dī yau kûn na 6 with. Nevertheless deer he killed. Money also

xa ûl lū did the same.

hai yōx xō lûn tel teō ōn ne hai ded hwit Lō we 8 "This way it will be," he thinks. "This my herb

a dit tei \tilde{n} no nil la de $x\bar{o}w$ xa a t \tilde{i} ya te hai de hwit Lo we to himself if he takes even it will do that this my medicine."

hai yûk a hwa ne This way only.

PART II

Obtained from wife of Molasses

XV. THE COMING OF INDIANS

dik gyûñ yī de^e nin nis san nōñ a diñ na teL dit tewen Here north world end he came into being

- 2 yī man ne kyū wiñ xoi yan²o hai ya mil ûñ min nē djō xō mil Yīmannekyūwiñxoiyan. Then after a time
 - a teon des ne da xō ed dûk kyauw kyū wiñ ya in yan na dil te he thought, "How people will they become?"
- 4 hai yaL ûñ tsū mes Lōn na wai ye hai ya miL ûñ mit tein Then woman was walking. Then toward her teit tes yai miL ne se tin te tcōn des ne hai yaL kût
- 6 mil tein nes ten hai yal teit tes yai ta nan me dū win tewen with her he lay. Then he started on. Water he wanted.

he thought.

Then

indeed

"With her I will lie,"

- wûn nō in dûk kait te sil len hai ya miL ûñ tcûk qal lit For it he was nearly falling down. Then as he walked
- 8 sai it diñ ûñ gya nil lin se hai ya mil ye- tse dī ya ka behold it was he heard a creek. Then "ye— I am glad. Well, tauw din nûn te nil lin lax ye tcū win k'ûts se k'ûn I will drink." Creek just he fell in. Water stood there.
- 10 teit te töt teit te töt teit te töt nis tan xö sa www xauw hwil He drank. He drank. Log his mouth floated in. hai yal ya wiñ k'ûts teit teit de xöw wil well ei Then he fell over. He thought he was dead. It was morning
- 12 dō tce nal tewin xō he was not yet restored.

he started.

min në djō xō mil ga tcûñ dū win ne se hai yal ûñ After a time raven he heard make a noise. Then

14 a tcon des ne is do hwik kyan min noi yil dik hai ya mil ûñ he thought, "I wish my belly he would pick open." Then

20 "The other side old man," used by the Hupa as a name for Yimantuwinyai.

2

mûk ka min noi yiL dik hai yat ûñ phū hai "Phū" picked it open. Then sounded on it

xa a na nū wes te nañ xa ta nan kī ye Water lay there. Again it was as before. water.

hai va mil ûñ in na na is dûk ke tcit tes yai yī nûk Then he got up again. He started south.

dûñ hwe e hai var ûñ a tcon des ne is do xō we ke xe Then he thought, "I wish somebody would be(?)."

kiñ ye kût na da ai hai ya miL ûñ ye iūw hwa hai ya miL ûñ Then "I will go in." A hollow tree stood there.

Le nûl dit tewen hai ya mit ûñ a tcō in ne "I wish in front of him it grew together. Then he kept thinking,

dai hwe e ai la hai ded kiñ ye kût hai mûk ka ûñ gya hollow tree somebody would do something." This that on it he heard

na nel wal hai yō kût tciñ a Le nûl dit tewen ne en 8 he was pounding. That in front of him it had grown together.

dik gyûñ yī na tcin yī da tein mil wūw hwal anw ten "Here south east from I came I am.

hwin nat ûn di yau al lûn xō a we nel hai ya mil ûñ In my knowledge you did it. Very many places it has happened." Then tce na in dī ya he came out again.

hai ya mil ûñ teit tes yai yī nûk teit tes yai he started on. South he started. There Then

tcûk qa le hai ya mil ûñ ûñ gya me dil na dûk kait de he perceived was walking. Then canoe was floating about.

tsū mel lon na nin yañ ai hai ya miL xauw dī ya te 14 two sat up. Then "I will do that," Women

hai ya mil ûñ tcon des ne te tcū wil lū me dil mī ve he dived in the water. he thought. Then Canoe close to

xa wil lū hai yaı me dil le me ye tcū win yai xōı ya nes tetc he came up. Then canoe in it he went in. He lay with them.

hai va mil ûñ kût tcûk gal tcit tes yai indeed he walked. He started south.

tcit ten iñ hit yō yī nûk na dil le xō is dai xōL tis tce 18 When he looked were walking way south man his sister.

hai yō hai val ûñ ta wiñ vai xō Le wa ta wil waL Then he waded in. These his pubic hairs he threw in the water.

- hai yal xō kai ye ye wil lat lai xō ta na is de xûts lai Then her thighs they floated in. Just she staggered out again. One
- 2 yis xa nei nik kya' xō dū win tcat hai yaL ûñ a xōL tcit de ne day very much she was sick. Then she said to him,
 - $x\bar{o}$ L $x\bar{o}$ lik te tau tsañ a in te teit dē ne hai ya miL \hat{u} ñ "Tell him. Medicine man may be he is," she said. Then
- 4 teō xō nil ten hai ya mil ûñ kût xōl teū wit dī yen he brought him. Then indeed he doctored her.

 hai yal ûñ a dē ne hwe eñ kyū wiñ in yan del se diñ
 - hai yat ûñ a dē ne hwe eñ kyū wiñ in yan det se diñ Then he said, "I people where they sit
- dō ke dūw ai hai ya mil ûñ a' tin tce niñ vai hai I do not doctor." Then all went out. The ke na win tan da xō ed dik kyauw a xō la kiñ ket sai sapsucker stuck on(doorpost). How he did to her.
- tein nes ten ya na win tan xō Le wa hai ya mil na xō xûl nai he lay. He took out his pubic hairs. Then he restored her.

 xe ye ge cil ye ge cil dū wē ne mil na na is tañ hit
 "xeyegecil yegecil," he sang. With it he took them up.
- hai ya mir ûn teit tes yai yī nûk djē na da na wai ye
 Then he started south. Above was walking on (trees).

 xō ye tein nin yai ye na nûn dac nit tein xûn neuw yeuw
 Under her he came. "ye, come down. To you I will talk."
- 12 xo ed dī nañ a hwil lau te lit a hwil de ne hai ya mil ûñ "What you will do to me, do you say to me?" Then na na wit yai hai ya mil ûñ xō tein ye teū win lat she came down. Then to her he ran.
- 14 hai ya mil ûn de kût don a nūw hwin nin is do Then "This it is I will do. I want kyū win ya in yan na nan del nūw sin hit auw ten people should become, because I think I do it."
- hai ya miL ûn mik kya in na na is dûk ke win te teit tes yai
 Then from her he got up again. He started on.

 sai kit din ûn gya kyū win ya in yan ta kin na wai ye He was surprised to see people three walking.
- 18 kût dōñ nō nal niñ ai nū win sen is dō kyū wiñ ya in yan "Indeed in our knowledge vou think I wish na nan der yûr kyō we diñ nū win sen hai va mil ûñ would become you think. Then everywhere

deûk a' dī ya te kyū wiñ ya in yan na nan deL te niñ this way it will happen. People will become. You

na nan deL te kyū wiñ ya in yan tsū mes Lon hiL they will become. Indians women with

Lil na wit dil te niñ man a nûn dī yau hit ma il ne sin tiñ hit they will live, you first because you did it. First because you lay with them,"

xol teit de ne a' tin din tsu mel lon do wa te sin ya hit he said. "All places woman not by you went.

hai yaL ûn hwe don ma ai ne sin hai ya xat don 6 Then I indeed first I thought, then indeed

kyū wiñ ya in yan na nan deL te ne siñ kyū wiñ ya in yan Indians will become I thought. Indians

wit yûñ il mil xō hwa win nel te hai ya mil ûñ na la 8 grow old when they will die. Then others

wil tewil na tū wil dit tewin il te hai yûk mil nin nis san will become. One after the other they will become. This way with world

sa ûn te hai yûk ke mil kyū wiñ ya in yan na dil te 10 will be. This way with Indians will live.

hwe kût ne siñ hit kyū wiñ ya in yan ma na na ya te I indeed I thought it. People for he will come down."

hai ya mil ûñ min ne djō xō mil a tcōn des ne te se ya te 12 Then after a time he thought, "I will go."

hai ya mil \hat{u} min ne djō xō mil a ya xōl tcit dē ne yō Then after a time they said to him, "Those

nin mit dje ē din ne ya xōL tcit dē ne hai ya miL ûñ a dē ne 14 your children,'' they said. Then he said,

hwe don hwim mit dje ē din ne do nūw sin kût don "Mine it is my children I do not think." "Truly

nim mit dje ē din ne xow dōñ dō hûn na ne hwe ai ne siñ 16 your children I think.'' 'Yes, mine I think,

dō hûn na hwim mit dje ē din e yes my children.''

hai ya miL ûñ kyū wiñ ya in yan mit ta' diñ teit tes yai 18 Then people among he started.

- kût hai hwe a tcon des ne na sel tcwin do xûn na "Indeed the I," he thought, "I will make them again truly."
- 2 hai yal ûñ hai teit tes yai kût ka ū hwal te hai yal ûñ Then he started on. "Well, I will go. Then
 - hwe ai ne siñ kyū wiñ ya in yan na na deL te dō xō liñ I think, People will become. It will not be
- 4 Lûn xō ûn Lil ne dō xō liñ Lit dit Lan dō xō liñ they will quarrel. It will not be they will hate each other. It will not be Le de ai Lit tit lōs hwe hai ai ne sen dō xō liñ na hwil la diñ they will drag one another about, I that, I think. It will not be I have done (?)
- 6 a na ten hwe miL dō xō liñ Lûn hwai ai ī diL en they will do again. Me after it will not be they will quarrel Lai teL tewen brothers."
- tcûk qal hai ya mil ûñ kût tcit tes yai dōñ indeed he started. He walked along. "Indeed. hai dai dit diñ nō nē ya te hai ya mil ûñ da nauw di ya te the some place I will go to. Then I will turn back."
- 10 hai ded a tcon des ne kût dōñ wûñ xwe kvûñ nañ yai Indeed he considered it. This he thought. kyū wiñ ya in yan na nan deL te hwe hai ai ne sen "People will become. that I think. Ι
- 12 kyū wiñ ya in yan na nan deL te a win neL te yī nûk
 People will become it will be south

 nin ne san min në diit wût kûs tein ne wan hai yat dōñ
 - nin ne san min në djit wûl kûs tein ne wan hai yal döñ world middle a little one side.'' Then indeed
- 14 a teon des ne xan Lûn din hwin no da ne yī hai te sē ya diñ he thought, "How many my return the place I came mil hai ya mil www hwal te dik gyûñ yī nûk a nin nis san from. Then I will go. Here south world
- 16 nöñ a tcin nē ya te hai ya de da nauw dī ya te tcön des ne end I will come. From there I will turn back," he thought. tcûk qal tcûk qal tcûk qal na nin na wai ye ûñ gya He walked, he walked, he walked. Two were traveling he saw.
- 18 hai yal ûñ a tcōn des ne kē xō wûñ ya nūw hwa tcōn des ne
 Then he thought, "Well, to them I will go," he thought.

 tcañ a tcin tcis yē na hai ya mil ûñ a xōl tcit dē ne
 At one side they stood. Then he said to him,

dai de hwûñ mit teiñ wiñ yaL na tin dauw dai de "Why toward it do you go? Go back. Why

mit teiñ wiñ yal nin dō Lan tein ûn te dō nin yauw hwûñ toward it do you go? Your bad deeds you did. You must not come.

da dō Lûn ûn te a Lûn kit d \bar{u} wûn h $w\bar{o}$ lik na tin ya ne ha Many things very many they tell me. Go back."

dau kût dōñ wūw hwal yō yī nûk kûn dûñ sē liñ 4 "No. Indeed I will go. Way south near I am.

hai në ya tel de mik kya na diñ yis kan de wūw hwalx There I am about to come. This from it two days I will come back.

kût nē ya te hai ya mil ûñ kût a de kût na tes dī ya te Indeed I will come back. Then indeed of myself I will start back.

kûn nē ya te Soon I will get there."

yī nûk teit tes yai yī nûk teûk qal na nin kin na dī da ye South he started. South he walked. Two were gathering something.

hai ya miL $\hat{u}\tilde{n}$ xō w $\hat{u}\tilde{n}$ n $\bar{u}w$ hwa k \hat{u} t tein k' \hat{u} n n $\bar{u}w$ yeuw Then ''To them I will go. To them I will talk.''

hai ya mil $\hat{u}\tilde{n}$ hai ya xō tei \tilde{n} te \hat{u} k qal xō w $\hat{u}\tilde{n}$ 10 Then there to them he walked. To them

tein niñ ya dai de mit teiñ wiñ yal nit dōñ Lûn wûn he came. "Why toward it do you walk? Your bad deeds

nữ wa ya xỗ lik hai ya mi
L ûñ kût dỗñ yĩ nûk ke wữw hwal 12 they tell.'' Then, ''Indeed south I walk.

dō nō' djin wūw hwa hai yō nē ya teL diñ Not your concern I walk the I am about to come place."

hai ya mil ûñ teit tes yai yī nûk teûk qal ye ō 14 Then he started south walking. Far

 $\hat{u}\tilde{n}$ gya L \bar{u} w \hat{u} n nin teis yi \tilde{n} hai yaL $\hat{u}\tilde{n}$ a x \bar{o} L teit d \bar{e} ne he saw one alone standing. Then he said to him,

hai wiñ yaL diñ kauw Lûn sis da kût dōñ hai ye he 16 "The you are going place many live." "Well, nevertheless

wūw hwal hai ya mit ûñ tcûk qal tak xōn ta sa an I will go.'' Then he walked. Three houses stood.

kût tein niñ yai hai ya mil ûñ lai xûn na sis da ne 18 Indeed he came there. Then many truly lived there.

hai ya mil ûn a xōl teit dē na dai dûk kyûn mil win yal Then he said to him, "From where did you come?"

 $d\bar{o}$ $x\bar{o}$ $li\bar{n}$ kil we ak $\hat{u}n$ $d\bar{i}$ ya ke nauw a $n\bar{u}$ win $si\bar{n}$ $\hat{u}\bar{n}$ It will not be unusual things you will do, you came did you think?"

- 2 hai ya miL ûñ yin nûk a nin nis san nōñ a diñ Then south world end
 - tcin niñ yai hwe La xō nauw hwa ne siñ hai ya miL ûñ he came. "I without cause I travel," I thought. Then
- 4 a xōL teit dē ne nal weL te yis xûn de na te sin dī ya te he said to him, "Spend the night. Tomorrow you will start back.

 yō hwiL tis tee niL teit tes ya te hai ya miL ûñ yis k'ûn That my sister with you will go." Then next day
- na tes dī va kût xol tis tee kût xō war ten His wife he started His sister he took. indeed. indeed kyū wiñ ya in yan sil len hai ya mil ûñ na tes dī yai "People he started back. she was. Then
- 8 na na dil seltewen nū hwōnk auw la na tes del become I made. Well I did.'' They went back.

 xe na yal wil wit dil kût yī nûk nē ya ye teit dū win nel They spent the night. They went along. "Indeed south I came," he kept telling them.
- 10 hai yûk xe na yal wil ta' tcō xō wil lik il hai ya miL ûñ This way where they spent the nights he told them along. Then na wit dil a kût min nē djō xō miL ûñ gya kyū wiñ ya in yan they went along. After a time he saw people
- 12 xût Le dûñ wûn na dil le na tewai ye de xō ed ded iñ in the morning going out for it they were burying. "What ai nū wiñ sin da xō hwō ai it dī yau mil nauw dal te you think, some way when it has happened I will go along,
- 14 nū win sen you think?"
 - na tes dī yai da na wit dal a kût yī de na wit dal lit He went back. He was going back, north. When he was going along
- 16 ye win nai kit dil ye Lan na wai ye hai ya miL ûñ they were traveling, many were traveling. Then na wit dal a kût yī de hai sis da tciñ na wit dal a kût he went along north the toward where he stayed he was going along.
- sa a na sin ya kût hei ûñ tcit dē ne kûn diñ a na na hwai "It is a long time you are coming back." "Yes," he said. "Close I come back."

6

hai ya mil ûñ na wit dal na wit dal hit na nin sis ye nē Then he went along. As he went along two were standing.

ka xō liete nan dal nō wûn kit tein ya sil len hai ya mil ûñ 2 "Well, quickly, go back. About you they are worried." Then

na wit dal na wit dal hai sis da diñ teit tewe tse xō wûñ he went along. He came the he lived place he heard them crying. For him

ya tewe kyū wil tē ya tcōn des ne na in dī ya hit xō nis te 4 they were crying. "He is dead," they thought. When he came back their bodies

ya x $\bar{0}$ n $\bar{u}w$ n $\bar{0}$ nauw nin ya ye hai yaL $\hat{u}\tilde{n}$ na wil dal hai were glad. He came back with a wife. Then he went back. The

kyū wiñ ya in yan na nan deL ûL kyō we diñ Indians had become everywhere.

XVI. THE TWO-HEADED MONSTER

yō yī nûk kit tûn na da a di \tilde{n}^{21} sis dai hai ya mir. Way south Kittûn na da a di \tilde{n}^{21} he lived. Then

diñ kin a na a Lū wûn na tel dit tewen hai ya mil la ût 8 four people brothers came to be. Then one

dō ī kyū wil le xō an Lûñ na teL dit tewen hai ûn old woman, that many came to be. Then

min ne djō xō mil a tcōn des ne yō yī de na hwa xō tcin 10 after a time he thought, "Here north Iwill go." Right

na tse na wai xō kyûñ xō len hai teit tes yai na tse first born, sensible he went first.

hai ya mil teûk qal xōn tel me²² dik gyûñ hai teit tes yai 12 Then he went Xōntelme here, he went.

hai ya mil xō la diñ²³ yī de Lō dai kyō xûl la tein niñ yai Then Xōladiñ north Lōdaikyōxûlladiñ he came.

tcûk qal yī de ye tcū wiñ yai xō mit kyan diñ²⁴ yī de 14 He walked, north he went in. Xōmitkyandiñ north

²¹ "Maple stands place," where Thomas Bair's dwelling now stands. Evidently an old village site.

²² A former village near Beaver's buildings.

²³ A prairie beyond Beaver's where the schoolhouse used to stand.

²⁴ A place south of Hower's place.

- tce niñ yai hai ya miL hai ya yī de sa õl kûts diñ²⁵ he came out. Then there north Saōlkûtsdiñ
- 2 yī tsin tce niñ yai hai ya mil hai ya xōn ta sa an ne en diñ west he came out. Then there house used to stand place tce niñ yai hai ya tcûk qal a kût hai ya mil hai ya he came out. There he walked along. Then there
- 4 nil lin tce na niñ yai mil xō ed dik kyau ai dū wen tse when he came out something he heard make noise, yī man yī dûk hai ya mil yī de tcit tes yai kim mel le across up the hill. Then north he went. Leaves and branches
- 6 tes deL sil len were falling.

hai ya mil a tcōn des ne kil we ak ai dū wē ne hai ya mil Then he thought what kind made the noise. Then

- nak' xō kōs na da ai hai 8 vī da tcin ûñ gya xō lan from above it was Two-necks-stand-up. That it was na xõn nes yöt de yū wit diñ hit xō yetc tcin yai chased him about. After a time his breath went out.
- 10 da $x\bar{o}$ \bar{i} hwa a $x\bar{o}$ la te sil len y \bar{u} wit di \bar{n} hit k \bar{u} t x \bar{o} yetc He was about to die. After a time then his breath tein yai dai xoi h $w\bar{o}$ a $x\bar{o}$ lau te \bar{o} k' \bar{o} sat wen hai ya mit went out. He died. He killed him. Then
- 12 yī man a yī dûk tcō k'ō tes wen hai ya mil tcō k'ō nin en e across up he carried him. Then he brought him sis da diñ hai yō mûk ka na xa nal da a da min e hai place he stayed. On it there was growing the moss,
- 14 xon ta hai ya mil kyū win ya in yan teit tan ai yan te house. Those people they eat they were teit del se they lived there.
- dō na in dī yai hai ya mil xō tce kit tcin ya sil len 16 That one he did not come back. they were worried. Then yis k'ûñ hit Lū wûn tcit tes yai xō tce et tcin sil len The next day another one went. They were worried,
- 18 yō yī nûk a tei \tilde{n} kit tûn na da a di \tilde{n} hai ya mil teit tes yai here south Kittûnnadaadi \tilde{n} . Then he went.

^{25 &}quot;Stones fell place," hill south of Hower's.

hai ya mil yis k'an kī ye hai ya mil a tcōn des ne Then it was day again. Then he thought.

xõ tce e tcin sil len kõs da tce k'õ lin diñ 26 xõs tate tañ a diñ 2 He was worried. Kosda Tcekōwindiñ Xōstatetañadiñ

hai yī na teiñ teûk qal hai ya min teûk qal hai ya min the from the south he walked. Then he walked. Then

kai lūw ta' diñ yī na tciñ tce niñ yai hai ya miL hai 4 Kailūwta' diñ from the south he came out. Then the

teit tes yai yō yī na teiñ Lō teē ke²⁷ hai ya yī na teiñ he went. Here from the south Lōteēke there from the south

tcûk qal hai ya min mik kya yī na tciñ tcit tes yai 6 he walked. Then from there from the south he went. Then

hai ded tcûk qal tse de mentc²⁸ yī na tciñ tcûk qal ded this place he walked, Tsedementc from the south he walked. This

ta is dit diñ yī de teûk qal hai ya mit hai xōn tet me 8 crossing north he walked. Then Xōntet me

yī de tcûk qal hai kai lūw san diñ yī dûk xa is yai north he walked. Then Kailūwsandiñ up he went.

hai ya mil yī de xōt da wiñ yai nil lin na nin yai 10 Then north he went down. Creek he crossed.

hai ya mil yī de teit tes yai kût Lō dai kyō xō la diñ Then north he went. Indeed Lōdaikyō xō ladiñ

tee niñ yai kin nas tan mī ye yī de ye teū win yai hai ya mil 12 he came out. Kinnastanmīye north he came in. Then

hai nil lin na niñ yai hai ya miL mik kya yī de the creek he crossed. Then from it north

teit tes yai kût hai yaL ûñ xō mit kyan diñ tee niñ yai 14 he went. Then Xōmitkyandiñ he came out.

hai ya mir hai ya sa ōl kûts diñ yī tsin k'ō tcū wiñ yai Then there Seōlkûtsdiñ west he went down.

hai ya mil hai ya xōn ta sa an diñ yī de tce niñ yai 16
Then here house stands place north he came out.

hai ya mil hai da xō ed dik kya ai dū wē ne tse hai ya Then the something he heard make a noise, there

²⁶ A big slide north of the village of Kinnaxonta'din.

²⁷ A former village on the east side of Redwood creek.

²⁸ The home of the informant. After passing this point yīna tciñ gives place to yī de in the narrative.

- yī de tee niñ yai mil hai ya mil kût lū wûn dō teō xōs le north when he came out. Then indeed another one was not.
- 2 ye tcō xōñ en yī man a yī dûk kût hai teit tū wen na hwil He carried him in across up the hill. It was that one he went along kin ne a de ne tce il lū kit te it tce it blows it made a noise the trees made a noise it was like
- 4 teit te in nauw mil teō k'ō sel wen kût na nin teō k'ō sel wen when he went. He killed him. Then two he killed.
 - hai ya mil hai ya il wûn xō dje it tein ya lū il wa Then there about it they were worried about it.
- 6 hai ya mil kī ye lū wûn xō dje kit tciñ sil len xō lin ne
 Then again one he worried, his brothers

 mûk' k'a hai ya mil lū wûn kī ye dō na in dī yai
 about. Then one again did not come back.
- 8 hai ya mil kī ye teit tes yai yīs k'ûñ hit hai ya mil Then he went next day. again Then this ta kûn yī na tein tcûk gal kût dō tcō k' ōs le hai ya mil from the south he walked along. Three were not. Then
- nō in dī yan na mik krū wit diñ 10 yō Lū wûn deûk one was left last born. This way a nū wes te nō in dī yan hai ya mil des k'ûñ he was was left. Then "Today houses
- 12 na sẽ ya te hwit tcū tcit dễ ne hai ya miL hwik kyai I will go, my grandmother," he said. Then "My grandchild, da xō ed hwē ye a de ne miL tce ya hwin neL yan hai ya miL why you talk that way? They eat me all up," then
- 14 xōL tcit de ne na īs le na is le mil mil xō wil loi tce nil la she said to him. She felt for something. When she felt his belt she took out.
 - deûk altel tee nil la hai ya mil kût de de mil a dil loi This wide she took out. Then indeed this he tied himself.
- 16 hai ya mil kût xe ne sin hwe yete tee niñ ûñ
 Then "Indeed you think, my breath is leaving,
 nū win sen mil deûk a teil la
 when you think this way do."
- 18 hai ya mil hai yō la xō kût teit tes yai na mûk klū
 Then that one just indeed went, the youngest.

 ta kûn dō xōs le kyū wil te de yī de teûk qal ta is dil diñ
 Three were not, died. This north he walked. Crossing

tcûk gal hai ya mil xon tel me tcûk gal hai ya mil Then Xontelme he walked. he walked. Then this kai lūw teit tañ a diñ yī de me is yai hai ya mil yī de Kailūwtañadiñ north he came up. Then north tcit tes yai nil lin ye tcū wiñ yai hai ya mil hai nil lin he came in. he went. Creek Then creek vī de vī man tce niñ yai ve tcu wiñ vai hai ya mil he went in. North across he came out. Then Lō dai kyō xō la diñ hai ya tce niñ yai hai ya mir. he came out. Lödakyöxöladiñ there Then kin nas tan me $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ yī de ye tcū wiñ yai hai ya mil Kinnastânmīye north he went in. Then west nil lin tce na niñ yai hai ya mil yī de teit tes yai Then creek he came out. north he went. xō mit kyan diñ yī de tce niñ yai hai ya mil yī de Xōmitkyandiñ north he came out. Then north tcûk gal sa öl kûts de yī tsin xōn ta tcō kût de hai ya he walked. Saölkûts this west house pits there tce niñ yai hai ya yī de tcûk gal nil lin tse nil lin 10 he came out. There north he walked. Small creek mik kya xōn ta tcō kût de mik kya yī de da xō ed dik kya from it, house pits from it north something ai vī den tse 12 he heard make a noise. yī man a yī da teiñ da xa Le tañ a diñ²⁹ mit teī yī da teiñ Across from above Daxaletañadiñ towards kauw kyō it tū wa tcit tes mel sil len teit te nauw 14 hai redwoods back and forth (?) The moved. he came ai kit dū we ne hai ya tce niñ yai Lō ka yī de ye tce niñ yai made the noise. There he came out, glade north he came in. hai ya mil ûñ gya nak' k'ō kōs tas ai de yī sin tein xō tciñ Then there was Nak' k' ök östasaide from the west toward him k'a dū win se hai ya miL na xō nas yōt kût he heard make a noise. He chased him around. Then indeed his breath tce niñ ûn te sil len kût tcō k'ō ser win te sil len na xōn nas yōt was about to go out. Then he was about to kill him. He chased him about. hai yal deûk a xō lau mil xō wil loi mit Then this way he did his belt with it. Each way

29 "Salmon berries point."

house in

old woman.

- ya wit mil a k'ût hai ya mil ye tcō k'ō sel wen hai ya mil he fell. Then he killed him. Then
- 2 tcil ai ye dō tca lūw hai ya hit tcit xō tciñ tce nil lai he kept it. He did not take it out. Then to her he took it.
 - de de mil hwō kyai til l $\bar{u}w$ x \bar{o} L teit d \bar{u} we ne hai ya mil "This with my grandchild you carry it," she told him. Then
- 4 teit tes yai kût yī man a yī dûk teit tes yai hai yō he went. Across up the hill he went. This one
 - a $ti\tilde{n}$ hai yō na mûk kLū a $ti\tilde{n}$ hai ya miL yī dûk a did it, this one last born did it. Then up the hill
- 6 kût teit tes yai teûk qal a kût yō yī dûk indeed he went. He walked. Here up
- 8 kauw kyō da xōn tel kût yī nûk en teiñ xō Lûk kōte a xa ai diñ Kauwkyōdaxōntelkût south side head of gulch
- 10 hai ya mil hai ya tcûk qal ye tcū wiñ yai ya kyū wiñ ai Then there he walked. He went in. She sat k'ōn ta me es dī yañ kī la k'ûtc yañ a hai ya mil
- 12 hai yō kī la xûte a dū we ne teō k'ō win sen in sil len that boy said, "Something must have made a noise."

Boy

hai ya mil kût da sit tûñ kī k'ak wil tewen hai mil.
Then indeed was lying net made that with

sat.

Then

- 14 ya tan kyū win ya in yan Lûk gai xōt da wiñ a they eat people. White down hill lay,
 - kyū wiñ ya in yan mit tsin ne ûn te hai ya mit yō people their bones it was. Then that
- 16 yai win tan a mil xō tseûk kai³⁰ deûk a teil lau when he took it up his belt this way he did. Each way vat mil hai vō dö kyū wil le mit dir wa vai win tan it fell. That old woman in turn took up
- 18 kī kak deûk a teil lau mil xō wil loi mil kyū wiñ ya in yan net. This way he did his belt with it. "People

³⁰ Several meanings were given for tseûk, string used in tying the hair, carrying strap used by men, belt.

dō xa a teil e ûn te xōte na dil le te kût teō k'ō wiñ an will not do this way. Good they will live." Indeed he killed them.

hai ya mil xon ta m \bar{i} ye ko \bar{i} no na ni \bar{i} en te lit 2 Then house under it fire he put. It burned.

kyū wiñ ya in yan dō teit tan na hwûn te xōte tein na dil hwûn te "People" they will not be allowed to eat, Good they will live."

na tes dī yai kût na yī nûk na wit dal xō tewō 4 He went back indeed south again he went along. His grandmother

sis da diñ na in dī yai hai ya min hwit tewō nauw dī ya where she lived he came back. Then "My grandmother I came back."

hwik kyai tse dī ya na in dī ya k'ō we wûn teit de ne 6 "My grandchild I am glad you came back." "I killed them," he said.

hai ya mil hai tseûk wa na teil lai xō tewō hai ya mil. Then this belt he gave her, his grandmother, "Then

hwin nis te na ya hwe wë nüw xō kyai nō yan dī yan 8 my body is glad.'' Her grandchild is left.

nū hwōn na del se Well they lived.

> hai ya nōn dik Here the end.

10

XVII. PANTHER AND GRIZZLY BEAR

yō yī da kiñ kyō lai sis dai min ne mil le dil lū Way north Kiñkyōlai he lived, Panther.

hai ya nak xwe k' ek' nak min dite mite tewan tûl tan 12 There two boys, two wildeat, fox.

hai ya hit djit ûn xût Le dûn kin ne mil mil teit te in nauw Then in the morning deer-mask with he used to go.

hai ya mil ûñ hai yō xwe k'ek' al teit dē ne dō yī dûk a 14 Then that one boys he told "Not up

xa sin dil³¹ hai ya mil k'a a de ne hai ya mil k'a a nū win te go.'' Then he said that. Then he always did that.

kit se its mil teit te in nauw hai ya mil k'a a tein ne win te 16 Deer-mask with he used to go. Then he always told them that.

hai ya mil kin ne wūw kin ne il tûs la xō ne xō wit tse Then he used to bring in deer. He used to cut it up. Just it became full.

 $x\bar{o}t$ tse $d\bar{u}$ wan ne mil kin nil tats hai ya mil kût 18 It was full, hides with, dry meat. Then indeed

³¹ The singular subjective prefix is frequently used in the dual when the stem by its form indicates more than one.

hai ya hit djit ûñ tein nū win te k'a at dū win te yī dûk he always did that. Then he always said that, "Up

2 dō xa sin diL do not go."

> hai ya mir min ne djō xō mir a yōn des ne hai yō Then after a time they thought, those

4 xwek' k'ek' dai de nō wûn a nō hōL tein ne yī dûk a "Why does he always tell, 'Up us

dō xa sin dil hai ya mil min ne djō xō mil kût a yōn des ne do not go.' " Then after a time indeed they thought,

6 dai de nō wûn a nō hōL tcin ne yī dûk a dō xa sin dil does he always tell, 'Up do not go,' "Why us

nō hōl tein dai de wûn he always tells us, why?''

hai ya mil min ne djō xō mil ya kit tes dal hai ya mil after a time they went. Then Then

hai yō mit dje sa an sit da diñ ya nin deL tcin yûñ tcō wes lal those grizzly where he lived they came up. "Eat," they said

10 hai ya mil ai we na teit dū win lat win te k'on ta ya teū win lat really he ran there. House he ran in. Then

tein nel yan yō dū wan ne en tein nal yan hai ya mil He ate up. Those hides used to be he ate up.

12 na wit dal da xō ed dik kyan ûn te xō k'ōn tau ne en te le he came back. "What is the matter?" His house used to be

ka nan wil lau tein nal yan hai ya mil teit tes yai teûk qal Then he went. He walked. He ate up. was lying.

14 Lin³² na da a k'ōñ€ hai ya mi∟ k'ōn niñ ye tcū wil kan Then his face, he put in Smoke stood up, fire. k' on ta me tciñ hai ya mil sai kit diñ ûñ gya yō k'ōn house inside. Then he was surprised to see that one

16 me ū na is tiñ k'a at yai kyū wiñ a hai ya mil de k'ō wûn beside he was lying. His wife sat up. Then this (ridge) at him nō nil kait de wē nûn yī dik kyō wûn hai ya mit. hai he shot. This he hit. He was asleep. Then

18 a kit dū we ne a lō dai de nûn dil kûts da dil lūw hai ya mil. he said, "ilō, What snaps you put in the fire?" Then

³² For Lit, t assimilated to following n.

Do not do that again."

dil a kûts a da dil l $ar{u}$ La tein a nin te wûn d $ar{o}$ "Snapping you put in only you are is it?"	
dō don da win nal dū wen ne hai tsū mes Lōn You were shot,'' said the woman.	2
hai ya mil al kyō we diñ da we nûñ dau hai ya mil hai Then every place he shot him. No. Then the	
tsū mes Lōn a kit dū we ne xō ka ke xwō siñ kyûn te woman spoke. ''His body in vain you shoot.	4
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
yit da we nûñ dik gyûñ teit teit hai mik kyō we ne en he shot him here. He died the grizzly used to be.	6
hai ya mil ai we kût teit teit de Then indeed really he died.	
hûn na na tes dī ya hai ya mil ûn tī kī xōn ta diñ Now, he went back. Then it was his house	8
na tein dī yei hai ya mil na tes dī ya kût a de xōn tau xōtc he came. Then he came back. His house good	
a na teil lau hai yō xwe k'ek' k'ōn kût de ya wim meL he made again. Those boys fire indeed he threw in.	10
hai yûk xa a dō ne nō hōL de ne ûñ yī dûk k'a sō dil. ne ''This way you do, I told you was it? 'Up you should go,'	
nō hōL de ne ûn a hai ya miL tcai a in tcwū we hai ya miL I told you was it?'' Then they cried. Then	12
yī tsin ne wiñ a mil ya na dil ya kauw hwa hai ya mil west when it was, "Come in, nephews." Then	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14
ē na ya kyū wiñ yûñ ka na iL kit hai ya miL kût ē they ate. He fed them. Then indeed	
tcit des ya kyū wûn nai da La xō win t e he went. He hunted, always it was.	16
hai ya mil a xõl teit de ne hai yō tcō k'ō sel wen Then he told him, that one he killed him,	
dō xō liñ k'a a' t iñ La xō min daik naL au w te ''Do not do it again. Just outside you will live.	18
dō xō liñ k'a a ten	

hai ya hit djit \hat{u} n k \hat{u} t na na is yai hai ya miL k \bar{i} ye Then indeed he went around. Then again

- 2 k'a na it yai k'ō k'ōn tau neûk k'a a na nū wes te hai ya mit he used to go for them. His house inside looked as it used to. Then kût na na is ya xōte hai yō mitc dje e diñ indeed he went around again. Good those children
- 4 mal yak a na teil lau xote na de el se he took care of. Well they lived.

XVIII. SKUNK'S THEFT

xût Le dûñ kin na da te in nauw köl dje hwitc hwō In the morning for it she went, skunk. "My grandmother,

- 6 dim miñ hwa nai iL tewe hai ya miL se nit tel tewil sa an sharp for me make it again.'' Then stone flat lay mûk kût hai se nit telte hai ya miL a de ne k'ût a ke sit on it the stone flat. Then she said, "K'ût a ke sit,
- 8 k'ût a ke sit k'ût a ke sit teit de ne na iL tōñ hit hai ya miL k'ût a ke sit, k'ût a ke sit,'' she sang. He danced. Then k'ûn nai kil la xûts aL tewōn naL tōn xō ye La an nauw ''Kunna, boy nice looking is dancing.'' Near him they all came.
- 10 hai ya miL hai yō kût xō tewō xōn nō[€] tee it set ma' nin yū Then that one indeed his anus emitted flatus. "Ma—" To the ground
 - teit te il auw hai ya mil a' tin tein nel yī mit tal ta they put their heads. Then all he ate up, biggest ones.
- 12 hai ya mil deûk ûñ hit djit hai xō tewō mit teiñ kō e lan Then this way then the his grandmother toward (small ones) teit te it teite hai ya mil hai yō tee na til tewen kai tim mil he took in his hands. Then those recovered, pack-baskets
- 14 mū hwa ne ya na ai wūw only they carried.

hai ya nön dik Here the end.

XIX. THE ESCAPE OF THE CAPTURED GIRL

nin nis san min nei djit sis dai kel san nin hai ya mil World middle she lived a girl. Then

a' tin yī tsin xō kya teit tes yai lū wûn nin teū win da all west from her went. Alone she stayed.

kyū win va in yan dō ta' xō len hai ya mil tce e dai she stayed. Fall were not around. Then

xûn na gal kya da an ne tcwū wa kil lūw min ne diō xō mil 2 She cracked them. After a time began to walk. She picked acorns.

win sa a kyū wiñ ya in yan dō xōt da nat yai did not come back. time passed. People

hai ya miL kût xûn na k'a ûn nū yī tin ne 4 indeed it was she did the same. Doorway Then

mit tein ne hwan va a hai ya miL min ne djō xō mil after a time toward she sat. Then

kyū win ya in yan sil len sil lin tse tcin nel git dit sik xō sa 6 She heard him there. She was afraid. person was there. Acorn her mouth

wiñ a dō tce na niñ an hai ya mil ûñ gya kai tim mil was in she did not take out. Then she saw basket

a din nin diñ tcū wil lel ve tcū wiñ vai xō man tein teiñ 8 before his face he held. He came in. In front of the fire

ye tcū wiñ ya hai ya mil k'ōn niñ me yōl hwin nal tcwin he came in. Then his head he had made black.

hai va mil dō hwa nū wil get te he hai ya mil kût sa a 10 "Do not be afraid." Then "Now long time

nū wûn hwik kyûñ nañ ya hwin nal kût a nin te hai ya mil about you I have been thinking. In my knowledge you were."

xai il kit sa xauw tee nel git te he hai ya mil a xol teit de ne 12 she gave him food, acorn soup. She was afraid. Then he told her,

iL tcwe ta sē deL te "Acorn flour make. We will go."

hai ya mil kût is k'ûñ hit kût na tes daL hai ya mil 14 Then indeed next day indeed they went back.

na wit dal k'el weL xō lûn ta' hai ya mil xût Le dûñ he went back where he had camped. Then morning

in na is deL win te tcū wit dil le tcit tes deL hai ya mil 16 they got up. They started. They went along. Then

vī tsin ne wiñ a mil tcū wit dil k'el weL xō lûn ta when it was they went along. Where he had camped

k'e na al wil hai ya k'ai yal weL hai ya miL ai we xût Le dûñ 18 they camped. There they camped. Then in the morning

- tcit tes deL kût min Lûn diñ mit tcin dū win sen hai ya miL they went. "It was ten times to it you think? Then
- de La yis k'ûn nē deL ta hai ya miL xût Le dûñ kī ye this one day we will get there.'' Then in the morning again teit tes daL hai ya miL yī nûk ûñ gya yī tsin ne wiñ a miL they went. Then south she saw west when it was
- 4 kiñ ye kût hai ya min dai na nes da nin sa xōL teit dē ne hollow tree. There outside he sat. "You sit," he told her. ye teū win deL hit nik kya ō kiñ ye kût Lai ai xō lûñ yō wit ta When they went in large hollow tree. Indeed it was all around
- sil kait hai ya miL sel ne hwan Lan miñ kût sûk k'an obsidians Then a pond of water lav. manv. stood hai va mil kiñ ve kût min nûk ke tciñ sûk k'an dōñ hollow tree its south side it stood. Then it was
- 8 tein nel git xō tein ne hwan an te hai tsū mel loñ in te she was afraid little like it was that woman it was.
 kin nil tats xō lan kin nal mats xō lan lan nō niñ an xō lûñ Dried meat was. Bundles were. Many lay there.
- hai ya mil a xōl tcit dē ne dō ma nū wil gīl ta kiñ yûñ Then he said to her, "Do not feel afraid, eat."
 - hai ya mil dûn lûñ hwō diñ k'e ya nal wel hai ya mil hai Then several times night passed there. Then the
- xō is dai a dē ne is dō ke nai ī kē vûñ hai ya miL "I wish I might eat." man said, fresh meat Then way vī nûk ne hwan na kis le sai kit diñ ûñ gya na wetc south like he felt. Behold small bag
- 14 tce niñ tûñ hai ya mil tcit tes yai yei na xō dil en he took out. Then he went. She watched him dai hwûn Lûn na wa ne ka win yai ei kim me xō nōñ ai diñ He went in in timber. By its edge he would go.
- 16 tcit tes yai tcō xōt dit tel en tcō xō nel in il hai de She watched him. She watched him along. This she went. this way al kyō Lok sa ûñ de dit diñ mik kyō kōt tse nal auw glade It was elk were there. so large was.
- 18 hai ya mil hai yō na wete xō tee ka at tan hai tsū mel lōn Then that bag under his arm he held. The woman teō k'ō nel in ke wūw a teōn des ne da xō hwe ka a' tin ne watched him, without his knowledge. She thought, "What will he do?"

hai mûk kai nū hwōn diñ tein ya yei hai ya miL na wetc The on it good place he came out. Then bag

deûk a teil lau ke yan kûts sai this way he did. It fell down.

2

hai ya mil na tes dī yai tsū mes lõn kût ye na wit yai Then she went back. woman. Indeed she went in again

hai ya mil a de ne nin kyūw ûl ke nai kẽ yûn te hai ya mil 4 Then he said, "I will butcher it. Fresh meat I will eat." Then

kût tes yai ye na wete k'ōn naL nōn na in tan hai ya miL indeed he went. Bag before her he put down. Then

yō na wete ya win tûn win te hai tsū mes Lōn teit tes tan 6 that bag she took up that woman. She carried it

xō ka nin kiL ûl le hai ya miL deûk a xō lau hai ya miL after him. He was butchering. Then this way she did to him. Then

na tes dī yai na tes tan ye na win ten nō na nin tan na wete 8 she went back. She carried it back. She carried it in. She put it down, bag.

sa a diñ hit teit na wit dal hai ya mil ye na wit yai hai ya mil After a while he came back. Then he came in again. Then

hwe da ai dū win teat hai ya mil. yī tsin ne wiñ a mil. 10 ''My head aches.'' Then west when it was

dai xō hwō tein ne hwan a na at yau nai yī tein a na' dī yau nearly crazy he was. Worse he became.

hai ya mil a xōl teit de ne ded miñ kût me ta hwil lōs na 12 Then he said to her, "This lake in drag me.

yō na wetc ta nal kōw ne hwik kai hai ya mil teit teit That bag throw in after me.'' Then he died.

hai ya mil kût k'a xō lau Then indeed she did that. 14

hai ya mil xût Le dûñ sel ne hwan tak \mathbf{x} wote te Then in the morning obsidians three, good blankets tō ne hwan nak' kai tim mil me na dū wilel hai ya xa djit 16 black obsidian two carrying basket in she put. na tes dī yai na wit da le hai k'e na wil diñ k'e nal waL she went back. She went along. The they camped place sne camped.

xût Le dûñ in na nas dûk ke na tes dī yai na wit dal a kût 18 In the morning she got up. She went back. She walked along.

- hai ya mil hai ûn lûn dûû k'e nal wal diñ k'an lûn diñ Then the as many times they camped so many times
- 2 k'a nal waL hai ya mil na wit dal a kût sis da teiñ ûñ gya she camped. Then she went along. Near where she lived she heard da xō ed dik gya ai kin se hai sis da ne en diñ xō na kût tō something she heard make a noise. The place she used to live their tears
- ya na wil lin se hai ya mil hai yō kai tim mil nō na niñ en mil she heard fall. Then that basket when she put down xō ka ō' tewū a dē ne dûn da ka ka hwō wûn a tewū "Whom she said. for you cry?'' Too soon for me you cry."
- 6 hai ya mil ye na wit yai le nûn dī ya xō lan de de
 Then she went in. They had all come back. Here

 xō ya te mel hai ya mil ye na wit yai a dū wûn hwō wil lik
 they had cut off. Then she went in. About herself she told
- 8 hai tcō k'ō tel ten that he took away.

hai ya non dik There is end.

XX, BEWITCHING OF THE OLD WOMAN OF SELGAIKALINDIN

- seL gai k'a lin diñ a Lan te hai ya miL yī tsin sa win den SeLgaik'alindiñ they lived. Then west they went.

 hai ya miL hai ded hwe ai kin nū wes te win da hai ya miL Then this me she was like staved. Then
- 12 min ne djō xō mil Lū wûn nin sis dai kel san nin after a time alone she lived, girl
 - yī man teiñ teiñ hai ya mil min ne djō xō mil kût win sa a on the other side. Then after a time indeed time passed
- 14 yī tsin sa win den hai ya mil kût le niñ dī yai yī sin teiñ west they went. Then indeed they all came back from the west.

 hai ya mil dō kyū wit yan des k'an hai ya mil yō
 Then she did not eat that day. Then way
- 16 yī da teiñ teûk qal xō kyū wiñ yai hai ya mil tin ne from the north she walked. She came down the hill. Then "Road wes teō ye kit dil lōs kit dū wē nel hai ya mil xōtc yī tsin large something dragged in," she kept saying. Then good west

ne wiñ a diñ tañ ka hit hai ya miL des k'an nē de de it was, fall time. Then "It is night, this

 $x\bar{o}$ L $n\bar{u}w$ te ne sen $d\bar{o}$ well den $d\bar{u}$ we ne hai ya mil ka $^{\epsilon}$ 2 I will stay with I think. I am lonesome," she said. Then "Well

ye heñ yauw hai yō a' tin xō nin nai kis le nit tewen come in." That one all her face she motioned. Evil

de nai kai hai ya mil deûk a' tin a a n \bar{u} deûk a kai l $\bar{u}w$ 4 she had. Then this way all she did. This way she did.

xō ed de a Lûñ a hwil en he dō wûn tein ne tūw he hai ya mil "Why you do that to me? Why do you not lie down?" Then

ded dit de hai yō nit tewen niñ ye kit diñ k'añ yū wit diñ hit 6 it was that not good in the ground she buried. Finally

La a kel tein neL yan³³ hai ya miL yai ke e a it da one full she cracked. Then she sat.

ya xōn nel en 34 hai ta' al teit dē ne xō de na a lûñ xō 8 She watched her. Those she told, ''What all the time

a hwil en hai ya mil yū wit diñ hit kī ye la kel tein nel yan you do to me?" Then after a while again one full she shelled.

xō Lûk gai me dū wiñ a hai ya miL xōtc win djen 10 Dawn loomed up. Then quite it was light.

hai ya mil tee nan dauw xōl teit de ne tee na nil wal. Then, "Go out," she told her. She threw her out.

 \bar{i} la $\hat{u}\bar{n}$ ky \bar{u} wim min xe hai ya mil hai y \bar{o} kis tin di \bar{n} m \bar{i} ye 12 ''Well, you were going to sleep.'' Then that bed under

sûk k'an k'ai tsa iL tein yū wûn nal mit hai ya miL there were baskets toward each other placed. Then

hai yō xa na wiñ xûn win te mil ya na il sel in tewit ne 14 that she took up. With it she hit her. "Die.

nin nis te me a na ō ne te e e dū wē ne kai tsa at tewin Your body in let it go,'' she said. "Basket stinks.

hwū wûñ ō' kast dū wē ne na tes dī ya yei
My(†) break,'' she said. She started home.

Lai yis k'an mil a tcōn des ne na hwa hai ya mil is tan One day after she thought, "I will go." Then logs

sil lai ûñ gya is tan mī ye siL tiñ tewit xō lan hai yō 18 lay, she saw log under she lay. She was dead. That

³³ Literally, she ate.

³⁴ The interpreter said that while the form of the verb is plural, only one subject and one object were concerned.

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 m o}} \, {
 m lan}$
- 2 min nit tewen ne hai ya mil yō kil kit de mûk ka na is ken her evil thing. Then that rotten wood on her it fell, is tan nin ne en hai ya mil teit tes yai log used to be. Then she went.
- hai ya mil a tcōn des ne yī dûk xa sūw hwa tcōn des ne Then she thought, "Up I will go," she thought.
 - La $x\bar{o}$ na $x\bar{o}$ mil $x\bar{o}$ sin kit tal tsit $x\bar{o}$ sin dī h $w\bar{o}$ x \bar{o} sin Just they were working. They were soaking acorns. Something it was.
- hai ya nil ye tcū wiñ yai k'ōn ta lōk yī sin teiñ le nûn dī yai Then she went in house. Fish from the west they came back, yai kin te wen hai ya mil kai ya tel kit lōk hai ya mil they carried. Then they fed her fish. Then
- 8 a ya xōL teit de ne hai yûk dō nō wûn nin nauw ûñ hai ya miL they said to her, "This way did she come to you? Then wiL dûñ na ne deL e miL tein ya yei hai ya miL hwa ûn na yesterday when we came back she went out." Then "Never
- 10 hwū wũn na wa win te hai ya mil na tes dī yai kût to me she came.'' Then she went back. Then kit tes win dō ōw sis hai ya mil na in dī yai she carried her load. ''I did not see her.'' Then she came home.

XXI. BEWITCHING OF THE LITTCUWHWINNAUWDIN GIRL

- ded yī man teiñ Lit tcūw hwin nauw diñ hai yûñ 12 This the other side Litteüwhwinnauwdiñ xon tis tee La na nin ne kyū win ya in yan hai ya mil their sister two men. Then one
- min ne djō xō mil yī sin teiñ kyū wiñ ya in yan hai ya mil after a time from the west men. Then

 a de ne hwite teiñ nai kyū wûl dū wel ne hai ya mil tiñ
- a de ne hwite tein nai kyū wūl dū wel ne hai ya mil tin he said, "To me bring across." Then very much
- xō dje yai il we they liked her, their sister. "Yes, we will carry across,"
 ya teōn des ne they thought. "Outside do not put it down."
- hai ya mil kût na kit tes wen hai ya mil kim meûk
 Then indeed they started carrying. Then in timber

a vī tsin na kyū wit wel lē hai ya mil se ye kyō kait Seyekyőkait they were carrying along. Then xō tcū win deL hai ya ta ya win nane hai ya mil me is deL they drank. they went down. There Then they went up xō ve vī dûk hai ya miL kût na teil yeūw diñ k'a is daL the hill. Then indeed resting-place they came up. hai ya mil teū wit dil nis sa tcū wit dil a kût hai ya mil Then they went along. Long way they went. kin sin Lōk tce nin deL hai ya mil tcit tes deL kût nil lin Then KinsinLök they came out. they went. Creek na nū wit dil hai ya mil kût na kyū wit wel hai ya mil kût they went across. Then indeed they carried along. Then indeed vī tsin ne nū wiñ a ta kût nō nin deL tcit te daL it was by the ocean they sat down. they went. West nō nin deL tō tein din nûn diñ hai ya miL vō Tötcindinnûndiñ that one to him they sat down. Then nō nin deL na kyū wit wel xō min dai

they carried by his door they sat.

hai ya mil kût dōñ ye ya xō la ya a dil na dū wil tewûñ 10
Then, "Indeed call them in." "Come in." They ate.

nō din nil tewan mil hai ya mil es dī an k'aɛ tai kyūw
After they finished eating then old man, "Well, sweathouse."

hai ya mil tai kyūw ya teū win dal hai ya mil kût 12

Then sweathouse they went in. Then indeed

it tein ne wan ya nes tete hai ya mit hai yō es dī an

close to each other they lay down. Then that old man

in na na it ka hai ya miL yī da tciñ tce nai kin niñ en 14 got up. Then from the east he took it out.

nō' kyū win ûñ ûñ hai ya mil dū ya k'ûn nūw min ne djō xō mil ''Are you asleep?'' Then they did not speak. After a time

sa a a xōl teit de ne mil wûn xoi kyûñ ya xōs le kût dōñ $_{16}$ long time when he had said to them they knew indeed

xwot a na teil la te të le he yū wit diñ hit xō Lûk gai mit he was about to do it. Finally when dawn

dik gyûñ ya wiñ ya mik kyûñ na an yai nō teis qōt te 18 here it come up it was thinking of he was going to stick them.

hai ya mil hai xō k'ai ya hai yō sis tin ne en diñ nō ya nil sū Then the his boy that one where he used to lie they moved. hai ya mil na kis le mis sa meûk kyū win lū hai ya mil xa Then he felt. His mouth inside he rubbed it. Then

2 xō Lûk gai tes ya miL mis sō wōL kin ne diñ xō ed dik gya dawn when it went his throat its base something

dữ we ne mis sa meûk kyữ win Lữ xûL ne hwan made a noise. His mouth in he rubbed black

4 mis sō wōl kin ne diñ a dū we ne hai ya mil na kis le hai ya his throat base made the noise. Then he felt. There

hai yûñ kit dū we ne those made the noise.

hai ya mil hai yō xō kyûñ xō len a dū we ne dō xō lûñ Then that wise one spoke. "Not it is

nū hwōn a hwōn de ne hai ya hwil dū we ne hwit teiñ good you thought of me. That you told me, 'To me

- 8 nai kyū win dū wel ne ha ya mil dan de xō k'el ya is tewen bring a load.''' Then already this time load they made.
 se kût min nē djit ta din dil k'el ya is tewen la tsū mes lon Mortar in middle surfish load they made sea weed. ''Woman,
- 10 nū wûn nel tiñ sel ne hwan dō a de ne he ne hai yal ûñ I will give you obsidian. Do not tell about it.'' "Then da xō ed dik kyan dō me dūw din tsū mel lōn some kind I do not want woman."
- hai ya mil k'as na wē dil na tes del na wit dil hai yō
 Then "Well, let us go back." They started back. They went
 along, those.

kin sin Lok hai ya tce na nin deL hai ya mil yī sin tciñ Kinsin Lōk there they came out again. Then from the west

- 14 ye na win deL hai ya mil yī man a yī da teiñ a den tse they came in again. Then on the other side east they heard say, nō La diñ luñ xō kyū wiñ a hai ya mil na wit dil a kût "After you they died." Then they went along.
- 16 yī tsin ne wiñ a hai ya mil dik gyûñ na nes dit tetc te West it was. Then here they were about to camp.

tō ye kyō ka dûk ka de dit de xō' ya xō kya tcûk qal Tōyekyōkadûkka it was in vain after them he walked.

18 hai ya mil a tcon des ne hē hwil tis tce dit tsik min dai Then he thought, "hē—, my sister acorns outside no ō kauw ya tcon des ne will leave," they thought.

they heard

hai ya mil ûn gya a kit dū wen tse yō na dū wit nel Then it was they heard something make a noise. That one he was making a noise along.

hai ya mil a xōl teit de ne xōl liñ tin mī ye teiñ nin sa ne 2 Then he told his brother, "Trail under sit."

hai ya mil Lū wûn mûk kût teiñ tein nes da tee lis tee mil Them one upper side he sat knife with.

sil ten wûn nin din dil hai ya miL nis tan hai mûk k'a 4 lay there they climb over. Then the after them Log de din nis tan da na wil ton xō dje din no il ton mī ye tciñ this place he jumped on. In front of him log he jumped lower side

hai ded sis dai mite teiñ va wil tōñ dik gyûñ na nel kis 6 this one sat. Then to him he jumped up. Here he stabbed him. hai va hai võ sis dai me ye tciñ xō dje diñ not ton

There that one sat below in front of him he jumped.

hai ya mil tee xōl kit na xōn tel kis ya ya xōs kit
Then he caught him. He stabbed him repeatedly. They cut him up.

hai ya mil na tes del ye ō yī sin teiñ na wit dil tes wan Then they went back. Here from the west they went back. Teswan

mō xon tau we diñ hai na tes deL na wit dal sats mit tō diñ 10 their village they came back. They went along back. Satsmittōdiñ na wit dil hai ya min dōñ ka hai is sel tein ne wan na wit dal hai ya they went back. Then it was still rather warm they went along there.

hai ya mil kai ist mit tō diñ na win deL hai ya miL yī man 12 Then Kaiistmittödin they came down. Then the other side me na is deL teim me tau wit kût k'a na is deL hai ya mil they went up again. Tcimmetauwitkût they came up again. na wit dil ye ō yī da tciñ na wit dil xō ed dik gyûñ ai kin se 14 they went back. Way from the hill they went back. Something

teit del se ne en tei \tilde{n} La x \tilde{o} k \hat{u} t x \tilde{o} da in na dim meL xw \tilde{o} te where they used to live. Just they fell down so

xō win sel hai ya mil hai ya yī da teiñ tea na in del mûk k'a 16 it was warm. Then there down they came out. After

hai xōL tis tee ne en wûn na diL teis qōt xō lan hai ya miL the their sister used to be they came for had been poisoned. Then

- wil dûn wil wil din dit sik ye yū win k'an hai ya din the night before acorns she brought in. That place
- yīs gōt hai ya miL hai võ a dit die nō na niñ an sil len he poisoned her. Then those their hearts were not very sorry, ya xō sel win hit ya xōs kit ha ya mil na wit dil a kût because they had killed him. They had cut him up. came back Very much
- 4 xō dje yai iL wen ne en ya xōL tis tee hai ya miL kût hai ya they used to love her their sister. Then indeed there na in deL they came back.
- 6 hai ya nōn dik Here the end.

XXII, FLIGHT OF THE MURDERERS

kit tûn na da a diñ teit deL se xō sin tai kyūw sa an Kittûñnadaadiñ they were living. Sweathouse was there.

- 8 hai ya mil min ne djō xō mit a ya xōl tcit de ne na tin nō kō mil Then after a time they said to them, "From Trinity River ka tcwûn diñ yī nûk mil hai ya mil des k'ûn nit tciñ Datcwûndiñ south, to-day to you
- 10 tcit tin dil tel hai ya mil do xûn na ne do me nūw git hai they are coming." Then "All right, I am not afraid. Those hwū wûñ Lin ya te hai ya mil ka de hwū wûñ Lin ya te to me will come. Then soon to me they will come."
- 12 hai ya mil min në djō xō mit ûñ gya kyū wiñ ya in yan Then after a time it was people teil san kût me din tewin nit teiñ ye ûn dil lan hwe he saw. "Then are you willing to you we should come in. Many I
- na tse nē yai dō ma nūw git hai hwit tein ye win deL te 14 first I come." "I am not afraid. those to me will come in." hai ya mil na tes dī yai a kût hai yō na din yis k'an a mil Then he went back. "Those two after days
- 16 Lan na nō hwiL sis te many you will see us again."

kût dōn dī hwō dō ma nūw git k'as we din na da tcûn ''Well anything I am not afraid of. Well, let us go. From east

 ${
m d}ar{{
m o}}\ {
m me}\ {
m n}ar{{
m u}}w\ {
m git}$ min ne ${
m d}{
m j}ar{{
m o}}\ {
m min}$ kût diñ kin kas yai I am not afraid.'' After a time it was four men came up.

hai ya mil a xöl teit de ne kût hwin nes te dō ma nīl git ûñ Then he said, "My body are you afraid of?"

kût dōñ a hwō la na dō ma nūw git kût a dit tciñ "Well, let it happen to me. I am not afraid." "Well, on you

ye na wē la ta kût hai ya xa djit a ya it tī yau hai ya hat djit 4 I will bring them." Then they did it. Then

a dit ta' diñ Le ya dū wil lū hai ya miL kût a dit teiñ at his home they killed them. Then indeed to him

ye ya x \bar{o} lai kût kit tûñ na da ai deûk ûn te dûn Lûn hw \bar{o} they brought them. Then maple it stands this way it was several ways

tewū wa Lûk kūw hai ya mil kût yī nûk en teiñ tai kyūw forked. Then indeed on the south side sweathouse

sa an kût ma d $\bar{u}w$ tewiñ kût xōn ya il lit hai mûk' k'a stood. "Then I want they burn it," those after them

ka sit ta deL hai hit djit xa sit ta daL tewō la na k'as yai they came. Then they came over. Five men came up.

kût xō wûň kûts ta nan deL te hai ya mil kût 10 Now, it was cold weather. It was about to snow. Then indeed dûn Lûn hwō diñ xwal weL kût min ne djō xō mil hai võ several times they camped. After a time

tsū mes Lon del se xōn ta me yō xois dai tai kyūw me 12 women stayed in house. Those men in sweathouse.

hai ya mil sai kit diñ ûñ gya mit da na sa an a din nin diñ Then behold a bundle of brush before his face

teū wil lel hai ya mil ûñ gya na lū wûñ kyū wiñ ya in yan 14 holding. Then it was another man

ya win daL hai ya mil sai kit diñ tsū mes lōn tea ûñ lat came in. Then behold woman ran out.

 $x\bar{o}$ lik tes yai tai kyūw tei \tilde{n} tai kyūw mit da ni \tilde{n} yai 16 To tell she went to sweathouse. Sweathouse its mouth she came.

ne ha dū wil la xa xō list tea nō' din hai ya min hai yō ''They are attacking us. Come, hurry, come out.'' Then those

na nin teit del se tai kyūw me hai ya mil xō ye xōñ 18 two were staying in sweathouse. Then under it fire

nō ya niñ en ya miL tai kyūw ne en xōn ye ya wil lit they put. With them sweathouse used to be to the ground they burned. hai ya mil. ta kûn ma ya din nil tewit tō teiñ hai eñ Then three men (?) they pushed along toward the water. Those it was

- 2 ya xō kûn nai hai ya miL hai ya kût te nōñ xō ta an lived. Then there indeed they ran in the water.
 hai ya miL kim meûk La nō xō na is deL hai ya miL de dit ta Then in timber they traveled. Then here
- 4 xa tel a kim meûk na dil le mil yū wit diñ hit grew up ferns in timber while they lived. After a time kyū wiñ ya in yan na in del hai ya ha djit xōte na da wil se men they came back. Then well they lived.
- 6 hai ya nōn dik Here the end.

XXIII. REJUVENATION DISCONTINUED

dik gyûñ yī de nin nis san nōñ a diñ tet tewen nin nis san Here north world's end he became, World

- ma na na wiñ vai hai ya miL tcit tes yai kût hai ded for-he-came-down. Then he went indeed this. hai ya mil hai ded wûn xoi kyûñ nañ ya ded yī da tcin he thought about. Then this This from the north
- 10 tcûk qal yū wit diñ hit nin san nē djit yī da tciñ sis len he walked. After a time middle world from the north he was. hai ya mil tcûk qal a kût hai ya mil ded a kût ded mit tciñ Then he walked along. Then this, this toward
- 12 dit tse sis len hai ya mil hai ded a kût nin nis san na da a pointing he was. Then this mountain stood up mit teiñ teis len hai ya mil kût tein niñ yai hai ya mil by it he was. Then indeed he came there. Then
- 14 iL man na na da a teis tewen Lai na da a ne en on both side stick up he made it. One used to stand up.

hai ya mil kyū wiñ ya in yan xōtc na dil te mil Then "People well will live with it."

- 16 nữ hwonk tin dil ta hai ded nin nis san a kût wil tewil they will travel." This mountain on it young na wil lel te ne en de yī dûk nin nis san na da ai kût used to become again. This east mountain stands up on it
- 18 xa sū win na hwil te hwek a nū wit tel a mil hai ya mil when they go up like me they are old. Then

hai vûk wil tewil a nat wil lal ta hai ya mil kût hai yûk they will become. Then indeed this way young this way hai ya mil a win nat ta hai tcūw k'ai na wit lat ta it will be young they will become. Then those mûk' k'a na wit lal hai ya mil kût hwek wūw dī yûñ il ta like me they did. Then indeed I am old k'a sū win hwil te dō ī kvū wil le hai ded nin nis san a kût old woman will go up this mountain on. hai ya mil kût hai yûk a win nal hai ya mil yū diñ hit la indeed this way it was. Then after a time one mane tin nauw hai yûk a win neL ta hai ya mil hai yō en company went. This way they did. Then this one hai hwe hwa ne hai ded yī nûk en dō nin nis san south one it was, "This my only, this place a win nel ta tcūw k'ai na dil lel ta hai ded ke sin dil nes will be." Young will become this on travel all dō tcū wes yō he did not like.

XXIV. THE FLOOD

dik nin nis san na da ai nûn siñ kya ō na wa ne en 10 Here mountain stands. butte large used to go about. hai ya mil ta nan tes yai hai ya mil ûl kyō we diñ ta nan water came. Then so much space hai ded nin nis san a' tin diñ ta nan kit ta yōw hai ya mil 12 this world every place water flowed. Then hai ded a hwûñ nin nis san kal sa noi kin niñ yōw hai ya mil only mountain so much the water reached. a' tin ka ûn te man e mī hai ya mil hai yō kût hai ta nan 14 all kinds swam there. that Then indeed the water tes ya ne en na xō wil sai hai ya mil ai we kût nū hwoñ ka used to come dried up again. Then behold indeed good na na sis daL kût hai yō na xō wil sai kût ha yûn La xō kût 16 they lived this dried up again on it. That one iust da neñ don hai hai en nin sin kya o' ke k'ûn nai na nas daL that is the one this butte large Kīxûnnai lived. hai ya mil kût hai ya non dik 18 Then indeed there

end.

ma na na wiñ va a tcon des ne dai hwō nin nis san World for-it-he-came-down thought, "Some way

- hai mil ye k'ē neūw hwit a dū wē ne kit te yōw hai they are talking." He said, "This with wash the kyū wiñ ya in yan La xō nū hwon na nas del te hai mûk ka good they will be again." after that people just The
- k'a a' dī yau nū hwōñ he made it this way good.

XXV. MINK'S GAMBLING MEDICINE

tce wil lin diñ de de xō īL kût na ter dit tewen This he came into being. XōīLkût its mouth

- te ū na Lū hwin hai ya mil min ne djō xō mil a tcon des ne Then after a time he thought, mink.
 - mûk kai yī nûk ta se ya te hai ya mil k'ō wûn de de south I will go.'' "This Then to him
- a na nū wes te hai ya mil a tcon des ne na ne il $l\bar{u}w^{35}$ deûk it always comes. This way he looked. Then he thought, ded mûk ka yī nûk te se ya te xût Le dûñ k'e da ai it Lō i "This on south I will go." In the morning head tied on
- a de kût da tcū wil lai hai ya mil tcit tes yai tcûk gal yō on his head he put. Then he started, he walked along. Way yī da tciñ tcûk gal de de mûk ka tcûk gal xō na kût tō from the north he walked. This on it he walked. His tears
- 12 na dū wim mil a dū wûn tcū witc tcwel hai ya mil ded were dropping. About himself he was crying. Then tcûk qal a kût yō yī nûk a tciñ tcûk qal a kût hai ya mil he was walking. Way toward the south he was walking.
- nis kin tce in dit diñ klū w^{36} hai ya mit nes kin me dik gyûñ alder (?). Then "D. spruce Niskintceindildiñ. in ne se tin ta hai ya mil nes kin min nē djit kañ a sis kyas I will lie down.'' Then Douglas spruce half way up limb broke.
- 16 hai ya mil hē³⁷ a nūw te iūw hwal tcon des ne hai ya mil I am thus I travel," he thought. Then "hē Then

³⁵ Mink always lost at play.

³⁶ Probably Lūw.

³⁷ An exclamatory particle.

2

10

de kit diñ an hai ya mil kit ta au -- dū wē ne under himself he put it in the fire. Then he sang, - it sounded. yīs ka nei a dī yī dē kit dauw

Until day under himself he put in the fire.

hai ya mil teit tes yai xût Le dûñ hai ya mil yō yī nûk he started, in the morning. Then Then way south tcuk gal kin na k'on ta' din k'on ta sil lai hai ya mil hai yo he walked. Kinnak' önta' diñ houses stood. Then that one yī nûk a xō lūw k'ōn ta' sa an me tce niñ ya yei hai ya mil south furtherest house stands in it he came out. Lai ūw xa xō lau xō wûn teit ter kait dei hai va mil really he clapped his hands, to him he motioned. Then a xōl teit de ne hwe kil liñ yī da teiñ xō lûñ hai ya mil he said to him "Me you are like (?) from the north it is." Then dē dik kyûñ(?) hwū wûñ na niñ ûL hai ya mil "What from me you will win?" Then a xōL tcit de ne hai de a xōw dōñ hai sek hai wîn

he said to him, "This may be this hair-wrapper, this for it

kin na sit dil la ta we will play."

hai ya mil kût nō nin dal il tein din nûñ kin nan ya indeed they sat down, each other facing. Then They played.

deûk a teil la xōl teit dū we ne teit tel kait k'ō wûñ "This way he did (?)," he told him. He pointed. From him

na tes tañ hai ya mil kī ye a na tcil lau min lûn diñ deûk he took it. Then again he did it. Ten times this way

a na teil lau mil xō wûñ teit tel kait te ū na lū hwin a ten when he did it from him he pointed. Mink did it.

xō lûñ La a teit ya te yū wit diñ hit diñ xe neûk diñ All the time it was he did it. After a time behind himself

na nū wil lūw hwil hai ya mil hai yō la xō lan na nil la te it was piling up. Then that one, "All the time it is you win."

xōt sek ai hai võ mit ta' na nū wil lūw hwil hai va mil That one his hair-wrapper with it he piled them.

hai yûk k'a a win nal na nū wil lūw hwil hai ya mil na diñ this way it kept happening. He kept accumulating. Then twice

k'el waL kin na wan*iv* ta ka diñ yis k'an kin na wauw he spent the night, playing. Three times day they played.

- na n \bar{u} wil l $\bar{u}w$ hwil di \bar{u} ket din hwel weL te hai ya miL k \bar{u} ye He kept winning. "Four times I will spend the night." Then again
- 2 k'a nal weL hai ya mil na tes dī ya te diñ ket diñ k'al weL mil he spent the night. Then "I will go back." Four times when he had spent he night
 - na tes dī yai de de mûk kai yī de na tes dī yai hai ya mil he started back. This on north he went back. Then
- 4 dī hwō man yai kiñ eñ hai ya miL yī de na wit dal a kût something large he was carrying. Then north he was going along. hai sis da diñ kûn na wit dal na in dī ya kût The he stayed place indeed he came back. He got back.

XXVI. EAGLE'S WAR MEDICINE

- ded mûk' k'a yī da teiñ teit tes ya te tis mil hai ya mil This along it from the north he will go, eagle. Then a ya xōl teit de ne kyū wiñ ya in yan dō mit tis tin nauw they told him "People not beyond it go."
- 8 hai ya mil a tcōn des ne kût hai ye he te sē ya te deûk ûn te Then he thought, "Now, anyway I will go." This way he did, kim mau teis tewen kit tûn nit tel dil mai hai ya mil kût medicine he made its leaves broad gray. Then indeed
- 10 teit tes yai hai ya mil kût dōñ nauw hwa lax hai ya mil he went. Then, "Now, indeed, I will go, just." Then teit tes yai ded mûk' k'ai yī da teiñ hai ya mil teit tes yai he started this along from the north. Then he went
- na del se diñ 12 ûñ yō yī da tciñ xon nis te yan mit tis from the north where they lived beyond that wav enemies tcûk qal hai ya miL a tcon des ne kyū wiñ va in van "Indians he walked. Then he thought,
- 14 na nan deL te hwin nis te ya k'ōn des ne te hai ded hwin nis te will come to be. My formula they will know. This my formula nai din nūw hai hwin nis te nai xōn des ne deûk ai wil leL te they will hear. This my formula they will know. This way it will be
- 16 kim na ū hai ya mil teit tes yai ded yī da teiñ teûk qal a kût medicine." Then he went. This from the north he was walking along. ye ō yī da teiñ teuk qal teit tū win nauw hwil Way from the north he walked. He was going along.

hai ya mil kût ded min nē djit sis le ne kût kûn dûntc indeed this middle he came to be. Indeed sis lin hai ya mil hai teit tes yai teûk qal a kût hai ya mil Then the he went. He walked along. nū hwon tis mil teit tes yai hai ya mil ded xwote a man eagle went. Then this good tcûk qal yō yī nûk tcûk qal a kût yan tcin tañ a diñ hai ya he walked. Way south he was walking. Yantcintañadiñ tcûk gal mil tcō hwōn tcwit te tcōn des ne hai ya mil hai when he walked, "He will come after me," he thought. Then the ûñ gya mit tis teit tes ya hai ya mil a teōn des ne kût xō lûn beyond it he went. Then he thought, "Indeed it is hwik kim ma ū Lan nū hwoñ a xō lan hai ya mil kût mit tis my medicine much good it is." Then indeed beyond it tcûk gal kût xō lan hai ded hwik kī ma ū nū hwoñ hwin nis te he walked. "This my medicine good my formula nai din nūw te La xō gya $\min_{\mathbf{L}}$ tū win na hwil te hai de he will know without harm with it he will go by, this.' hai ya mil hai mit tis kût yī nûk tcûk qal La xō gya Then this beyond it indeed south he walked. "Without harm hai ded hwit Lō we mil tū win na hwil te mī nū wil gil lil te this my herb with he will go by if he is afraid." hai ya mil mik kya yī nûk tcûk qal hai yûk a win nel a kût from it south he walked. This way he was doing. kas ta' xō ī yī nûk tcûk gal yī nûk a tcit tes yai tcil kûn diñ Kasta' south from he walked. South he went. Tcilkûndiñ yī nûk a tcûk gal hai tcit tes ya tcûk qal hai ya mil he walked. Then he went, south he walked. Then tse kyō k'a tin nit tcûk gal hai ya mil il tis tce mī vī nûk Tsekyōk' atinnit he walked. Then ILtistcemī south k'a is yai yī nûk a teit tes yai yī nûk a teûk qal in tel kai mī he went up. South he went. South he walked. Intelkaimī hai ya tcûk gal hai va vī nûk a tcit tes vai tcit tes vai South there he walked. There he went. he went. hai ya tcûk qal yī nûk a teim ma nañ a kût tcûk gal lei he walked. South he was walking along. Tcimmanañakût there dir tewag na da a diñ yī nûk a tcûk gal lei hai ya mil Diltewag-nadaadiñ south he walked. Then

- ta nañ a kût hai ya yī nûk teûk qal lei hai ya miL yī nûk Tenañakût there south he walked. Then south
- 2 tcûk qal lei hwa na mī hai ya yī nûk tcûk qal lei yī nûk a he walked. Hwanamī there south he walked. South tcit tes yai nō wil lin diñ yī nûk a tcûk qal hai ya mil. he went. Nōwillindiñ south he walked. Then
- 4 yī nûk nûn sin kût k'a is ya yei south on the hill he went up.

tis mil a na it yau Eagle did it.

XXVII. WAR MEDICINE OF THE SEKYOXATINNIT YOUTH

- se kyō xa tin nit me yī nûk xōL tis tee haL nō na nin deL Rock-large-road-goes-up south his sister with they lived.
 - hai ya mil ka da xō lûk gai te nauw mil ded tseûk deûk Then soon dawn when it would go this hair-wrapper so
- 8 altik teitteldō milteitteldō aditsit mil naalloi xōliñ thick shecut, shecutit her crown with shetied it. Her brother
 - al teit de ne hai ya mil hai ded xōn din deûk a a lū spoke to. Then this ashes this way she did.
- 10 teai ke it tewa hai yûn ded ya nauw diñ na dil k'a de el lū She threw them out. This one this goes up place they came. They came to fight.
 - hai din dai xō ta ta' deûk a na al lū mil sai yō din dai Then flint in his blanket this way when he did "sai" that flint
- 12 de ne nin tewin na kût dī hwō dō xō nō kûs hai yûñ hai yûk said. Bad something does not enter him. That one this way a xō lau xō lin xō tseûk a hai ya xōn din hai yūñ k'a a nū she does. Her brother his hair-wrapper there ashes that one always does that.
- kyū wiñ ya in yan yī de win na hwit ma tce in tcwe hai de People when they are shot for them she makes it. This xōn din de de na na tit nā xō kya ai ta na na tit nā kī ma ū ashes here she rubs across. His upper arm she makes a mark across. Medicine
- tce iL tewe it tewō la diñ me ū teit de ne hai ya hit djit ûñ when she makes five times "meū" she says And then

hai ye x $\bar{\text{o}}$ nis te di $\tilde{\text{n}}$ tce ke e ne $\bar{\text{u}}w$ hai y $\bar{\text{o}}$ ts $\bar{\text{u}}$ mes L $\bar{\text{o}}$ n this her formula she repeats that woman.

tsē kyō xa tin me nō na in deL Rock-large-trail-goes-up they lived. 2

XXVIII. PURIFICATION OF THE BEREAVED

FOR MEN

dik gyûñ yī de yī dûk na teL dit tewen Lū wûn nin Here north east he came into existence alone.

kyū wiñ ya in yan mē mit tō^e a de xūs tañ diñ nō na niñ xan 4 Dentalia its water close by himself he put.

hai ya mil a' tin ka ûn te tse kai mī ye de dū wil la te tewō la Then every kind Ceanothus intergerimus(?) under him he will put in the fire, five

tee il loi min ne djō xō mil kyū wiñ ya in yan xō hwō a' dī ya 6 bundles. After a time a person died.

hai ya mil ûñ wûñ na is deL xōte a teil lau hai ya mil. Then he fixed him. Well he did. Then

me nil ke hai ya mil kil mûk kai kyō mil na xō wil me 8 he finished. Then ginseng (%) with it he bathed him.

hai ya mil ûñ hai kyū wit tel mit tō nañ xa hai ya mil ûñ Then the deer its water stood there. Then

kyū wit tel Lûk gai al sa nō it tō te na de el ya $_{10}$ deer white so deep the water came. They stand in the water.

hai ya mil $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ n kit te yauw teis tewen ky $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ wit lel dil mai Then they travel he caused. Deer roan

kit te yauw teis tewen Lō mûnte mit ta' kit tī yauw 12 they travel he caused. Lōmûnte among they travel

teis tewen Lax xō na lat ne hwan Lō mûnte mit tū wa he caused. Just like floating around Lōmûnte among.

hai ya mil ûñ hai ya min nē djit kyū wit lel lûk gai 14 Then there after a time deer white

ki tī yauw teis tewen hai ya mûk ka kyū wit Lel ka dil tewag they travel he caused. There after them deer brown

kī tī yauw teis tewen hai ya mûk ka hai ya miL ûñ hai yō 16 they travel he caused there after them. Then that

na' dī yau mit ta nan me na diL wil tewen hai ya miL ûñ dentalia its water they swam in (?). Then

- kit tciñ nō a tūw mil deûk a kit dē ne mil open he made it when this way he made a noise when
- 2 nin nis san a meûk mũ xûn neũw hwē Le na it dauw hwē earth in its noise encircled.
 - hai ya mil ûñ hai yûk xe mil xa wil lel ky \bar{u} wiñ yan Then this way he always does. Indian
- 4 mil na wil dit tel kī xûn nai ta' teiñ hai ya mil ûñ kût hai yō with he brings along to Kīxûnnata'diñ. Then indeed that kyū wiñ ya in yan mē hai a teil lau hai ya mil ûñ tewō la diñ belongs to Indians that he did. Then five times
- 6 yis kan e mil tewō la sis loi kin niñ dī kete mûx xa dje k'ō len when it was day five bundles yerba buena mûkkadjekōlen xō ka na del wall xō ye de dū wiñ an mûk ka na del wall on him he poured. Under him he put on the fire. On him he poured.
- 8 hai ya mil ûñ nū hwōn na na is ya kī xûn nai ta' diñ Then well he travels. Kīxûnnaita' diñ na xōl dit ten hai ya mil ûñ hai yō kût kyū wiñ yain yan mē he brought him back. ''Then that indeed belongs to Indians
- 10 ded xan Lûñ nil la me nō na an xan Lûn nañ aL ta this so much your hand in it I put. So much you will have. La xō kya hai yûk ûn dī ya te xōL teit de ne dī hwō Any way this way you will do," he said to him. "Something
- 12 dō xō lin nū win na da a ten kyū wiñ ya in yan ta' diñ it is not go by you it is.'' Indian world

na xōL dit ten he brought him back.

FOR WOMEN

- 14 dik gyûñ yī nûk a yī dûk kyū wil sai il win te Here southeast it is always dry.
 - kit dai ye La $x\bar{o}$ nal a win te hai ya miL $\hat{u}\tilde{n}$ hai $x\bar{o}$ saik Flowers many are always floating. Then the abalone
- 16 kit tō nō na niñ k'an hai kin nes tan nai kyū win xa its water he puts there. The tan oak stands there.
 - hai ye dik gyûñ yī de yī da teiñ keL san nin wûn nō na This here from the northeast girls come to it
- 18 el le ne e l \bar{u} k \bar{i} x \hat{u} n na mik kin nes tan nai ky \bar{u} wi \bar{n} xa it always is. Kix \hat{u} nnai their tan oak stands there.

woman

for

dik gyûñ yī na teiñ yī da teiñ xa a nū kel san nin from the southeast they do the same, Here girls. hai ya mil ûñ hai yûk ke mil a dū win te hai mûk kûs tan diñ they always do. this way This beside it La tein din nan mit tō nō na nin xan mit tō hai its water he placed, its water. "The its water (a sea shell) nûk ka na del wal xol teit de ne hai yo xo saik ke I put," "That on you he said. abalone its water na del wal nûk ka xol teit de ne hai ya mil ûñ hai yō I put," "That on you he said. Then ma xa tcin min ne xō len nûk ka mit tō na det waL maxatcinminnexolen its water I put," on you xol teit de ne hai ya mil ûñ hai yō xō ka na de el wal a mil he said. Then that on her when he had put deûk a a lū hai(?) xōt sit da kyū wiñ ya in yan ta' diñ this way he did the crown of her head. "Indian world na ne deL xōl tcit dē ne teit te it tū xe nek ke hai yûñ we come back," he said. He rubs it on her back. This tsū mel lõn tcil tcwe ma 10

PRAYERS

a de ke ma xa nauw dī ya "My tracks after I come back."

he makes.

dik gyûñ yī nûk a yī dûk nûn sin mū win na 12 "Here southeast butte around it

kit tes sō wil tewen hai ya mil mil na nel kōw nin a mark made there with I am going, ground."

kût hwik ka nō win djē ye hwin nis te diñ 14 "Now, away from me you want to go. My body

nō nik kya na dit dauw hwe ne do not think about."

XXIX. A SUPERNATURAL EXPERIENCE

diñ ket diñ me nûn dī ya kût hai ya mil ûñ kût Four years (ago) then indeed

- nin nis san dō nē iL iñ hai ya miL ûñ kût a' dī yau world I did not see. Then indeed it happened,
 xwōw auw dī yau iūw tcit hai ya miL ûñ kin sē lal ded some way I did. I died. Then I dreamed. This
- 4 dik gyûñ yī dûk yī nûk a' nī ka ō' me deûk a win nel here east south cloud large in it this way it was moving ye nal kait—teit dū win nel hai hwik'k'a a ten se teit diñ feather decoration. —— sounded. The one after me did it.

 ''Little while
- 6 no nai it tan se teit diñ na na sē ya te hai ya mil ûñ I am holding you.'' Little while I will live again. Then doñ kût xōk' k'a kit te se au ded e il wil kyū wūw al it was after him I sing it. Every night I sing it.
- 8 yū wit diñ hit te se yeen After a time I stood up.

TRANSLATIONS

PART I

Obtained from Tom Hill and his son Dan Hill

I. THE WAR WITH THE LASSIK INDIANS38

A war party went far south. All the Indians who used to live on upper Redwood creek went with the party. All the people who used to live below Iaqui butte and at the big bend of Mad river went also. They met on the ridge south of the head of Redwood creek and held the war dance. There were sixty men who had weapons. The dance line was so long that in two places a man stood in front of the line and danced. They shot with bows and arrows and with white man's guns. The party was two days and two nights on the way. They came to the village of Taike, at the mouth of Dobbin creek, and fought with the Indians living there. Many bodies were left lying there.

They turned back and camped for the night. Some of them said there used to be very many Indians living in that neighborhood. Then we went ahead as scouts. When we had gone so far (about a mile) we came to a ridge, which we followed until we came to XōLōkōtcme, where they were camping. They were talking. Some of them were laughing and some were crying. Then we ran back south. The war party was coming from the south.

They surrounded the enemy and began shooting at them with bows and arrows. After they had fought for some time they began to shoot with white man's guns. "Bau, bau, bau," they sounded. Then they fled. They got under a log which was lying on the side of a gulch. They began to fight in the morning and were still fighting when the sun was here in the west. They

³⁸ This is the expedition which avenged the deaths of the Chilula who were returning from Mendocino County. (See pp. 268-291 above.)

carried pieces of bark in front of themselves and went into the gulch to them and killed them all. Their missles were all gone. Two men, brothers, were wounded. They fought until the sun was setting. We started back.

II. PANTHER AND GRIZZLY BEAR

Panther lived there with his two brothers. He used to spend all his time hunting, but before he set out each time he used to say to his brothers, "You must not go to the top of the ridge west." One day when he had cautioned them and left to hunt, the boys said to each other, "Why does he always tell us that? Come, let us go up on the ridge west." When they were on the ridge they looked and way at the end of the timber they saw an old man lying with his legs crossed. His wife sat by him. shouted, "Old man over there, come, help us pound." the old man said, "What did you say?" "Come, help us pound." "Well," he said, and took down the grizzly bear skin blanket that he wore and put it on. The two boys ran back, went into the house and slid to the door. When they had sat there some time they heard him coming. "Boys, open the door for me," he called to them. When they did not open it, he climbed on the roof and came down the smokehole. They gave him some venison and he began eating it. He finished it and they gave him another helping. He ate that and then all the meat in the house. Finally he ate the untanned hides. When he had finished everything he said, "Well, I will go home." The boys opened the door for him, but his belly was so full he could not go through. He went out the smokehole. The house was nearly filled with the filth he left behind him. The boys began carrying it outside with baskets.

When the oldest brother came home he was carrying two deer which he had killed. "I always tell you not to go to the ridge west," he said to them. He slapped the face of wildcat and pinched out the face of fox.

He spent a night flaking arrowpoints. In the morning he started, carrying five quivers full of arrows. He came where the old man was lying and shot him twice. "Alo," the old man cried, "what did you put in the fire that snaps so?" "It is the fire snapping, is it? He is shooting at you," the old woman said. Then the old man jumped up and took down the grizzly bear blanket and put it on. The young man kept shooting back at him as he ran after him. Finally he had only one arrow left. The old woman then called to him, "Between his toes." He shot him there and he rolled over. He killed him.

III. LOVE MEDICINE—YIMANTUWINYAI

Yīmantūwiñyai came into being on the hill above Mûkkanadūwûladiñ. He heard about a girl who had come to be here at the southeast. She did not look at men. "I will go," he thought. In the morning he started. He was looking for a plant as he went along toward the north. A plant had sprung up. He took its leaves and rubbed them in his hands. He took out the root, too, and rolled it in his hands five times. Then he climbed up to the southeast. He looked and saw her sitting there. She looked at him. Finally he came to her. Her eyes were large with crying. "Well," she thought, "you in front of me. Lonesomeness has fallen on me." "Now I am going back," he said. "Well, wait for me. I will go with you," she said. She went into the water and after some time came out with a load. Then they started back. They came back to the hill above Mûkkanadūwûladiñ.

"This is the way it will be. Indians will come. He will say my formula. This way it will be hard."

This way only.

THE PRAYER

"You who came into being above Mûkkanadūwûladiñ, loan me your herb." "Yes," he said. "Well, all right, you know my body (formula). You say it has happened. Well, I will loan it to you. All right, you know my formula. I say not many will know my formula. Well, take it with you." "Yes," he said. "Now I will go back. Now I will take it."

IV. LOVE MEDICINE—YIDETUWINYAIS9

Yidetūwiñyai came into being at Tcexōltcwediñ. He heard the name of a Kīxûnnai young man talked about who had come into existence at the eastern end of the ocean. When he came there they began to play the stick game and continued playing until Yidetūwiñyai had won all the property the other one had.

On his return when he came to the mouth of Salmon river a Kīxûnnai young man who had come into existence under the water came out to him and challenged him to see who would be successful with two Kīxûnnai maidens. The Kīxûnnai tried first, but after a time started back in despair. The girl said no to him and refused to open the door.

But Yidetūwiñyai walked straight past. Then their heads really came out the door and they said, "Well, come in." "No," he said, "I am going back." He sat down at the end of the resting place. When he looked back the women were really coming behind him. As he looked around himself he saw that dentalia were scattered for a long distance. He went on past the mouth of the Trinity river. The women said to him, "This is the first time you have not desired women." He went on paying no attention to them and came back to Tcexoltcwediñ. The two women who formerly had never come out of their house when men were about came with him to Tcexoltcwediñ.

V. LOVE MEDICINE—YIMANTUWINYAI'S ILLEGITIMATE SON40

Yīmantūwiñyai's illegitimate son was at the northern end of the world where he lived with his grandmother. "I will go visiting," he said one time. "Where is that herb which grew by me where I came into being? Bring it to me." "There it stands, yonder," she said to him. He started away carrying it with him. He came to Mûkkanadūwûladiñ and entered the Hupa (Klamath) river. He came to Weitspec and climbed Bald hill. He came down at Meisdildiñ and went south on this trail to

³⁹ No herb or other object is used with this formula except the song which Yidetūwiñyai sang as he came down the river. It has no words.

⁴⁰ An illegitimate person among the Hupa could only marry one of very low rank. The formulas usually take extreme cases to illustrate their power.

TeittindiLekai (Sugar-bowl mountain), where he sat down to rest. Then he went on from the north to Leldiñ.

He was astonished to see smoke standing up before him. Some one was smoking himself in the sweathouse. It was the one who lies in the water who was smoking himself. When he came out his hair reached to his hips. He spoke to the traveler and asked him to come into the house. When they went in women were sitting inside. Then the old man said to him, "Let us go into the sweathouse."

When they were in the sweathouse he talked to him. "Do not let yourself think much about them. They are my women. They come into being for me in my presence in every place. The two sitting in the entrance of the house came here with me several days ago. They came into being on the other side of the ocean southwest. Now I hear two have come into being in the land that faces the eastern ocean. I had thought to go there for them, but you better go. I always go with the plant that is standing at the exit of the sweathouse." "No," replied his guest, "I will go empty-handed."

He started away and when he came where the land faces the eastern ocean he saw two women sitting making baskets. "Well, come into the house," they said to him. He went in. "Put the cooking stones on the fire. Get some water," one of them said. They went out and ran into the water. When the man went out he saw them swimming along way to the north. "Well," he said, and rolled over on the ground five times. He started back. When he came to reldin he brought sweathouse wood and smoked himself. When he finished smoking himself he sat outside the sweathouse. When he looked up he saw two persons coming from the east with blankets spread over their loads. They came there. The next morning they started back. They came to the northern end of the world. There were two women with him,

VI. LOVE MEDICINE—THE MT. SHASTA WOMEN

A Kīxûnnai young man came into being at the southern end of the world. At the same time an herb came up by him. He did not see any people. After a time he thought, "Well, I will

look for them." He started out in the morning and went up in the sky. When he came to the resting place he shot as is the custom. Then he looked inside of the world. There to the base of Mt. Shasta his vision extended. "There it is they have become," he thought. When he came to the base of Mt. Shasta they said to him, "Well, come in." He went in the house and said, "I am going to stay only a short time. I am going back." "Yes," said the women, "we will go with you." He started back and the two women went with him. They came to the southern end of the world. They spent the night there. Then those women said to him, "You think there are no Kīxûnnai who have come into being?" "Well," he replied, "I do not know of any." "Yes," they told him, "here to the northeast is a Kīxûnnai. With him two women came into being. do not see people. They never go out." "I will go there too," he said. In the morning he started. He carried his herb with himself. When he came to the place in the northeast where the women had come into being, they said to him, "Well, come in." "I will stay just a little while," he said, "and then I will go back." "We will go with you," they replied. Then he went back and they two went with him. They came to the southern end of the world.

"I do this for Indians who will come," he thought. "It will be just this way. This way my formula will be hard."

Just this way only.

VII. DEER MEDICINE—PANTHER AND WILDCAT

Panther lived with his younger brother Wildcat at Kōtc-mitta'diñ. Panther always went hunting, but Wildcat always set snares. His sister-in-law used to say to him, "I am tired of dressing hides, my fingers ache." Because she complained Wildcat went away. When Panther came home his younger brother was not there. "You must have been saying something to him," he said to his wife. "No," she said, "I only said my fingers ached."

 $^{^{41}\,\}mathrm{Said}$ to be an old name for Tselûndiñ. (See map in volume 1 of this series.)

Panther tracked him to Senimme.⁴² When he came up behind the house he heard talking inside. He spent the night right there behind the house. In the morning he saw his brother come out with two ropes on top of each other. He went up to him at Seninmûkkōstûk and said, "I am afraid. Is it not queer you came here? I am afraid of this mountain." They went up to the sky and came where the deer-lick is that is white. There were no trees there, so they made a fence with bunch grass. Then it snowed. They sat there watching until the sun was in the west, when white deer went in. They drove them out of the water and two were snared. They dressed them and placed the meat in carriers made of withes. They got into these carriers themselves and rolled down. When they came to Seninmûkkōstûk they stopped. "Well, carry them," he said. Wildeat came back to Senimme carrying two white deer.

Now this way only.

VIII. DEER MEDICINE-THE NASLINDIN YOUNG MAN

A young Kixûnnai man came into being back of Naslindiñ. The mountain grew along with him. When he looked out at midnight the mountain had grown up higher. He used to hunt deer. He did not sleep. After a time that one who did not use to sleep slept. He dreamed about women. Notwithstanding he went out in the morning. The mountain which grew up with him was not there. Nevertheless he went out for deer. climbed up into the sky. There were no deer to be seen. heard deer snort by the eastern water. "This way it will be," he thought. "Indians will become." He came back. "I will make its medicine." Then he made it. When he looked, it (the mountain) had grown up again. In the morning he went out again and went up to the sky. A deer was standing with its face toward him. "This way it is," he thought. "Indians will come. Even if he does this way, he will kill deer if he has my herb and says my formula."

This way only.

⁴² Burnt Ranch mountain, about thirty miles up the Trinity river from Hupa.

 $^{^{\}rm 43}$ Probably because it was the home of a tan or deer god. (This series, I, 302.)

IX. DEER MEDICINE—YOUNG MAN BECOMES A SHRUB

A Kixûnnai young man came into being in this middle world. He did nothing but hunt deer. He did not sleep. After a time he did sleep and dreamed about women. Notwithstanding his dream he went out the next morning to hunt. He did not see deer. He finally got tired looking for deer in vain. "I will turn into a plant," he said to himself. He became tûnmilluwe (a ceanothus). It stood beside the sweathouse. Then the deer came to him and ate it.

"Well," he thought, "I did it for Indians. It will be just this way in regard to deer. It will be this way when one repeats my formula."

X. DEER MEDICINE—RAVEN

Raven came to be at the southern end of the world. He hunted for deer in vain. He did not see any. Finally he thought he would go away. He pointed his canoe across the ocean. In the morning he started. When he was half way a plant grew up on the bow of his canoe. When he had floated a little way he looked up. A deer was coming up on the east side. When he looked to the west a deer was coming up there also. He floated out at Mûkkanadūwûladiñ. "I will go again to the water's end at the south where I used to live," he thought. He came there to the end of the southern water. In the night he heard something outside. The deer were eating that plant. He took it up from the bow of his canoe and set it out back of his house. They came there for it. Then he saw deer.

"This way it will be," he thought, "if one takes my herb with him."

XI. DEER MEDICINE—BLACK WOLF

Black wolf came into being at Hundred-acre prairie. 46 He always dreamed about women. Some one told him, "At the end

⁴⁴ Such dreams unfit the hunter, and all who eat with him, for hunting deer, and should a deer be killed after such a dream the hunter's soul is believed to be taken captive by the deer gods.

⁴⁵ He came down the Trinity and Klamath rivers to the ocean and then went back along the shore of the ocean to his home, where it was believed the Trinity river had its origin in the supposed water of the south.

⁴⁶ On the east side of Pine creek.

of the eastern water ten brothers have become. They are very smart and their names have traveled." "I will go there." he thought. Then he started and came to the eastern end of the world. In ten places there was a man carrying a deer-mask on his head. He started back in the morning. They made a load so small for him. He came back to Hundred-acre prairie. When he had stayed several nights some one said to him, "Those Kixûnnai are dead." "Well, I knew that would happen," he thought to himself. "I will go. I will take my herb along with me." He came to the eastern ocean's end. They were all lying dead around the fire.47 "Get up," he told them. Then he pounded medicine for them and rubbed it on them. "Well, you better go out for deer." They found deer again and killed them. "I did that for Indians who will come. This way it will be hard for the one who does not say my formula." He came back to Hundred-acre prairie.

XII. MONEY MEDICINE-THE SCABBY BOY

He came into being at Kesettcitdiñ (mouth of Mad river). He was all covered with scabs. He had ten brothers and a small sister. This sister fed him without the knowledge of her brothers, who hated the scabbly one. Nevertheless he used to go out at night and fish with a dipnet. One night he was fishing and saying "yōwe, yōwe." Finally he thought he would go away. He twisted some string. Then he said, "In the morning I will go. Let them come in to me." When they came in, he gave each of them a string of dentalia. "Now, I am going away from you." "Well," they thought, "he is smart." Then he went away to the east, where he is now.⁴⁸

XIII. MONEY MEDICINE—KINNAXONTADIN ILLEGITIMATE MAN

An illegitimate person came into being at Kinnaxōnta'diñ.⁴⁹ He thought, "With something in his hands he sings. He points

⁴⁷ They died because a man who had such dreams had eaten with them or of meat they had killed. (Cf. present series, I, 323.)

⁴⁸ For a similar hero and family group see present series, I, 212.

⁴⁹ For the location of this village see the map and page 276 of this volume.

his hands toward the west. Then he points his hands toward the east. The dentalia wiggle in his hand. Now, this way it will be. Even an illegitimate person will possess something if he sings this song," he said.

XIV. GOOD LUCK MEDICINE-YIDUKATOME YOUNG MAN

A young Kixûnnai man came into being at the eastern water's end. When he came into being his herb sprang up by him. Here on the other side of the ocean to the southwest two women⁵⁰ came into being. He used to go there. When he came home he used to wash himself with his herb. Notwithstanding what he did he used to kill deer and get money.

"If one takes my herb with him my medicine will do even that for him."

This way only.

⁵⁰ These the narrator explained were women who were perpetually menstruating. Such women are mentioned in medicine formulas because they represent the sources of extreme ill luck.

PART II

Obtained from wife of Molasses

XVI, THE COMING OF INDIANS

Yimankyūwiñxoiyan came into being at the northern end of the world. He began thinking about people and how they might be brought into existence. He saw a woman walking along. "I will lie with her," he said to himself, and started toward her. He came to her and did as he had intended. When he had resumed his journey he was very thirsty. He was so thirsty he was nearly falling from weakness. As he walked along he heard flowing water. "Oh," he said, "now I will drink." He fell right into the pool where the water was standing. He drank and drank and drank. A log floated into his mouth with the water. He fell over on his back and lay there thinking he was dead. He was not revived by the next morning. After a time he heard a raven croaking. "I wish he would peck my belly open," he said to himself. Then the raven did peck his belly open. "Phū" the water sounded as it ran out and stood in a pool as it had before.

Yīmankyūwiñxoiyan got up and went on toward the south. "I wish something would appear," he thought, when a hollow tree stood before him. "I will go inside," he said to himself. The tree grew together, closing him in. "I wish somebody would do something," he kept thinking. Then he heard pounding where the tree had grown together. "I came here from the southeast," he heard some one say. "I knew what you were doing. It has happened in many places." When the tree had been opened, he came out again.⁵¹

He went on walking toward the south. He saw a canoe floating about with two women sitting up in it. "I will do that again," he said, and dived into the water. He came up under the edge of the canoe, climbed in, and lay with both of them.

⁵¹ Present series, I, 130-131.

As he walked on toward the south he saw a man walking with his sister. He waded into the water, plucked out some of his pubic hairs, and threw them into the water. They floated to the woman and entered her. She was staggering as she came out of the water. In the course of a day's time she was very ill. "You better call him," she said to her brother. "He may be a medicine man." The brother brought him and he danced and sang over her. "I do not doctor where people are sitting," he said. The people all went out except sapsucker, who stuck to the doorpost and observed what was done. Yīmankyūwiñxoiyan lay with the girl, recovering his pubic hairs in that manner. As he withdrew them he sang a song.

While he was going on again toward the south he saw a woman walking on the tops of the trees. "Come down, I want to talk to you," he called when he came under her. "What is it that you intend doing to me that you speak so?" she asked. She came down, and Yīmankyūwiñxoiyan ran up to her and said, "This is what I will do. I wish that there should be people in the world."

He left her and started on. He was surprised to see three people walking along. "We knew all about it," they said, "how you wished there might be people in the world. It will be so everywhere. People will come into existence because you first did this. Men and women will live together since you first have lain with women. You have not passed by even one woman on your journey. I have thought that Indians would come into being everywhere. When they grow old and die others will be born to take their places. They will come into being one after the other. This is the way the world will be. This is the way Indians will live. I even thought some one would come into the world for their sakes."

After a time he decided to go on. Then they said to him, "These are your children." "No," he replied, "I do not think they are my children." "I think they are certainly your children." "Well, yes, I believe they are mine," he assented.

He went on going among the people. "I will make more of them. When people are living on the earth I do not think they will quarrel, or hate each other, or fight. They will not do differently from the way I have done. Those who grow up together will not quarrel."

He went on again. As he walked along he said to himself, "I will go on until I come to a definite place and then I will stop. When the people are living they will be a little south of the middle of the world. I wonder in how many days I shall return to the place from which I started. I will go on to the southern end of the world and then I will turn back."

Then he walked and walked and walked. He saw two persons traveling. "I will go to meet them," he said to himself. When he came up to them they stood to one side. "Why do you go on toward that place?" they asked him. "Turn back. We have heard of many things about you. You must not go there. Go back." "No," he replied. "I am going on. I am now near the south. I am about to arrive there. In two days I will be returning. When I get there I will turn back of my own accord. I shall soon be there."

He went on walking toward the south. He saw two persons gathering something. He decided to go up to them and talk with them. "Why do you go there?" they asked. "They tell many bad things about you." "It is none of your business that I am going to walk to the south."

As he went on toward the south he saw a man standing alone in the distance. When he came up to him, the stranger said, "Many people are living where you are going." "Well, I shall go there nevertheless." He went on and came where three houses were standing. Many people were living there. "Where did you come from?" they asked. "You need not think you are going to do unseemly things here."

He came to the southern end of the world. "I am traveling with no particular end in view," he assured them. "Spend the night here," one of them replied. "Tomorrow when you go back my sister there will go back with you." The next morning he started home, the woman accompanying him as his wife. As they went back he kept saying. "I made the people. I did well." At the places where they spent the nights as they returned he told them that he had been to the southern end of the world. On their return he saw people going out in the morning to bury

a dead person. "Do you think I will travel on the day a person has been buried?" he asked.

He went home toward the north. He saw many people traveling as he went back. When he was approaching his home those he met said to him, "You are returning after a long absence." "Yes," he replied, "I am nearly home now." He came where two people were standing. "Hurry back," they said to him. "Your people are worried about you." When he came near he heard them crying for him. They thought he was dead. They were glad to see him coming back with his wife. Indians were living everywhere.

XVI. THE TWO-HEADED MONSTER52

They lived at Kittûnnadaadiñ. Four brothers and an old woman came into existence there. After a time the oldest and wisest of the brothers concluded he would go down the creek. He went along, passing Xöntelme, Xöladiñ, and Lödaikyöxûlladiñ. He entered the creek bed and came out again at Xōmitkyandiñ. Continuing down stream he came out west of Saōlkûtsdiñ. He walked along where the houses used to stand. When he came to the creek as he walked along he heard something making a noise on the hillside on the other side of the creek. He went on toward the north, but noticed the small branches of the redwood trees were falling. He was wondering what was making the noise. Then a two-headed monster appeared from the hill and began to chase him about. He continued to run until he was nearly out of breath and about to die. Finally his breath was gone and he died. The monster had killed him. Then he carried the body across the creek and up the hill to the house where he lived. The house was so covered with moss no one would notice it. The beings who eat people lived there.

When that brother did not come back they were worried at Kittûnnadaadiñ. Another day passed and they were worried. When another day had passed, another of the brothers set out. He came along from the south, passing Kōsda, Xōstatetañadiñ, Teekōlindiñ, Kailūwta'diñ, and Lōteēke. Coming to this place

⁵² This monster is known to the Hupa. This series, I, 167.

(Tsedemente), he walked on to the south. He crossed the creek, came to Xōntelme, and went on to Kailūwsadiñ. Crossing the creek again, he came to Lōdaikyōxōladiñ and north of that Kinnastanmīye. Again crossing the creek, he came out at Xōmitkyandiñ and then went west from Seōlkûtsdiñ. When continuing toward the north he came to the place where the village used to be, he heard something making a noise. The monster going along made a noise in the timber like the blowing of the wind. He killed him and carried him across the stream and up the hill. Now another was gone. Two of them had been killed.

Again they were worried. Another of the brothers was worried because those who had gone did not return. When the second one failed to return still another brother set out toward the north. He walked along from the south. Three were gone and there was only one left. He was the youngest and only so large. He said to his grandmother, "Today I am going visiting." "My grandchild, why do you say that? They will eat us all up," she replied. She felt for something. When she found his belt she took it out and he put it on. It was so wide. "When you are about to lose your breath do this way," she told him.

Then the youngest started out. Three were not, they had died. He came here toward the north, crossed the creek, came to Xōntelme, and went on to Kailūwtañadin. Then he went on, came to the creek, crossed it and came out into Lōdaikyōxōladiñ. He continued to Kinnastanmīye, came west to the creek, and reached Xōmitkyandiñ. Then going on toward the north he passed west of Saōlkûts, where the house-pits are. Going north beyond the small creek by the house-pits, he heard something making a noise.

Across the stream up on the hillside above DaxaLetañadiñ the redwoods were moving back and forth. It was the coming of the monster that made the noise. When he came out into the glade north, Nak'k'ōkōstasaide was coming from the west making a noise. The monster chased him around until his breath was nearly gone. When he was about to be killed he did this way with his belt. The monster fell apart, dead. The man had not taken (the magic thing) out. He carried it home to his grand-

mother who had said, "Carry it with this (the belt)." Then he went across the stream and followed the track up the hillside to Kauwkyōdaxōntelkût. There on the south side near the head of the gulch a house stood on which ferns were growing. He walked to it and went in. An old woman and a boy were sitting there. "Something must have made a noise," the boy said. There was a net lying there, made for catching people on which these persons lived. The hillside below the house was white with the bones of people. When the boy took up the net the man did this way to him with his belt and he fell in two parts. The old woman in turn took up the net. He did the same way to her and she died. "People shall not do this way. They shall live right. They shall not eat people." He set fire to the house and burned it.

He went back south where his grandmother lived. "I have come back, grandmother," he said. "I am glad you came back, grandchild," she replied. "I killed them," he said, and returned the belt. "My body is glad," she said. Her grandchild was left and they lived well after that.

XVII. PANTHER AND GRIZZLY BEAR53

Panther lived way north at Kiñkyōlai with two boys, Wildcat and Fox.⁵⁴ He used to go out and hunt every morning with a deer's head for a decoy. He used to say to the boys, "Do not go up the hill." He always used to say that and then go hunting. He brought meat and cut it up to dry until the house was full of dry meat and hides. This was what he was always doing. He kept telling the boys not to go up the hill.

"Why does he always say that to us?" the boys said to each other. "Why does he keep telling us not to go up the hill?"

They went up the hill and came where a grizzly bear was living. They trifled with him. He went to the house and ate up its contents. When Panther returned he exclaimed, "What has happened?" The house was flat on the ground and every-

⁵³ See page 352 above for a more detailed version.

⁵⁴ It was explained that Wildcat was Panther's younger brother and Fox a nephew.

thing had been eaten up. He started off, walking. Seeing smoke ascending, he went to the house and put his head in the doorway. He saw a man lying by the fire and a woman sitting near by. He shot the man in his shoulder as he lay asleep. "Alo," the old man said, "what did you put in the fire that snaps so?" "Snapping in the fire, did you say? Do you not know that you have been shot?" his wife asked.

Panther shot him everywhere. There was no result. Finally the woman said, "It does no good for you to shoot his body. That does not hurt him. His heart is in the sole of his foot." Panther shot him there and killed him. He surely died.

Panther went back to his home and rebuilt his house. He took the boys and pushed them into the fire. "Was that what I told you? Did I tell you to go up the hill?" he said. The boys went outside. When it was evening he called to them, "Come in, nephews." They came in and he fed them. How they ate.

He told grizzly bear, the kind he killed, not to do that again. "You shall just live out of doors."

Panther went about again and killed game as before. Soon the house was as it used to be inside. He took good care of the children. They lived well.

XVIII. SKUNK'S THEFT55

Skunk went in the morning to get bulbs. "Grandmother, sharpen my digging stick for me," he said. She went to a flat stone that lay near by and sang as she worked. The boy began to dance. "Girls, a handsome boy is dancing." They gathered in a circle near him. He emitted flatus. The spectators all bowed their heads to the ground. Skunk ate the bulbs, scooping up the smaller ones in his hands. When the others recovered, they went home carrying nothing but their empty baskets.

XIX. THE ESCAPE OF THE CAPTURED GIRL56

A girl lived in the middle of the world. The others who lived there had gone west, leaving this girl alone. There were no other

⁵⁵ This tale is commonly told by the Indians living south of the Chilula. A version is given from the Kato, in present series, V, 219.

⁵⁶ The Hupa have a similar tale. This series, I, 182.

Indians in the neighborhood. As fall was coming on, the girl busied herself gathering acorns and cracking them. A long time passed before the absent party returned.

Once when she was employed as usual sitting facing the door she heard a person outside. She was so frightened that she did not take out the acorn she had just put in her mouth to crack. She saw he was holding a carrying basket before his face. The man came in, remaining on the opposite side of the fire from her. His face had been blackened. "Do not be afraid of me. I have been thinking about you for some time. I knew about you," he said to her. Although she was afraid of him, she gave him some acorn soup. He bade her make acorn flour for their journey.

The next day they started back. They traveled until they came where he had spent the night on his way. They camped there. The next morning they arose and continued their journey. They traveled until sunset, spending the night where he had previously camped. Thus they traveled. "Did you think it would take ten days?" he said to her, "we shall get there in one more day." The next day they started out again. When the sun was in the west they came to a hollow tree. The man sat down outside and told his companion to be seated. When they went in the girl found it was a large tree with plenty of room inside. Obsidians lay around everywhere. South of the tree was a pond of water. There were many crates of dry meat in the house. "Do not be afraid," the man said. "Eat."

When they had spent several days thus the man said, "I would like to eat some fresh meat." He felt around the south side of the room and took out a package. The woman watched him as he went out and entered the timber. She went along the edge of the timber watching him. In the timber was a small open glade in which a band of elk were feeding. The man was holding the package under his arm. The woman was able to watch him without his seeing her. "What is he up to?" she was saying to herself. When he came to a favorable place he did this way with the package⁵⁸ and the elk fell down.

⁵⁷ Hollow trees were frequently used as houses (p. 273).

⁵⁸ He pointed it at the elk as was shown by a gesture.

The woman went back and went into the tree again. When the man came in he said, "I am going to do the butchering. I will eat fresh meat." He started away. The woman had seen him put the package down. She took it up and followed him with it. She came upon him as he was butchering and did this way to him. She went back, carried the package in, and put it down again. When after a time the man came back again, he complained that his head ached. By night he was nearly crazy. "I am worse," he said, "drag me to the pond and throw my body in. Throw the package in after me." When he died she did as he had asked.

The next morning she selected three red obsidians, three robes, and two black obsidians, put them in her carrying basket, and started home. On her return journey she camped each night where they had camped on the previous journey. It took her just as many days to return as they had taken in coming. As she came near her home, she heard a noise. It was the falling of the tears which she heard. When she had put her carrying basket down she asked what they were crying about. "You are crying for me too soon," she told them. She went in the house and found that after they had returned they had cut their hair off even with their chins. She told them about herself and the man who had taken her away.

XX. BEWITCHING OF THE OLD WOMAN OF SELGAIKALINDIN

They were living together at Selgaikalindiñ. They went west, leaving an old woman like me (the narrator), who stayed behind. A girl was living alone across the creek on the east side. The people were gone a long time. Finally they came back from the west.

The old woman had not eaten that day, but had walked down the hill. She kept saying to herself, "Something large has been dragged along the trail." It was fall and the sun was low in the west. "I will spend the night with her I think. I am lonesome," she said. "Well, come in," the other said. The woman was all the time making faces, peering under her hand. She did this because she had witch medicine. "Why do you

keep doing that to me? Why don't you go to bed?" She had buried her bad medicine in the ground. After a time she had cracked one basketful of acorns. She still sat there watching her. "Why do you do that to me?" she asked. She finished shelling another basketful. The dawn was looming up. Soon it was fairly light.

"Go out," she told her. She drove her out, saying, "You came here to sleep." Under the bed there were two baskets with their open ends pressed together. She took them out and threw them after her, hitting her. "Die. Let it go into your body. The basket smells badly," she called after her.

The next day the girl said to herself, "I will take a walk." She came to a log under which a person's dead body was lying. It was the body of the old woman into which the evil power had entered. The rotten wood had fallen over the body, covering it up.

"I will go up the hill," the girl said to herself. The people of the village were busy at different occupations. Some of them were soaking acorn meal. She went into the house, where fish which they had brought from the coast was lying. They gave her some of the fish to eat and asked her if she had seen anything of such an old woman. "When we came back yesterday she had gone out," they said. "She did not come to see me," the girl replied. She started home, carrying her load of fish. "I did not see her," the girl said to herself. She came back to her home.

XXI. BEWITCHING OF THE LITTCUWHWINNAUWDIN GIRL

Two men and a sister were living across the creek from Litteūwhwinnauwdiñ. One time a man came from the west who said, "You better bring acorns across the mountains to me." They loved their sister very much, but they concluded they would carry loads of acorns across to the coast. They warned their sister not to leave acorns outside the house.

They set out toward the west with their loads, going into the forest. They went down to Seyekyōkait, where they stopped to drink. Going up the ridge, they came to the resting place. When they had gone a long way they came to KinsinLōk. They crossed

the creek and went on until they came to the ocean, where they sat down. They sat by the village of Tōtcindinnûndiñ. When they came to the house of the man who had asked them to bring acorns they sat by his door.

"Call them in," he said to some one. "Come in," that one called out. They are supper. When they had finished eating the old man said, "Well, let us go to the sweathouse." The men went to the sweathouse and lay down pretty close to each other. The old man got up and took something out from the eastern side. "Are you asleep?" he asked. They did not answer. When he kept asking them they knew what he was about to do. When the dawn was about to appear he was going to kill them by magic. The strangers moved the old man's sons and lay in their places. The old man felt about and rubbed something as he supposed in the mouths of his visitors. About dawn they heard something making a noise in the sons' throats. It was the black fluid in their throats that made the noise. Then he felt about and found that it was that which made the noise.

Then the wise one spoke. "You did not have good intentions when you asked that we bring you loads." They had already made up the loads of surf fish and seaweed given in return with mortars in the middle of them. The old man told this man if he would not tell on him he would give him a woman and red obsidians. The man said he did not want such a woman.

"Well, let us go back," they said. Then they started back and came out again at KinsinLök. When they had crossed and were going up the other side they heard that the boys had died after they left. They went along until the sun was in the west and they had come to Tōyekyōkadûkka, where they had intended to camp, when, fearing that their sister might leave acorns outside, they went on.

The old man was walking after them, vainly trying to overtake them. They heard him as he was coming along. One of the brothers told the other to sit below the trail. He himself sat above the trail with a knife in his hand. A log lay there over which one had to climb. When the one following them jumped over the log one of the brothers jumped up in front of him and stabbed him here. Then the one sitting below the trail jumped up, caught hold of him, and stabbed him repeatedly. They cut him to pieces.

Then they came back from the west to the Teswan village. From there they went on to Satsmittōdiñ. It was rather warm as they passed along. They went on, coming down to Kaiistmittōdiñ, crossed and went up the ridge to Tcimmetauwitkût. When they came along the ridge on their way home they heard a noise in the direction of their village. They nearly fell with the heat (?). They found that their sister, on whose account they had hurried back, had been killed by magic poison. She had been killed the night before as she was bringing in acorns. They did not feel so badly, for they had killed the man who caused her death and had cut him to pieces. Those two who had loved their sister very much came back to their home.

XXII. FLIGHT OF THE MURDERERS

There were people living at the village of Kittûnnadaadiñ, where there was a sweathouse. Some one came to the village and said to the headman, "Some people are coming to you today from Katcwûndiñ, on the Trinity river." "Very well," the headman replied. "I am not afraid. Let them come. Let them come at once." Soon he saw an Indian. "Are you willing that many of us should come to your village?" he asked. "I came first to ask." "I am not afraid. You may come," he replied. "In two days you may expect many of us," he said, and started back.

After a time four men came up the hill. "Are you afraid of me?" one of them asked. "It is all right. I am not afraid," he replied. "You may bring your people to my village." Then it happened that way. There was a fight at the murderer's village. He brought his family to Kittûnnadaadiñ. At that village the sweathouse stood south of a large maple tree which had several spreading branches. There were five people who came. It was winter time, there was snow and it was cold. They spent several nights at the village, the women sleeping in the house and the men in the sweathouse.

Then it happened that a man came there holding a bunch of brush before his face. Another man came in. One of the women ran out to call the men. She came to the entrance of the sweathouse and called out, "Hurry, they are attacking us." There were two men staying at the time in the sweathouse. The enemy put fire to it and burned it to the ground. Three of them escaped to the creek, plunged in, and crossed to the timber on the opposite side. They lived there in the timber until giant ferns grew on their shoulders. Finally they came back and lived happily afterwards.

XXIII. REJUVENATION DISCONTINUED

He-who-came-down-for-the-world came into existence here at the northern end of the world. He started traveling. He thought about this. He came walking from the north. He came to the middle of the world. He walked on. He came to that which points toward the sky. He came where the hill stands. He arrived there. He made hills stand on either side. There used to be one that stood up.

"People will live well. They will travel safely." They used to go up this hill and become young again. When a person who is old like me went up this hill toward the east he became young again. It was this way. After a time one company of people went up the hill. It happened to them that they were rejuvenated. Then the one who lives way south said, "This hill will be mine only." He did not like it that those who traveled on it should become young again. He did not like it to be tall.

XXIV. THE FLOOD

He used to live by the large butte that stands here. Water came. The water flowed over every part of the world. Then only so much of the hill was not covered by the water. All kinds of animals swam to it. Then the water which came dried up again. The people lived happily again after the ground was dry. Just the Kixûnnai lived on this butte.

Here is the end.

her brother. Then she threw ashes out like this. When the enemy came to the entrance to fight the striking flints caused the blanket to shake and make a noise like "sai." Nothing bad entered his body. This way she did to her brother with the hairband and the ashes.

She made medicine when people were to fight. She rubs ashes on his face making horizontal lines below his eyes and across the upper portion of his arms. Having made the medicine she shouts "meu" five times and repeats the formula. They lived at Sekyōxatinnitme.

XXVIII. PURIFICATION OF THE BEREAVED-FOR MEN

He came into existence alone here northeast. He put the water of dentalia close by himself. He burned five bundles of Ceanothus brush and stood in the smoke.

After a time a person died. He fixed the body properly. When he had finished he bathed (the mourner) with ginseng.

The deer's water stood there. The white deer stood in the water which came so high on them. He caused them to travel. He caused the roan deer to travel. He made them go where mint was growing. It was as if they were floating in it. After a time he caused white deer to travel there. After them he made the brown deer travel. Then they swam in the water of dentalia. Then he opened (the pond) and when he opened it the noise encircled the earth.

He always does this way, with it he conducts the person to Kixûnnaita'diñ. That which he did belongs to Indians. When it had been day five times he placed five bundles of yerba buena under him on the fire and poured a decoction of mûkkadjek'ōlen⁶⁰ over him. He travels well. He brought him back from Kīxûnnaita'diñ. I put this much of that which belongs to Indians (tobacco) in your hand. You will have so much. You will do this way in any case. Nothing will go by you,'' he said to him. He brought him back to the Indian world. After this it was so.

⁶⁰ Leptotaenia Californica.

FOR WOMEN

It is always dry here southeast. There are always many flowers there. He puts abalone water there. A tanoak stands there. The girls always come to it from the northeast. They also come from the southwest. He placed the water of a seashell by it. "This abalone's water I sprinkle on you. This maxatcinminnexōlen's water I sprinkle on you," he said to her. When he has put the water this way on the crown of her head he says, "We come back to the Indian world." He rubs it on her back also. He makes it this way for a woman.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

After the dictation of the above given text, the following additional information concerning this purification ceremony was secured, chiefly in reply to questions.

The medicines used are five bundles of Ceanothus integerrimus, the roots of ginseng, a vine, probably yerba buena, Micromeria Chamissonis, and the roots of Leptotaenia Californica. When the medicine is made for women the shells mentioned in the texts are put in the fluid, whole. The bundles of Ceanothus are used for fumigation. The medicines are brought in a carrying basket, pounded in a basket-mortar, and boiled in a basket-bowl by means of hard stones called se Littsō, "stones blue." The medicine is prepared in the dwelling house. The ginseng is used on the first day, the others mentioned on the second, third, and fifth day after the death. No ceremony is held on the fourth day. The formula given above is repeated during the preparation of the medicine on each of the days it is made.

The man who digs the grave (and who is the nearest ablebodied male relative) has a fire to the right of the regular house fire as one enters. A board is placed on edge to separate the two fires. The grave-digger is given two meals a day, one at sunrise and another about four in the afternoon. He is allowed to eat dry salmon and surf-fish, but not fresh salmon or eels, or meat in any form. After the evening meal he goes out to the grave carrying or wearing a bundle of Douglas spruce boughs over his head. He builds a small fire by the grave-side and cries, saying, "I have come for my tracks." The bundle of boughs is used in the house for a pillow. When the ceremony is completed, this bundle of boughs, the board used to fence off the fire, the baskets used in cooking for and in feeding the grave-digger, and the clothing he has worn are carried up to the east and put in a tree. The place where he lay is carefully smoothed out.

A medicine called kimau Lûkkau, "medicine fat," probably Osmorrhiza nuda, is given internally on the fifth day with fish and eels, when the first regular meal is given the mourners. The bath in the river, used by the Hupa, is not permitted by the Chilula. If there is no deer meat at hand for the meal of the fifth day, deer sinew is used instead. The person who makes the medicine receives the various baskets used in the ceremony, and a string of dentalia, valued at five dollars.

When the grave-digger is ready to break the ground he says: "I make a mark around the butte here southeast. I am going to dig the ground here with that."

The Chilula do not put a basket in the doorway as do the Hupa. They carry the body out through an opening in the side of the house, not through the doorway. The body is taken out head first, the grave-digger taking the feet. The family may eat while the body is in the house and the grave-digger is required to do so. They used to put dentalia in the ears and nose of the deceased.

When the body is about to be buried, it is addressed as follows: "You must go away from me. You must not think about me."

The informant and her husband were showing signs of uneasiness. The interpreter replied to a question that they were afraid. "The sun hears it all and will do something bad." The informant threw away a chip with which she had illustrated the position of the board used, and exclaimed, "Disregard what we have said."

XXIX. A SUPERNATURAL EXPERIENCE

Four years ago I did not see the world then it happened that I did something. I died. I dreamed that I was here in the southeastern world in a large cloud. A feather ornament was moving this way and singing thus. It was the one who came for me who was doing it.⁶¹ A little while I am holding you. For a short time I will live again." Then I sang it after him. I sing it every night. After a time I got well.

⁶¹ The person meant is the supernatural leader of the shamans. He is said to be the child known to the Hupa in the myth found on page 187 of volume 1 of this series. Molasses' wife was a medicine woman for troubles caused by the deer gods. As such, she was on her way to the world of the southeast on the sky, not below to the world of the ordinary dead (this series, I, 74). So certain was her husband that she was dead that he went for lumber to make her coffin.

"TO VIMU ANNONIA)

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