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(E)-5-[(2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylidene)amino]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thioneHadi Kargar^{a*} and Reza Kia^b

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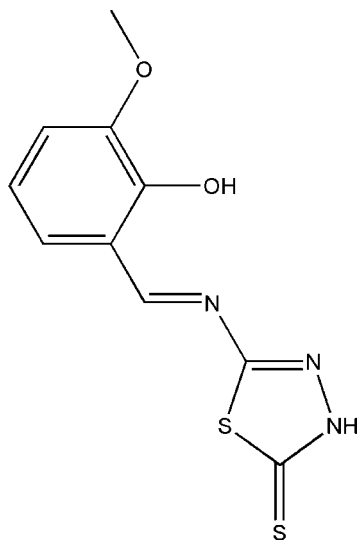
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.057; wR factor = 0.079; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.3.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_9\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}_2$, the dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the five-membered ring is $1.54(13)^\circ$. An intramolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bond makes an $S(6)$ ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked together through bifurcated $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots(\text{O},\text{O})$ hydrogen bonds having $R_1^2(5)$ ring motifs, forming chains along the b axis. The crystal structure also features $\pi-\pi$ interactions, with centroid-centroid distances of $3.699(3)-3.767(3)$ Å.

Related literature

For standard bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For the biological versatility of thione ligands, see, for example: Kumar *et al.* (1988); Yadav *et al.* (1989). For related structures, see: Zhang (2003); Kargar *et al.* (2011, 2011a, 2011b).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_9\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}_2$
 $M_r = 267.32$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 7.432(5)$ Å
 $b = 14.993(5)$ Å
 $c = 10.853(5)$ Å
 $\beta = 101.738(5)^\circ$

$V = 1184.0(10)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.44$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 291$ K
 $0.25 \times 0.21 \times 0.11$ mm

Data collection

Stoe IPDS 2T Image Plate diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan [MULABS (Blessing, 1995) in PLATON (Spek, 2009)]
 $T_{\min} = 0.898$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

9012 measured reflections
3147 independent reflections
1530 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.079$
 $S = 0.92$
3147 reflections

155 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.76	1.97	2.633(3)	146
$\text{N3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O1}^{\dagger}$	0.86	2.23	2.919(3)	138
$\text{N3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O2}^{\dagger}$	0.86	2.29	3.034(3)	146

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: X-Area (Stoe & Cie, 2009); cell refinement: X-Area; data reduction: X-Area; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

HK thanks PNU for the financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FJ2484).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o3518 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811050902]

(E)-5-[(2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylidene)amino]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione**Hadi Kargar and Reza Kia****S1. Comment**

The biological versatility of compounds incorporating a thiadiazole ring is well known (Kumar et al., 1988; Yadav et al., 1989).

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, Fig. 1, comprises a thione-Schiff base ligand. The bond lengths (Allen et al., 1987) and angles are within the normal ranges and are comparable to the related structure (Zhang, 2003; Kargar et al., 2011a,b; Kargar & Kia, 2011).

The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the five-membered ring is $1.54(13)^\circ$. The intramolecular O—H \cdots N hydrogen bond makes S(6) ring motif (Bernstein et al., 1995). In the crystal packing molecules are linked together through bifurcated N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds with R²₁(5) ring motifs (Bernstein et al., 1995), forming one-dimensional extended chains along the b axis. The crystal structure is further stabilized by the intermolecular π - π interactions [[Cg1 \cdots Cg2ⁱ = 3.767 (3)Å, (i) -x, 1 - y, 1 -z; Cg1 \cdots Cg2ⁱⁱ = 3.699 (3)Å, (ii) 1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z; Cg1 and Cg2 are centroids of S(1)/C(8)/N(2)/N(3)/C(9) and C1–C6 rings, respectively].

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by adding 3-methoxy-salicylaldehyde (1 mmol) to a solution of 5-aminothiophene-2-thiol (1 mmol) in ethanol (30 ml). The mixture was refluxed with stirring for half an hour. The resultant solution was filtered. Yellow single crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray structure determination were recrystallized from ethanol by slow evaporation of the solvents at room temperature over several days.

S3. Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å and included in a riding model approximation with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$ or $1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. A rotating group model was applied to the methyl group.

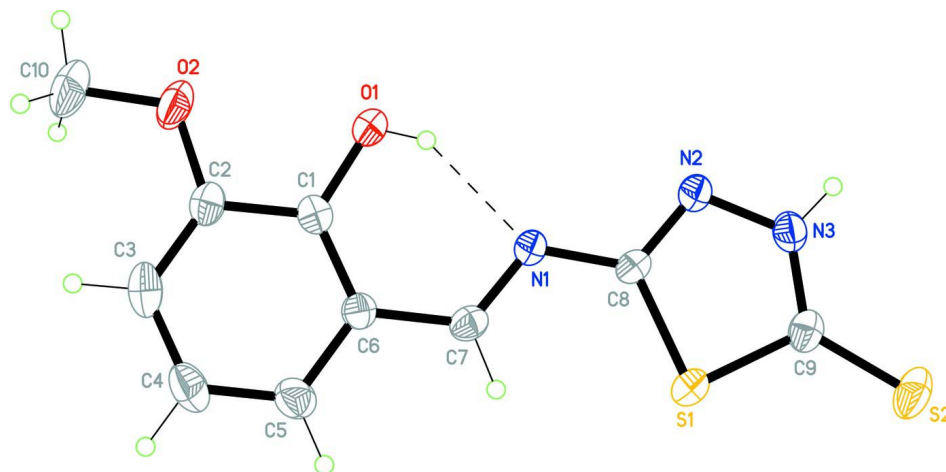


Figure 1

The ORTEP plot of the title compound, showing 40% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atomic numbering. The dashed lines show the intermolecular interaction.

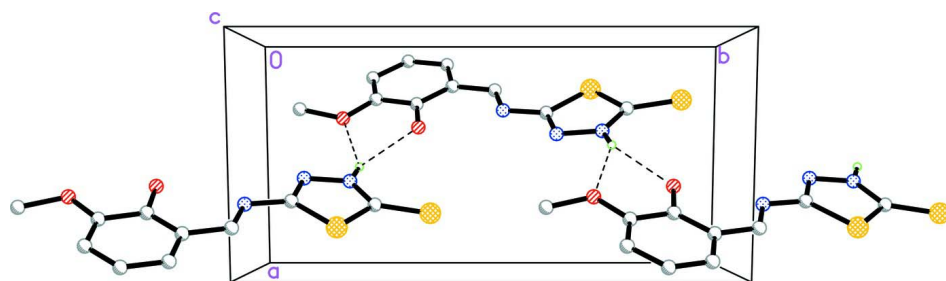


Figure 2

The packing diagram of the title compound viewed down the *c*-axis showing linking of molecules through the intermolecular N—H···O interactions $R^2_1(5)$ ring motifs, forming one-dimensional extended chains along the *b*-axis. Only the H atoms involved the hydrogen bonds are shown. The dashed lines show the intermolecular interactions.

(*E*)-5-[(2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylidene)amino]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(*3H*)-thione

Crystal data

$C_{10}H_9N_3O_2S_2$

$M_r = 267.32$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ybc$

$a = 7.432\ (5)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 14.993\ (5)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 10.853\ (5)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 101.738\ (5)^\circ$

$V = 1184.0\ (10)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 552$

$D_x = 1.500\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71069\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 2780 reflections

$\theta = 2.5\text{--}27.4^\circ$

$\mu = 0.44\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 291\ \text{K}$

Block, yellow

$0.25 \times 0.21 \times 0.11\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Stoe IPDS 2T Image Plate
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: $0.15\ \text{mm pixels mm}^{-1}$

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
 [MULABS (Blessing, 1995) in PLATON (Spek,
 2009)]
 $T_{\min} = 0.898$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
 9012 measured reflections
 3147 independent reflections

1530 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$
 $\theta_{\max} = 29.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 10$
 $k = -20 \rightarrow 19$
 $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.079$
 $S = 0.92$
 3147 reflections
 155 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0235P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.21750 (10)	0.70390 (4)	0.52967 (6)	0.04780 (19)
S2	0.26803 (11)	0.88098 (5)	0.66246 (8)	0.0669 (3)
O1	0.3794 (2)	0.35277 (10)	0.59426 (14)	0.0493 (5)
H1	0.3815	0.4009	0.6167	0.074*
O2	0.3399 (3)	0.19524 (12)	0.50192 (17)	0.0610 (5)
N1	0.3081 (3)	0.52471 (12)	0.57179 (17)	0.0366 (5)
N2	0.4094 (3)	0.63027 (13)	0.72724 (18)	0.0436 (5)
N3	0.3970 (3)	0.72004 (13)	0.74725 (18)	0.0471 (6)
H3	0.4552	0.7361	0.8202	0.056*
C1	0.2778 (3)	0.34679 (16)	0.4758 (2)	0.0380 (6)
C2	0.2551 (4)	0.26105 (18)	0.4235 (2)	0.0437 (7)
C3	0.1578 (4)	0.2506 (2)	0.3031 (3)	0.0561 (8)
H3A	0.1432	0.1940	0.2674	0.067*
C4	0.0809 (4)	0.3235 (2)	0.2342 (3)	0.0604 (8)
H4A	0.0156	0.3155	0.1523	0.073*
C5	0.0996 (4)	0.40713 (18)	0.2846 (2)	0.0528 (7)
H5A	0.0462	0.4556	0.2375	0.063*
C6	0.1990 (3)	0.41983 (17)	0.4071 (2)	0.0365 (6)
C7	0.2189 (3)	0.50812 (16)	0.4597 (2)	0.0395 (6)

H7A	0.1647	0.5555	0.4103	0.047*
C8	0.3194 (3)	0.61176 (16)	0.6153 (2)	0.0351 (6)
C9	0.3028 (4)	0.77222 (16)	0.6575 (2)	0.0438 (6)
C10	0.2996 (5)	0.10417 (18)	0.4652 (3)	0.0769 (10)
H10A	0.3550	0.0653	0.5326	0.115*
H10B	0.3481	0.0910	0.3917	0.115*
H10C	0.1690	0.0953	0.4468	0.115*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0536 (5)	0.0348 (4)	0.0529 (4)	0.0065 (3)	0.0058 (3)	0.0043 (3)
S2	0.0708 (6)	0.0335 (4)	0.0980 (6)	0.0065 (4)	0.0208 (5)	-0.0043 (4)
O1	0.0629 (13)	0.0321 (10)	0.0487 (11)	0.0050 (9)	0.0013 (9)	0.0003 (7)
O2	0.0684 (14)	0.0303 (11)	0.0841 (14)	0.0019 (10)	0.0148 (11)	-0.0055 (9)
N1	0.0394 (13)	0.0303 (12)	0.0397 (12)	0.0015 (10)	0.0071 (10)	-0.0017 (9)
N2	0.0455 (14)	0.0333 (13)	0.0497 (13)	0.0026 (10)	0.0041 (11)	-0.0036 (10)
N3	0.0482 (14)	0.0407 (14)	0.0499 (13)	-0.0017 (11)	0.0044 (11)	-0.0094 (11)
C1	0.0352 (15)	0.0415 (15)	0.0389 (13)	-0.0042 (12)	0.0112 (12)	-0.0040 (12)
C2	0.0428 (17)	0.0374 (16)	0.0540 (17)	-0.0030 (13)	0.0175 (14)	-0.0048 (13)
C3	0.062 (2)	0.0465 (19)	0.0655 (19)	-0.0168 (15)	0.0269 (16)	-0.0203 (15)
C4	0.067 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.0484 (16)	-0.0238 (18)	0.0068 (15)	-0.0136 (16)
C5	0.0549 (19)	0.0518 (19)	0.0478 (17)	-0.0114 (15)	0.0013 (14)	0.0021 (13)
C6	0.0338 (15)	0.0358 (15)	0.0399 (14)	-0.0044 (12)	0.0074 (12)	0.0008 (11)
C7	0.0374 (16)	0.0366 (16)	0.0449 (15)	0.0006 (12)	0.0094 (13)	0.0077 (12)
C8	0.0344 (14)	0.0309 (14)	0.0414 (14)	0.0033 (11)	0.0108 (12)	0.0054 (11)
C9	0.0390 (15)	0.0376 (15)	0.0578 (16)	-0.0019 (13)	0.0167 (13)	-0.0025 (13)
C10	0.083 (3)	0.0348 (18)	0.115 (3)	-0.0048 (17)	0.026 (2)	-0.0109 (18)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C9	1.737 (3)	C1—C2	1.401 (3)
S1—C8	1.749 (2)	C2—C3	1.369 (3)
S2—C9	1.654 (3)	C3—C4	1.381 (4)
O1—C1	1.355 (3)	C3—H3A	0.9300
O1—H1	0.7607	C4—C5	1.364 (3)
O2—C2	1.370 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9300
O2—C10	1.437 (3)	C5—C6	1.397 (3)
N1—C7	1.286 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N1—C8	1.385 (3)	C6—C7	1.437 (3)
N2—C8	1.292 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9300
N2—N3	1.369 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9600
N3—C9	1.332 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9600
N3—H3	0.8561	C10—H10C	0.9600
C1—C6	1.386 (3)		
C9—S1—C8	89.62 (13)	C4—C5—H5A	120.1
C1—O1—H1	109.8	C6—C5—H5A	120.1

C2—O2—C10	118.0 (2)	C1—C6—C5	119.2 (2)
C7—N1—C8	119.3 (2)	C1—C6—C7	121.1 (2)
C8—N2—N3	108.7 (2)	C5—C6—C7	119.7 (2)
C9—N3—N2	120.2 (2)	N1—C7—C6	123.0 (2)
C9—N3—H3	127.1	N1—C7—H7A	118.5
N2—N3—H3	112.7	C6—C7—H7A	118.5
O1—C1—C6	123.5 (2)	N2—C8—N1	120.5 (2)
O1—C1—C2	116.3 (2)	N2—C8—S1	114.54 (18)
C6—C1—C2	120.3 (2)	N1—C8—S1	125.01 (18)
C3—C2—O2	126.7 (3)	N3—C9—S2	128.1 (2)
C3—C2—C1	119.3 (3)	N3—C9—S1	106.85 (18)
O2—C2—C1	114.0 (2)	S2—C9—S1	125.01 (17)
C2—C3—C4	120.4 (3)	O2—C10—H10A	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	119.8	O2—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	119.8	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	120.9 (3)	O2—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	119.5	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	119.5	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	119.9 (3)		
C8—N2—N3—C9	0.0 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.1 (4)
C10—O2—C2—C3	-11.4 (4)	C4—C5—C6—C7	179.8 (2)
C10—O2—C2—C1	169.9 (2)	C8—N1—C7—C6	-179.6 (2)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-178.4 (2)	C1—C6—C7—N1	-0.5 (4)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.3 (4)	C5—C6—C7—N1	179.8 (2)
O1—C1—C2—O2	0.4 (3)	N3—N2—C8—N1	-179.1 (2)
C6—C1—C2—O2	-179.9 (2)	N3—N2—C8—S1	0.5 (2)
O2—C2—C3—C4	-179.3 (3)	C7—N1—C8—N2	-179.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.7 (4)	C7—N1—C8—S1	1.0 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (4)	C9—S1—C8—N2	-0.61 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (4)	C9—S1—C8—N1	178.9 (2)
O1—C1—C6—C5	178.7 (2)	N2—N3—C9—S2	179.02 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.0 (4)	N2—N3—C9—S1	-0.4 (3)
O1—C1—C6—C7	-1.0 (4)	C8—S1—C9—N3	0.53 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.3 (2)	C8—S1—C9—S2	-178.93 (18)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots N1	0.76	1.97	2.633 (3)	146
N3—H3 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.23	2.919 (3)	138
N3—H3 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.86	2.29	3.034 (3)	146

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