Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a Confirmed

☑ The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement

☐ A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly

☐ The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided

☐ Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.

☐ A description of all covariates tested

☐ A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons

☐ A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. mean) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated measures of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)

☐ For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F, t, r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.

☐ For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings

☐ For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes

☐ Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen’s d, Pearson’s r), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data collection</th>
<th>EPU, plink 1 (version 2.3.1), plink 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data analysis</td>
<td>Warp 1.0.6, RELION 3.0.5, PHENIX 1.16, CCOT 0.8.9, PyMOL version 2.2.2, Chimera 1.13, XNet webserver, xVis webserver, XlinkAnalyzer version 1.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are not central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The electron density reconstructions of the complete SAGA complex, the Tra1 module, the core modules, and the DUB module-nucleosome complex were deposited with the EM Data Base (accession codes EMD-10412, EMD-10413, EMD-10414, EMD-10415, and EMD-10416 respectively) and with the Protein Data Bank (accession codes 6T9J, 6T9I, 6T9K, and 6T9L, respectively).

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

x
Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

**Sample size**
No statistical methods were used to predetermine sample size. All biochemical experiments were replicated two or more times. The crosslinking mass spectrometry measurement was replicated twice as a standard procedure for the method.

**Data exclusions**
No data were excluded from the analyses.

**Replication**
All attempts at replication were successful by comparing the result of each replicate.

**Randomization**
Samples were not allocated to groups.

**Blinding**
Investigators were not blinded during data acquisition and analysis because it is not a common procedure for the methods employed.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Materials &amp; experimental systems</th>
<th>Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| n/a
- Antibodies
- Eukaryotic cell lines
- Palaeontology
- Animals and other organisms
- Human research participants
- Clinical data |
| n/a
- Involved in the study
- ChIP-seq
- Flow cytometry
- MRI-based neuroimaging |

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about [cell lines](#)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cell line source(s)</th>
<th>Saccharomyces cerevisiae strain CBO10 (MATa pep4::HIS3, prb1::LEU2, ptc1::HISG, can1, ade2, trp1, ura3, his3, leu2-3,112)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authentication</td>
<td>None of the cell lines used were authenticated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mycoplasma contamination</td>
<td>Cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commonly misidentified lines [See EUAC register]</td>
<td>No commonly misidentified cell lines were used.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
